ROYAL EDITION

The Times

No. 45,522

LONDON, MONDAY, MAY 26, 1930

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THE TIMES, Monday, May 26, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rule for five and ten years' memorable insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect insertions in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their criein. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent by "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Branch Office, 379, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau du Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Small Advertisement Index see last column of this paper.

For Court Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

BARKER.—On May 24, 1930, to Virginia, wife of Trevor Barker, 23, Queen's-terrace, N.W.8—a son.

BARTON.—On May 22, 1930, at Old Warren Farm, Wimbledon Common, to Melise (*nee* McKay) and Maxwell Barton—a daughter.

BRANDT.—On May 25, 1930, at 11, Kensington-court, to Cecile, wife of William Edward Brandt—a daughter.

CROKER.—On May 22, 1930, at Naini Tal, India, to May, wife of Edward Hare Croker, Imperial Bank of India, Allahabad—a son.

DUCKWORTH.—On May 24, 1930, at Malta, to Grace, wife of Paymr. Lieutenant-Commander Arthur Dyce Duckworth, R.N.—a son.

HODGSON.—On May 21, 1930, at The Cottage in the Wood, St. Austell, to Jane (*nee* Simmons Hodge), wife of Charles Hodgson—a son.

LEACH.—On May 21, 1930, at 'Derby House, Newmarket, to Mr. and Mrs. Harold Leach—a daughter.

LEWIS.—On May 22, 1930, at Gwynfryn, Llanarth, Cardiganshire, to Mabel, wife of W. H. Lewis—a son.

MARSDEN.—On May 23, 1930, at 24, Park-crescent, W., wife of Eric Marsden—a daughter.

OGDEN.—On May 23, 1930, at Mardall, Stratford-road, Watford, to Dorothy (*nee* Lewis), wife of Douglas H. Ogden—a daughter.

RENWICK.—On May 23, 1930, at The Chump, Mark Way, Godalming, to Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Renwick—a daughter.

TEBBUTT.—On May 20, 1930, at 34, Luttrell-avenue, Putney, S.W.15, to Muriel (*nee* Lobb), wife of Vivian Francis Tebbutt, of Assam, India—a daughter.

WHISHAW.—On May 22, 1930, at Porchester-square, to Robin and Joyce Whishaw—a son. (Brazilian papers please copy.)

YIEND.—On May 23, 1930, at Muscoorie, to Betty (*nee* Rushton), wife of Captain Yiend, 2/16th Punjab Regiment—a son.

MARRIAGES

EVERETT : HURST.—On May 24, 1930, at St. Mary Abbot's Church, Kensington, by the Rev. A. F. Chappell, Vicar of Stillingfleet, Yorks, assisted by the Rev. C. Dunkerley, Vicar of Lalebam-on-Thames, Roy D. Everett, only son of the late W. H. Everett, of Woodside, Wimbledon, to Marjorie Hurst, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hurst, of "Cleveland," Lalebam-on-Thames.

JENKINS : GRAY.—On May 24, 1930, at the Parish Church, St. Cloud, France, Douglas Jenkins, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. John Jenkins, of Inveresk, Dalmahoy-crescent, Edinburgh, to Nora Mowbray, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Mowbray Gray, of St. Cloud.

LENANTON : JARVIS.—On May 23, 1930, at the Temple Church by Canon Carpenter, Master of the Temple, assisted by Rev. G. H. M. Gray, Vicar of Richmond, Yorks, Lieut.-Lenanton, R.N., of Norfolk Lodge, The Terrace, Richmond Hill, to Margaret Catherine, widow of Robert James Jarvis, of Kingsdown, near Deal.

MAPPIN : DUFF.—On May 21, 1930, at St. George's, Hanover-square, Sir Charles Mappin, fourth Baronet, of Underbank, Hathersage, to Dorothy Duff, only daughter of Captain Gordon Duff, late R.G.A., Legion of Honour, Croix de Guerre, and Mrs. Gordon Duff, of Gloucester-gardens, W.2, and granddaughter of the late Major-General Walter Monkton, Indian Staff Corps.

MORRIS : CRAIG.—On May 24, 1930, at St. John's Church, Caterham Valley, by the Rev. Canon Morris, father of the bridegroom, Ian Benson, only son of the Rev. Canon and Mrs. Morris, of Caterham Valley, to Jean Isabel, third daughter of the late Harold John Craig and Mrs. Craig, of "The Mount Cottage," Kenley.

ROBINSON : OSBORNE.—On May 24, 1930, at Fredericton, N.B., Canada, by the Rev. F. H. Homes, M.A., D.D., Frederick George Ormsbury, elder son of Ralph Sneyd Pearson, C.I.E., F.I.S., I.F.S., and Mrs. Ralph Pearson, of Hockton House, Thame, Oxon, to Dorothy Rosalie Mowbray, only daughter of the late W. G. Osborne and Mrs. Osborne, of Fredericton, Canada.

DEATHS

AYRES.—On May 20, 1930, at Broom Cottage, Gosfield, Essex, Mary Emily Ayres, aged 81. Funeral to-day (Monday), 2.30 p.m., at Brookwood.

BEDFORD.—On May 22, 1930, in London, Lieut.-Colonel John Blakeney Bedford, C.M.G., late Indian Army and 3rd Royal Berkshire Regiment, eldest son of the late Colonel Marcus Wyly de la Poer Beresford, in his 74th year.

BETHUNE.—On May 25, 1930, suddenly, of heart failure, at 45, Ryecroft-road, Lewisham, Evelyn Bethune, daughter of the late Aaron Goldmid.

BLACK.—On May 23, 1930, at the house of his parents, "Ephraim Lodge," Tunbridge Wells, Alfred Edgar Osborne Black, Captain, 9th Battalion, The Gordon Highlanders, Croix de Guerre avec palmes, D.C.M. in the Provincial Administration of Uganda, third son of the Rev. C. M. Black, formerly Rector of Christ Church, Morningside, Edinburgh. Funeral to-day (Monday) at Rusthall Church, Tunbridge Wells, at 2.30. (No flowers, please.)

BLAKEY.—On May 24, 1930, after a brief illness, Frank Richardson Blakeley, of the Government Lymph Establishment, and Brantwood, Edward-road, Hendon, dearly beloved husband of Beatrice Blakeley. Cremation at Golders Green at 1.45 p.m. to-morrow (Tuesday). Kindly accept this, the only intimation.

BOARDMAN.—On Friday, May 23, 1930, suddenly at his office, Clement Odery Boardman, of St. Bickenhall-mansions, W.1, and Broadway, Stratford, E.15, in his 69th year. The funeral will be at the Golders Green Crematorium on Wednesday, May 28, at 11.50 a.m. No flowers by special request.

BRIDGER.—On May 22, 1930, at Bench House, Lyndhurst, Lowther, son of the late William Milton Bridger, of Hailsaker, in his 90th year. Funeral Lyndhurst Cemetery to-morrow (Tuesday), 3 o'clock.

CLARK.—On May 21, 1930, at 15, Denbigh-road, Ealing, W.13, Herbert William Clarke, aged 69. Funeral Ealing and Brentford Cemetery, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 12.30.

CORNISH.—On May 23, 1930, at Eaton, Abingdon, Bucks, Anthony Alfred, son of Howard and Maude Cornish, aged nine months.

DAVIDSON.—On April 5, 1930, at Victoria, B.C., the Venerable Gilbert Farquhar Davidson, Archdeacon of Regina, Saskatchewan.

DONE.—On May 22, 1930, at Sidmouth, Louisa, widow of Richard Henry Done, of Tarporley, Cheshire, aged 82.

DOUGLAS.—On May 23, 1930, at 3, Queen's-gate, Aberdeen, David Douglas, Chairman and Managing Director, Richards, Ltd. Funeral to-day (Monday), at 2.30 p.m., to Anderson Drive on way to Springbank Cemetery. No flowers.

EAGLES.—On May 23, 1930, at Norden, Kingsbridge, Devon, Frederick Harston Eagles, Captain, R.N. (Retired), aged 71.

FOY.—On May 22, 1930, at North Curry, Somerset, Beatrice, beloved wife of Arnold Foy, formerly of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

GRAHAM.—On May 23, 1930, at 5, Hanover-terrace, Ladbroke-square, W., Emma Lilian, eldest daughter of the late Walter Graham, of Cumberland House, Acton, W., aged 66. Service to-day (Monday) at St. John's, Notting-hill, 12.30. Interment Paddington Cemetery, Willesden-lane, N.W.2.

GULBENKIAN.—On May 22, 1930, at 2, Holland Park-avenue, W.11, Marie Gulbenkian, our beloved mother, deeply mourned by her sorrowing family. Funeral service at the Armenian Church, 7, Vernon-terrace, W., on Friday, at 2.30, afterwards at Kensal Green Cemetery. Private. Please accept this intimation.

HENDERSON-SCOTT.—On May 8, 1930, at Madrid, suddenly, Minna Henderson-Scott, late of 37, Queen's Gate-gardens, S.W.7, widow of Charles Henderson-Scott, Barrister-at-Law, of Langholm, Dumfries, aged 77 years. Funeral at noon on Thursday, May 29, at Norwood Cemetery. Flowers, care of Major Henderson-Scott, 1a, Helmet-place, Kensington. (Australian and New Zealand papers, please copy.)

HIGGIN.—On May 23, 1930, at Hurstwood, Formby, Lancs, Marion Scott, widow of Thomas Housman Higgin and daughter of the late Peter Mann Hannay, of Glasgow and Liverpool.

HOPE.—On May 23, 1930, at Angus House, North Berwick, Sir Herbert James Hope, son of the late George William Hope, of Luffness, aged 79 years. Funeral service at 88, Baldred's Church, North Berwick, to-day (Monday), at 2 p.m.

HUME.—On May 22, 1930, passed away peacefully at 12, Cerrenie-drive, Edinburgh, Helen Wilkie Lindsay, beloved wife of John Hume, late of Santiago de Chile, and mother of Frederick George Anderson.

IRELAND BLACKBURNE.—On May 23, 1930, suddenly, at 84, Jean de Lee, Colonel Robert Ireland Blackburne, C.B., of Hale Hall, Lancashire, in his 86th year.

KING.—On May 22, 1930, at Tilbury Hospital Hugh Ebbastus King, son of the late Rev. Frederick King, of South Molton, Devon. (N.Z. papers, please copy.)

LANDON.—On May 23, 1930, at Yarmouth, Isle of Wight, Caroline Adelaide, widow of the Rev. E. H. Landon, aged 95. Funeral at Hursley Church to-morrow (Tuesday), at 3.30 p.m. No flowers, by her own request.

LITTLEWOOD.—On May 24, 1930, suddenly, at Hillside, Bracknell, Berks, Ellen Maria, widow of the Rev. Benjamin Campbell Littlewood, late Vicar of Warfield. Funeral at St. Michael's Church, Warfield, Berks, at 2.45 p.m., to-morrow (Tuesday). Train leaves Waterloo (loop line), 12.55 p.m. Cars will meet train at Bracknell station.

LUPTON.—On May 23, 1930, at 7, Victoria-street, Westminster, Arnold Lupton, late Member of Parliament for the Sleaford Division of Lincolnshire. Funeral service 2.30 p.m., at Golders Green Crematorium to-morrow (Tuesday). Kindly accept this, the only intimation.

MAINSEL-JONES.—On May 24, 1930, in London, as the result of an accident, Mary Catharine Mainsel-Jones, of Bossington House, Stockbridge, widow of Bursar Meredyth Mansel-Jones and eldest daughter of the Late William Henry Deverell.

MARILLAC.—On May 22, 1930, at Wiesbaden, Germany, Therese R., widow of Franz Comte de Marillac and elder daughter of the late Captain Henry Ma'endle, R.N.

MOLONY.—On May 22, 1930, in Canterbury, Joseph Charles, third son of Charles Arthur Molony, Solicitor, of Dublin, aged 74. Funeral private.

PEARSON.—On May 8, 1930, at Madrid, suddenly, Minna Henderson-Scott, late of 37, Queen's Gate-gardens, S.W.7, widow of Charles Henderson-Scott, Barrister-at-Law, of Langholm, Dumfries, aged 77 years. Funeral at noon on Thursday, May 29, at Norwood Cemetery. Flowers, care of Major Henderson-Scott, 1a, Helmet-place, Kensington. (Australian and New Zealand papers, please copy.)

PARHAM.—On May 23, 1930, at her son's house, St. Mary's Vicarage, Reading, Ann Parham, widow of Edmund Parham, late of Ealing, aged 80 years. Funeral service at St. Mary's, Reading, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 1.30 p.m. Burial at the Westminster Cemetery, Hanwell, at 3.45 p.m.

PATERSON.—On May 24, 1930, at Craig-Na-Brattan, Broughty Ferry, James Anderson Paterson, only surviving son of James Spink Paterson, of East Seaton, Arbroath, in his 80th year. R.I.P. (Indian and Colonial papers, please copy.)

PATEY.—On May 24, 1930, at 6, The Terrace, The Hoe, Plymouth, after a long illness patiently borne, Mollie Augusta, the dearly loved wife of Admiral Sir George Patey, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O. Funeral strictly private and no flowers, by her special request. Memorial service at St. Catherine's Church, Lockyer-street, Plymouth, at 12 noon, to-morrow (Tuesday).

PETTIGREW.—On May 22, 1930, at 30, Victoria-road, Penarth, after a long illness bravely borne, Ella, widow of R. W. Pettigrew. "Underneath are the everlasting arms." No flowers.

RICHARDSON.—On May 24, 1930, at his residence, 2, Burton-villas, Hove, Edward Walter Richardson, in his 72nd year. Service on Wednesday at Holy Trinity Church, Hove, at 1 o'clock. Interment at Battersea Cemetery, Bolingbroke-grove, Wandsworth Common, at 3.30.

S. CHIARI.—On May 22, 1930, suddenly, at 26, Allington-road, S.W.4, George Pandely Sechiari, aged 63. Funeral at Greek Cemetery, West Norwood, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 12 o'clock.

SELLERS.—On May 22, 1930, at 9, Rosehill-road, Wandsworth, Charles Francis Sellers, in his 85th year. Funeral at Wandsworth Cemetery, Magdalen-road, Wandsworth Common, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 12.30 p.m.

SHEARD.—On May 24, 1930, at Bexhill-on-Sea, William Francis Sheard, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., late Medical Officer of Health, Wandsworth, son of late Rev. W. D. Sheard, M.A. (Cantab.), in his 85th year. Service St. Barnabas Church, Bexhill-on-Sea, 9 a.m. to-day (Monday); funeral Putney Vale Cemetery, 12.30.

SMITH.—On May 25, 1930, at 80, Shrewsbury-road, Birkenhead, Louisa Jeddah, wife of Edward G. Smith, aged 55 years.

STOCK.—On May 24, 1930, at Old Colwyn, Margaret Hannah, widow of Llewesley Stock, in her 83rd year. Interment at Llandrillo Church, Colwyn Bay, to-day (Monday), 3 o'clock. No flowers.

STOKES.—On May 24, 1930, Sarah Shelton Stokes, M.B.E., wife of Francis Griffin Stokes, of 41, Talbot-road, Highgate.

TIGHE.—On May 25, 1930, following pneumonia, Charles, dearly loved husband of Nellie Tighe. Funeral service 2.30 Wednesday, May 28, at Christ's Church, Maryle-bone, N.W.2.

TILLOTSON.—On May 23, 1930, at Greystone, Shawford, Winchester, Phillis Mary Tillotson, widow of Colonel Lionel Tillotson, aged 75.

WHITAKER.—On Saturday, May 24, at a nursing home, in London, of pneumonia, Valentine (Valentine Wandesforde Whitaker), Betty Whitaker's dearly beloved husband of Berry Hall, Hereford, and elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Harold T. Whitaker. Funeral at Highgate Cemetery, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 12 noon. Inquiries and flowers to 51, High-street, Marylebone, W.1.

WILSON.—On Monday, May 12, 1930, suddenly, of pneumonia, at his residence, 756, Park-avenue, New York City, Frank B. Wilson, late President of the Ault and Wibora London Company, father of Mrs. Gerald C. Murphy, Mrs. Sidney W. Fish, and Miss Mary Hoyt Wilson. (Local papers, please copy.)

WILSON.—On May 25, 1930, suddenly, as the result of an accident, Basil Wilson, of High House, Upminster, Essex, and North Parade, Southwold, aged 51. Funeral at Upminster Parish Church, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 11.30 a.m.

IN MEMORIAM
ON ACTIVE SERVICE

BAINES.—In loving memory of Frederick Athelstan Fanshawe Baines, 2nd Lieut., 4th Battn., King's Royal Rifles, killed in action near Ypres in the early morning of May 25, 1915, aged 19.

BRAY.—In ever-loving memory of Frederick William Bray, Lance-Corporal, First Surrey Rifles, killed in action at Givenchy, France, May 25, 1915. Also of his mother, who died May 25, 1923.

GRENFELL.—To the glorious memory of Capt. the Hon. Julian Grenfell, D.S.O., who passed on, May 26, 1915.

Attollite portas principes vestras, et elevámini portae aeternales: et introibit Rex gloriae.

Sursum corda.

—C. B. H. T.

LE MARCHANT.—In memory of Spencer Henry Le Marchant, who died on May 26, 1915, of wounds received at the second battle of Ypres.

NEWCOMBE.—In ever loving memory of Frank Henry Newcombe, 24th London Regiment, killed in action in France on May 26, 1915. Mentioned in dispatches for gallant and distinguished services in the field.

POOLE.—Esmond Randolph Lisconbe, Lieutenant, 31st Lancers (Indian Army), killed in action at Tacheund Pass, May 25, 1919.

TOPHAM.—In ever-loving memory of Lieut. H. A. Cecil Topham, I.A., attached 1st Battn. The Welch Regt., who died at Bailleul, May 25, 1915, of wounds received near Ypres the previous day.

MAY.

BEALE.—In ever-loving memory of Norman S. Beale, who died on May 26, 1922.

HEALE.—In ever-loving memory of my dear sons, Norman, killed in action, May 25th, 1922; and Dudley, on April 29, 1920.

BIDDELL.—In loving memory of Annie, the beloved wife of William Robert Biddell, May 25, 1928.

COOTE.—In grateful memory of Charles Coote, of Old Finchley-road, N.W., who died on May 23, 1918, a member and generous benefactor by will of the Royal Society of Musicians of Great Britain, 12, Lisle-street, London.

COZENS-HARDY.—In ever-living and honoured memory of William Hepworth Cozens-Hardy, K.C., second Baron Cozens-Hardy of Letheringsett, killed in a motor-car accident at Buchlach, Starnberg, Bavaria, May 25, 1924.

LIMA, Walter.—In ever-loving memory of dear Cassy, died May 25, 1920.

MACKIE.—To the beloved memory of Andrew Wallace Mackie, Indian Civil Service (retired), who died in Rome, May 25, 1925.

POMEROY.—In ever-loving memory of my brother, Frederick William Pomeroy, R.A., who passed away on May 25th, 1924.—Eglanton Southwell.

POWELL.—In sacred and ever-loving memory of my darling mother, Margaret Janetta Powell, who fell asleep on May 26, 1926.

Love beareth all things,
Believeth all things,
Hopeth all things and
Endureth all things.

G. S. S.—In ever-loving memory of our darling Gerry, May 26, 1929.

"Oh for the touch of a vanished hand,
And the sound of a voice that is still."

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BOOKS, PRINTS, and AUTOGRAPH LETTERS BOUGHT or VALUED by HENRY SOTHERAN, Ltd., 140, Strand, Correspondence invited.—Piccadilly, W.1.

GULBENKIAN.—On May 22, 1930, at 2, Holland Park-avenue, W.11, Marie Gulbenkian, our beloved mother, deeply mourned by her sorrowing family. Funeral service at the Armenian Church, 7, Vernon-terrace, W., on Friday, at 2.30, afterwards at Kensal Green Cemetery. Private. Please accept this intimation.

JEWELLERY, DIAMONDS, EMERALDS, and **PEARLS.** OLD SILVER PLATE, &c., bought for cash or valued.—ROBERTSONS, DIAMOND MERCHANTS, JEWELLERS, 199, Edgware-road, London, W.2. Est. 1797. Obtain our offer before selling elsewhere.

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PERSONAL

"C.H.—It is all settled; we can talk matters over.—Bh.

The charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

£10 REWARD.—LOST, 22rd inst., between West End and Chelsea Flower Show, a LARGE PEARL EARRING.—Summers, Henderson, and Co., 48, Lime-street, E.C.3.

REWARD OFFERED.—LOST, Thursday, May 22, a GOLD FILIGREE EARRING, at Covent Garden or in taxi going to Brown's Hotel, Dover-street.—Reply to The Oaks, Parkside, Wimbledon Common.

H.H. PRINCESS HELENA VICTORIA will open and hold a Stall at the ANNUAL SUMMER SALE of the ROYAL SCHOOL of NEEDLEWORK, 25, Bloomfield-road, S.W., on Wednesday, May 28, 2.30-6.30. Admission, 2s. 6d. Tea. Music.

HOSPITAL SUNDAY, JUNE 1.—58th year.—The cost of treatment at the Hospitals participating in the appeal on Hospital Sunday is about TREBLE one QUARTER MILLION STERLING ANNUALLY. Please give in your Church, or send your share of this burden to The Lord Mayor, The Mansion House, E.C.4.

ROYAL ARTILLERY EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, Artillery House, Earl's Court, S.W.5.—Will persons kindly note our NEW TELEPHONE No., FROBISHER 1234? It will lead them to the same unrivalled service. Ex-gunners carefully selected for your special needs. Uniformed men for showrooms, parties, weddings, Courts.

UPPINGHAM.—Founder's Day at Uppingham will be celebrated on June 19th and Old Boys' Match will be played on June 19th and 20th. Old Boys who hope to be present are asked to write to the Housemaster of their old House as soon as possible.

ORNAMENTATION.—Lady with wide experience advises on modern and antique interiors; reconstruction; decoration; furnishing. Comfort, beauty, utility, suitability. Highest references.—Write Box G.1916, The Times, E.C.4.

COMPTON'S BROW, HORSHAM.—The GARDEN is OPEN to the PUBLIC on MAY 29th for Queen Alexandra Nurses benefit.

"I CAN IMAGINE" no better place for a man with a little capital than to farm out there now in the time to start, as everything is cheap and values are bound to rise again eventually. From a young farmer settler in South Africa to the 1820 Memorial Settlers' Association, 199, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

N.S.P.C.C. FAIR PLAY for all children.—Gifts to 1904, MAGNUMS CHATEAU MARGAUX, 1905, for SALE, part of private cellar.—Write Box K.115, The Times, E.C.4.

CHILD WANTED, COMPANIONSHIP, share Governess; perfect surroundings, healthiest Essex; (ret. Cavalry).—Write Box R.1482, The Times, E.C.4.

DOCTOR and WIFE in beautiful country house would TAKE CHILD paying guest.—Write Box S.1481, The Times, E.C.4.

AMBITIOUS hard-working young Public School man, having excellent opportunity to acquire POULTRY FARM, would be grateful for £300; sole support of mother, sister (both invalids); references.—Write Box K.119, The Times, E.C.4.

OLD OIL PAINTINGS.—Family wishes sell portraits, landscapes.—Write Box G.1888, The Times, E.C.4.

CHARLES DICKENS.—For SALE, NICHOLAS NICKLEBY, original numbers (in parts). (London: MDCCCXXXIX (1839). Chapman and Hall, 186, Strand.) Write Box G.1880, The Times, E.C.4.

FOLKESTONE.—Furnished FLAT to be LET, overlooking sea, and private gardens; large sitting room, three bedrooms, kitchen, bath.—Write Box G.1885, The Times, E.C.4.

DAIMLER, 30 h.p., Limousine; perfect condition; £100 or offer.—Write Box 09555, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

GENUINE BARGAIN in DORSET.—ELIZABETHAN MANSION, complete with every modern comfort, standing in lovely grounds with park 250 ACRES; now run as country hotel; patronized by Americans.—For SALE Freehold or as going concern.—Write Box G.1901, The Times, E.C.4.

SOUTH DEVON.—A very cheap charming RESIDENCE; three reception, six bed, two baths; garage; two cottages; land if required.—Write Box K.121, The Times, E.C.4.

SUNNY SOUTH AFRICA.—Small FRUIT ORCHARD for SALE. Ideal for intending settler.—Write Gittins and Billing-lane, Lydiate, Liverpool.

WINDSOR.—To be LET, SIX SELF-CONTAINED FLATS on river; three bed, dining, kitchen and bath; electric light; garage and gardener. Inclusive rents £200 per annum.—Also Land for sale on river.—Write Box K.77, The Times, E.C.4.

700 YEARS.—Are you aware how long the sick and suffering poor have been cared for at ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL, London? New annual subscribers of 2 guineas and upwards are wanted to advance such beneficent work.

SEASIDE PREPARATORY SCHOOL, where the BOYS' QUARTERS ARE AS COMFORTABLE AND LUXURIOUS AS A HOME, is completing the building of a new junior dormitory. Three vacancies remaining for next term. Twelve acres playing fields. Individual teaching and private coaching in the case of backward boys. Record list of successes on application.—Write Box S.1488, The Times, E.C.4.

KATE ROBKE and her DAUGHTER, ZOE ROBKE-CREE, L.R.A.M., L.G.S.M. (Elocs.), RECEIVE PUPILS for stage training; special lessons in voice production; coaching for all public examinations and diplomas.—Studios, 4, Westbourne-terrace, W.2. Padd. 5040.

DAIMLER COUPE, for SALE, 20 h.p., right-hand drive, perfect order, 20,000 miles run; cost new £760; tax and insurance paid December; quick sale £300.—Write Box G.1907, The Times, E.C.4.

FURNISHED ROD WANTED, June, July, Sept., within 30 miles of coach, Canterbury.—Apply, Wills, Write Box G.1909, The Times, E.C.4.

GREEK, LATIN, FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH STUDENTS should write Box G.1910, The Times, E.C.4.

CANADA.—QUALIFIED MASSEUSE, with some nursing experience, going to Canada between 10th and 20th June, would like lady, married or child to accompany voyage in return for passage.—Write Box G.1915, The Times, E.C.4.

A REALLY CHEAP HOLIDAY in the lovely ITALIAN ALPS (Lake Vincent), 10s. per day, at a first-class hotel.—See foot of page two.

NORTH BERWICK.—To be LET, for summer, excellent well FURNISHED HOUSE; 14 bed rooms, three bath, four reception; hard court; garage; also golfing rights on links.—Apply, Write Mrs. N. C. Tufnell, Estate Agent, Sunninghill.

OFFICER and WIFE REQUIRE SMALL FURNISHED ABODE, near sea, Dorset, Devon, Cornwall, three months; 3 guineas week; very careful tenants.—82, Huskisson-street, Liverpool.

RUGBY, OXFORD MAN desires POSITION in business organising, publicity, secretarial, general accountancy; highest references.—Write Box K.112, The Times, E.C.4.

PLEASE lift the drab, dull misery from the life of one poor child for a fortnight. Give it unaccustomed happiness and good food in a healthy environment. All this can be done for a small sum. Motherless existence is hedged round by the handicaps of poverty, for the small sum of One Pound sent to the Children's Country Holiday Fund. Please send a Pound to-day to Earl of Arran (Room 2), 18, Buckingham-street, Strand. In 1929 we sent away over 32,000 children.

WONDERFUL QUEEN ANNE solid walnut DINNER TABLE for sale; 18 ft. hooped ebony bordered burr walnut; sale Wednesday, 28th, May, at Sandcroft, Littlestone-on-Sea, New Romney, Kent.

MANNEQUINS.—Interesting opportunities open to Ladies trained at The London Mannequin School.—Miss Cameron, 29b, Oxford-street, W. Mayfair 2477.

STAMMERERS consult Mr. A. C. Schnelle, 119, Bedford Court-mansions, W.C.1. Established 1905.

IRISH COAST.—PORTRUSH.—To be LET, June, charming MODERN HOUSE; facing sea; seven bed rooms, three sitting rooms; wonderful views; close famous golf links; 35gns. for month, including plate and linen.—Write Box 7847, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

EXPERT lady Owner-DRIVER, Continental experience, 6d. mile; two weeks Pau Fair.—Darling, 2, Ridgmount-gdns., Gower-st., W.C.1.

LANCASTER-GATE.—Very large and really charmingly FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOM, newly decorated; gas fire, electric light, service. Rent only three guineas.—Write Box K.46, The Times, E.C.4.

£60 Scholarship, ANIM.—Vacancies good Preparatory School.—Write Box B.1239, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY recommends her highly trained, reliable Chauffeur-Secretary.—Marycourt, Englefield Green, Surrey.

GUY'S HOSPITAL, S.E.1, URGENTLY NEEDS HELP. TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURE £180,000. PRESENT DEBT OVER £120,000.

AUSTRIA, BAVARIAN Highlands.—Lady would like to enter good-class family where she could come for holidays; opportunities for learning German essential; sports if possible; references.—Write Box G.1894, The Times, E.C.4.

RONISCH-HUPFELD PLAYER, upright for SALE privately; latest model; almost new; would accept £100; seen Wigmore-street.—Write Box G.1891, The Times, E.C.4.

A THAMES-SIDE MINIATURE SHOW PLACE for £6,750.—River frontage of 200ft.; near Boulters Lock; 11 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, large lounge, billiard and reception rooms; garage, stabling; wet boathouse; high and dry situation; every convenience and not too expensive; gardens.—Write Box K.118, The Times, E.C.4.

TWO CAMBRIDGE UNDERGRADUATES WANT EMPLOYMENT during July; class of work immaterial; must do something.—Write Box K.116, The Times, E.C.4.

GENTLEWOMAN would be Grateful for unwanted COUNTRY CLOTHES; small price given.—Write Box K.102, The Times, E.C.4.

PRAA SANDS, CORNWALL.—ONE HOUSE and TWO BUNGALOWS to be LET FURNISHED from July; accommodation for five and six persons.—Write Box K.99, The Times, E.C.4.

NORTH DEVON, 400ft.—FURNISHED SIX-TEENTH-CENTURY HOUSE, four reception, nine bed rooms; two-four months; electric light; garages; easy reach Saunton Sands for golf; bathing; possibly two maids.—Write Box K.97, The Times, E.C.4.

HELP URGENTLY NEEDED to save ex-officer's business and home. Will any sympathiser lend £250 over very long period? Original career ruined by War service. Investigation courted; highest references given. Prepared to undertake any task in return for such assistance.—Write Box K.501, The Times, E.C.4.

FOR YOUR OWN SAKE, FOR YOUR COUNTRY'S SAKE, learn THE NEW SALESMANSHIP. The Career of the Future.—Details, Business Careers' Association, Ltd., Premier House, 150, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

OLD SHEFFIELD PLATE WANTED for immediate cash; high prices paid for Candelabra, Wine Coolers, Sauce Boats, Tureens, Trays, &c.—Call, write, or 'phone (Regent 5523) HARRIS and Co., 37, Piccadilly, W.1.

SUITS, Overcoats, Costumes, TURNED as NEW. Cut 5 and 6t retained exact and buttoning as before.—Price List, Jas. Marlow, 97-99, Charing Cross-road, Reg.

SHIPPING

P. & O.
BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.
MAIL, PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.

P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

P. & O.
(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking passengers † for Malta, † for Port Sudan.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ships.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	Marseilles.
†Hamak	11,000	Thornton	—	May 30
Narkunda	16,500	Parker	May 30	June 6
†Malwa	11,000	Britten	June 6	June 13
Rajputana	16,600	Cadiz	June 13	June 20
†Rawalpindi	16,600	Stringer	June 20	June 27
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Hindlian	July 4	July 11
Mantua	11,000	Hassell	July 11	July 18
†Macedonia	11,000	Morton	July 18	July 25
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Rampura	16,650	Parkes	Aug. 1	Aug. 8
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
†Ranchi	16,600	Brooks	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
Naldera	16,600	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.
From London and Marseilles.

Narkunda	16,500	Parker	May 30	June 6	
Cathay	15,000	Griffin	June 13	June 19	
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4	
†Benalgo	13,000	Wyatt	July 11	July 17	
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1	
†Moldavia	16,500	Allin	Aug. 8	Aug. 14	
Naldera	16,600	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29	
†Mongolia	16,500	Rhodes	Sept. 5	Sept. 11	

† Sailing also 3rd cabin passengers. * Taking one class only at 3rd cabin rates.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.
Calling at Southampton.

Padua (cargo)	7,736	—	June 6	—
Rhotas (cargo)	6,000	—	June 20	—
Perim (cargo)	7,543	—	July 4	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Kalyan	9,000	Cochrane	May 29	
Rajputana	16,600	Cadiz	June 13	June 20
†Borda (cargo)	11,000		June 21	—
Lashkar	9,000	Mallalue	June 26	—
Mantua	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 18
Kashgar	9,000	Sudell	July 24	—

† Not calling Southampton.

BRITISH INDIA.
(Under Contract with the Government of India.)
BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI
BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'sbro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
*HATTIARA	5,244	—	—	May 31
†TREKIEVE	5,244	June 11	June 14	June 21
†DOMALA	8,441	July 2	July 5	July 12
*MASULA	7,261	July 23	July 26	Aug. 2

* Cargo Steamer. † Calls Port Sudan.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	(Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON
†MULBERA	9,182	—	—	May 31
†MANTOLA	9,066	May 31	June 7	June 14
†MASHOBRA	8,324	June 11	June 21	June 28
†MANDALA	9,182	June 25	July 5	July 12

† Calls Tangier. † Calls Malta and Jeddah.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'sbro.	LONDON	Marseilles.
MATIANA	9,067	—	May 30	June 6	June 14
MALDA	8,900	June 14	June 25	July 4	July 12
RODMA	9,070	July 12	July 23	Aug. 1	Aug. 9
MADURA	9,077	Aug. 29	Sept. 9	Sept. 19	Sept. 26

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'sbro.	Immingham	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE.
Manager: F. H. GROSVENOR.

P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

City Passenger Offices, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, Straus, Passenger (A. F. Lee), Manager, Australia House, W.C.2. Paris, Société Française P. & O., 41, Bld. des Capucines. Monte Carlo (Col. C. Fane, P. & O. Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.

FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS.
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
B.I. Agents :—
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
Freight Brokers :—
P. & O., Escombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; B.I.S.N.Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3 (Middleboro' for Bombay and Karachi) Gosman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line) Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.
Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.
Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
ROTORUA	12,500	June 6
*REMUERA	11,550	June 19
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	July 4
†RUAPEHU	9,000	Aug. 1
RUAHINE	11,000	Aug. 15

† Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only. * Via Suva.

Apply the N.Z.S. Co., Ltd. (J. B. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 138, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele., Avenue 5420), or the Three-Island Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. Isaacs, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724).

UNION S.S.CO. of NEW ZEALAND
LTD., TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA.
By any Canadian Pacific Steamer from Vancouver via VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

From		From
MAKURA	† Vancouver.	† San Francisco.
NIAGARA	June 25	—
TAHITI	—	July 9
AORANGI	July 22	—

† Canadian-Australasian Line, via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. † Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington to Sydney.

Apply to the Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. I. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver Service any office of the Canadian Railways.

P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE.
MAIL STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, Aden, and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY. LOW FARES.

	Tons.	London.	Plymouth
BALRANALD	13,000	June 6	June 7
BALLAT	13,000	July 4	July 5
†BENDIGO	13,000	July 11	—
BARADINE	13,000	Aug. 1	Aug. 2

† Calls Marseilles 17th July; not calling Malta. Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	16,500	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	16,500	Sept. 5	Sept. 11

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, or (passage only), 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1.

AUSTRALIA BY THE ORIENT LINE.
Under Contract to carry His Majesty's Mails.
Through Tickets to NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIA.
Tickets interchangeable with other lines.

HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON.
CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
ORONSAY	20,000	—	May 30	June 1
ORAMA	20,000	June 21	June 27	June 29
OTRANTO	20,000	July 19	July 25	July 27
ORMONDE	15,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
ORVIETO	15,000	Sept. 6	Sept. 12	Sept. 14
ORONTES	20,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 21
ORONSAY	20,000	Sept. 27	Oct. 3	Oct. 5
ORAMA	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17	Oct. 19

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES
CITY HALL

BUCKNALL
FAST REGULAR PASSENGER SERVICE
LIVERPOOL to EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON,

Steamer.	Tons.	Date	Destination
City of Cairo	7,994	June 5	Calcutta
City of Venice	8,366	June 19	Bombay and Karachi
City of York	7,844	July 3	Calcutta
City of Baroda	7,159	July 18	Bombay and Karachi

(a) Calls Marseilles.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

City of Alexandria	4,719	June	Cape Town, Algoa Bay.
City of Karachi	4,678	May 10	East London, Natal.

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application.

AUTUMN SAILINGS ON APPLICATION.
Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
LONDON: 104-9, Leadenhall-st., E.C. Tele., Ave. 9340
LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. " Cent. 3040
GLASGOW: 73, Bothwell-street. " Cent. 9222

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
From MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).
CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
ATHOS II. (new) ... May 30 and June 13 | D'ARTAGNAN ... MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.
GEN. DUCROCQ ... June 6 and June 20 | LOUIS DE LOUIS ... PIRÆUS, ISTANBUL, IZMIR, & BEYROUT.
LOTUS ... June 17 | LAMARTINE ... ALEXANDRIA EGYPT, PALESTINE AND BEYROUT.
CHAMPOLLION ... June 3 and June 10 ... TREO. GAUTIER
For rates and particulars apply to the Company's Agents, LONDON: 72, Fenchurch-st. PALL MALL, and all Passenger and Tourist Agents.

N.Y.K. LINE.
JAPAN MAIL.)
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER AND CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
KAMO MARU	8,000	May 30	June 5	June 9
KATORI MARU	16,000	June 14	June 21	June 23
AOSHIMA MARU	16,000	June 28	June 28	June 30

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, NAPLES, AND PORT SAID.
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER SERVICE FROM SAN FRANCISCO, via HONOLULU, to JAPAN & CHINA.
Through Booking from Europe.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, 6, Lloyd's-avenue, E.C.3. Tele., Avenue 4680.
(A Limited Company Incorporated in Japan.)
West End Agents: Cunard Line, 26-27, Cockspur-st., S.W.1.

BIBBY LINE.
THE FIRST CLASS ONLY FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF TWIN-SCREW OIL-DRIVEN MAIL STEAMERS TO MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, SUEZ, PORT SUDAN, CEYLON, BURMA PORTS & SETTLEMENTS, and SOUTHERN INDIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	Liverpool.	Sailing.
Yorkshire	13,500	May 30	June 7
Lincolnshire	13,500	June 13	June 21
Shropshire	13,500	June 27	July 5
Oxfordshire	13,500	July 11	July 19

For RATES and Other Particulars apply to BIBBY BROS. and Co., Managers, Liverpool, 22, Fall Mall, London, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 6886, 6887.

CUBA—MEXICO—TEXAS.
OCEAN LINE.

HAVANA	From Southampton.	
VERA CRUZ	RIO BRAVO	... May 28th
TAMPICO	RIO PANUCO	... July 12th
GALVESTON	Wainwright Bros. and Co., Ltd.,	
HOUSTON	21, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.	

SHIPPING (continued)

CUNARD LINE.
U.S.A.-CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.

MAURETANIA - - - MAY 31
*TUSCANIA .. May 31 | AQUITANIA .. June 7
* Via Havre, not Cherbourg.
LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.

†SCYTHIA - - - - MAY 31
*SAMARIA .. June 7 | †FRANCONIA .. June 14
* Calls Boston.
† Calls Galway and Boston.
LIVERPOOL—BELFAST—Cobh.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

*AUSONIA - - - - MAY 31
AURANIA .. June 7 | ASCANIA .. June 14
* Calls Cobh.
LIVERPOOL—GLASGOW—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

†LETITIA - - - - - MAY 31
ANDANIA .. June 6 | †ATHENIA .. June 14
† From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.

MIDSUMMER CRUISE
By "CARINTHIA" (20,000 tons) from Southampton TO BALTIC, NORWAY and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow), Aug. 1st, 19 days from 33 guinea.
Apply Cunard Line, London, 51, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, 26-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST. S.W.1.

WHITE STAR LINE.
THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.
SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK, via Cherbourg
TO BALTIC, NORWAY and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow), Aug. 1st, 19 days from 33 guinea.

Majestic	Wed., May 28	Olympic	Wed., June 11
Homeric	Wed., June 4	†Calgaric	Sat., June 14

† Calls at Havre the previous day—omitting Cherbourg.

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.
Via Queenstown.

† (2) Adriatic	Sat., May 31	(2) Baltic	Sat., June 14
Arabic	Sat., June 7	Cedric	Sat., June 21

†(2) M.V. "BRITANNIC," 27,000 TONS.
(Largest British Motor Vessel's First Sailing.
LIVERPOOL TO NEW YORK ... JUNE 28.
† Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston.

LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Dorie	Fri., May 30	Laurentic	Fri., June 13
Albertic	Fri., June 6	Doric	Fri., June 27

SOUTHAMPTON—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
Megantic ... Sat., May 31
(Via Galway.)

LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, via Panama.
Corinthic (Passengers from Southampton only), Fri., June 20

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.
FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.
(5) Lapland ... May 31
(4) Westernland ... June 7

TO CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.
(4) Westernland ... Sat., June 7
(4) Pennland ... Sat., June 21
From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(5) Cabin, Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.
LONDON to NEW YORK
Via Boulogne.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnetonka, 21,998 tons	June 7 | July 5
*Minnewaska, 27,716 tons	June 21 | July 19

TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnekahda, 17,781 tons	June 14 | July 12

Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.
Apply also Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents.

FRENCH LINE C.G.T.
REGULAR
EXPRESS FIRST AND SECOND CLASS
FAST "CABIN" AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN SERVICES
from
PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO
NEW YORK.
"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER"
BY AVOIDING A PASSAGE DOWN CHANNEL.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
"ILE DE FRANCE" (e)	May 23	June 3
"PARIS" (e)	June 3	June 9
"DE GRASSE" (e)	June 6	June 14
"FRANCE" (e)	June 10	June 16

(e) Express Service First and Second Class only.
(e) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Service.
Also
HAVRE to HOUSTON, Texas (Cabin Class) MONTHLY.
Also
PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD—SPANISH MAIN—CRISTOBAL.
S.S. "FLANDRE" ... June 16
S.S. "PELLERIN DE LATOUCHE" ... July 14
The largest and fastest liners from England. Also
FRANCE TO CUBA & MEXICO
monthly.
Cie. Gle. Transatlantique, Ltd., 20, Cockspur-street S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
REGULAR SAILINGS FROM SOUTHAMPTON
TO HALIFAX AND NEW YORK.
NIEUW AMSTERDAM (First-class fare from £35) May 31
†ROTTERDAM (First-class fare from £42 10s.) June 14
HOLLAND'S LARGEST LUXURY LINER.
†S.S. STATENDAM 30,000 tons
Next Sailing ... June 7
TO CUBA AND MEXICO.
*MAASDAM ... June 21 | *SPAARNDAM ... July 19
* From Boulogne. † Not calling Halifax.
Apply 19, PALL MALL, S.W.1 (Tele. No., Gerr. 5440), or to 27, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele. No., Mon. 0021).

UNITED STATES LINES.
AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES
TO NEW YORK.

U.S.L.	A.M.L.
From Southampton Weekly.	From London Weekly.
Famous Cuisine.	One class only £20 10s.
£58 Return (Tourist Cabin).	With bath £25 10s.

Booklets, &c., free from your Agent or U.S. Lines, Offices, 14, Regent-street, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5830.)

President Harding May 29 | LEVIATHAN ... June 3
George Washington June 5 | President Roosevelt June 10

JAMAICA DIRECT FRUIT LINE.
SPECIAL SUMMER TOURS.
LONDON TO JAMAICA.
32 Days' round trip from £35 inclusive of Hotel accommodation and shore excursions.
First-class accommodation, all outside rooms. Private bath Rooms. Swimming Pool, &c.
For further particulars apply to:—
Agents, KAYE, SON and Co., Ltd., 112, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3 (Monument 4567), or to West End Agents, Hickie, Borman, Grant and Co., Ltd., 25, Cockspur-street, S.W.1 (Gerrard 2064), or Local Agents.

ANCHOR LINE. LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.
CALLING AT GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.

*†CIRCASSIA	May 30	†CIRCASSIA	Aug. 29
†CASTALIA	July 11	†ELYSIA	Sept. 12

* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
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BANFFSHIRE	June 19 June 25
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES, AND MAURITIUS	Newport. Glasgow. Birkenh'd
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HALIARTUS	June 13 June 19 June 26

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Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton.	From Liverpool.
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	June 6	—
†DEMERARA	11,484	—	June 7
*ALMANZORA	15,551	June 20	—
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	July 4	—
DARRO	11,484	—	July 5
*ARLANZA	14,930	July 18	—
DESEADO	11,477	—	July 19
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Aug. 1	—

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
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TO
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CHILE, BERMUDA, HAVANA, Via France, Spain. PERU, PANAMA CANAL.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
ORCOMA (calls Azores)	11,580	May 29
ORITA (omits Bermuda)	9,298	June 12
ORDUNA	15,507	July 3
ORBITA	15,495	July 31

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EMPRESS OF SCOTLAND (to Quebec only)	June 7

LIVERPOOL
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

DUCHESS OF YORK	May 30
DUCHESS OF ATHOLL (R.)	June 6
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (B.G.)	June 13
EMPRESS OF JAPAN (to Quebec only)	June 14

(B.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.

GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL
MELITA ... May 29 | MINNEDOSA ... June 7

JAPAN AND CHINA
VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).

EMPRESS OF CANADA (via Honolulu)	June 12
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA (connecting Steamer from Southampton	May 31
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 26

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NIAGARA ... June 25 | AORANGI ... July 23
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Theat.-Foyer-Shops.
Hairdresser—Post Office. Bank.
All in the building.

BELGIUM.—KNOCKE-ZOUTE-sur-MER.—RUBENS HOTEL; first class; ideal situation on sea front, near Casino, golf, and tennis; no taxes. Apply prospectus.

BLANKENBERGHE. HOTEL D'HONDT. Noted for comfort and attention.—R. D'Hondt, Propr.

BLANKENBERGHE.—HOTEL BRISTOL. First-class; best position on front. Moderate terms. English clientèle. Restaurant (open to non-residents).

CONTINENTAL PALACE, BLANKENBERGHE; near Casino; facing Sea and bathing; first-class throughout. Patronized by the leading English families.

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ARROMANCHES (Calvados, France). GRAND HOTEL. Seaside. Special price May-June.

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Unique situation on the River Rance and the Sea. Next to Tennis Grounds and Casino.
Excellent Cuisine. 150 rooms; 80 baths.
WILL OPEN JUNE 20th.

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JUAN-LES-PINS, PENSION MAJESTIC. Latest comfort. Excellent cooking; 100 yards from sea. Pension from 27frs. per week. Agents.

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HOTEL BELLEVUE. A good Hotel at moderate prices.
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De Luxe. Up to date. 200 beds. At the Central Station.
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LUCERNE. HOTEL SCHWEIZERHOF. Every comfort. Golf 18 holes. O. Hauser, Proprietor.

LUGANO. HOTEL DE LA PAIX. First class. Full South. Beautiful grounds; near lake. From 14frs.

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THE AMBASSADOR, On the new Boulevard Haussmann. The largest Continental Hotel. 600 rooms. 600 baths.

HOTEL APOLLO (D. POISSON, Prop.), 11, Rue Dunkerque, opp. Nord Station; 100 rooms; latest comfort; from 30f.; 50 baths. Full board from 55f.

HOTEL ASTORIA, CHAMPS-ELYSEES (facing Arc de Triomphe). RESTAURANT open to non-residents.

HOTEL BRITANNIA, 218, Rue de Rivoli, facing Tuileries Gds. In the heart of the fashionable centre.

HOTEL LOUIS LE GRAND, 2, Rue Rouget de l'Isle, Paris. Off Rue de Rivoli (Tuileries).

HOTEL LUTETIA, 43, 45, 47, BOULEVARD RASPAIL. THE SMARTEST. THE MOST MODERN. Tariff with plan sent on request.

MEURICE, HOTEL AND RESTAURANT RUE DE RIVOLI. OVERLOOKING THE TUILERIES GARDENS.

NOEL PETERS. Passage des Princes. One step from Opéra. THE OLDEST AND MOST PARISIAN RESTAURANT.

HOTEL RECORDON, 27, Ave. Carnot, Etoile. Rooms and bath. Very quiet. Moderate terms.

ROYAL HAUSSMANN, 2-4, BOULEVARD HAUSSMANN. An hotel of distinction. Most central location.

THE HOTEL-RESTAURANT RITZ. PLACE VENDOME.

SAVOY HOTEL, 194bis, Rue de Rivoli. Facing the Tuileries Gardens. AN ARISTOCRATIC HOTEL.

HTL. de l'UNIVERS, 10, Rue Croix des Petits Champs. Mod. Comfort.

HOTEL WESTMINSTER, 13 and 15, Rue de la Paix.

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Private Announcements 3 lines 6s. (minimum); Trade 3 lines 9s. (minimum)

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EXECUTORS, Collectors, and others having RARE GOLD and SILVER COINS for DISPOSAL are respectfully invited to COMMUNICATE with SPINK and SON, Ltd. (Numismatic Dept.), 5, 6, and 7, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1, who have dealt in the finest coins of all countries for over a century. The very best prices guaranteed, whether for a few coins or for a large collection.

FURNITURE

£30,000 FURNITURE SALE.
High-grade stock of FURNITURE made for a large Hotel abroad, now released for disposal owing to breach of contract through non-delivery. All goods soundly constructed of highly seasoned timbers, to withstand hot climate; lifetime opportunity to purchase good furniture at half actual cost.
Included also are goods of the late Rt. Hon. the Earl of Balfour, K.G., P.C.; removed from 4, Carlton-gardens, S.W.
300 LUXURIOUS Lounge EASY CHAIRS and SETTEES in variety of coverings from 25s.; 150 real hide easy chairs with loose cushions, £3 17s. 6d.; settees to match, £6 15s.; three only beautifully sprung CHESTERFIELD SUITES covered in fine mouth brocade, 152gns., worth 254gns.
175 BED-ROOM SUITES in Oak, Mahogany, FIGURED Walnut, including bed and spring, from £5 10s. to 95gns., five only complete DINING ROOMS, including sideboards, dining table, and chairs with leather seats, 16gns.
500 DINING-ROOM CHAIRS in all woods from 11s. 6d.; of NOTEWORTHY MENTION is a beautiful Burr Walnut Bed-room Suite, including a triple Cheval Dressing Table, Chest, &c., 24gns.; beds to match, honestly worth 34gns.; also one available in unique grey finish, 24gns.; everything for bedding available. IMMEDIATE INSPECTION ADVISED.
All goods STORED and PACKED FREE for Country.
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Hours 9-9 daily. Five minutes Clapham Common and Clapham Junction Stations. Waterloo and Victoria electric trains; eight minutes. Omnibuses and Trams from all parts. Battersea 5932-3.

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REMOVED FROM
EATON-PLACE, HAMPTON,
St. John's Wood, Sloane-street, and elsewhere.
NOW on SALE at PRICES LESS THAN AUCTION.
FOR BEST VALUE YOU MUST COME TO THE WEST.
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FURNITURE, PRIVATE SALE. The greatest bargain offer for 20 years owing to cancellation of contract by SUPER HOTEL in INDIA. We are instructed by direction of these goods at half contract price. They are all made from picked timber to stand climate, and in most cases sold at less than PRE-WAR PRICES.
250 BED-ROOM SETS in oak and white enamel, complete with beds, 14 17s. 6d. each.
65 Double-size bed-room suites in waved oak, mahogany, burr walnut, &c., from 11gns. to 65gns.; beds to match.
2 Only Jacobean oak bed-room suites, 15gns. each, worth double.
500 ALL NEW HAIR Mattresses, best ticks, 42s. each, usual price 3gns.
30 Only, oak bed-room robes, £4 15s. each.
350 Lounge chairs and Chesterfields in art linen, from 29s. 6d. each to 10gns.
750 Dining-room chairs in oak, mahogany, walnut, &c., from 10s. 6d. each.
300 Real hide lounge chairs, fitted velvet cushion, £3 15s. each to 15gns.; settees to match.
6 Only Adam-piece Chesterfield suites in French damask and velours, £7 15s. each (worth double).
The above are only a few of the bargains on offer.
WE CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION to the contents of a well-known Peer's mansion, recently deceased, all of which are equal to new. We are selling at third original cost, comprising two hand-made grey walnut bed-room suites, complete dressing and dining rooms in Chinese lacquer, walnut, Chesterfields in hide and silk covers, &c. Inspection invited. Every item for furnishing. All goods purchased can remain stored and packed free for country. On view 9-8 daily.

A. MARSH & CO., LTD.,
Furniture Depositories,
(Patronized by the Crown Agents for Colonies.)
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10 Minutes from Oxford and Piccadilly Circuses, and all principal rail termini. Est. 1857. North 0758.

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CHALLEN BABY GRAND SPECIALISTS; prices from 82gns. new; stock of second-hands at reduced prices.—14, Hanover-street, Regent-street, W.1.

ARNOLD, LTD.,
PIANO GALLERIES, 28, SOUTH MOLTON-STREET, W.1. (Bond-street Station).
PRACTICALLY NEW MODELS by all LEADING MAKERS, including Bechstein, Blüthner, Broadwood, &c., at ABOUT HALF of the LIST PRICES, for cash or on deferred payments; expert examination invited; 10 years' guarantee; booklet free.

WEARING APPAREL

CAST-OFF CLOTHING URGENTLY REQUIRED, good prices returned for parcels; old-established firm.—Melton's, Ltd., Addlestone, Surrey.

MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES

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CHARITIES AND APPEALS

KING EDWARD'S HOSPITAL FUND FOR LONDON.
President
H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.
Established by King Edward VII.
HELPS 143 HOSPITALS.
Subscriptions and donations are urgently needed to enable the Fund to maintain its annual grants, which are made after careful inspection of each effective hospital. Please send your contributions to the Honorary Secretaries, King Edward's Hospital Fund, 7, Walbrook, E.C.

CHARITY COMMISSION NOTICES

CHARITY COMMISSION.

In the Matter of the CHARITY of JOHN CAME, under the management of the Coopers' Company of the City of London.

Notice is hereby given that an ORDER has been made by the Charity Commissioners for England and Wales ESTABLISHING a SCHEME for the REGULATION of the above-mentioned Charity.
Copies of the Order and Scheme may be inspected during a period of one calendar month from the first publication of this Notice at the Office of the Commissioners, Ryder-street, St. James's, S.W.1, where copies may be purchased during the same period at the price of 10d. each.
Dated the 21st day of May, 1930.
H. D. S. LEAKE, Secretary.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS
3 lines 7s. 6d. (minimum)

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF LONDON.
The London County Council invites APPLICATIONS for TWO POSITIONS of DISTRICT INSPECTOR of SCHOOLS in the Education Officer's Department.
Salary £700 a year, rising by annual increments of £25 to £800, and thence by annual increments of £50 to a maximum of £1,100 a year.
Duties.—District Inspectors are required to conduct and report upon periodical inspections of schools and colleges, and to inspect and advise on instruction in some subject (e.g., English, Classics, Mathematics, Science, &c.) of which they possess special knowledge.
Apply to Duke Education Office (C.I.), The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1 (stamped addressed foolscap envelope essential), for form of application, which must be returned not later than Saturday, 14th June, 1930.
In the case of women candidates marriage terminates contract of service. Canvassing disqualifies.
MONTAGU H. COX,
Clerk of the London County Council.

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY OF LONDON.
The London County Council invites applications for the POSITION of INSPECTOR of COMMERCIAL EDUCATION (District Rank) in the Education Officers' Department.
Salary £700 a year, rising by annual increments of £25 to £800 a year, and thence by annual increments of £50 to a maximum of £1,000 a year.
Duties.—To inspect and advise on commercial education, and to conduct and report on conducting general inspections of schools and colleges. The duties involve evening work.
Apply to the Education Officer (C.I.), The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1 (stamped, addressed foolscap envelope essential) for form of application, which must be returned not later than Saturday, 14th June, 1930.
In the case of women candidates marriage terminates contract of service. Canvassing disqualifies.
MONTAGU H. COX,
Clerk of the London County Council.

AMENDED ADVERTISEMENT.
CITY OF WESTMINSTER.
APPOINTMENT OF HEALTH VISITOR.
The Westminster City Council invite APPLICATIONS for an APPOINTMENT as HEALTH VISITOR.
The salary will be at the rate of £240 per annum, rising by annual increments of £15 to £420 per annum.
Candidates, if not already approved as Health Visitors by the Minister of Health, must possess the new Health Visitor's Certificate or the diploma issued under the Board of Education (Health Visitors' Training) Regulations, 1919.
Applicants must be under 35 years of age at the date of their applications.
The person appointed will be required to pass a medical examination as to physical fitness, to subscribe to the Council's superannuation fund, and to devote the whole of her time to the service of the Council.
Applications must be made on printed forms to be obtained from the undersigned, to whom they must be delivered not later than 10 a.m. on Saturday, the 14th June, 1930.
Personal canvassing of members of the Council is strictly prohibited and is held to be a disqualification.
PARKER MORRIS, Town Clerk.
Westminster City Hall, Charing Cross road, W.C.2.
24th May, 1930.

CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES.
COLONIAL GOVERNMENT APPOINTMENTS.
APPLICATIONS from qualified candidates are invited for the following POSTS:—
M2222.—ACCOUNTANT required by the GOVERNMENT of the STRAITS SETTLEMENTS for the BANKRUPTCY DEPARTMENT, SINGAPORE, for three years in the first instance, after which the officer appointed becomes eligible for appointment to the permanent and pensionable establishment. Salary $500 a month ($700 per annum), rising by annual increments of $30 a month ($42 per annum) to $800 a month ($1,120 per annum), plus a temporary allowance of 10 per cent. of salary to unmarried and 20 per cent. to married officers. The Government rate of exchange is now 2s. 4d. to the dollar, but the purchasing power of the dollar in Malaya is at present considerably less than that of 2s. 4d. in the United Kingdom. Free passages and if married for wife and children also under certain conditions. Candidates, under 35 years of age, must be fully qualified Accountants. They should understand thoroughly the duties of
(a) An Official Receiver in Bankruptcy.
(b) A Trustee in Bankruptcy.
(c) An Official Receiver and Liquidator in Companies Liquidation.
Preference will be given to candidates who have had experience in some or all of the capacities mentioned above. Apply at once by letter, stating age, whether married or single, and full particulars of qualifications and experience, to the Crown Agents for the Colonies, 4, Millbank, London, S.W.1, quoting M2222.

CHELSEA HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN, ARTHUR-STREET, S.W.3.—There will be a VACANCY for a JUNIOR HOUSE SURGEON (male) on the 1st July. Appointment for six months; salary £100 per annum. He will be expected to proceed to the Senior Post (six months, salary £150 per annum) at the end of his term of office. Candidates must be duly registered and preferably unmarried.—Applications, accompanied by copies of three testimonials, should be sent not later than Friday, 30th May, to the Secretary, Herbert H. Jennings.

HEALTH VISITOR.
The County Council of the Administrative County of Essex invite APPLICATIONS for the above APPOINTMENT from women having the necessary qualifications.
Salary from £170 to £250 per annum, according to experience, together with allowances, rising, subject to satisfactory service, by annual increments of £10 to £220 per annum.
The appointment will be subject to one month's notice on either side.
Particulars and form of application may be obtained from the undersigned.
Applications on the prescribed form, accompanied by copies of not more than three recent testimonials (which will not be returned), should be addressed to me and delivered at the Shire Hall, Chelmsford, not later than 10 a.m. on Tuesday, the 10th day of June, 1930.
JOHN H. GOOLD, Clerk of the County Council.
Shire Hall, Chelmsford, 20th May, 1930.

HARPER ADAMS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, NEWPORT, SALOP.
It is proposed to APPOINT an ASSISTANT to the ADVISER in ECONOMICS to undertake original research in agricultural economics in the West Midlands. Candidates should possess a degree or diploma in Economics and have some knowledge of statistics and accountancy methods. A knowledge of agriculture would be an advantage. Initial salary £250 per annum.
Further particulars from:—
The PRINCIPAL, Harper Adams Agricultural College, Newport, Salop.

KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL.—The Committee of Management invite APPLICATIONS for the POST of JUNIOR PATHOLOGICAL SURGEON.—Applications, with copies of three testimonials, should be sent by June 10th, 1930, to the House Governor, King's College Hospital, Denmark Hill, S.E.5, from whom particulars of the duties may be obtained.

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL.
EDUCATION COMMITTEE.
AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION SUB-COMMITTEE.
(1) Owing to the appointment of Mr. A. McVicar, B.Sc., F.R.I.C., as Agricultural Organiser for Lindsey (Lincs.), his position as WARDEN of the COUNTY FARM INSTITUTE, MOULTON, and ASSISTANT COUNTY AGRICULTURAL ORGANIZER will shortly be vacant. The salary is £350 per annum with house, or £300 per annum, with board and quarters, or an allowance in lieu thereof.
(2) APPLICATIONS are also invited for the POST of JUNIOR AGRICULTURAL ASSISTANT, for duty principally in connexion with the County Farm Institute and Experimental Farm. The salary offered is £200 per annum, together with board and quarters, or an allowance in lieu thereof.
Candidates for either post should hold the B.Sc.(Agr.) Degree or the N.D.A., or equivalent qualification. Further particulars and forms of application may be obtained from the undersigned, with whom applications should be lodged not later than 14th June next.
J. L. HOLLAND, Secretary for Education.
County Education Offices, Northampton.

SOUTHERN RHODESIA.
REQUIRED by the Education Department of Southern Rhodesia for European School, term beginning 1st July, MASTER to teach English and Latin, Junior forms. Graduate. Salary £930 by £15 to £540 (Grade C.1.C.). Seniority for previous experience allowed up to four years.
Preference will be given to single men between 23 and 35 years of age.
For particulars and application form apply to the High Commissioner for Southern Rhodesia, Crown House, Aldwych, London, W.C.2.

THE WILLESDEN GENERAL HOSPITAL, N.W.10. (106 beds.)
REQUIRED, the services of a TEMPORARY FULLY TRAINED ALMONER (lady) for a period of four weeks from 2nd June, 1930. Apply at once to the Secretary.

THE TRUSTEES of the LORD WANDSWORTH FOUNDATION are about to proceed to the APPOINTMENT of a PRINCIPAL, who will have sole administrative charge of the Agricultural College, the Girls' School, and the estate of the Trustees.
Applicants should have administrative and educational experience, preferably with some knowledge of agriculture, and should be between the ages of 35 and 50. Applications should be addressed to Messrs. Maples, Teesdale and Co., 6, Frederick's-place, Old Jewry, London, E.C.2, from whom further particulars can be obtained.

UNIVERSITY OF DURHAM.
ARMSTRONG COLLEGE,
NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.
LECTURESHIP IN MUSIC.
The Council of Armstrong College invite APPLICATIONS for a LECTURESHIP in MUSIC, in Grade B (salary £400-£500, according to experience and qualifications). The appointment will be a full-time one, and the Lecturer will be in sole charge of the department. Duties to commence on 1st October, 1930. Twelve copies of applications, and of not more than three testimonials, should be received not later than Tuesday, 10th June, 1930, by the undersigned, from whom further particulars may be obtained.
H. V. A. BRISCOE,
Acting Registrar, Armstrong College.

UNIVERSITY OF DURHAM.
DURHAM COLLEGES.
PROFESSORSHIP of FRENCH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.
The Council of the Durham Colleges invites APPLICATIONS for the PROFESSORSHIP of FRENCH LANGUAGE and LITERATURE.
The duties of the post will commence in October, 1930, or at a date thereafter to be arranged, and the initial stipend will be at the rate of £800 per annum. The Professor will be required to join the Federated Superannuation Scheme.
Applications, together with copies of testimonials, should reach the undersigned, from whom further particulars of the post may be obtained, at the University Offices, 38, North Bailey, Durham, on or before June 19th, 1930.
J. L. BURCHNALL, Secretary of Council.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT
3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum). Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

APPLICANTS for situations are advised not to send original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies will answer the purpose quite as well, and in the event of being lost or mislaid no inconvenience will ensue.

A Progressive Firm, looking for good men, willing to learn, give gentlemen retiring from abroad or from Services and wishing to enter business here (also young Varsity men) opportunity of training (free) and practical experience sales and sales organisation side of business; can earn while learning; no investment required; attractive work.—Write,

Sporting News

RACING NOTES

THE DERBY

DIOLITE AND HIS RIVALS

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

There will be racing this week at Bath, Salisbury, York, Doncaster, Lingfield, and Ayr, the most important meeting being at York. Chief interest, however, in the Derby, which will be decided at Epsom on Wednesday week.

I know no reason why, at the present time, I should change my view that that race will be won by the favourite, Diolite. He was the best two-year-old of his year, being placed at the top of the Free Handicap by the best handicapper in the country. He wintered entirely to the satisfaction of his trainer, Templeman, and he has won the only race for which he has been started this season. Further, that was not a minor event but no less a race than the Two Thousand Guineas. He won that race more easily than any other colt has won it for very many years. It is true that the time was slow, but then for all that any one can say he might have done better time if he had been at all pushed or if the going had been harder. He had won the race almost all the way and there was never any doubt as to the result after the field had reached the Dip. As has been noted before in these Notes if he were trained by Lambton, Taylor, Persse, Butters, or Dawson he would, at the moment, be a very much shorter-priced favourite than he is.

His nearest rival in the betting on the race is Rustom Pasha, who, after failing at Lingfield, won a race at Epsom with ease, beating, among others, Paradine, who was afterwards second in the Two Thousand Guineas. If one accepts that result at Epsom as it stands it is certain that one is justified in believing that Rustom Pasha has as good a chance, if indeed not a better one, next week as Diolite, but I do not accept the Epsom form as correct. Paradine was not at his best that day and was always hanging badly. Also, the race was in all probability falsely run, and was no more than a crawl and then a sprint. Rustom Pasha had shown inability to stay at Lingfield and it is almost certain that his stamina were not really tested at Epsom. He is by a great stayer out of a very fast mare who could not stay, and the results of such breeding do not, as a rule, produce a horse who can both go fast and stay. The fact that Rustom Pasha has since missed two important races is not in his favour. His stable companion, Blenheim, who was considered a better two-year-ok. than he was, is also to be started next week. On their running in the Two Thousand Guineas he has no chance at all next week against Diolite. Son-in-Law, the sire of Rustom Pasha, was not himself a Classic horse, and in spite of his many chances at the stud has sired only one Classic winner, and she was a winner only of the Oaks.

Another Derby candidate who has recently been much discussed is Ballyferis, who was the best of his age in Ireland last year. He has never run in this country. He is certainly not classically bred, being by Apron, a son of Son-in-Law, out of a very ordinary mare. He undoubtedly gave his trainer trouble, owing to a bad knee, early in the season, and it is only recently that he has been in really good work. He cannot have had an orthodox training for the race. Most of those who saw him galloped last week formed an impression that he would not, on that form, win a Derby, and I would rather accept their views than the views of those who are merely repeating gossip. Ballyferis is a good-looking colt, but rather too much on the leg for a Derby winner or a really good horse. On looks he will not be suited by the Epsom course. The Scout II., although he won at Newmarket last week, has on that form only just a better chance than Ut Majeur, and he will not run at Epsom, as his owner appears to have two candidates better than him. There seems, therefore, no reason to suppose that The Scout II. will win the Derby. According to the betting lists Trews appears to be more fancied than his stable companion, Iliad, but both in a gallop at Manton and in the Two Thousand Guineas Iliad went better than Trews. Both will, I believe, be started, but the people who know most about these two colts will no doubt be most agreeably surprised if either wins.

There seems no other candidate worthy of comment, so that one is left where one was before, that the only selection for the race is Diolite, who bears more physical resemblance, so I am told, to his dam's side than to his sire, which means that he should stay this mile and a half. He certainly had no trouble in staying the Rowley Mile, and he outstayed and outpaced the other horses who ran against him over that course. He will, I believe, be ridden by Ray, Fox almost certainly being wanted by Lord Woolavington to ride Parenthesis.

THE GATWICK MEETING

The fiasco at Gatwick on Friday, when those people who had backed a winner lost their money while those who had backed a loser won theirs, was concluded on Saturday when the owner of the loser which won had to buy his horse in. It might well have been thought that after such an unpleasant experience there would have been no one who would bid for Archerot, the horse. Yet it cost 280 guineas to recover the winner. The success of their horse was therefore rather expensive for the two gentlemen who own him, for the race was worth to the owner only £192, so that they lost, owing to the buying-in price, just over £90. Further, they had the expense of bringing their horse to the meeting on the first day, taking him home after he had been beaten, and then bringing him to the course on Saturday after he had been declared after all the winner, and then taking him home once more after the sale. This incident calls attention once more to the need either for Stipendiary Stewards or for younger men to act as Stewards. It is essential on all such courses as Gatwick that there should be at least one Steward stationed for every race some way down the course. If that had been the case on Friday there would have been no need for the long delay that occurred between the accident to little Martin and the inquiry into the causes of it. It is immaterial whether the Stewards who go down the course, half-way or down to the start, are paid or not, so long as there are Stewards of some sort at those two places. It always seems so strange to me that while Stipendiary Stewards are found so satisfactory in Australia and India they are considered quite unnecessary in this country.

Saturday's racing at Gatwick, although it was not of great importance, was interesting and attracted a large attendance of visitors. It is much to be hoped that very soon an electrically worked totalisator will be available on this course. The hand-worked one at present in use was quite inadequate to the calls made on it and much money was turned away. Greater intelligence might also have been displayed by the official in charge of some of the issuing windows. I will take, for example, the race for the Marlborough Plate, for which there were seven starters. For the two £1 issuing windows in the Paddock the seven horses were divided into two groups, four being allotted to one window and three to the other. All the money was for two of the horses and both those horses were allotted to the same window. The result was that there was a long queue always at one window and the other window was doing no business at all.

Among the starters for the Rook Selling Plate, with which the afternoon's racing was begun, were Monkey and the Sol-Fa filly. These two animals had run in a similar event the previous Saturday at Kempton Park, when the unnamed filly, starting at evens, had finished third and Monkey, without a quotation in the market on the race, had finished sixth. On Saturday, although the weights to be carried were the same except that the apprentice allowance was claimed for the Sol-Fa filly, Monkey started favourite at 3 to 1, while the Sol-Fa filly started at 5 to 1. What is more important and surprising is that Monkey won by a length and the Sol-Fa filly was not placed. No announcement was made as to any inquiry by the Stewards into this curious reversal of form, so it is to be presumed that no inquiry was held. Old Cragford found it impossible to give as much as 3st. to some of his opponents in the May-blossom Selling Handicap, for which he started favourite. He ran very well for rather more than five furlongs, and then was beaten, finishing unplaced behind another aged horse, Barnabas, to whom he was giving 37lb., and who won from Royal Pointer, with Friar Gray third. Barnabas, a well-bred but rather unsound horse, is trained by Kelly, who once trained that great sprinter, Ignorance. He has in these times very few horses to train, but he is still obviously a very able trainer and is worthy of more patronage than he receives. Barnabas was really excellently turned out. From his appearance it is certain that his trainer is still a fine stableman. No horse during the afternoon looked better than Barnabas when he came in to be unsaddled.

The most important race on the afternoon's programme was the Prince's Handicap, run over two miles. It was won by Clydesdale, a four-year-old gelding by Golden Myth, who used to belong to Lord Rosebery. Carrying only 6st. 4lb., he beat the top weight, Jugo, who was giving him 38lb., by three-quarters of a length, with Alacrity third and Becasse fourth. Orange Tip made the running until about a quarter of a mile from the finish, soon after which Jugo took up the running and appeared certain to win until Clydesdale, well ridden by Sharpe, challenged him and very quickly beat him. Clydesdale was well backed, especially in the Ring, where the odds against his chance at the "Off" were almost half what they were on the totalisator. It is, however, quite likely that just as long odds were at some time or other on offer in the Ring as those finally returned by the machine. This is always a point which should be remembered by those people who are always calling attention to the long prices returned by the machine. Although the Ready Response colt won the Home-Bred Plate by only a neck from Avalon, with Saskatoon only another neck away third, he really won quite easily, and, as he was giving the second and third 12lb. each, he is obviously fairly useful. The second here paid 5 to 2 for a place on the machine, but more than 8 to 1 for a place in the Ring. He is a gelding by Golden Myth, who may yet make good as a stallion, and belongs to Mr. J. S. Austen, for whom he should be capable of winning a small race.

The strong riding of Childs and the straighter Gatwick course obviously suited Calvados better than the turns and twists of Windsor. There he was always nearer last than first, but on Saturday he was always going well and galloping freely, finally winning by a comfortable half-length from Chelmarsh, with Rivercraft a good third. Littlewanted, well named from the visitors' point of view, although the name may have appealed to the bookmakers, won the Apprentices' Plate, with which the meeting was concluded, although if the race were to be run again with stronger and more experienced jockeys the second, Bewiser, would in all probability be successful. Littlewanted, so far as I know, had never even been placed in a race before.

BATH PROSPECTS

2.0.—LANSDOWN SELLING PLATE (5f.).—I do not know if, after his several journeys during the week-end, Archerot will be started here. If he were started he might win, but he has shown in his two recent races that he does not like going into the lead, and such horses, no matter how lowly the company or how good their chance may be on known form, seldom if ever win, and are therefore best left alone. Young Ben has a chance on his form with Goosander, through which horse he has the beating of the Hackla gelding. Thrale's selected is another who might run well. If Archerot ran I should not make a selection, for he could no doubt win, but probably would refuse to do so. If he were not started the winner might be YOUNG BEN.

2.30.—TRADESMEN'S SELLING HANDICAP (6f.).—The best here seem to be Telaviv and Sculptor. Of the two at the weights I prefer the chance of SCULPTOR, who ran well at Kempton Park in the race won by Sonometer.

3.0.—BATH SPRING HANDICAP (5f.).—Canfield is getting old, but he can still go a good gallop. Still, using the form of this season's handicaps, he is not well handicapped with some of the three-year-olds. The last time they were in a race together he was set to give 21lb. to Marne, who, at Lingfield, was the same number of pounds behind Cleveland in a handicap, so, from a handicapping point of view, there is not much between Cleveland and Canfield, and that probably is about right. Cleveland is about a stone in front of Duchess of Mars, so that Canfield is fairly handicapped with her in this race. Andy cannot beat Canfield on Windsor form. Lonesome in fairly handicapped with Canfield through Pheidon and Flying Phoenix. Venskye is a few pounds better handicapped with Duchess of Mars than he was at Kempton Park, while Early Closing is better handicapped than either of them on Free Handicap weights. Further, he ran quite well at Epsom. He and Venskye are trained in the same stable. One of them might well win. Accordingly I take FARQUHARSON'S SELECTED and make the alternative selection and danger Duchess of Mars.

3.30.—DODINGTON HANDICAP (1¼m.).—Residue is not a certain starter and Catanian is very moderate. The Torch has won a race this year and, taking a line through Patrick, he seems much better handicapped than Pommérino. THE TORCH may win.

4.0.—BADMINTON PLATE (5f.).—The best here on known form appears to be ICEBLINK and accordingly she is my selection, but it should be noted that she is probably very moderate and a good newcomer would beat her easily and win.

4.30.—DYRHAM MAIDEN PLATE (1m.).—LAWSON'S SELECTED is an obvious choice here.

HAMILTON PARK PROSPECTS

2.30.—WHISTLEBERRY PLATE (5f.).—The probable winner here seems to be OBJECTION. The danger and alternative selection is Debonair.

3.0.—AUCHINRAITH PLATE (6f.).—LITTLE GRAFTON is nicely handicapped and may win from Switch On. Richardson rides Sortie, who has a chance.

3.30.—DECHMONT SELLING PLATE (5f.).—FOUR UP may win from Solomon's Choice.

4.0.—MIDDLEWARD HANDICAP (1¼m.).—CLEAR CASH should win. In his absence my selection would be CLINTON LASS.

4.30.—DRUMCLOG SELLING PLATE (1m.).—The best selection here seems to be SOFT DRINK each way.

5.0.—CAMPSIE PLATE (1m. 3f.).—MAUGRE won easily at Thirsk and should win again here.

GATWICK RESULTS

2.0 (2.2).—The ROOK SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.: for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

MONKEY, ch g, by Monarch—Killia (Mr. V. Smyth). 8st. 11lb. ..... C. Elliott 1
SELDOM WRONG FILLY, by Battle Axe (Mr. S. McGregor). 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Lane 2
SILVER SOUND, gr c, by Tremolo—Argentine (Mr. H. R. Jeffrey). 9st. ..... C. Ray 3

Matuta c, by Desman (Mr. C. V. Tabor). 9st. ..... J. Ermer 0
Rome (Mr. T. Walls). 9st. ..... M. Wing 0
Marmon (Mr. A. h. Ansell). 8st. 11lb. ..... S. Wragg 0
Paradine (Mr. H. Davison). 8st. 11lb. ..... G. Blenkin 0
van (Mr. D. Fraser). 8st. 11lb. ..... G. Richards 0
Tuscana (Mrs. M. Kinsey). 8st. 11lb. ..... F. Fleming 0
Towson (Mr. E. Martin). 8st. 6lb. ..... F. Martin 0
Corais (Mr. Z. Michaunes). 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Sirett 0
Tuesday (Mr. G. C. Poole). 8st. 6lb. ..... B. Rook 0
Sol-fa f, by Trespasser (Mr. C. V. Tabor). 8st. 6lb. ..... K. Getnin 0
Burga f, by Santorb (Mr. J. H. Torr). 8st. 11lb. ..... A. Burns 0
Gallant Girl (Mr. H. Smyth). 8st. 6lb. ..... P. Balch 0
(Winner trained by V. Smyth, at Epsom.)

STARTING PRICES.—3 to 1 agst Monkey, 5 to 1 each Sol-fa filly, Van, and Rome, 6 to 1 Silver Sound, 10 to 1 Gallant Girl, 100 to 8 Corais, 100 to 7 Seldom Wrong filly, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 9s. 3d.; places, 4s., 8s., 6s. 3d. Total win pool, 12,181 units; total place pool, 12,072 units. Won by a length; three lengths separated second and third. Gallant Girl was fourth and Burga fifty last.

The winner was bought in for 430 guineas.

2.30 (2.35).—The MAYBLOSSOM SELLING HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. Six furlongs.

BARNABAS, b h, by Diadumenos—Lute (Mrs. G. Smith). aged. 7st. 5lb. ..... A. Burns 1
ROYAL POINTER, b rlg, by Twelve Pointer—Ionia (Mr. H. Simmonds). 5 yrs. 7st. 4lb. ..... K. Gethin 2
FRIAE GRAY, b h, by Friar Marcus—Pharsalia (Mr. H. Collins). 6 yrs. 9st. ..... J. Simpson 3
Cragford (Mr. A. Douglas-Pennant), aged, 10st. ..... C. Ray 0
Virgo (Mr. H. Martin). 4 yrs. 8st. 4lb. ..... S. Magee 0
Huncoat (Mr. J. Setchell). 4 yrs. 8st. 4lb. ..... F. Balch 0
Aquilon (Mr. H. G. Biagrave), aged, 8st. 7lb. ..... J. Collins 0
Sun Sprite (Mr. F. H. Cundell). 5 yrs. 8st. 11lb. ..... L. Tidey 0
Lyra (Mr. A. Bassett). 6 yrs. 8st. 4lb. ..... F. Lane 0
Senlac (Mr. H. R. Lawrence). 3 yrs. 7st. 12lb. ..... B. Rook 0
Probus (Mr. M. Dollar), aged, 8st. 2lb. (car. 8st. 3lb.) ..... C. Elliott 0
Exalt (Mr. D. M. Gan). 6 yrs. 8st. ..... J. Dobie 0
Young Queen (Mr. J. Hobolen). 4 yrs. 8st. ..... J. Sirett 0
Paddy Town (Mr. J. Hylton). 5 yrs. 7st. 12lb. ..... H. Graves 0
Battles (Mr. T. Walls), aged, 7st. 7lb. ..... Stevens 0
Coq-a-L'Ane (Mrs. L. Ellil), 3 yrs. 7st. 11lb. ..... R. Trimmer 0
Christopher (Mr. E. G. de Mestre), 3 yrs. 7st. 5lb. ..... P. Nelson 0
Good Story (Mr. J. E. Cottrell), 4 yrs. 7st. 10lb. ..... K. Robertson 0
Hilltoi (Mr. R. J. Froome), 3 yrs. 7st. 9lb. ..... C. Richards 0
The Caster (Mr. A. S. Galtrey), 3 yrs. 7st. 3lb. ..... L. Treacy 0
Our Empire (Captain D. P. Simson), 4 yrs. 7st. 5lb. (car. 7st. 6lb.) ..... W. Wells 0
Varna (Lieutenant-Colonel H. P. Green), 5 yrs. 7st. 4lb. ..... F. Sharpe 0
Lightarmed (Mr. A. G. Moldram), 3 yrs. 6st. 9lb. (car. 6st. 10lb.) ..... R. Smyth 0
Kassala (Mr. J. S. Austen), 3 yrs. 6st. 9lb. (car. 6st. 11lb.) ..... T. Lowrey 0
Cretan Lassie (Mrs. P. Ivall), 6 yrs. 6st. 9lb. ..... A. Smirke 0
Sunflake (Mr. T. Walton), 4 yrs. 6st. 9lb. ..... J. Martin 0
(Winner trained by Kelly, at Epsom)

STARTING PRICES.—9 to 4 agst Cragford, 11 to 2 Sunsprite, 8 to 1 each Exalt and Royal Pointer, 10 to 1 Hilltoi, 100 to 8 Good Story, 100 to 6 each Barnabas and Friar Gray, 20 to 1 each Christopher, Kassala, and Cretan Lassie, 50 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 32s. 6d.; places, 9s. 3d., 7s., 30s. 6d. Total win pool, 13,578 units; total place pool, 15,254 units.

Won by a neck; a similar distance separated second and third. The Eccentric was fourth and Silverlet last.

4.0 (4.1).—The MARLBOROUGH PLATE of 500 sovs.; second to receive 50 sovs. and third 25 sovs.: for three-year-olds. One mile.

CALVADOS, b c, by Pommern—Spearbelle (Sir J. Buston). 8st. 7lb. ..... J. Childs 1
CHELMARSH, br c, by Fernando—Angelina (Mr. A. J. Buston). 8st. 7lb. ..... M. Beary 2
RIVERCRAFT, b g, by Sonning—Najmi (Mr. R. Brendon). 8st. 4lb. ..... S. Wragg 3
Perthshire Lad (Mr. C. W. Gordon), 8st. 7lb. ..... C. Robertson 0
Knight Errant (Mr. W. M. G. Singer). 8st. 7lb. ..... C. Ray 0
Demi Mondaine (Mr. R. Trev). 8st. 4lb. J. Brennan 0
Gala (Lord Derby). 8st. ..... A. Lidiy 0
(Winner trained by R. Day, at Newmarket).

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 4 agst Calvados, 2 to 1 Chelmarsh, 6 to 1 Rivercraft, 10 to 1 Knight Errant, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 4s. 6d.; places, 2s. 9d., 2s. 9d. Total win pool, 10,886 units; total place pool, 7,882 units.

Won by half a length; a neck separated second and third. Gala was fourth and Demi Mondaine last.

4.30 (4.94).—The MAIDEN (APPRENTICE) PLATE of 100 sovs. Six furlongs.

LITTLEWANTED, b g, by Kosciusko—Walkaway (Mrs. Walton). 4 yrs. 7st. 11lb. ..... E. Makenson 1
BEWISER, br c, by King of Navarre—Beware (Mr. D. Davis). 4 yrs. 8st. 4lb. ..... Mitchell 2
GUILCAGH, b f, by He Goes—Melmond (Mrs. E. Wallace). 3 yrs. 6st. ..... G. Archibald 3
Ben in Or (Lord Astor), 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. D. Rayson 0
Brother (Mr. J. S. Colton-Fox). 4 yrs. 7st. 11lb. ..... R. Smyth 0
Greenery (Mr. E. L. Whitwell). 4 yrs. 7st. 11lb. ..... F. Rickaby 0
Faithful Beacon (Mrs. M. Waters). 3 yrs. 6st. 2lb. ..... J. Taylor 0
Sunrock (Mr. F. H. Cundell). 3 yrs. 6st. 5lb. ..... H. Whitehouse 0
Lady Cross (Mr. E. S. Freeland). 3 yrs. 6st. ..... A. Johnson 0
Glowing Cinder (Mr. E. St. G. Stedall). 3 yrs. 6st. 5lb. ..... A. Brown 0
Private View (Lord Woolavington). 3 yrs. 6st. ..... W. Haig 0
(Winner trained by Killalee, at Epsom)

STARTING PRICES.—9 to 4 agst Ben in Or, 100 to 30 Bewiser, 9 to 2 Guilcagh, 8 to 1 Private View, 10 to 1 Greenery, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 94s. 6d.; places, 21s. 3d., 3s. 9d., 3s. 6d. Total win pool, 10,277 units; total place pool, 6,584 units.

Won by half a length; a similar distance separated second and third. Greenery was fourth and Brother last.

HAYDOCK PARK RESULTS

2.0 (2.2).—The SCURRY PLATE of 200 sovs.: for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

WAIF, ch f, by Royal Lancer—Gipsy Law (Lord Lonsdale). 8st. 9lb. ..... R. Jones 1
MILLSTONE, b c, by Rockavage—Fulling Mills (Mr. G. A. Cooper). 8st. 7lb. ..... F. Fox 2
TOINETTE FILLY, by Golden Sun (Mr. J. B. Joel). 8st. 4lb. (car. 8st. 5lb.) ..... B. Carslake 3
The Veil c, by Craig an Eran (Mr. O. S. Ambrose). 8st. 7lb. ..... R. James 0
Hurstbourne (Mr. H. Braime). 8st. 7lb. ..... W. Stephenson 0
Galahardin (Mr. A. R. Faulkner). 8st. 7lb. (car. 8st. 8lb.) ..... H. Leach 0
Jericho (Mr. M. E. Fitzgerald). 8st. 7lb. ..... T. Burns 0
Maltmaey Butt (Mr. S. McGrevor). 8st. 7lb. ..... J. Fawcett 0
Eric (Major Marshall). 8st. 7lb. ..... J. Dines 0
Joan Lowell (Lady A. Compton-Vyner). 8st. ..... Sir. ..... H. Wragg 0
Poor Man (Major D. Dixon). 5 yrs. 9st. G. Richards 0
En Garde (Mr. W. M. G. Singer). 4 yrs. 8st. ..... S. Donoghue 0
Pard (Mrs. G. H. Drummond), aged, 7st. 11lb. F. Fox 0
Sleepy Lad (Mr. W. J. Gale). 5 yrs. 7st. 6lb. ..... T. Weston 0
Kerr's Pink (Mr. J. L. Dugdale). 4 yrs. 7st. 2lb. ..... A. Richardson 0
Lucky Son (Mr. T. Aspinall), aged, 7st. 11lb. A. Harris 0
Steerforth (Sir W. Cooke). 4 yrs. 7st. W. Stephenson 0
(Winner trained by Pickering, at Newmarket.)

STARTING PRICES.—3 to 1 agst Kerr's Pink, 7 to 2 Poor Man, 4 to 1 Monastic Haste, 8 to 1 each En Garde and Flange, 10 to 1 each Steerforth and Break o' Day, 100 to 8 Lucky Son, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 20s. 3d.; places, 5s. 6d. 9d., 4s. 6d. Total win pool, 17,421 units; total place pool, 17,120 units.

Won by three lengths; two lengths separated second and third. Steerforth was fourth and Sleepy Lad last.

3.45 (3.46).—The JUVENILE SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.: for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

KISS CANNON FILLY, by Thunderer (Mr. J. B. Joel). 8st. 9lb. ..... B. Carslake 1
VALID, ch f, by Chaucer—Valeas (Mr. H. R. King). 8st. 9lb. ..... H. Leach 2
PELFFORD COLT, by Beresford (Mr. J. Gorman). 8st. 12lb. ..... J. Beasley 3
Umbra c, by Prince Galahad (Mr. M. S. Carroll). 8st. 12lb. ..... H. Wragg 0
El Gorro (Captain H. P. Holt). 8st. 12lb. ..... P. Beasley 0
Rejected Countess (Mr. H. Bennett). 8st. 4lb. ..... G. Skelton 0
Cold Blast (Captain T. Hogg). 8st. 9lb. ..... G. Richards 0
Parchesi (Mr. V. P. Miss). 8st. 4lb. ..... H. Gunn 0
(Winner trained by C. Peck, at Foxhill)

STARTING PRICES.—3 to 1 agst Kiss Cannon filly, 7 to 2 Valid, 4 to 1 each Parchesi and Cold Blast, 100 to 7 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 10s. 6d.; places, 4s., 3s. 6d., 7s. 9d. Total win pool, 12,882 units; total place pool, 11,021 units.

Won by three-quarters of a length; two lengths separated second and third. Umbra colt was fourth and Rejected Countess last.

The winner was sold to Mr. A. D. McAlpine for 200 guineas.

4.20 (4.22).—The GRAND STAND HIGH-WEIGHT HANDICAP, a plate of 200 sovs.: for three-year-olds. Five furlongs.

PRIAMUS, b c, by Phiroz—Square Lass (Mr. E. C. Nolan). 8st. 3lb. (car. 8st. 4lb.) ..... P. Beasley 1
GOLDEN LEGEND, b g, by Argosy—Personity (Mr. G. Allen). 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Wragg 2
PRIORY LAD, b g, by Soaure Measure—Lilypond (Mr. J. W. Turner). 7st. 11lb. ..... R. Fawdon 3
Bullion (Mr. D. Crossman). 8st. 12lb. ..... R. James 0
Solvent (Mr. R. H. A. Greenall). 8st. 11lb. ..... Rimell 0
Sky Queen (Captain T. Hogg). 8st. 3lb. ..... G. Richards 0
Mary Mac (Mr. F. Schlesinger). 8st. 7lb. H. Packham 0
Orient Express (Lady A. Compton-Vyner). 8st. 4lb. ..... J. Evans 0
Nurswood (Sir L. Richardson). 8st. 3lb. ..... F. Fox 0
Irish Talk (Mr. R. Kirkwood). 8st. 1lb. ..... T. Weston 0
Sterling Boy (Mrs. A. Yates). 7st. 13lb. ..... Donoghue 0
Princess Frotr (Mr. T. Davidson). 7st. 11lb. ..... J. Dines 0
Wayward Girl (Mr. P. Jackson). 7st. 4lb. ..... A. Richardson 0
(Winner trained by R. J. Colling, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—6 to 4 agst Golden Legend, 6 to 1 each Mary Mac, Princess Frotr, and Irish Talk, 8 to 1 Priamus, 10 to 1 Priory Lad, 100 to 8 Nurswood, 100 to 7 Bullion, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 37s. 3d.; places, 9s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 10s. 9d. Total win pool, 19,059 units; total place pool, 14,081 units.

Won by a short head; a similar distance separated second and third. Irish Talk was fourth and Wayward Girl last.

4.55 (4.55).—The CLUB PLATE of 150 sovs.: for three-year-olds. One mile.

DUNDRAVE, br c, by Thunderer—Girl Joan (Major D. Dixon). 9st. ..... G. Richards 1
BAY OF ACRE, ch g, by Milesius or Roi Herode—Fairy View (Lord Fairhaven). 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Wragg 2
KING'S COMPANY, b c, by Gainsborough—Queen's Parade (Sir G. Hennessy). 8st. 4lb. ..... F. Fox 3
Adion (Mrs. E. Wallace). 8st. 9lb. ..... S. Donoghue 0
Iron Glove (Mr. W. R. Lysaght). 8st. 11lb. A. Wragg 0
The Chenab g, by The Winter King (Mr. Eveson). 8st. 4lb. ..... S. Wragg 0
(Winner trained by S. Darling, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—11 to 8 on Dundrave, 3 to 1 agst Adion, 9 to 2 Bay of Acre, 100 to 7 King's Company, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 3s. 9d.; places, 2s. 9d., 4s. Total win pool, 12,819 units; total place pool, 7,190 units.

Won by four lengths; two lengths separated second and third. Adion was fourth and The Chenab pulling last.

HAMILTON PARK RESULTS

2.30 (2.32).—The TILLIETUDLEM PLATE of 150 sovs.: for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

EAGLERAY, ch c, by Diomedes—Eagle's Cape (Mr. S. W. Beer). 8st. 7lb. (car. 8st. 9lb.) ..... J. Leach 1
WENCHAL COLT, by Tetratema (Mrs. D. Gardner). 8st. 7lb. ..... F. Winter 2
(Winner trained by Leach, jun., at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICE.—3 to 1 on Eagleray.

TOTALISATOR PRICE (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 2s. 6d. Total win pool, 6,651 units.

Won by 30 lengths.

3.5 (3.6).—The GARRION APPRENTICE HANDICAP PLATE of 150 sovs. One mile and three furlongs.

RED LAIRD, ch c, by Pomme-de-Terre—Molly (Mr. J. J. Bell-Irving). 3 yrs. 6st. 9lb. ..... E. Molyneux 1
MARTYR, b g, by Marten—Sacrifice (Mrs. J. A. Watson). 6 yrs. 6st. 8lb. ..... P. Evans 2
GHILLIE, b g, by Mountaineer—Jessamint (Mr. John Porter). 6 yrs. 6st. 12lb. ..... G. Brierly 3
(Winner trained by R. Armstrong, at Middleham)

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 4 on Red Laird, 5 to 2 agst Martyr, 7 to 1 agst Ghillie.

TOTALISATOR PRICE.—Win dividend, 3s. 6d. Total win pool, 8,835 units.

Won by two lengths; three lengths separated second and third.

3.40 (3.44).—The DRAFFAN SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs. for two year-olds. Five furlongs.

GOOSANDER, b g, by Somme Kiss—Goosie (Mr. V. Malcolm). 8st. 9lb. ..... J. Leach 1
LADY CAROLINE COLT, by Carpathus (Mrs. R. Don). 8st. 12lb. ..... F. Wadsworth 2
OVERFLOW, b f, by Viviani—Spate (Mr. W. J. Peck). 8st. 9lb. ..... J. Thwaites 3
Masteringer (Sir H. Hanmer). 8st. 12lb. ..... W. Nevett 0
Miss Togo (Mr. F. Armstrong). 8st. 4lb. ..... E. Crossley 0
Persona Grata (Lieutenant-Commander E. W. B. Leake). 8st. 9lb. ..... R. Crisp 0
Tor Tinker (Mrs. G. Burrell). 8st. 9lb. ..... F. Winter 0
(Winner trained by Leach, jun., at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—6 to 4 on Goosander, 5 to 1 agst Tor Tinker, 7 to 1 each Overflow and Lady Caroline colt, 100 to 6 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 3s. 9d.; places, 3s., 4s. 6d. Total win pool, 12,658 units; total place pool, 10,304 units.

Won by two lengths; three lengths separated second and third. Miss Togo was fourth and Persona Grata last.

The winner was bought in for 260 guineas.

4.15 (4.16).—The LOWLANDS HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs.: second to receive 75 sovs. and third 25 sovs.: for three-year-olds. Six furlongs.

LONG SPAN, br c, by Bachelor's Double—Mocebridge (Mr. G. Hedley). 7st. 10lb. J. Caldwell 1
ABBEY WOOD, b f, by Hurstwood—La Nervaise (Mr. A. F. McKinlay). 7st. 8lb. ..... W. Nevett 2
UPPERCOURT, ch c, by Stratford—Rarella (Miss M. Marks). 7st. 8lb. ..... E. Crossley 3
Descender (Mr. W. Wyllie), 7st. (car. 7st. 2lb.) ..... N. Whiteside 0
Sylvan Ash (Major J. A. Coats). 7st. ..... W. Christie 0
(Winner trained by Boyd, at Peebles)

STARTING PRICES.—9 to 4 each agst Long Span and Abbey Wood, 7 to 2 each Uppercourt and Descender, 20 to 1 agst Sylvan Ash.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 5s. 9d.; places, 2s. 9d., 2s. 9d. Total win pool, 6,658 units; total place pool, 3,121 units.

Won by four lengths; half a length separated second and third. Descender was lost.

4.50 (4.52).—The MACHANSHIRE SELLING HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. One mile and a half.

DUNIN, bl g, by Dunholm—Culp (Mr. R. Renton), aged, 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Caldwell 1
AYOT, br m, by The Viper—Calcha (Mr. A. Bonsmas), aged, 8st. 12lb. ..... W. Nevett 2
PRIORY GATE, b g, by Hainault—Vista (Mr. J. McGuigan), 5 yrs. 6st. 12lb. ..... E. Crossley 3
Whinpark (Mrs. E. Don), aged, 8st. 7lb. ..... F. Wadsworth 0

(Continued at foot of next column)

WINNING JOCKEYS

The following table shows the positions and percentages of the most successful jockeys to date, together with the result of investing £1 on each of their mounts:—

	Won	Lost	Total	Per-centage	£1 stake system
					£ s. d.
T. WESTON ..	25	135	160	15.62	— 57 12 2
G. RICHARDS ..	20	173	193	10.36	— 70 8 11
P. BEASLEY ..	18	90	108	16.66	+ 27 2 8
C. RAY ..	18	153	151	11.92	— 17 7 4
F. FOX ..	16	166	182	8.79	— 78 6 0
C. ELLIOTT ..	15	85	100	15.00	+ 27 12 6
H. WRAGG ..	14	140	154	9.64	— 78 12 7
W. NEVETT ..	13	69	82	15.85	— 17 15 5
R. DICK ..	13	83	101	12.87	+ 6 0 4
C. RICHARDS ..	13	98	111	11.71	— 14 13 7
T. LOWREY ..	12	87	99	12.12	— 19 0 10
J. LEACH ..	11	67	78	13.92	— 34 10 7
H. BEASLEY ..	11	78	89	12.35	— 18 17 11
R. PERSEVEAR ..	11	139	150	7.33	— 76 7 7
J. TAYLOR ..	10	70	80	12.50	— 16 12 2
J. SIMPSON ..	10	94	94	10.63	+ 24 16 0

BATH PROGRAMME

2.0.—The LANSDOWN SELLING PLATE of 150 sovs. for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

	St	lb
IRISH CHASER (Mr. H. G. Biagrave) ..... Biagrave	9	0
THE LIMIT (Mr. F. Harmsworth) ..... Walls	9	0
YOUNG BEN (Mr. S. McGregor) ..... Barling	9	0
POWDER HORN (Mr. D. Wilde) ..... Elwood	9	0
MONKS G, by Kingsborough (Mr. F. Ainsworth) ..... Ainsworth	8	11
VIODEL (Mr. H. Carter) ..... Templeman	8	11
ASK PERSEY (Mr. J. Cooper) ..... Douglas Pennant	8	11
ARIADNE F, by Greenback (Mr. F. W. Dennis) ..... Templeman	8	11
HUNT HALL (Mr. R. H. A. Gresson) ..... Rimell	8	11
KARELIA F, by The Winter King (Mr. G. W. Hands) ..... Saxby	8	11
DON'T (Mr. P. Hands) ..... Thrale	8	11
MARY LOCHIEL F, by Flying Orb (Mrs. Hartigan) ..... M. Hartigan	8	11
PRION'S HILL G, by Desman (Lieutenant-Colonel R. B. Johnson) ..... Johnson	8	11
LEPANTO (Mr. D. S. Kennedy) ..... Thrale	8	11
HEAD PIECE (Dowager Lady Penrhyn) ..... Douglas-Pennant	8	11
KATUN GREY F, by Twelve Pointer (Mr. H. S. Persse) ..... Persse	8	11
WHITE HOPE (Mr. C. Pigott) ..... C. Pigott	8	11
MRS. SHEARS (Mrs. F. Roberts) ..... Roberts	8	11
TAMBOUR BATTANT (Mr. V. Smyth) ..... V. Smyth	8	11
EARTHMOVER (Sir E. Wills) ..... De Winton	8	11
HAT BOX (Mrs. R. Levy) ..... Walls	8	11
MYRON (Mr. R. C. Dawson) ..... R. Dawson	8	11
TO WHIT TO WOO (Mr. E. Kidd) ..... Kidd	8	11
RINO O' ROSES (Mr. W. J. Waldron) ..... R. Jones	8	11

Sporting News

(Continued from page 4)

CRICKET

TRIAL MATCH TEAMS

ENGLAND v. THE REST

The following teams have been selected for the Test Trial match, which is to be begun at Lord's on Saturday next, May 31:—

ENGLAND

A. P. F. Chapman (Kent) (captain).
R. W. V. Robins (Middlesex).
Hobbs (Surrey).
Sutcliffe (Yorkshire).
Hammond (Gloucestershire).
Woolley (Kent).
Hendren (Middlesex).
Tate (Sussex).
Larwood (Nottinghamshire).
Duckworth (Lancashire).
Geary (Leicestershire).

THE REST

J. C. White (Somerset) (captain).
G. T. S. Stevens (Middlesex).
K. S. Duleepsinhji (Sussex).
R. E. S. Wyatt (Warwickshire).
D. R. Jardine (Surrey).
M. J. C. Allom (Surrey).
Leyland (Yorkshire).
Ames (Kent).
Hopwood (Lancashire).
Worthington (Derbyshire).
Clark (Northamptonshire).

The English team is practically identical with that which did so well in the second, third, and fourth Test Matches in Australia in 1928-29, the only changes being that R. W. V. Robins and Woolley take the places of J. C. White and D. R. Jardine. These changes clearly increase the chances of the team winning a match in three or four days. The choice of A. P. F. Chapman as captain was generally expected, for it is difficult to disturb the captaincy of one who has led his team to victory in five successive Test Matches against Australia, and who has considerable knowledge of the particular strength and weaknesses of this Australian team. The choice of Hobbs, Sutcliffe, Hammond, and Hendren, supported by Woolley, to do the bulk of the scoring was also expected; and Duckworth is generally recognized to be the best wicketkeeper in the country.

For the bowling Tate and Larwood are again chosen as an opening pair, with Geary and Hammond as medium-paced change bowlers, and Robins as the one slow bowler. His performance against the South Africans at Lord's last year certainly entitled him to this honour. The side is well equipped for slip-fieldsmen, but there is only one recognized outfield, and there are two members of the side who are no longer suitable for every position in the field.

The Rest team, which includes three players who took part in Test Match cricket in Australia, contains eight bowlers, and the match should therefore provide some valuable information if it is found necessary to strengthen the bowling for the first Test Match. The most interesting of those who have been invited to put their bowling on trial are M. J. C. Allom, who has done well on occasions this season, and Hopwood, who is a slow left-handed bowler of great promise. The batting is naturally not so formidable as that of the English team, but it discloses no definite tail until Clark goes in at No. 11. K. S. Duleepsinhji had to be found a place on one side or the other, and D. R. Jardine and Leyland, both of whom have played with distinction in Test Matches, equally could not be left out. Taken as a whole, whereas the English team is the ready-to-hand side of proved ability, the Rest team is essentially experimental, chosen for the proper purpose in hand, to try out various players against England's best.

HARDINGE IN FINE FORM

Hardinge showed very fine form for Kent against Yorkshire at Leeds on Saturday, and, scoring 101 out of a total of 205, he took the chief batting honours. The wicket was suited to fast bowlers, and Yorkshire lost Holmes, Oldroyd, and Leyland while obtaining 76 in the last 85 minutes of play, so that at the close they were 129 behind with seven wickets in hand.

Yorkshire owed much to Bowes, who, hitting the stumps every time, took half the wickets for 57. Hardinge played with confidence, always timing the ball well, and made his century innings out of 172 before being fifth to leave. Kent's five remaining wickets fell for another 33 runs. Hardinge was batting altogether for three hours. He might have been stumped off Robinson when 57, but otherwise his batting was very sound. He made 12 boundary strokes in scoring his 73rd hundred. A. P. F. Chapman did a little hitting, including two 4's and a 6 in one over from Macaulay, but the best assistance to Hardinge was given by J. A. Deed, who, by stubborn defence, stayed while 82 runs were added for the fifth wicket.

A little rain in the afternoon did not ease the wicket, and the three Yorkshire batsmen who were dismissed were all clean bowled.

Score:—

KENT—First Innings

Hardinge, b. Bowes	101
Ashdown, b. Bowes	15
A. P. F. Chapman, c. Sutcliffe, b. Macaulay	24
Woolley, c. Macaulay, b. Rhodes	12
Ames, c. Rhodes	0
J. A. Deed, b. Bowes	19
T. F. Mitchell, b. Bowes	2
Todd, c. Bowes, b. Macaulay	2
Freeman, b. Bowes	14
Peach, b. Macaulay	4
Bestee, not out	3
Byes, 4; l-b., 5	9
Total	205

YORKSHIRE—First Innings

Holmes, b. Bestee	7
Sutcliffe, not out	29
Oldroyd, b. Peach	20
Leyland, b. Peach	12
A. T. Barber, not out	2
Byes	6
Total (2 wkts.)	76

F. E. Greenwood, Robinson, Wood, Rhodes, Macaulay, and Bowes to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

KENT—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	18	4	42	0
Bowes	27	7	57	5
Macaulay	22	5	64	3
Rhodes	16	5	33	2

UMPIRES.—Huddleston and Walden

KEEN GAME AT DERBY

Northamptonshire, with 124 runs scored and three batsmen out, looked like making a big score against Derbyshire at Derby on Saturday, but, except for Cox, their later batsmen failed, and the county were all out for 182. Derbyshire finished 172 behind with all their wickets in hand.

Northamptonshire owed a great deal to J. E. Timms, who batted for three hours and a half in scoring 88. Going in at the fall of the first wicket, Timms played very carefully, but he made 10 boundaries. He made only one mistake, for, with his score at 49, he should have been caught, off an indifferent stroke, by Storer in the slips. Timms received useful assistance from Bakewell, who shared in a second-wicket stand of 52, while Timms and Bellamy strengthened Northamptonshire's position by adding 70 for the third-wicket partnership. From that point, however, no one, with the exception of Cox, could do anything against an accurate attack. Seven batsmen between them scored no more than 58 runs, while the second half of the side were dismissed for 26.

Score:—

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE—First Innings

V. W. C. Jupp, c. Lee, b. Worthington	1
Bakewell, c. Worthington, b. Townsend	24
Timms, (J. E.), c. Hutchinson, b. Lee	88
Bellamy, L-b.-w., b. Mitchell	24
Woolley, b. Worthington	1
Cox, c. Storer, b. Lee	27
Liddell, c. Worthington, b. Townsend	3
Reid, b. Townsend, c. Lee, b. Townsend	2
Matthews, c. Worthington, b. Townsend	0
Thomas, b. Mitchell	0
Clark, not out	0
Byes, 2; l-b., 5	7
Total	182

DERBYSHIRE—First Innings

Lee, not out	4
Alderman, not out	6
Total (no wicket)	10

Storer, C. C. Clarke, Smith, G. R. Jackson, Worthington, Townsend, Hutchinson, Elliott, and Mitchell to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Worthington	23	6	45	2
Lee	27	6	45	2
Townsend	24.1	13	34	4
Mitchell	22	9	43	2
Smith	6	4	9	0
Storer	15	6	24	2

UMPIRES.—Braund and Hardistaff

AUSTRALIANS AT THE OVAL

BRADMAN'S GREAT INNINGS

All but half an hour of the play in the match between Surrey and the Australians at the Oval on Saturday was devoted to a truly wonderful exhibition of batting by D. Bradman, and when rain stopped play at 25 minutes past 6 he had scored 252 not out of a total of 379 for five wickets. He has now scored 922 runs since the tour began, but his innings on Saturday was immeasurably the best that he has yet played in this country.

The pitch was dead and easy, but the Surrey bowling was better than it is generally given credit for being. M. J. C. Allom and Lock both kept up a good standard of accuracy, and P. G. H. Fender bowled extremely well for a spell after the tea interval. In fact, apart from Bradman and Woodfull, the Surrey bowlers had the better of the argument. Bradman, however, is not one of those batsmen who have to wait to be given runs; he is constantly on the look out for them, and on Saturday he was scoring, and scoring easily, from balls which most batsmen would have been pleased to keep out of their wicket. This is not to suggest that he was reckless, for it is the sureness with which he makes his strokes, rather than adventure in them, which is the most impressive feature of his play.

For long periods Bradman was making strokes which at first sight might appear impertinent, but he effected them without the suggestion of risk. It is unproductive to compare him with C. G. Macartney, but like that great master he has a tendency to squat down low when he is playing many of his attacking strokes, and one cannot help feeling that he has to a great extent moulded his style upon that of Macartney. Whether he yet has the gift of shattering first-class bowling on a really difficult wicket remains to be seen. He scored many of his runs on Saturday by cutting the ball down past where third slip should be standing, but there was no third slip there, and third man was standing too square to be able to save four runs. He also made many runs by lying back and forcing the ball hard past mid-wicket, and the remainder came from every manner of stroke imaginable. He certainly did nibble at the first two balls he received from Allom, but after that he never made the semblance of a mistake until, having scored 207, he hit the ball into the air for the first time to square leg, who was so surprised that he dropped it. Fender also twice had him in difficulties after tea, but for the rest he was master of the situation.

JACKSON'S FAILURE

The game started in the morning in unpleasantly cold and dark weather before a slender crowd, which, however, after luncheon swelled to about 12,000 all told. After the umpires had replaced stumps of a normal size for the large ones which had been pitched in error, Fender started his bowling with Lock and Allom, the last-named at the Vauxhall end. Eleven runs were scored in half an hour before A. Jackson, who has still to show his true form, hung his bat out ingloriously and was duly caught at the wicket. Bradman at first tried to do the same, but both he and Woodfull then settled down to make Fender try various changes to prevent them from taking root. Woodfull once only just scrambled back before Gregory threw his wicket down from mid-on, but they were still there at the luncheon interval with the total at 63, the result of nearly an hour and a half's play.

Bradman scored much the faster of the two after the interval, making a number of cuts off Stroud and Allom, and two glorious hooks, but Woodfull was by no means stodgy, though he found it difficult to get the ball to travel on the slow ground. The 100 went up when the innings had been in progress for just over two hours, and at 127 Woodfull was out to a one-handed catch at first slip. V. Y. Richardson did not time the ball well when he first came in, but he contrived to stay there while Bradman, prancing from one end to the other, was scoring almost when and how he liked. Any ball, however, which he did not consider fit to be scored from he played in the most correct method of defence. By tea time the score had risen to 234, Bradman then having made 142 and Richardson 32. Richardson was out soon after tea—well caught off the stroke which he played hard enough, Stroud holding the ball high above his head at square-leg. Fender was bowling well at this time, and at 243 he deceived Ponsford with a slower ball, to which the batsman covered up and was out leg-before-wicket. S. McCabe was out almost at once, caught at second slip, and five wickets were down for 250, a sudden collapse to which this Australian side had previously shown themselves liable.

A. Fairfax, without ever making a good offensive stroke, then stayed in until the end, while Bradman continued to do practically all the scoring. He reached his 200, out of 289 on the board, when he had been in for three hours and three-quarters, and at one time made 151 while his partner was scoring four. He slowed down a little towards the end, being naturally a little tired, but he finished up with two drives past cover-point. The Surrey fielding throughout was splendid. Gregory must have run many miles in the Vauxhall corner, and his returns to the wicket from the far distant were one of the best features of the day's play.

It was arranged to cover the pitch completely on Saturday night, Sunday, and tonight.

Score:—

AUSTRALIANS.—First Innings

W. M. Woodfull, c. Shepherd, b. Fender	50
A. Jackson, c. Brooks, b. Allom	9
D. G. Bradman, not out	252
V. Y. Richardson, c. Stroud, b. Allom	32
W. H. Ponsford, l-b-w., b. Fender	1
S. McCabe, c. Fender, b. Allom	2
A. Fairfax, not out	28
Byes, 5; l-b., 1; w., 1	5
Total (5 wkts.)	379

W. A. Oldfield, F. M. Hornibrook, T. Wall, and C. V. Grimmett to go in.

SURREY.—P. G. H. Fender, M. J. C. Allom, D. R. Jardine, E. G. Stroud, Hobbs, Sandham, Ducat, Shepherd, Gregory, Brooks, and Lock.

UMPIRES.—King and Buswell.

BOWLERS DO WELL AT LEICESTER

Runs proved very difficult to obtain at Leicester, where some fine bowling on Saturday by Larwood and Voce enabled Nottinghamshire, after they had been dismissed for 153, to finish the day with a distinct advantage over Leicestershire, the home county being 84 behind with only two wickets in hand.

Rain had fallen during the night and the ground was so soft that the start was delayed for half an hour. Shipman and Astill, however, had the batsmen in difficulties, three wickets falling for 14 runs. It was not until Larwood and Barratt became associated that any real resistance was shown. Astill's four wickets cost less than 12 runs each. Leicestershire lost their first three wickets for seven runs, and half the side were dismissed for 28. J. A. de Lisle and Astill made a big effort to check the collapse, but when stumps were drawn eight wickets had been lost for 69.

Score:—

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

Gunn (G.), b. Astill	16
Whysall, run out	4
Walker, b. Shipman	0
A. W. Carr, c. Bradshaw, b. Shipman	1
Payton, b. Smith	19
Staples (A.), c. Geary, b. Shipman	18
Lilley, run out	3
Barratt, c. Armstrong, b. Astill	31
Larwood, b. Astill	33
Staples (S. J.), st. Sidwell, b. Astill	17
Voce, not out	3
Bye, 1; l-b., 3	4
Total	153

LEICESTERSHIRE.—First Innings.

Shipman, c. Larwood, b. Voce	14
Berry, c. Walker, b. Larwood	2
Armstrong, c. Lilley, b. Larwood	0
Bradshaw, b. Larwood	0
Riley, c. Lilley, b. Voce	1
Geary, c. Carr, b. Voce	4
Astill, c. Staples (S. J.), b. Barratt	11
J. A. de Lisle, not out	19
Sidwell, c. Larwood, b. Voce	2
Smith, not out	0
Byes, 4; l-b., 2; n-b., 2	8
Total (8 wkts.)	69

Searry to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Shipman	14	1	15	3
Smith	13	3	27	1
Astill	15.1	3	46	4
Geary	12	6	25	0

UMPIRES.—Denton and Dolphin

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

LORD'S.—Middlesex v. Lancashire (continued).
THE OVAL.—Surrey v. Australians (continued).
DERBY.—Derbyshire v. Northamptonshire (continued).
LEEDS.—Yorkshire v. Kent (continued).
BRISTOL.—Gloucestershire v. Worcestershire (continued).
LEICESTER.—Leicestershire v. Notts (continued).
PONTYPRIDD.—Glamorgan v. Hampshire (continued).
BRIGHTON.—Sussex v. Somerset (continued).
BIRMINGHAM.—Warwickshire v. Essex (continued).
CAMBRIDGE.—Perambulators v. Riceteras (continued).

FINE BOWLING BY TATE

SUSSEX IN THE LEAD

The bowling and fielding of both sides were the best features of the cricket at Hove on Saturday. Eight overs bowled by Tate were largely the reason that the last five Somerset wickets fell while only 10 runs were added to the small total of 95 for five.

Tate's best spell of bowling came after luncheon, by which time, though E. F. Longrigg and R. A. Ingle had batted well, four of the most valuable Somerset wickets had fallen for 84 runs on a pitch that was of an easy pace and promised to give the side that won the toss every chance to make a good score. Later in the day Bowley and K. S. Duleepsinhji looked as if they themselves were capable of giving Sussex a big lead, but they were out soon after tea and, at the close of play, Sussex had a useful lead of 69 runs with three wickets still to fall.

There was nothing in the earlier cricket to suggest that it would be a bowler's day. After a quiet start, Longrigg, showing his best Bath form, drove one ball from Tate right through the covers and cut another late for a 3. He next scored 12 runs in three drives off J. Parks. Thirty-four runs had been made in about 40 minutes, 25 of them by Longrigg, when he was out, bowled by Tate. Many more runs might have been scored by that time but for the keen fielding, though when Young was joined by R. A. Ingle he was missed at backward point off the bowling of Tate. Soon afterwards, when Langridge was put on, Young was bowled for nine that had taken him a long time to make, but was a useful innings. Ingle preferred to follow the example set by Longrigg, and hit up 35 of the 41 runs scored while he was in, but he was the last Somerset batsman to score at all freely off bowling and fielding that were steadily improving. His best hits included successive drives for 4 and 6 off Hollingdale.

J. C. White and Case, after the fall of Ingle's and J. Lee's wickets, kept their ends up until luncheon, but, afterwards, Tate, assisted ably by J. Parks and the field, finished off the Somerset innings inside an hour. Tate's last eight overs gave him four wickets for 12 runs. Altogeth , he sent down 25.4 overs, 14 of which were maidens, for 37 runs and six wickets.

Bowley and J. Parks started the Sussex innings at 3.15, and between them scored 11 off Wellard's first over. Nineteen were made rapidly before Parks slashed at a ball from Wellard well off the wicket, nearly shoulder high, and was caught by Luckes. Bowley was more fortunate, and got 4 runs for a snick through the slips. At the same end, Duleepsinhji gave a difficult chance to first slip when he had made 5. These incidents, however, did not detract from the fine play by which Bowley and Duleepsinhji hit the ball through a keen and well-placed field. Two of Duleepsinhji's best strokes were well timed and placed between two of the three near-in fieldsmen who were there to block any single to leg off the bowling of W. T. Greswell. Both also made some powerful drives, and looked well set when tea was taken with the score standing at 75 for one. Ten runs were added afterwards, but, then, at the same total, Bowley had his wicket scattered by a fast ball from Wellard, and his partner had his off stump hit by Greswell. The partnership had yielded 66 runs in well under the hour.

The steadiness and good batting of Cook and Langridge did not affect either the length of White, who at last got the wickets of Langridge, H. Parks, and Tate, the last of whom tried to force the pace, or the fielding. It was largely through a timely innings by A. H. H. Gilligan, who had put himself in to bat at the moment when things were beginning to go wrong, that Sussex gained the chance to add to their lead to-day.

Score:—

SOMERSET.—First Innings

Young, b. Langridge	9
E. F. Longrigg, b. Tate	25
R. A. Ingle, b. Parks (J.)	35
Lee (J. W.), b. Tate	5
J. C. White, b. Tate	13
C. C. Case, b. Parks (J.)	7
Lee (F. S.), c. Cornford, b. Tate	3
W. T. Greswell, b. Parks (J.)	0
Hunt, st. Cornford, b. Tate	0
Wellard, b. Tate	4
Luckes, not out	1
Byes, 2; l-b., 1	3
Total	105

SUSSEX.—First Innings

Bowley, b. Wellard	47
Parks (J.), c. Luckes, b. Wellard	5
K. S. Duleepsinhji, b. Greswell	33
Cook, b. Lee	21
A. H. H. Gilligan, not out	29
Langridge (James), l-b.-w., b. White	27
Parks (H.), b. White	0
Tate, c. Luckes, b. White	12
Richards, not out	0
Byes, 4; l-b., 3	7
Total (7 wkts.)	174

Hollingdale and Cornford to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SOMERSET.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Tate	25.4	14	37	6
Parks (J.)	22	12	28	3
Cook	11	6	9	0
Langridge	5	2	8	1
Hollingdale	3	0	17	0
Bowley	3	0	6	0

UMPIRES.—Stone and Street

HARD STRUGGLE FOR RUNS

At the end of the first day's play in the match between Glamorgan and Hampshire at Pontypridd Hampshire, with four wickets to fall, were 128 runs behind.

Although Glamorgan, who batted first, lost Howard with 22 runs scored, Bates and Dai Davies batted with such skill that they added 85 for the second wicket. M. J. Turnbull gave one of his most attractive displays and, with Emrys Davies, added 49 for the sixth wicket in half an hour. Turnbull batted confidently from the moment he came in, and hit a 6 and four boundaries. Then Newman finished off the Glamorgan innings, his five wickets being taken at a small cost.

The wicket appeared to be affected by the rain which fell during the luncheon interval, and Mercer and Ryan, taking full advantage of the conditions, were almost unplayable. Half the visitors were out for 47 and though Mead and Kennedy made a plucky attempt to improve the position another wicket fell before stumps were drawn.

Score:—

GLAMORGAN.—First Innings

Bates, c. Pothecary, b. Boyes	67
Howard, b. Kennedy	15
Davies (D.), b. Kennedy	40
Bell, b. Kennedy	6
M. J. Turnbull, c. Brown, b. Newman	33
Davies (E.), c. and b. Newman	19
Dyson, st. Brown, b. Boyes	5
Jayes, not out	0
Every, c. Brown, b. Newman	3
Mercer, c. Pothecary, b. Newman	0
Ryan, c. Fry, b. Newman	1
Bye, 1; w., 1; n.b., 1	3
Total	189

HAMPSHIRE—First Innings

Brown, c. Bates, b. Ryan	10
Newman, l.-b.-w., b. Mercer	0
A. K. Judd, c. Howard, b. Mercer	2
Mead, not out	24
Kennedy, c. Dyson, b. Ryan	15
S. Fry, b. Mercer	7
Cross, l.-b.-w., b. Ryan	0
Pothecary, not out	0
Leg byes, 2; n.b., 1	3
Total (6 wkts.)	61

Boyes, Herman, and Bailey to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

GLAMORGAN.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Kennedy	24	9	44	3
Herman	10	0	34	0
Newman	21.1	9	36	5
Boyes	28	10	53	2
Cross	6	2	19	0

UMPIRES.—Parry and Field

PERAMBULATORS' GOOD SCORE

There was no life in the wicket at Cambridge when the final trial match of the season between the Perambulators and the Riceteras was begun on Saturday. None of the eleven who had taken part in the three previous county matches was playing, but the Perambulators, who had first innings, kept their opponents in the field all day.

The best batting display was shown by the Harrow freshman, N. M. V. Rothschild, who had played a good innings for Northamptonshire against Kent on the previous day. When he partnered A. G. Haslerigg at the fall of the second wicket the batsmen took all the sting out of the bowling, and added 126 runs in an hour and three-quarters. Rothschild drove with fine power. During his innings, which lasted two hours and a half, he hit 14 4's. He found another useful partner in R. L. D. Gilson, who scored very fast and hit 12 4's. Eight bowlers were tried, and, except for the fact that W. S. Findlay once captured two wickets with successive deliveries, none of them had any outstanding success.

Score:—

PERAMBULATORS.—First Innings

D. R. Wilcox, c. Macdonald, b. Palmer	2
A. G. Haslerigg, c. Palmer, b. Goodwin	55
G. C. A. Adams, l.-b.-w., b. Howland-Jackson	12
N. M. V. Rothschild, c. Rose, b. Findlay	113
C. M. Andrews, b. Palmer	1
R. L. D. Gilson, c. Fairfield, b. Parry	85
M. J. Morton, b. Findlay	0
E. B. Pope, c. Rose, b. Fairfield	7
T. E. Drakes, not out	15
A. E. G. Baring, not out	10
Byes, 2; l-b., 3; w., 5; n-b., 1	11
Total (8 wkts.)	310

H. E. C. de Chassiron to go in.

RICETERAS.—R. H. Palmer, P. G. Fairfield, J. C. Christopherson, H. D. Burroughes, G. F. Goodwin, H. L. Cary, D. A. M. Rose, W. S. Findlay, D. M. Parry, T. J. Macdonald, and A. G. Howland-Jackson.

UMPIRES.—Watts and Diver.

LANCASHIRE'S GOOD START

A SOUND HUNDRED BY HALLOWS

Lancashire won the toss against Middlesex at Lord's on Saturday and, on a batsman's wicket, they scored 250 for the loss of five wickets, Hallows making 117. Lancashire probably would have batted all day if play had not been abruptly stopped, nearly three-quarters of an hour before stumps should have been drawn, by a short but heavy downpour of rain. It was in the corresponding match last year that, in the Lancashire first innings, G. O. Allen took all 10 wickets.

N. Haig, after losing the toss, put Allen on to bowl at the Pavilion end and bowled first at the Nursery end himself. Neither could do much with the ball off the dead pitch, but Haig had to be carefully watched through the air. Watson and Hallows opened well, Watson scoring 11 runs in the first quarter of an hour. After that Watson's cricket, good though it was, was not inspiring to watch on a day the cheerlessness of which was in need of brightening. The first quarter of an hour produced 18 runs, but another hour went by before the 50 appeared. Haig tried several bowling changes, and at 61 Watson was caught at backward short leg by H. W. Webster off Allen. E. Tyldesley livened up the batting, there being real purpose in his strokes. He did not hurry and nor did Hallows, and at lunch only one wicket was down and 84 runs had been scored.

After lunch Tyldesley was always interesting and Hallows played the right game for his side, staying there, taking runs as they came, and occasionally driving hard and truly. When he had made 69, and made them extremely well, Tyldesley was out to a brilliant catch by Hendren, who at short slip took the ball, wide on his right, one-handed and almost on the ground, off a delivery from Haig which swung away quickly down the hill. Tyldesley was in nearly two hours and hit seven 4's and five 3's. The next event of importance was the 200, which went up after Lancashire had been batting for three hours and 50 minutes for the loss of two wickets only. At the tea interval the score was 212 for two wickets, Hallows being not out 90 and Iddon not out 13.

Hallows reached his hundred after batting four hours and 35 minutes. His first 50 had taken him two hours and three-quarters, but, when his side looked safe for a big innings, he scored considerably faster, though always putting safety first. Hallows was out in the end most unluckily. Iddon hit a ball to third man and ran, though it was not his call. Hallows, who was no doubt tired, did not attempt the run, though he was backing up a yard or two. Iddon came right down the pitch thinking, no doubt, that he was bound to be run out whatever he did. The wicket took some time to put down, and when it was broken Iddon had passed Hallows, who was well out of his crease. Iddon was walking to the Pavilion, but the umpire called him back, pointing out that the batsmen had crossed and that Hallows, therefore, and not he, was out. Hallows had been batting for nearly five hours and made 117 out of 249 runs, an invaluable innings. He hit eight 4's and six 3's.

With the total the same Iddon was beaten and bowled by Stevens. One run later Stevens bowled Hopwood with a googly, and then came the rain.

Score:—

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings

Watson, c. Webster, b. Allen	27
Hallows, run out	117
Tyldesley (E.), c. Hendren, b. Haig	69
Iddon, b. Stevens	23
Hopwood, b. Stevens	0
Paynter, not out	1
P. T. Eckersley, not out	0
Byes, 5; l-b., 6; w., 1; n.b., 1	13
Total (5 wkts.)	250

Sibbles, Duckworth, Tyldesley (R.), and McDonald to go in.

MIDDLESEX.—N. Haig, G. T. S. Stevens, G. C. Newman, H. J. Enthoven, G. O. Allen, W. H. Webster, Lee, Hendren, Canning, Durston, and Price.

UMPIRES.—Chester and Reeves

GLOUCESTERSHIRE'S CHANCE

POOR WORCESTERSHIRE BATTING

The match between Gloucestershire and Worcestershire has always a great interest for the West Country, and this year the splendid start Worcestershire have made has added to it. The weather on Saturday was always dull, and for some of the time a slight drizzle fell, but there was a large crowd present at Fry's ground, Bristol, and they had some interesting, if never sensational, cricket to watch. Gloucestershire had the better of the day's play, and at the end of it they were only 13 runs behind Worcestershire's total of 156 with five wickets in hand.

A score of 156 on an easy wicket against Gloucestershire without Parker is not good, but there was some quite good batting in the compiling of it. Five wickets were down for 37 runs, but Gibbons, B. W. Quaife, and Brooke all batted with the confidence that is usually born of a score of over 300 on the board, and the total was rescued from complete ignominy. The start was disastrous, as, before a run was scored, J. B. Higgins was very well caught one-handed by B. H. Lyon in the slips off a ball of Sinfield's that swung rather late. Nichol was bowled by a break-back of Barnett's at nine, and at 14 Wright was l.-b.-w. At 32 Fox, sent back by Gibbons, slipped in turning and was run out, and five runs later C. F. Walters was bowled.

After luncheon Goddard bowled round the wicket with four short legs and Gibbons was soon dismissed. Root got two fours, but was out making an on-drive which on a small ground would have counted six runs. Quaife, by cutting Neale square to the boundary and steering him past first slip for two in the same over, had reached his 50, but Jackson had ideas above that of merely keeping his wicket up, and, after making eight vigorous runs, he jumped down the pitch to Sinfield and sliced the ball to Barnett.

Dipper and Sinfield began the Gloucestershire innings quietly to the bowling of Root and Perks, a right-handed bowler just over medium-pace, who makes the ball run away a little with his arm. At 21 Dipper went back to a well-pitched-up ball of Root's that pitched on the middle stump and hit the middle and off, and Hammond came in to score one run in about 20 minutes. When Hammond does make up his mind to hit the ball, however, he hits it remarkably hard, and when Jackson sent him down a long-hop he hit it exactly as he meant to. Wright, fielding deep in a position between point and cover-point, happened to be in the way of it, but to write that a catch was missed would be to add unjustifiable insult to the injury, fortunately not severe, the fieldsman sustained. Sinfield was caught in the slips off Brodie, a slow bowler, who uses his googly with discretion, after scoring 36 sound, but somewhat nondescript, runs, and B. H. Lyon was out to a stroke which would have been commendable if his side had 20 runs to make in 10 minutes; but with Smith in the crowd had the opportunity to enjoy Hammond. Just when it seemed certain he would reach his 50, however, he was bowled going forward to one of those balls of Root's which must do more in the air than can be seen from the pavilion.

Score:—

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

J. B. Higgins, c. Lyon, b. Sinfield	0
Wright, l.-b.-w., b. Barnett	8
Nichol, b. Barnett	5
Gibbons, c. Sinfield, b. Goddard	22
Fox (V.), run out	4
C. F. Walters, b. Sinfield	1
B. W. Quaife, not out	50
Root, c. Stephens, b. Sinfield	11
Brooke, l.-b.-w., b. Sinfield	25
Perks, c. Barnett, b. Sinfield	0
Jackson, c. Barnett, b. Sinfield	8
Bye, 1; l-b., 2	3
Total	156

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

Dipper, b. Root	4
Sinfield, c. Root, b. Brooke	36
Hammond, b. Root	45
B. H. Lyon, b. Brooke	3
Smith, l.-b.-w., b. Perks	22
Dacre, not out	17
Neale, not out	5
Byes, 5; l-b., 7	12
Total (5 wkts.)	143

Goddard, Barnett, Stephens, and Ford to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Sinfield	20.5	15	76	6
Barnett	14	6	25	2
Goddard	23	7	43	1
Neale	2	0	10	0

UMPIRES.—Oates and Nash

SCHOOL MATCHES

Bishop's Stortford v. Sidney Sussex.
Mill Hill v. Masters.
Woodbridge v. Ipswich School.

FIRST-CLASS AVERAGES

BATTING

(To Friday, May 23, inclusive)

	Innings	Runs	Highest Times innings not out	Aver.
K. S. Duleepsinhji	7	499	333 0	71·28
Hobbs	10	616	137 1	68·44
Hendren	10	467	111 3	66·71
Ducat	10	486	125 2	60·75
Sutcliffe	10	420	108* 3	60·00
Geary (G.)	7	338	112* 1	56·33
Ames	7	319	74 1	53·16
Hammond	7	314	211* 1	52·33
Bates (Warwick)	7	365	199 0	52·14
Berry	8	390	332 0	48·75
A. Melville	6	292	118 0	48·66
Shepherd	10	382	103* 2	47·75
Whysall	6	284	113 0	47·66
A. P. F. Chapman	6	282	107 0	47·00
N. M. Ford	9	414	155 0	46·00
R. E. S. Wyatt	8	274	98* 2	45·66
Rev. J. H. Parsons	7	319	114 0	45·57
F. T. Eckersley	9	273	69* 3	45·50
Davies (D.)	9	310	67* 3	44·28
Lee (Middlesex)	9	347	95 1	43·37
Holmes	10	387	107* 1	43·00
R. H. Lyon	8	296	115 1	42·37
Tyldesley (E.)	9	339	100 1	42·37
Woolley (F. E.)	7	246	61 1	41·00
M. J. Turnbull	10	365	63* 1	40·55
Gibbons	10	329	104 2	40·50
Nawab of Pataudi	6	220	102 0	36·33
Tate	7	252	111 0	36·00
Kilner	7	216	150 0	30·85
E. F. Longrigg	10	355	112 0	35·50

* Signifies not out

BOWLING

(Qualification: 14 wickets.)

	Overs	Maidens	Runs	Wickets	Aver.
Tyldesley (R.)	268.5	109	428	43	9.95
Staples (S. J.)	120.3	41	216	19	11.36
Newman	153.3	30	297	20	11.42
Larwood	91.1	19	256	19	13.47
Paine	173.5	54	366	26	14·07
M. J. M. Allom	245.5	88	494	35	14·11
Mayer	180.3	47	465	31	15·00
Mercer	231.3	76	489	30	15·63
Hopwood	246	76	454	29	15·72
Voce	63.5	7	225	14	16·07
I. A. R. Peebles	170.3	33	455	27	16·85
J. C. White	250.4	80	455	26	17·50
R. W. V. Robins	158.2	21	465	25	17·60
Tate	199.4	51	424	24	17·66
Rhodes	133	45	350	19	18·42
Sibbles	167.3	58	304	17	17·88
Wensley	126.4	43	262	14	18·71
Freeman (A. P.)	212.1	37	581	31	18.74
Macaulay	264.4	67	600	31	19.35
Clark	148.4	31	359	18	19·94
E. G. Stroud	181.1	54	460	23	20·00
Sinfield	168.5	72

Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

GOLF

THE AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP

PROSPECTS FOR TO-DAY

(FROM OUR GOLF CORRESPONDENT)

Saturday represented the lull before the storm at St. Andrews. That may sound an odd thing to say about the day of an England and Scotland match played in Scotland, but the cold fact is that the rout in the Walker Cup match and the magnetic presence of the Americans have temporarily made everything else tame and flat. Half an hour before the international match began the illustrious R. T. Jones went out in a four-ball match with the Provost of St. Andrews, the Chairman of the Championship Committee, and the Chairman of the Green Committee, and he took with him at least as large a crowd as attended any game in the international. If, as on Friday, Miss J. Wethered had been of the party, it is safe to say that her brother and C. J. H. Tolley would have performed to wholly empty benches.

So let us take the Championship and its prospects first. The course is good enough, if not at its beautiful velvety best such as we know in September. A persistence of chill east winds has stopped the growth of grass and the greens are somewhat rough diamonds on which the ball runs quite truly, if truly hit, but without the ecstatic sensation that it can sometimes give. One or two, notably the 10th, are rather grassy and slow, though they will be slippery enough if the easterly breezes continue. The tees are back as far as ever they will go, in one or two places superfluously far. At the seventh hole the tee shot is an entirely blind one over a great screen of gorse, a fact which is not compensated for by a gain of half a dozen yards in length. However, that is but a small lament, and, taking one thing with another, there is nothing to bemoan and much to be thankful for.

In looking at the draw it is natural to think first of our invaders. The distribution of them is briefly this :—That Voigt is by himself in the top quarter, Jones and Harrison Johnston in the second, Willing in the third, and the remaining four, Von Elm, Ouimet, Mackenzie, and Moe, are, comparatively speaking, huddled together in the fourth. None of them is in immediate danger of having to cut another's throat, though Ouimet has to begin fratricidally with another American, the venerable Joshua Crane, who putts with one hand and putted several people out of the Championship at Sandwich last year. Moe has by far the hardest first match, as he meets R. W. Hartley, and this should be a great match. It will not, however, be played until to-morrow, for, so big is the field, that some people have to play two rounds to-day and then have a complete day's rest, while others do not lift a club till nearly 2 o'clock on the second day. Jones goes out about 3 o'clock to-day, taking with him no doubt a crowd that will need much shepherding. His opponent is S. Roper, of Woolaton Park, a player hitherto unknown to fame who has now the opportunity of gaining it once and for all. Were he some mute inglorious slater or plumber from Carnoustie or Monifieth he might frighten the champion ; as it is I shall make so bold to assume a victorious Jones.

After that Jones is likely to meet Cowan Shankland, who has a really fine game in him, and next, if everything goes according to Cocker, he will play Tolley, and then, as Joe Gargery would remark, "What larks." However, much may happen before then, and Tolley has an awkward first fence in Moxon, the Army champion, a strong and much improved golfer. Voigt has quite a testing first opponent in E. R. Tipple, who is strong and pugnacious and quite capable of living up to the reputation he made suddenly in the English Championship of two years since. Still, Voigt is so very accurate and should be so well suited by the hard ground, for he is a master of the low shot, that I do not expect to see him disappear for a long while. Von Elm meets Dr. Gardiner-Hill, who knows the links and has a delightful game at command, but may not carry quite enough guns for so formidable an adversary. And so I might go on. There are innumerable good matches, and there are some that do not look very good on paper, but may produce excruciatingly close finishes. Indeed the only safe prophecy is that in many cases the prophets will be wrong. There never was a championship without "surprises," and Britain must take heart in trying to remember how the all-conquering invaders went to pieces under less men at Hoylake in 1921.

THE INTERNATIONAL MATCH

England won the international match by eight matches to four, as was rather to be expected after Thursday's match with Ireland. The Irishmen did most gallantly to halve with Scotland, but they could not be deemed comparable in strength with England. Scotland had, of course, decidedly strengthened their side with two renegade Scotsmen from England, T. A. Torrance and D. H. Kyle, but even so I cannot think they had their best available team, and they lacked something of their old triumphant sides before the War. At one time it seemed that England would make a clean sweep of the Foursomes, but two of their pairs faltered, and faltered badly, on the threshold of victory. Storey and Bourn were dormy two on Fulloch and McKinlay when Bourn, who had been destructively inclined to slice, selected this most inopportune moment for slicing again into the stationmaster's garden. He played a weak second at the last hole also and, with a short putt missed, let the Scots save their bacon. Hartley and Oppenheimer were two up with four to go when Oppenheimer suddenly hit a wild tee shot to cover-point. A pusillanimously played six at the 16th lost another hole, and then Campbell and McRuvie got a fine 4 at the 17th and held on like men for a win that was a good one even though the enemy had helped them liberally.

Tolley and Wethered, who are individually vulnerable enough, seem to be invincible in Foursomes. After a venial mistake or two at the start their golf was the real thing, and their score was two under 4's when they won on the 15th green. Torrance played well, but Smith, who seems intended by Providence for the ideal Foursome partner, made some unforgivable mistakes, including two tee shots hit hard on the top, one of them into whins in front of his nose. Beck and Fiddian just got home in the last match in spite of some grave eccentricities by Fiddian at the first few holes. They had a stymie to help them on the home green. I think the best match was that in which Stout and Tweddell, after being three down to Bookless and Dawson, won by two and one. This was a most creditable recovery, for the Scotsmen holed three immense putts. Dawson holed a more or less reasonable one of 12 yards at the third and Bookless holed from fully 40 yards at the seventh and 20 yards at the 16th. These two young Scots seemed to me extremely good golfers, the kind of golfers that we want to breed in order to tackle America. Both are essentially swingers of the club, and nice slow swingers at that. They hit the ball a long way smoothly, gracefully, and without a suspicion of snatching or forcing. They just let the holes slip by inches when they were being resolutely chased by two men who were in a victorious mood, but they never ceased for a moment to look like good golfers. Stout and Tweddell had every reason to be pleased with themselves.

Everything good which people had thought or said of Bookless in the morning was more than confirmed in the afternoon, when he beat Tolley at the 15th and fully deserved his margin of victory. He drove as straight as an arrow and very far, so that he made his opponent play the odd nearly every time. He took three putts at the first hole, which he lost, and he dropped another stroke near the hole at the 12th, otherwise his golf was flawless with the addition of at least three superlatively good holes, a 4 at the long hole out, a 3 at the sixth, and a 3 at the 13th. Tolley made a few loose shots, but played by no means badly. It was only that the other man played a good deal better. Wethered and Smith had a splendid match, which was very hard to watch, so great was the crowd. Smith was three up going to the seventh, and he is a difficult man to whom to give such a start, but from that point Wethered, who has a wonderful record in this match, never put a foot wrong. He won the seventh and 12th to be only one down, and then put in a couple of venomous thrusts, a 3 and a 4 at the 13th and 14th. Still the brave Smith was far from done for and was a little unlucky not to win the 16th, for he played it properly and only missed his 3 by a hair's breadth when Wethered had hooked his drive, made a cruelly good recovering shot, and then a good putt for his 4. At the 17th Wethered pulled his second to the left of the road bunker, and I am grossly deceived if he did not mean to play to the right of it. However, all was well. He took his chance and got a 4, and with it the match. St. Andrews is essentially his course, and this fine spurt is just the thing to bring back his confidence.

Hartley won a hard match, but Bourn was rather badly beaten, and then, with match after match coming to the last green, things began to look uncomfortable for England. Stout drove so far at the 18th that he was bewildered, overshot the green with his second, and gave Torrance the half of a match in which both had played splendid golf. Tweddell, from three down and five to play against Campbell, squared the match, had a fairly short putt to win, and was short with it. Beck just got the better of a putting duel with Kyle, and Dawson took three putts to let Storey keep his lead of one. England was now safe, even if Fiddian had not been seen walking in a winner some way from home. This young gentleman certainly justified his choice. His long game was magnificent, and if he made some errors he had a series of crushing 3's round the loop. W. B. Torrance has temporarily lost his lovely swing, and does not seem able to get his club high enough. As a result he was badly beaten for length. Finally, McRuvie just beat Oppenheimer after having at one time been three up and having had nothing over a 4 until the 14th hole. So England won five Singles out of eight, and the match with some apparent ease, but it had been a pretty close thing nevertheless.

The results were : —

England		Scotland
C. J. H. Tolley (Royal Eastbourne) and R. H. Wethered (Worplesdon) (4 and 3)	1	J. Nelson Smith (Elie) and T. A. Torrance (Royal and Ancient)	0
Dr. W. Tweddell (Stourbridge) and J. A. Stout (Bridlington) (2 and 1)	1	J. T. Bookless (Nairn) and J. E. Dawson (Troon)	0
T. A. Bourn (Sunningdale) and E. F. Storey (West Hill) (halved) ..	0	W. Tulloch (Cathkin Braes) and A. McKinlay (Alexandra) (halved)	0
R. W. Hartley (Sunningdale) and R. H. Oppenheimer (Temple) ..	0	W. Campbell (Cambuslang) and E. A. McRuvie (Leven Thistle) (1 hole)	1
J. B. Beck (West Hill) and W. Fiddian (Stourbridge) (1 hole)	1	W. B. Torrance (Edinburgh Burgesses) and D. H. Kyle (Royal and Ancient)	0
Total	3	Total	1
SINGLES			
C. J. H. Tolley	0	J. T. Bookless (4 and 3)	1
R. H. Wethered (2 and 1)	1	J. Nelson Smith	0
R. W. Hartley (2 and 1)	1	W. Tulloch	0
T. A. Bourn	0	A. L. McKinlay (5 and 4)	1
E. F. Storey (halved)	0	T. A. Torrance (halved)	0
Dr. W. Tweddell (halved)	0	W. Campbell (halved)	0
J. B. Beck (1 hole) ..	1	D. H. Kyle	0
J. A. Stout (1 hole) ..	1	J. E. Dawson	0
C. W. Fiddian (5 and 4)	1	W. B. Torrance	0
R. H. Oppenheimer ..	0	E. A. McRuvie (1 hole)	1
Total	5	Total	3

THE PARLIAMENTARY HANDICAP

The first two rounds, and a few games in the third round, of the annual Parliamentary Handicap were decided over the Royal Cinque Ports Club's course at Deal on Saturday. The remaining matches in the third round and the games in the subsequent stages will be carried through by mutual arrangement among the players concerned.

The results were :—

FIRST ROUND

G. Throckmorton (18) beat Lord Hawke (15) by 2 holes.
Lady Astor (12) beat Lord Wharncliffe (7) by 1 hole.
Sir G. Cockerill (14) beat A. U. M. Hudson (16).
Sir Ernsley Carr (8) beat Sir Robert Hutchison (12) by 2 and 1.
Dr. Forgan (6) beat D. G. Somerville (17) by 2 and 1.
Lord Sinclair, w.o. ; G. Lloyd George, scratched.
Sir John Power (7), w.o. ; J. S. Wardlaw-Milne (18), scratched.
Sir N. S. Sondeman (7) beat Sir J. H. Davidson (16) by 4 and 2.
Sir G. Penny (14), w.o. ; Sir George Jones, scratched.
Sir G. Buckingham (14), w.o. ; Lord Tennyson (7), scratched.
P. S. Ure (18), w.o. ; Lord Lucas (14), scratched.
Sir Philip Sassoon (18) beat C. Proby (16) by 2 holes.
H. D. Margesson (16) beat R. H. Phillips (18) by 7 and 6.
E. C. Grenfell (18) beat Sir Basil Peto (18) by 2 and 1.
C. G. Ratcliffe (4) beat Sir N. Grattan-Doyle (18) by 2 and 1.
Lord Airedale (14) beat S. S. Hammersley (16) by 5 and 4.
Lord Gage (14) beat P. Macdonald (18) by 8 and 6.
W. J. Stewart, (18) w.o. ; Lord Fairfax (18) scratched.
Sir A. Steel-Maitland (7) beat Sir John Simon (14) by 6 and 4.

SECOND ROUND

V. Gordon-Lennox (17) beat N. H. D. Thompson (2) by 2 and 1.
G. Lambert (1) beat Lord R. Gordon-Lennox (14).
Sir Boyd Merriman (7) beat A. Maitland (12) by 2 holes.
S. P. Colomb (16) w.o. ; G. H. Shakespeare (12) scratched.
Lord Rosslyn (18) w.o. ; J. Train (16) scratched.
Major McKenzie Wood (4) beat W. E. Allen (scratch) by 3 and 1.
A. Weir Russell (16) beat Sir A. Lambert Ward (6) by 2 holes.
A. F. Dudley-Ryder (18) w.o. ; N. Birkett (9) scratched.
Sir R. Verney (12) w.o. ; G. Griffiths (12) scratched.
J. Waddell (9) w.o. ; Lord Russell scratched.
Sir A. Fownall (12) beat J. K. Rosser (5) by 2 and 1.
G. Throckmorton beat Lady Astor by 4 and 2.
Sir G. Cockerill w.o.
Sir Ernsley Carr beat Dr. Forgan by 3 and 2.
Sir J. Power beat P. S. Ure by 6 and 4.
Lord Gage beat Lord Airedale by 5 and 3.
Sir A. Steel-Maitland beat Lord Balfour of Burleigh by 3 and 2.
C. Coote (2) beat P. B. M. Roberts (12) by 2 holes.
E. J. Meller (18) w.o. ; Lord Brentalhame (16) scratched.
O. Stanley (11) w.o. ; F. Hall (18) scratched.

THIRD ROUND

G. Lambert beat V. Gordon-Lennox by 1 hole.
J. Waddell beat Sir R. Verney at the 19th hole.
O. Stanley (11) beat R. F. Colomb by 6 and 5.

The Royal Navy and Royal Marines Golfing Society beat the Inner Temple Golfing Society by seven matches to five in a match by Singles and Foursomes over the Wildernesse Country Club's course on Saturday.

MATCH AT BLACKWELL

MITCHELL BEATS DIEGEL

Abe Mitchell beat L. Diegel by three and two over 36 holes of the Blackwell club's course, near Birmingham, on Saturday, and so gained his revenge for a one-hole defeat at Moor Park on the previous Saturday.

There was never much doubt about Mitchell's superiority, as he was in the lead from the time that he won the first hole in four to five. Twice during the morning Mitchell was four up, and on one occasion he held a lead of five holes. He was five up with nine to play in the afternoon, but Diegel is nothing if not a fighter, and a specimen of the putting which brought him fame in America before he was known in this country gave him the 10th. That started a sequence of four wins, but he could not get all square, and Mitchell, with a little in hand, increased his remaining lead of one hole to win by three and two.

COTTON'S GOOD VICTORY

T. H. Cotton (Langley Park) beat Horton Smith, of America, by four up and three to play in their 36 holes return match, at Coulsdon Court, on Saturday. Cotton thus repeated his victory of a year ago, when over the same course, he defeated Smith by six and five.

For a long time it appeared as if Cotton would win by an even greater margin than that gained in the first encounter, for after ending the first round four up he increased his advantage to five after 20 holes had been played. But then Horton-Smith began to fight back and at the end of the next nine holes had reduced his opponent's lead to one. With six to go and only one hole between the pair, the spectators were looking forward to a close finish, but Horton-Smith practically sealed his own fate at the 13th, where a wild drive finished in an unplayable lie, and he was no match for Cotton for the next two holes, which the Englishman secured in threes.

Cotton deserved his success for he played consistently well all day and his score for the 33 holes of the match was three under fours, Smith being one over fours. There was nothing to choose between the pair in the tee shots and play through the green ; but Cotton's short game was definitely the better throughout the match. The American's chief fault lay in his inability to put the approach putts within reasonable holing distance, and in this way he allowed hole after hole to slip away.

MARLBOROUGH CLUB MEETING

The Duke of York, whose handicap is 10 was a competitor in the annual handicap event of the Marlborough Club, which was played over the Prince's Club's course, at Sandwich, during the week-end. He was in good form, for, after beating Sir E. Chichester (15) in the first round by 3 and 3, he qualified for the semi-final round by defeating G. Locock (12) by 7 and 5. In the semi-final, however, he was beaten by R. Tollemache (4) by 2 and 1. Tollemache then went on to beat B. Docker in the final at the 19th hole, where he holed a 20 yards putt for three.

The results were :—

FIRST ROUND

R. Tollemache (4) beat E. Hoare (12) by 3 and 2.
Rear-Admiral R. Brooke (6) beat Captain R. G. Cruickshank (12) by 6 and 5.
G. Locock (12) beat R. Hoare (18) by 2 holes.
The Duke of York (10) beat Sir E. Chichester (15) by 5 and 3.
Captain M. Chichester (18) beat E. Tennyson d'Eyncourt (16) by 1 hole.
B. Docker (7) beat Sir Maxwell Hicks (18) by 3 and 2.

SECOND ROUND

Tollemache beat Brook by 6 and 4.
The Duke of York beat Locock by 7 and 5.
Docker beat Captain Chichester by 3 and 2.
H. G. Riviere (6) beat de Tehihachef (14) by 7 and 6.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND

Tollemache beat The Duke of York by 2 and 1.
Docker beat Riviere by 2 and 1.

FINAL ROUND

Tollemache beat Docker at the 19th hole.

THE FRENCH PROFESSIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP

PARIS, May 25.—The French Professional Championship over 72 holes was concluded on the St. Germain links yesterday. L. Saubaber (Bordeaux), who won the title in 1928, was successful again with a score of 293. A. Boomer and M. D'Allemagne were second and third with 295 and 300 respectively.—*Reuter.*

DEVON LADIES' CHAMPIONSHIP

After appearing likely to win by a big margin—she was four up at the turn—Miss Radford (Westward Ho!) won the Devon Ladies' Championship at Exeter on Saturday, beating Miss Powell Williams (Yelverton) by one hole. Miss Williams played perfectly to square the match with only one hole to play, but Miss Radford holed a long putt on the home green and so secured the title.

CLUB COMPETITIONS

(Figures in parentheses denote scratch score)

BEACONSFIELD (77).—Spring Meeting.—Medal.—E. G. Allen, 79—4=75. Scratch Prize.—E. G. Allen, 79. Medal Foursomes.—C. Risik and L. Padnell, 79—4=75.

BERKHAMSTED (77).—Monthly Medal.—H. D. White, 86—12=74.

BETCHWORTH PARK (75).—Captain's Prize (36 holes).—Dr. Baker (6), 139. A. Bradman (7), 140.

BEXHILL (73).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—Major E. J. Cargill (6), 3 up. Junior.—E. K. Stilgoe (14), 2 down.

BROKENHURST MANOR (72).—Monthly Bogey.—A. E. Phillips, 2 down.

BURNHAM BEECHES (76).—Monthly Bogey.—F. Bennion (12), 2 down.

BUSH HILL PARK (—).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—E. A. Hall, 3 up. Junior.—D. L. Wallace, 2 up.

CHIGWELL (77).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—C. S. Nichols, 83—9=74. Junior.—J. King, 93—18=75.

CHIPSTEAD (72).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—G. C. Marraine, 82—14=68. Junior.—H. B. W. Fouiger, 92—18=74.

COOMBE HILL (76).—Lord Ashfield Challenge Cup.—H. F. W. Loud, 94—18=76.

EALING (73).—Spring Meeting.—Spring Cups.—First Division.—R. S. Rowell, 76—7=69. L. H. Gilbert, 81—12=69. Harris Brown, 83—7=76 ; and J. R. Handforth, 85—12=76, tied. Second Division.—L. Forster, 92—16=76. W. Goodwin, 92—15=77.

EASTBOURNE DOWNS (72).—Edgar Baker Cup.—F. E. Sharp, 82—8=74.

EAST BRIGHTON (74).—Captain's Prize.—R. M. McKinlay, 82—8=74. W. A. Miles, 88—12=76.

ELDERSLIE (75).—Monthly Bogey.—S. H. Davis (16), all square.

HAMPSTEAD (75).—Scrimgeour Cup.—H. C. Mallesson, 75.

HANGER HILL (75).—Monthly Bogey.—E. H. F. Kelly (6), 3 down, and F. J. Stewart (12), 3 down, tied ; F. C. Tee (10), 4 down.

HASTINGS (73).—Monthly Bogey.—R. S. Joiner (5), 2 down, and E. Bradman (6), 2 down, tied. Junior.—E. Matterson (15), 1 down, and W. A. Evershed (18), 5 down, tied.

HOLLINWOOD (HILL) (76).—Hewitt Challenge Cup.—K. Mason (6), all square.

ILFORD (75).—President's Cup.—F. W. Humphrey, 1.

KNEBWORTH (76).—Monthly Bogey.—J. W. Bennett (11), 4 up.

LEASOWE (74).—Bogey.—L. Mickle, 3 up ; H. R. Wilcox, 1 up ; M. F. Drinkwater, A. W. Healey, and C. F. Vaughan, all square.

LEATHERHEAD (75).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—Dr. Ritchie (1), all square ; J. H. Bennett (6), 3 down. Junior.—P. D. Wagner (14), 1 down, and John Bennett (16), 1 down, tied.

MAIDENHEAD (76).—Monthly Bogey.—E. A. S. Brooke (12), 3 up.

MOOR PARK (78).—Canny Ryall Trophy (36 holes over High (76) and West (73) courses).—V. M. Hall (2), all square (High) and 1 up (West) = 1 up ; T. C. Heald (scratch), all square (High) and 2 down (West) = 2 down.

NEVILL (TUNBRIDGE WELLS) (74).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—A. J. Mitchell (1), all square. Junior.—A. J. Pearson (14), 3 down.

NORTH FARNHAM (72).—Monthly Bogey.—Captain Cowell, Rogers (4), 6 up.

NORTH MIDDLESEX (71).—Captain's Prize.—Second Qualifying Round.—G. Woodrow, 78—7=71 ; D. E. Wellaford, 90—18=72.

PINNER HILL (—).—Monthly Bogey.—D. P. Castell (24), 1 down.

ROYAL BLACKHEATH (76).—Monthly Medal.—H. S. Christoberson, 74—2=71.

ROYAL EASTBOURNE (73).—Medal.—First Division.—C. K. Alexander, 73—1=72 ; J. N. Somerville, 79—7=72. E. K. Parkes, 80—8=72. Second Division.—L. D. F. Swift, 85—13=72.

ROYAL WIMBLEDON (76).—Malcolm Challenge Cup (36 holes).—Sir Sidney Graham (14), 77—71—142 net.

ST. GEORGE'S HILL (76).—Monthly Medal (second course).—C. D. Sewell, 76—6=70, and R. C. Gregory, 74—4=70, tied.

ST. LEONARDS (73).—Mixed Foursomes.—F. D. Rowstone and Mrs. Rowstone, 81—9½=71½.

SHANKLIN AND SANDOWN (74).—Bogey.—E. O. Kirk (15), 2 down.

SHOOTERS HILL (74).—Mackintosh Cup.—W. E. Goodwin, 82—7=75. Tyler Putter.—W. D. Tooley (15), up. Monthly Medal.—J. Adams (14), up.

SOUTH HERTS (75).—Woodside Cup.—Third Qualifying Round.—H. S. Pengelly, 78—5=73, and P. W. Mallagrey, 87—14=73, tied.

SOUTH LODGE (75).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—G. H. Dams (7), 1 up ; S. J. Goodall (scratch), 1 down. Junior.—L. Pickard (16) 1 down.

ATHLETICS

BIRCHFIELD HARRIERS' SUCCESS

In the athletic contest promoted by the London Athletic Club at Stamford Bridge on Saturday Birchfield Harriers, the National Champions, won the match with 16 points, Oxford University Centipedes and the promoting club tying for second place at 12 points each, and the United Hospitals A.C. being fourth with four points. In a three-sided match embracing more events the London Athletic Club won with 40 points, against the 29 points of the Centipedes and the 24 points of the Hospitals team.

H. S. Townend, the new president of the Oxford University A.C., defeated H. Houghton (Birchfield) in the half-mile in 1min. 59 1-5sec. W. C. Wentworth ran a good quarter-mile for the Centipedes, and L. T. Bond (United Hospitals) showed good form in the pole vault, which he won at 11ft. 6in. Considerable interest was taken in the 10-miles relay race (10 at one mile) between Birchfield Harriers and The Rest. A similar event was decided in 1923, when The Rest won, and the Birchfield Harriers lost again on Saturday, after leading over the first stage. C. Ellis took the last relay for Birchfield, but could not give S. A. Tomlin (Highgate Harriers) a considerable start, and the Southern Counties champion beat Ellis by 200 yards, his team's time of 45min. 23 2-5sec., a record for the type of event, representing an average of just over 4min. 32sec to the mile.

The Household Brigade Inter-Unit relay race over 1¼ mile, in seven stages, provided some close finishes before the 1st Battalion, Scots Guards won the Prince of Wales's Challenge Cup from the Guards Depôt, the 3rd Battalion, Grenadier Guards taking third place.

The results were :—

MATCH EVENTS

100 YARDS.—L. F. G. Wright (London A.C.), 1 ; J. H. Hambidge (Birchfield Harriers), 2 ; A. W. Green (Birchfield H.), 3. Won by a foot ; 1½ yards. Time, 10 3-10sec.

POLE VAULT.—L. T. Bond (United Hospitals A.C.), 11ft. 6in., 1 ; F. E. Housden (London A.C.), 11ft., 2 ; F. L. Hoods (Oxford University Centipedes), 10ft. 3in., and F. Jacquard-Smith (Oxford University Centipedes), 10ft. 3in., equal 3.

120 YARDS HURDLES.—J. F. E. Bloss (United Hospitals A.C.), 1 ; G. Dyas (London A.C.), 2 ; C. M. Scrutton (Oxford University Centipedes), 3 ; D. M. L. Neame (London A.C.), 4. Won by 1½ yard ; bad third. Time, 16 1-10sec.

HIGH JUMP.—W. J. Aird (London A.C.), 6ft., 1 ; A. E. le Fleming (United Hospitals A.C.), 5ft. 9in., 2 ; R. R. Norman (London A.C.), 5ft. 6in., and C. B. Prowse (United Hospitals A.C.), 5ft. 6in., equal 3.

PUTTING THE WEIGHT.—H. C. Koch (Oxford University Centipedes), 38ft. 6in., 1 ; W. Hertzog (United Hospitals A.C.), 37ft. 4½in., 2 ; C. Rust (London A.C.), 36ft. 9in., 3 ; F. V. Hoode (Oxford University Centipedes), 34ft. 8½in., 4.

220 YARDS.—J. H. Hambidge (Birchfield H.), 1 ; A. W. Green (Birchfield H.), 2 ; J. T. Andrews (Oxford University Centipedes), 3 ; R. S. Rowlands (London A.C.), 4. Won by inches ; 1½ yards. Time, 22sec.

440 YARDS.—W. Wentworth (Oxford University Centipedes), 1 ; R. Lloyd Rigby (London A.C.), 2 ; C. E. D. H. Goodhart (United Hospitals A.C.), 3 ; C. C. Vargas (London A.C.), 4. Won by inches ; 5½ yards. Time, 51 3-5sec.

LONG JUMP.—D. M. L. Neame (London A.C.), 20ft. 11¼in., 1 ; A. W. H. F. Norton (Oxford University Centipedes), 20ft. 11½in., 2 ; W. Hertzog (United Hospitals A.C.), 20ft. 11in., and E. Bradbrooke (London A.C.), 20ft. 11in., equal 3.

880 YARDS.—H. S. Townend (Oxford University Centipedes), 1 ; H. Houghton (Birchfield H.), 2 ; C. W. Claydon (United Hospitals A.C.), 3 ; T. Sarpant (London A.C.), 4. Won by 3 yards ; 3 yards. Time, 1min. 59 1-5sec.

OTHER EVENTS

10 MILES RELAY RACE.—The Rest (H. S. Cook (Polytechnic H.), 4 min. 36 4-5sec., F. O. Tilbury (Enfield A.C.), 4min. 28 3-5sec., A. C. Stansbury (Ranelagh H.), 4min. 29sec., T. J. Flower (Belgrave H.), 4min. 38sec., R. W. S. Johnston (Herne Hill H.), 4min. 38sec., R. W. S. Hadland (Polytechnic H.), 4min. 32 3-5sec., H. W. Hedges (South London H.), 4min. 28 2-5sec., G. V. Davis (Pitsroy Lodge A.C.), 4min. 26 (1-5sec., H. Thomas (Royal Air Force), 4min. 26 2-5sec., and S. A. Tomlin (Highgate H.), 4min. 32sec. Time, 45min. 23 2-5sec. (record). Birchfield Harriers (F. Light, 4min. 31 2-5sec., A. Bourton, 4min. 33 3-5sec., F. E. Bemand, 4min. 42sec., R. Rutherland, 4min. 29sec., A. Atkinson, 4min. 39sec., F. Quinn, 4min. 39 2-5sec., J. Dougall, 4min. 35 4-5sec., B. MacDonald, 4min. 41 1-5sec., J. E. Webster, 4min. 39 2-5sec., and C. Ellis, 4min. 30 2-5sec.). Total, 46min. 0 2-5sec.

HOUSEHOLD BRIGADE INTER-UNIT RELAY RACE (440×220×220×880×220×220×440). — 1st Battalion Scots Guards (Sergeant Foley, Lance-sergeant Childs, Lance-sergeant J. Thornton, Lance-sergeant M. Boyce, Lance-sergeant C. Hill, Guardsman H. Lee, and Guardsman C. Scott), 1 ; Guards Depôt, 2 ; 3rd Battalion Grenadier Guards, 3. Won by 1½ yard ; 12 yards. Time, 5min. 39sec.

WIN FOR ACHILLES CLUB

ENGLISH WEIGHT-PUTTING RECORD

At the athletic meeting held at Perry Barr, Birmingham, on Saturday, the Achilles Club won a three-sided match with a total of 42 points as against the 24 of the Universities Athletic Union, and 6 of the Atalanta (Scottish Universities). In the weight-putting event R. L. Howland reached a distance of 44ft. 11¼in. to beat, by half an inch, the English native record made by R. Salisbury Woods in 1926. Howland was second to J. Daranyi (Magyar Budapest) in the A.A.A. Weight-Putting Championship last year.

The results were :—

100 YARDS.—J. K. London (London, U.A.U.), 1 ; H. W. Clegg (Manchester, U.A.U.), 2 ; R. L. J. Rinkel (Cambridge, Achilles), 3. Won by one and a half yards. Time, 10 2-5sec.

ONE MILE.—J. F. Cornes (Oxford, Achilles), 1 ; J. G. Helps (Birmingham, U.A.U.), 2 ; N. Morison (Glasgow, Atalanta), 3. Won by one yard. Time, 4min. 26 2-5sec.

120 YARDS HURDLES.—R. Harper (Oxford, Achilles), 1 ; G. B. Chavasse (Oxford, Achilles), 2 ; E. Gumey (Leeds, U.A.U.), 3. Won by three yards. Time, 16 4-5sec.

PUTTING THE WEIGHT.—R. L. Howland (Cambridge, Achilles), 44ft. 11½in. (a record), 1 ; K. N. Pridie (Bristol, U.A.U.), 41ft. 9¼in., 2 ; T. F. Wallace (Cambridge, Achilles), 40ft. 1½in., 3.

QUARTER-MILE.—R. Leigh (Oxford, Achilles), 1 ; C. Green (Oxford, Achilles), 2 ; P. Reid (Edinburgh, Atalanta), 3. Won by five yards. Time, 52sec.

HIGH JUMP.—C. E. S. Gordon (Oxford, Achilles), 6ft., 1 ; J. K. London (London, U.A.U.), 5ft. 10in., 2 ; H. O. Meyerowitz (Edinburgh, Atalanta), 5ft. 8in., 3.

POLE JUMP.—H. Ford (Cambridge, Achilles), 11ft. 3in., 1 ; B. Babington-Smith (Cambridge, Achilles), 10ft. 9in., 2 ; R. W. Couldrey (Christ College, Cambridge, U.A.U.), 9ft. 3in., 3.

THROWING THE DISCUS.—J. P. Wallace (Cambridge, Achilles), 126ft. 4½in., 1 ; R. L. Howland (Cambridge, Achilles), 120ft. 10¼in., 2 ; K. H. Pridie (Bristol, U.A.U.), 112ft. 6¼in., 3.

440 YARDS HURDLES.—J. Simpson (Manchester, U.A.U.), 1 ; W. G. Tatham (Cambridge, Achilles), 2 ; G. C. Clay (Oxford, Achilles), 3. Won by three-quarters of a yard. Time, 57 3-5sec.

THREE MILES.—B. C. V. Oddie (London, U.A.U.), 1 ; W. J. Twemlow (Liverpool, U.A.U.), 2 ; D. F. Morsell (Aberdeen, Atalanta), 3. Won by 200 yards. Time, 14min. 59 4-5sec.

LONG JUMP.—H. J. Cohen (Cambridge, Achilles), 22ft. 9½in., 1 ; H. O. M. Meyerowitzer (Edinburgh, Atalanta), 21ft. 5in., 2 ; C. C. W. Balestow (Southampton, U.A.U.), 21ft. 3½in., 3.

HALF-MILE.—C. E. G. Green (Cambridge, Achilles), 1 ; J. F. Cornes (Oxford, Achilles), 2 ; F. Knibbs (Southampton, U.A.U.), 3. Won by five yards. Time, 2min. 0 4-5sec.

OTHER MEETINGS

Five clubs took part in a match at Southend-on-Sea which followed the official opening on Saturday of a new grass track in Southchurch Hall Park, and Southend and County Harriers tied for first place with Ilford A.C., each scoring 18 points.

In spite of the fine running of J. A. H. Sutherland, who was successful in the quarter-mile, half-mile, and one mile races, "D" Company were beaten by "B" Company in the aggregate competition in connexion with the London Scottish gathering at Chelsea. Other team winners there were the Artists' Rifles, who won the Territorial units' relay race, and the 1st Battalion, Coldstream Guards, who beat the 3rd Battalion in the tug-of-war final.

The most successful athlete at the Crystal Palace during the North British and Mercantile (Insurance) sports was T. A. Warren, a young South London Harrier, who won the 100 yards and 440 yards scratch races and the 220 yards handicap from scratch. He was a member of the winning Life Department team in the relay race. Midland Bank won the invitation relay, and the Ibis Club (Prudential) were successful in a similar event for ladies.

V. Laemmlin won the 100 yards handicap and the high jump in the Swiss Club sports at Herne Hill ; and two of the most successful competitors in the London Olympiades A.C. spring meeting at Battersea Park were Miss R. Christmas, who won the quarter-mile club championship, and Miss L. Fawcett, who was successful in the discus-throwing and shot-putting championships.

At the Tottenham County School sports, at White Hart-lane, Tottenham, on Saturday, A. Buchanan won seven events, the 100 yards, 220 yards, quarter-mile, hurdles, long jump, half-mile, and one mile. In the long jump he cleared 19ft. 5in., beating the school record by 9½in., and his time for the 100 yards was 10 4-5sec. For these successes he was awarded the Howard Cup, a trophy which he has won three years in succession.

The one mile relay championship of the West End A.A.A. was won at Mill Lodge, Barnes, on Saturday by Harrodian A.A., who retained the Harrodian Shield, beating Kensington Argyll A.A. and the Selfridge Club.

NATIONAL PLAYING FIELDS

BERLIN, May 24.—The International Olympic Committee awarded the Olympic Cup for 1930 to the National Playing Fields Association of Great Britain.—*Reuter.*

FENCING

EPEE COMPETITION

The preliminary pools of the Amateur Fencing Association's *Epée* competition were completed on Saturday in the gardens of Lincoln's Inn, and the second round pools will be fought there this evening at 6 o'clock.

The conditions on Saturday were ideal as to weather and terrain, but the play lacked vitality. It is difficult for young fencers to realise where defensive play, good in itself, should be varied by attack, and in these last two pools there seemed to be a general sense of over restraint, with a few notable exceptions.

In Pool V. L. J. Hadlow, of Imperial College, was one of the few to combine initiative with concentration. The result was excellent, and he gave the best performance of the competition up to date, for in a pool of nine he won all his eight encounters. At the half-way stage his closest attendant was G. F. D. Mowlam with three victories in four assaults, but in the second half of the pool K. J. Crawford, a neat left-handed fencer, R. C. Dicker, and S. T. Hart all succeeded in winning three fights out of four, and the first two drew level with Mowlam to tie for second place, three points behind the leader, while Hart gained the last place for promotion, a good performance considering that he lost his three first fights.

A. J. Duncombe-Anderson was an absentee from Pool VI., which was thus reduced to eight, but so careful was the play here that the 28 assaults took considerably longer than the 36 in the other pool. Once again chief honours went to a fencer from Imperial College, W. H. McCormick, who headed the pool with one defeat only. This he received from S. W. Law, of Ashley Green F.C., after one of the best fights of the afternoon. W. Rippon, of Masks F.C., did very well to gain second place, losing only two fights, to the leader and to K. E. Hopkins, for he came to Lincoln's Inn direct from a strenuous route march, a poor preparation for *épée* fencing, which entails not only hard work, but extreme delicacy of touch and judgment. Hopkins, who arrived late, had to fight four assaults in quick succession, of which he won two and lost two, tied for third place with Law, and R. Bateman, though he lost his last fight to E. Salmon, gained the last place which meant promotion.

The results were :—

POOL V.—L. J. Hadlow no defeat, K. J. Crawford, R. C. Dicker, and G. F. D. Mowlam 3 each, S. T. Hart 4, gained promotion ; E. Darkson and J. N. F. Norbury 5 each, W. W. Straker 6, A. S. Barnes 7, failed.

POOL VI.—W. H. McCormick one defeat, W. Rippon 2, K. E. Hopkins and S. W. Law 3 each, R. Bateman 4, gained promotion ; R. M. Dowdeswell, G. Salmon, and W. Wilkin 5 each, failed.

The draw for the second round pools is :—

POOL I.—R. Claringbull, H. P. Francis, T

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

OXFORD EIGHTS

BRASENOSE STILL HEAD OF THE RIVER

The weather was much more favourable for the third day's racing in the Oxford Eights on Saturday than it had promised early in the morning, for it rained steadily then, but it took a turn for the better after luncheon, and the rain gave way to sunshine. The wind died down and the crews rowed up in a dead calm.

There was a large crowd present at the racing in the First Division in the anticipation of an exciting struggle between Brasenose, the head crew, and University College, who had four Blues and two Trial Eights men in their crew. It was not for lack of trying that University did not succeed. C. F. Martineau, the Oxford

MAY	22	23	24	26	27	28
1. Brasenose						
New College						
Exeter						
University College						
Magdalen						
Christ Church						
Merton						
Pembroke						
Wadham						
St. John's						
Magdalen II.						
Lincoln						
(S.B.) Balliol						
II. Worcester						
Trinity						
St. Catherine's						
Queen's						
Oriel						
Jesus						
New College II.						
Keble						
Wadham II.						
Corpus						
Christ Church II.						
(S.B.) Hertford						
III. Worcester II.						
Balliol II.						
Brasenose II.						
Oriel II.						
St. Edmund Hall						
University II.						
Lincoln II.						
Pembroke II.						
Trinity II.						
Exeter II.						
Keble II.						
(S.B.) Queen's II.						
IV. St. John's II.						
Corpus II.						
Hertford II.						
Oriel III.						
Jesus II.						
St. Peter's Hall						
St. Catherine's II.						
Magdalen III.						
Christ Church III.						
University III.						

University stroke, spurted again and again, but the Brasenose stroke, C. M. Johnston, was equal to the occasion, and Brasenose, who finished in dashing style, passed the post about a length in front. Unless there is a big reversal of form after the week-end there seems to be little chance of Brasenose's being deposed from the head.

The race between New College and Christ Church also hardly turned out as many people expected. Christ Church had certainly done well in the previous races, but they did no better than University on Saturday, and finished a length behind New College. Below them, all but the sandwich boat changed places, Pembroke, Wadham, Lincoln, and Balliol all making bumps.

Strange things happened in the other Divisions. In the Second St. Catherine's lost a place to Queen's through the vagaries of their coxswain, who allowed himself to be blocked in by Magdalen II. and Worcester, who lay to in the stream. Oriel II. lost a place to Lincoln II. through one of their crew catching a crab at the start and Corpus recovered the place they lost to Christ Church II. the previous afternoon when the stroke of the Christ Church crew damaged his slide soon after the start. There were 14 bumps made during the afternoon. St. John's II. have the best record with four to their credit, which in a measure atones for the disasters that have overtaken their first crew, who have gone down twice. St. Peter's Hall, Pembroke, Lincoln, Oriel, and St. Edmund Hall all made another bump, but on the other hand both the Magdalen crews, Merton, and Oriel II. again went down a place.

FOURTH DIVISION

Order of Starting.—Keble II., Corpus II., Queen's II., Hertford II., St. Peter's Hall, Oriel III., Jesus II., St. Catherine's II., Christ Church III., Magdalen III., University College III.

Keble soon lost ground to Corpus II., who were well on to them at the Ferry. Passing the Free Water Stone Corpus made a determined effort and Keble were bumped on reaching the Green Bank. Queen's II. lost some ground to Hertford II., who were being hotly pressed by St. Peter's Hall from the start, and as St. Peter's Hall continued to make good headway they made a bump just after passing the Weir's Bridge. There was an exciting race between Oriel III., Jesus II., and St. Catherine's II. along the Green Bank. It looked as if Jesus would catch Oriel, but after passing Saunders Bridge St. Catherine's, who had been pressing all the way, bumped them at the Cherwell.

THIRD DIVISION

Order of Starting.—Hertford, Balliol II., Worcester II., St. Edmund Hall, Brasenose II., University College II., Oriel II., Lincoln II., Exeter II., Pembroke II., St. John's II., Trinity II., Corpus II.

Hertford held their own against Balliol II. without much difficulty, and reached the post fully a length ahead. Balliol were hard pressed in the Gut by Worcester II., but Worcester fell away again, and St. Edmund's Hall, coming up, bumped them on getting out of the Gut. The two boats interfered with Brasenose II., who had University College II. close behind, and were bumped. Oriel II. had had luck as one of the crew caught a crab when the gun fired, and before they could get going again they were bumped by Lincoln II. Exeter paddled through, Pembroke II. being bumped by St. John's II. near the Weir's Bridge, and a good race between Trinity and Corpus ended as Trinity passed the post three-quarters of a length ahead.

SECOND DIVISION

Order of Starting.—Magdalen II., Worcester, Trinity, Oriel, St. Catherine's, Queen's, Jesus, New College II., Keble, Wadham II., Christ Church II., Corpus, Hertford.

Worcester began to gain on Magdalen II. immediately after the start. On coming out of the Gut they made a spurt and bumped them under the Willows. A good race followed between Trinity and Oriel. Oriel gained a lot of ground up to the Cherwell, but from there Trinity held their own and finished a quarter of a length ahead. St. Catherine's lost ground to Queen's, and as they came up the Green Bank the cox tried to go outside the Worcester boat, which was laying-to, but was blocked and failed, and Queen's passed them. Jesus took a wide course and, on nearing the Cherwell, were hard pressed by New College II., but they held on and passed the post a quarter of a length ahead. Keble at one time gained on New College II. but fell away, and two lengths separated them at the finish, and there was a length between Keble and Wadham II. Corpus recovered the place they lost to Christ Church II. on Friday and bumped them near the Launch Works.

FIRST DIVISION

Order of Starting.—Brasenose, University College, New College, Christ Church, Exeter, Pembroke, Magdalen, Wadham, Merton, Lincoln, St. John's, Balliol, Worcester.

University gained ground in Iffley Reach but Brasenose were rowing well within themselves and at Long Bridges were a long way ahead. University came under the Green Bank, and there was a length between the boats as they passed the Boat House. University made another spurt but Brasenose promptly replied and passed the post with nearly a length in hand. Christ Church gained on New College at the start of the race, but after passing Saunders Bridge, where a length separated the two boats, Christ Church could get no nearer, and New College finished that distance ahead. Pembroke quickly overhauled Exeter, making their bump near the Ferry. Magdalen fell another place, being bumped by Wadham at the Willows. Merton fell to Lincoln before reaching the Free Ferry, while Balliol caught St. John's just before the Free Water Stone.

PUTNEY AMATEUR REGATTA

The Clinker regatta on Saturday concluded the series of three events which mark the opening of the regatta season on the Thames. In addition to the usual four races that make up the programme, a race for light-weight eights for the Ranelagh Cup was included. Three crews competed in the new event, which was won by Midland Bank R.C. The feature of the day was the success of Thames R.C., who, besides winning the Junior Sculls with B. E. A. Joyner as their representative, won the Eyre Fours and Vernon Pairs. Kensington Argyll R.C., one of the leading West End A.R.A., which won the Junior Eights at Hammersmith last week, scored a win in the Junior-Senior Eights, while Quinvin B.C. won the Junior Eights, for which there was a fine entry of a dozen crews.

The results were:—

JUNIOR SCULLS.—Final Heat.—B. E. A. Joyner (Thames R.C.), 1; D. Neal (Thames R.C.), 2. Won by three lengths. Time, 5min. 45sec.

VERNON PAIRS (Junior-Seniors).—Final Heat.—Thames R.C. (R. R. E. Bradley, bow, and T. H. Tyler, stroke), 1; Auriol R.C. (A. E. Morris, bow, and F. W. Jordan, stroke), 2. Won by four lengths. Time, 5min. 42sec.

EYRE FOURS (Junior-Seniors).—Heat 1.—Vesta R.C., 1; Thames R.C. "A" Crew, 2; Ibis R.C., 3. Heat 2.—Thames R.C. "B" Crew, 1; Lensbury R.C., 2. Final Heat.—Thames R.C. "B" Crew (B. E. A. Joyner, bow, T. H. Tyler, R. D. George, and F. G. Bunge, stroke), 1; Vesta R.C. (H. A. H. Trimmell, bow, A. J. Gardner, M. Giles, and F. B. Coles, stroke), 2. Won by a length and three-quarters. Time, 5min. 3sec.

THAMES CLINKER EIGHTS (Juniors).—Heat 1.—Quintin B.C., 1; Kensington-Argyll R.C., 2; Vesta R.C., 3. Heat 2.—Westminster Bank R.C., 1; Arlington R.C., 2; Atalanta R.C., 3. Heat 3.—Thames R.C., 1; Albion R.C., 2; Cygnet R.C., 3. Heat 4.—Clarence R.C., 1; Midland Bank R.C., 2; Lensbury R.C., 3. Heat 5.—Quintin B.C., 1; Thames R.C., 2. Heat 6.—Clarence R.C., 1; Westminster Bank R.C., 2. Final Heat.—Quintin B.C.: G. H. Stevenson (bow), S. S. Hedges, D. Wood, H. F. Cooper, E. H. Crawley, I. E. E. Widdows, G. J. Hopper, F. H. Thomas (stroke), and L. J. Snell (cox), 1; Clarence R.C.: C. L. Free (bow), J. Kilcoyne, E. F. Smith, J. Milne, R. Lamming, W. Richards, E. A. Walford, A. J. Lavy (stroke), and A. Walker (cox), 2. Won by a length. Time, 4min. 46sec.

RANELAGH EIGHTS (Light-weights).—Final Heat. Westminster Bank R.C.: D. L. Ingett (bow), R. E. Pope, W. L. Corley, M. Mudge, J. Hanlon, T. Sheaman, G. W. King, F. M. Reeves (stroke), and D. F. Eamer (cox), 1; Gresham R.C.: E. H. Bindley (bow), A. P. Atkins, J. W. Gardiner, A. Satchell, A. F. Wallis, W. S. Bell, W. F. Holmes, L. J. Cannon (stroke), and S. Gordon-Toser (cox), 2. Won by a third of a length. Time, 5min. 2sec.

JUNIOR-SENIOR EIGHTS.—Final Heat.—Kensington-Argyll R.C.: J. G. S. Crabbe (bow), E. Ehren, F. G. Craig, T. E. Marrison, J. D. Slee, L. D. Porter, R. Hart, K. James (stroke), and H. Hopkins (cox), 1; Lensbury R.C.: N. D. Sedlard (bow), E. J. Frost, D. F. Underwood, L. D. Walford, D. St. J. Muldrey, R. A. Penstone, A. B. Tristram, W. B. Betts (stroke), and C. J. Pratt (cox), 2. Won by a length and a quarter. Time, 6min. 22sec.

HENLEY REGATTA

An Argentine eight, which will compete for the Thames Cup at the Henley Royal Regatta, arrived on Saturday. J. Guest (Don R.C., Toronto), who is competing for the third time for the Diamond Sculls, arrived yesterday, and will do his training at Henley. Joe Wright, Junr. (Argonaut R.C., Toronto), who won the Diamonds in 1928, leaves Canada for London next Saturday to make an effort to regain the title.

WESTMINSTER SCHOOL B.C.

There was a large turnout of members and old boys at Putney on Saturday, when the Westminster School eight met an Old Boys eight in the annual race over the course from Hammersmith Bridge to the University Stone at Putney. Details:—

School Station.—Westminster School R.C.—Lt. D. S. ten Dercchate (bow), J. G. Lea, J. O. V. Edwards, R. W. P. Smith, R. W. Eaton, R. F. Samuel, J. C. H. Cherry, A. B. Aris (stroke), and G. W. Scott (cox) 1

Middlesex Station.—Westminster Old Boys—H. D. Berman (bow), A. C. Bird, R. L. Bennett, D. Craig-Hamilton, R. E. Ball, G. H. W. Reeve, B. H. Dulanty, C. F. K. Meller (stroke), and W. B. Young (cox) 2

The schoolboys took an early lead which they increased, eventually winning by 4½ lengths in 7min. 56sec.

SKIFF CLUB RACES

The Junior Senior Double Sculls for the McNaughten James Challenge Cup was the chief event of the Skiff Club decided over the usual club course on Saturday. Only two crews were entered for the race, which resulted in a win for J. W. Pemberton (bow), S. R. Crowe (stroke), and Mrs. Griffiths (cox) by a length and a quarter from T. M. Headley (bow), D. M. Headley (stroke), and J. F. Lamb (cox) in 3min. 54sec. The Handicap Double Sculls, for which five crews competed resulted in W. J. Lockett (bow), E. Dunn (stroke), and Mrs. Griffiths (cox) beating S. R. Crowe (bow), J. W. Pemberton (stroke), and Miss Williams (cox) by a length and a half in 3min. 47sec. Both crews received 8sec. start from the scratch crew.

Mr. R. C. Sherriff, the author of "Journey's End," has given a new racing eight for use at Henley Royal Regatta by Kingston Rowing Club, of which he was captain for many years.

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LAWN TENNIS

SURREY CHAMPIONSHIPS

Both the Surrey Singles Championships passed into new keeping on Saturday when the finals were played and the winners were both from overseas, Y. Ohta, of the Japanese Davis Cup team, in the Men's, and Miss J. Sandison, the champion of India, in the Women's. Ohta's victory was rather expected, and he has added one more to the long list of tournaments at which he has won this season. The striking thing about that match was the excellent play of the young English player, F. J. Perry, who seems to improve each day. In the other, Miss Sandison won a splendid victory over the holder, Miss B. Nuthall. In the second set Miss Nuthall was at match point when Miss Sandison had only two games to her credit, yet Miss Sandison won. Her victory was due to a combinaton of speed in the court, daring shots, and the courage to go out to win. She is undoubtedly a great player, but she has not yet nearly reached the height of her possibilities. She is inclined to let things go too readily at times, and then when she comes to make her effort it is too late.

The weather held up well, but it was unfortunate that both the finals were played at the same time. They were on adjoining courts and spectators could turn from one to the other, but it ended in every one making an effort to follow both matches at once. Miss Sandison started in a half-hearted way, and soon let Miss Nuthall win the first set by 6 games to 3. Though she lost the first game in which she served several double faults, Miss Nuthall was playing well. Her service has clearly improved, and she scored several times from clever drop shots which Miss Sandison, for all her fleetness, could just not reach, for she was puzzled. The second set seemed to be on the point of deciding the match, for Miss Nuthall was leading by 5 games to 2 at 40—30 in the eighth game, only one point being necessary for her to retain the championship which she had won for the first time a year ago. Miss Sandison then showed her real worth, for in place of giving it up as a hopeless job or trying to play for safety, she went right out and won that game. Then followed some exciting play for the remainder of the set. Miss Nuthall became rather flustered as Miss Sandison crept up and up till she finally won by 7 to 5. It was a fine display of courage. The third set was again a fight, and Miss Nuthall seemed to regain control and drove hard, but Miss Sandison was clever on her feet, lithe as a panther, and she was always playing to win, never simply to get the ball safely over the net. She thoroughly deserved the third set to win the match by 3—6, 7—5, 6—4. At the same time Miss Nuthall had not played at all badly, and she certainly gave a fine lesson in how to take a beating.

At the same time Perry and Ohta were having a great tussle on the adjoining court. Ohta won the first game and Perry the second, which was nearly as long as many sets. Ohta then went on to win the first set by 6 games to 3. He seemed then to be only getting his eye in. He is difficult to play against, for he has a style entirely of his own. His forehand drive is a remarkable stroke. He approaches the ball with his racket flt or horizontal, and then brings it over suddenly with a quick turn of the wrist to meet the ball, and with his stroke imparts a puzzling spin. Perry got going in the second set, which he won by 6 games to 4, but tired in the last set, and was beaten by 6 to 3. He had played excellently all through, and has few weak spots in his play. Ohta has the temperament for match play, and is never upset, no matter what happens.

The Doubles had an unexpected result, for F. J. Perry and F. H. D. Wilde beat G. R. O. Crole-Rees and C. G. Eames by 4—6, 6—3, 6—4. Perry was wonderfully fresh after his hard Singles match which he had just finished. He and his partner seemed to lack a proper understanding at times, but they both played finely. Wilde's crisp volleying at the net was the deciding factor. Crole-Rees's service troubled them at first. As a pair these young players should do well, and they have only need of more practice together to make them an effective combination. The Women's Doubles seemed to be rather a tame affair after the previous matches, but Mrs. Godfree and Miss G. R. Sterry deserved their victory over Miss Nuthall and Miss M. Heeley.

The results were:—

SINGLES (Championship of Surrey).—Final Round.—Y. Ohta beat F. J. Perry (6—3, 4—6, 6—3).

WOMEN'S SINGLES (Championship of Surrey).—Final Round.—Miss J. Sandison beat Miss B. Nuthall (holder) (3—6, 7—5, 6—4).

DOUBLES.—Final Round.—F. J. Perry and F. H. D. Wilde beat C. R. O. Crole-Rees and C. G. Eames (4—6, 6—3, 6—4).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—Final Round.—Mrs. L. A. Godfree and Miss G. R. Sterry beat Miss B. Nuthall and Miss M. Heeley (4—6, 6—3, 7—5).

MIXED DOUBLES.—Semi-final Round.—C. R. O. Crole-Rees and Miss G. R. Sterry beat Commander F. F. Glover and Miss J. Sandison (6—1, 7—5); C. G. Eames and Mrs. R. E. Haylock beat J. Perry and Miss M. Heeley (3—6, 7—5, 7—5). Final divided.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS (OLD BOYS) DOUBLES.—Final Round.—Dulwich (C. G. Eames and R. D. Helmore) beat Rugby (S. F. Hepburn and G. P. Mathieson) (6—0, 6—8, 7—5).

FRENCH CHAMPIONSHIPS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 25

Heavy rain, thunderstorms, and cold winds have done their utmost to spoil the first week's play in the French lawn tennis championships, and the wonder is that the programme has advanced so far. To-day it rained with such persistence as to make play impossible altogether, and, although several hundred enthusiasts waited for some time outside the gates of the Stade Roland-Garros, Auteuil, the weather had not cleared late this afternoon, and it was announced that there would be no play.

A few hours of warm sunshine yesterday attracted the biggest crowd that has so far attended, and the stands round the centre court were well filled. It was disappointing to see no British players in the finals of the Women's Doubles, especially after their promising start in the early rounds. Mrs. Moody and Miss E. Ryan had little opposition from Mme. Mathieu and Mlle. Barbier, whom they defeated (6—3, 6—1) to win the title for the first time, although Miss Ryan has shared it formerly with different partners.

The remaining matches in the fourth round of the Doubles were played. A spectacular display, which appealed to the packed galleries round the centre court, was provided by the five-set struggle between W. T. Tilden and W. F. Coën and J. Borotra and R. de Buzelet. It seemed at some moments in the final set as if the Americans would win the match, but an aggressive spurt by de Buzelet just turned the scale in favour of the Frenchmen, who won at 6—2, 8—10, 5—7, 6—3, 7—5. The Japanese pair, T. Harada and T. Abe, were only able to take one set from H. Cochet and J. Brugnon in another centre court match. The score in favour of Cochet and Brugnon, after a rather uninteresting game, was 4—6, 6—3, 7—5, 6—4. The French pairs will now meet the Australians in the semi-final round.

Two British pairs were eliminated in the third round of the Mixed Doubles, and the two pairs which survived must now meet each other in the last eight. Miss J. Fry and I. G. Collins were beaten by Mlle. Sigart and J. Crawford (6—4, 8—6), while Miss D. E. Round and H. G. N. Lee could do no more than take one set from Mme. Mathieu and T. Harada. Mrs. Holcroft-Watson and J. C. Gregory won with the loss of only five games, and Miss E. H. Harvey and G. P. Hughes won two sets to one from Mme. Jung Henrotin and J. Brugnon. Mrs. Whittingstall and Cochet, who are defending the title, have not yet had a match to play, having been given two walks over into the fourth round.

A start has been made with the first and second round matches of the Singles, but no British players have yet been called upon. Mrs. Moody is defending the women's title, for which there are 43 entries. Four British players have entered—namely, Mrs. Holcroft-Watson, Mrs. Owen, Mrs. Whittingstall, and Miss Mudford—and they are all in different parts of the draw. Among other leading players taking part are Señorita de Alvarez, Fraulein Aussem, Miss H. Jacobs, Miss Ryan, and Mme. Mathieu.

DAVIS CUP

WASHINGTON, May 24.—The two final Singles in the Davis Cup-tie between the United States and Mexico were postponed till Monday on account of rain. The United States have already won the tie by beating Mexico in the first two Singles and the Doubles match. They will now play in the inter-zone final match in Europe.—*Reuter.*

HARPENDEN TOURNAMENT

A second set of 32 games was played in the final round of the Singles at the Harpenden tournament on Saturday, when J. S. Olliff beat E. Higgs, the holder of the Challenge Cup, by 6—3, 17—15. Mrs. Vincent Burr hit hard and accurately against Miss C. Hardie in the final round of the Women's Singles, and won the first set convincingly at 6—3. Miss Hardie's defence prevailed in the later sets of the match, and she won the second and third by 6—3, 6—1. Olliff and L. H. Wheatcroft beat Higgs and F. H. Jarvis, the holders, by 6—2, 3—6, 7—5 in the final round for the Doubles Championship of Hertfordshire. The Women's Doubles Championship was won by Miss N. Trentham and Miss E. R. Clarke, who beat Mrs. M. A. O. Mayne and Miss V. H. Montgomery. Higgs and Miss Trentham won the Mixed Doubles Championship.

The results were:—

SINGLES.—Final Round.—J. S. Olliff beat E. Higgs (6—3, 17—15).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—Final Round.—Miss C. Hardie beat Mrs. V. Burr (3—6, 6—3, 6—1).

DOUBLES (Hertfordshire Championship).—Final Round.—J. S. Olliff and L. H. Wheatcroft beat E. Higgs and F. H. Jarvis (holders) (6—2, 3—6, 7—5).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES (Hertfordshire Championship).—Final Round.—Miss N. Trentham and Miss E. R. Clarke beat Mrs. M. A. O. Mayne and Miss V. H. Montgomery (6—1, 7—5).

MIXED DOUBLES (Hertfordshire Championship).—Final Round.—E. Higgs and Miss N. Trentham beat J. Dawes and Miss E. M. T. Howes (6—2, 6—1).

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY TOURNAMENT

The final rounds of the Cambridge University tournament were decided at Fenner's on Saturday, with the following results:—

SINGLES (Doherty Cup).—C. E. Malfroy (New Zealand and Trinity Hall) beat K. C. Gandar-Dower (Harrow and Trinity) (7—5, 9—7, 7—5).

DOUBLES (Youll Cups).—E. R. Avory (Stowe and Magdalene) and C. E. Malfroy beat B. O. Porter (South Africa and Trinity Hall) and C. A. Magrane (Argentina and Jesus) (6—2, 6—0, 6—4).

C. E. Malfroy was subsequently awarded his full Blue, and will play in both Singles and Doubles against Oxford on June 7 and 8.

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE WOMEN'S MATCH

The two-day match between Oxford and Cambridge Women Students was concluded on Saturday on the Newnham College courts, when Oxford won by nine matches to eight. The Cambridge team improved their position on the second day, and won five out of the eight matches played. The results were:—

SINGLES.—Miss D. Stack (Newnham) beat Miss N. Joy (Somerville) (6—4, 6—4); Miss D. Kotzé (Newnham) lost to Miss M. Buick (St. Hugh's) (6—4, 4—6, 2—6); Miss N. Rees (Newnham) beat Miss I. Josephy (St. Hugh's) (3—6, 6—3, 9—7); Miss S. Johnson (Newnham) beat Miss D. Milnes (Oxford Home Students) (3—6, 9—7, 6—3).

DOUBLES.—Miss D. Kotzé and Miss S. Johnson (Cambridge) beat Miss M. Buick and Miss D. Milnes (Oxford) (0—6, 7—5, 7—5); lost to Miss N. Kenyon and Miss H. Barkly (Oxford) (5—7, 1—6); Miss J. Beith and Miss B. Wesford (Cambridge) lost to Miss Joy and Miss Hagby (Oxford) (3—6, 8—10); Miss D. Stack and Miss N. Cramp (Cambridge) beat Miss Joy and Miss Josephy (Oxford) (4—6, 6—2, 6—2).

AMERICAN WIGHTMAN CUP PLAYERS

The remainder of the American lawn tennis players to take part in the Wightman Cup match arrived a few minutes before midnight at Liverpool on Saturday. They were Miss Edith Cross, who played at Wimbledon last year, Miss Mary Greef, and Miss Sarah Palfrey, both of whom have not played here before. Mrs. Moody and Miss Helen Jacobs, who are now in Paris, will complete the team. Miss Palfrey, who is only 17, is accompanied by two of her sisters, one of whom, Mianne, is a little older and nearly as good a player as herself. Mr. Louis B. Dailey, the president of the United States L.T.A., is in charge of the team. The players will practise at Wimbledon, and there is a chance that Miss Cross and Miss Palfrey will play in the Women's Doubles at the Middlesex Championships, which will be begun at Chiswick Park to-day.

HEATON (BRADFORD) TOURNAMENT

W. H. Powell beat W. A. H. Duff in the final of the Singles in the Heaton tournament at Bradford on Saturday by 9—7, 8—6. Miss J. Lawson, the Yorkshire woman champion, won a notable victory over Miss D. E. Anderson in the final of the Women's Singles by 2—6, 6—4, 6—2. The results were:—

SINGLES.—Final Round.—W. H. Powell beat W. A. H. Duff (9—7, 8—6).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—Final Round.—Miss J. Lawson beat Miss D. E. Anderson (2—6, 6—4, 6—2).

DOUBLES.—Final Round.—Captain J. H. Frowen and D. M. Greig beat C. W. Banks and R. Pickersgill (6—4, 7—5).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—Final Round.—Mrs. P. Bouverie and Miss J. Ingram beat Miss J. Lawson and Miss N. Hellewell (4—6, 6—3, 6—1).

MIXED DOUBLES.—Final Round.—W. A. H. Duff and Miss J. Ingram beat D. M. Greig and Mrs. P. Bouverie (3—6, 6—4, 6—3).

SWIMMING

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY BEAT COVENTRY

Cambridge University gained a narrow win over Coventry at the Leys School Baths on Saturday by 18 points to 17. The visitors were much stronger at water polo, and won the match by six goals to none.

The results were:—

50 Yards.—A. R. Wool (Coventry), 1; V. D. Hill (Jesus), 2; J. Kelleway (Coventry), 3. Won by a touch. Time, 27sec.

Quarter Mile.—L. Luxton (Pembroke), 1; S. Taylor (Coventry), 2; J. Roberts (Coventry), 3. Won easily. Time, 6min. 7 2-5sec.

100 Yards.—A. R. Wood (Coventry), 1; E. P. Bilborough (Trinity), 2; V. D. Hill (Jesus), 3. Won by a foot. Time, 62sec.

Team Race (four a side, one length each).—Cambridge University, 1; Coventry, 2. Won by 2 yards. Time, 63 3-5sec.

Water Polo.—Cambridge University, 0; Coventry, 6 (A. R. Wood 2, T. Barrett 2, J. Kelleway and S. Dodd).

BOWLS

AUSTRALIANS WIN AT CAMBRIDGE

In their fourth county match, which was played on Saturday at Brooklands-avenue, Cambridge, against Cambridgeshire, the Australians beat Cambridge by 143-103. Every rink was successful. W. Marsh (Victoria) doing best with a 12 majority. To-day, the team plays at Folkestone against Kent, the County Champions of England.

Australia			Cambridgeshire		
W. Marsh	..	28	J. W. Powney	..	16
R. T. Curran	..	20	F. G. Aldridge	..	17
G. S. Gay	..	24	W. B. Cross	..	15
A. U. Alley	..	30	C. J. Mapey	..	24
H. E. Lee	..	22	C. W. Beadle	..	17
R. Donald	..	19	J. C. Gautrey	..	14
Total	..	143	To al	..	103

OXFORD UNIVERSITY BEAT MARCIANS

Oxford University gained an easy victory over the Marcians at Oxford on Saturday by 25½ points to 12½ points.

The results were:—

45 Yards.—D. G. Howell (Brasenose), 1; N. E. P. Kay (Marcians), 2; F. H. Goldsmith (Pembroke) and E. Perry (Marcians), tie for third place. Won by a yard; half a yard between second and third. Time, 23sec.

100 Yards.—M. H. Wheeler (Exeter), 1; L. T. Huddle (Marcians), 2; R. Richards (Marcians), 3. Won by a touch; a foot between second and third. Time, 58 2-5sec.

440 Yards.—R. H. S. Jones (Exeter), 1; G. F. Bader (University), 2; R. Richardson (Marcians), 3. Won by 1¼ length; 1½ length between second and third. Time, 5min. 52 4-5sec.

Team Race.—Oxford University, 1; Marcians, 2. Won by a yard. Time, 1min. 43sec.

Water Polo.—Marcians, 3 goals (Huddle 2, Taylor 1); Oxford University, 2 goals (Hobby 2).

SPEEDWAY RACING

Only one league match was held on Saturday, and Stamford Bridge, the winners last year, beat High Beech at Loughton by 37 points to 16.

In other London meetings provincial riders had many successes. E. Langton, from Manchester, at Harringay beat C. Watson, and he also beat Watson in the scratch race final. Another Manchester rider, J. Chapman, recently from Australia, at Crystal Palace won the Flying Six match from five other riders, beating R. Frogley in the final, and he later beat Frogley in the scratch race final, in both matches exceeding 42 m.p.h. S. Jackson, of Leicester, broke the standing start record of 95 1-5sec., held by A. Atkinson, at Lea Bridge. Jackson, who was making his first appearance at the East London track, made a record of 93 4-5sec. (38.38 m.p.h.) in the first heat, but failed to get a place in the final, which A. Slow (5sec.) won.

The following table shows the positions in the Southern Speedway League up to and including Saturday, May 24:—

Team	P.	Matches W.	D.	L.	Score F.	A.	Pts.
Southampton	7	5	0	2	214	159	10
Stamford Bridge	5	4	0	1	166	99	8
Coventry	7	4	0	3	196	175	8
Hall Green (Birmingham)	5	3	1	1	147	119	7
Wimbledon	6	3	1	2	182	147	7
Lea Bridge	5	3	0	2	137	128	6
Crystal Palace	5	2	1	2	136	129	5
Leicester	6	2	1	3	148	170	5
Wembley	2	2	0	0	83	42	4
Harringay	5	2	0	3	127	137	4
West Ham	5	1	0	4	115	146	2
High Beech	5	1	0	4	98	167	2
Nottingham	7	1	0	6	142	227	2

SPORTING ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

RACING.—Bath (2.0), Uttoxeter (2.45), Hamilton Park (2.30).

CRICKET.—See Fixture List.

ROWING.—Oxford Eights, Fourth Day.

FENCING.—Epée Competition, Lincoln's Inn-gardens.

LAWN TENNIS.—French Championship, Auteuil; Middlesex Championships, Chiswick Park; Blackheath, Malvern, and Manchester Tournaments.

POLO.—R.A. v. Hurlingham (3.0), at Hurlingham; Life Guards v. Chinchillas, at Worcester Park (3.0).

TENNIS.—World's Championship, Etchebaster v. Kinsella, Prince's Club (2.0).

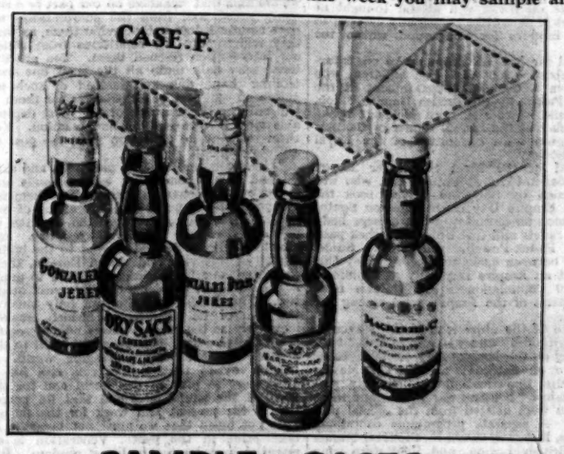
SPEEDWAY RACING.—Wimbledon v. Crystal Palace (8.0).

Harrods

SHERRY WEEK

FEW Wines there are that are so enjoyable and so beneficial to health as good Sherry. At the 'Cocktail Hour' Sherry is unquestionably the finest aperitif; it is equally appreciated as a dinner or after-dinner wine. Sherry is economical—it loses neither flavour nor condition even if left open.

Harrods have a remarkable variety of choice Sherries ranging from the Very Pale Dry to the Rich Amber and Old Brown and this week you may sample any one of them in the Wine Department.



SAMPLE CASES

Harrods offer a series of Sample Cases of Miniature Bottles. Each contains one-tenth of a bottle of five different varieties, sufficient to judge their merits. Each variety is numbered and details will be found in the list on the right.

CASE A
Contains: 1 miniature of each of the following: Nos. 1, 3, 8, 12, 15. This case of samples for Post Free 2/7

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Contains: 1 miniature of each of the following: Nos. 2, 4, 5, 7, 25. This case of samples for Post Free 2/9

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CASE F
Contains: 1 miniature of each of the following: Nos. 19, 27, 28, 29, 30. This case of samples for Post Free 4/3

CASE G
Contains: 1 miniature of each of the following: Nos. 17, 19, 27, 28, 30. This case of samples for Post Free 4/-

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2. GREEN SEAL, Very good Pale Golden	46/-	26/-
3. MEDIUM DRY, No. 3	52/-	29/-
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6. MISA'S OLD RAYA, Excellent Bouquet, Medium Body, Full nutty flavour	66/-	36/-
7. VINO DE PASTO, No. 7. A Dry dinner wine, well matured	66/-	36/-
8. SOLERA No. 8, Soft nutty	64/-	35/-
9. OLD SOLERA, Shipped by Gonzalez Byass	72/-	39/-
10. SOLERA No. 10, Very fine Old Selected	78/-	42/-
11. AMONTILLADO No. 11, Ideal Dinner Wine	84/-	45/-
12. FINEST OLD EAST INDIA, No. 12	84/-	45/-
13. OLOROSO, Gonzalez Byass, Shipper's Label	72/-	39/-
14. HARRODORA OLOROSO, Medium Dry, with pleasant character and fair body	72/-	39/-
15. COCKTAIL SHERRY, Sweet. Shipped by Salvador Ramos	72/-	39/-
16. COCKTAIL SHERRY, Dry. Shipped by Salvador Ramos	72/-	39/-
17. GARVEY'S PALMA, Full nutty flavour. Dry	78/-	42/-
18. MOLINO, Shipped by Williams & Humbert. A pale, soft Sherry, suitable for Club or Household	78/-	42/-
19. HARRODORA PALO CORTADO. A fine robust Vintage Style Sherry, very attractive in character.	80/-	43/-
20. GARVEY'S VINTAGE, OLD GOLDEN. Full flavoured.	82/-	44/-
21. MANZANILLA, Fine Old Dry	84/-	45/-
22. WALNUT BROWN, Williams & Humbert. A very Old Brown after-dinner Sherry	84/-	45/-
23. GARVEY'S 'OLD TIME' BROWN, Very Rare. A fine fully matured Sherry, dry in character, with great body	90/-	48/-
24. ALFONSO, A fully mat

EMPIRE DAY

CELEBRATIONS IN HYDE PARK

PRINCE GEORGE'S REVIEW

Prince George took the salute at the parade and march past of nearly 7,000 naval and military cadets, members of the Ypres League, the Legion of Frontiersmen, and "Old Contemptibles," with the flags of the Empire, in Hyde Park on Saturday. The demonstration, which was organized by the League of the Empire, was witnessed by a very large number of people, and there was an impressive scene when the vast assembly joined the detachments on parade in cheers for "King and Empire."

A telegram was sent to the King as follows:—"In the name of all the associations and contingents of uniformed bodies taking part in the League of the Empire Parade in Hyde Park to-day, I send your Majesties the expression of most loyal devotion.—GEORGE."

The following reply, addressed to Prince George, was received shortly before the end of the ceremony:—

The Queen and I sincerely thank all those taking part in the League of Empire Parade in Hyde Park to-day for the message of loyalty and devotion which you have addressed to me on their behalf, and we send our best wishes for the continued prosperity of the League.

GEORGE R.I.

The parade occupied about an hour. Lieutenant-General Sir Hugh Jeudwine was the commanding officer, and Colonel E. Montague Jones organizing officer for the League. After inspecting the detachments Prince George, who was in Naval uniform, took up a position at the saluting point, where were assembled the Mayor of Westminster and the mayors of a number of London boroughs, all wearing their chains of office. There were also present Lord Meath and Lord Ardee, Lord and Lady Askwith, Lady Verulum and Lady Mary Holt, Sir Frederick and Lady Pollock, Professor Ernest Gardner, Mrs. Ord Marshall (hon. secretary of the league), Mrs. Holman-Hunt, Mrs. E. Baggallay, and representatives of Dominions overseas.

THE MARCH PAST

The columns of cadets—boys and girls—some in gay uniforms, and the extended line of flags, borne high by an Empire Flag party, made a brilliant parade. Having advanced in review order, the contingents gave the Royal Salute and flags were dipped. The National Anthem was sung, after which there were cheers for King and Empire.

Then for a short interval solemnity was given to the proceedings as, in memory of the late Lord Meath, the pipers of the Irish Guards played a Lament. With slow, measured steps the pipers marched up and down the parade ground, and a deep silence was only broken by the grave music of the bagpipes and the continuous roll of the drums.

The scene then changed, and there was a short spell of sunshine as sea cadets and boys from training ships, taking their time from the British Legion City of London military band, began the march past. For half an hour Prince George was taking the salute. Towards the end there was a heavy shower of rain, but boys and girls alike continued to march in fine order. They were followed by the Ypres League and the Legion of Frontiersmen. Then came the "Old Contemptibles," in civilian dress, marching to the tune of "Tipperary"; there were loud cheers as they passed the saluting base. The final salute was given by the Flag party. Then the members of the public entered the enclosure and cheered Prince George as he left the parade ground.

Among the organizations represented at the celebration were:—

Navy League Sea Cadets; the training ships Arethusa and Exmouth; Newport Market Army Bands School; Greenwich Royal Hospital School; National Naval Cadets; the O.T.C. from the City of London School, Chigwell School, St. Albans School, Cranbrook School, the Royal Grammar School, High Wycombe; Cadet Corps, including 1st London Regiment (The Queen's), 19th London Regiment, 3rd Middlesex Regiment, Queen's Westminster, Battersea Grammar School, Rutlish School, Haberdashers' Aske's School, Frimley and Camberley, Dunstable, Maidenhead County School; the Church Lads' Brigade, the Independent Scout Alliance; the Original Battersea Naval Brigade; the Battersea Maritime Brigade; the Foundling Hospital; St. John Ambulance Brigade; British Junior Red Cross; Church Girls' Brigade; Hatcham Girls' Brigade; Girls' Life Brigade; "The Old Contemptibles"; the Ypres League; the Legion of Frontiersmen.

Earlier in the afternoon, in another part of Hyde Park, near the Serpentine, a large gathering attended the festival organized by the *Daily Express*. The massed bands of the Coldstream, Irish, and Welsh Guards were present, and the assembly joined in community singing. Afterwards there was a procession symbolic of the Empire. This was followed by another procession and a service at which the Churches of different denominations were represented, prayers being said by the Bishop of London. A large choir, conducted by Dr. Malcolm Sargent, led the singing of hymns, and the festival ended with the National Anthem.

OTHER CELEBRATIONS

Admiral of the Fleet Sir Charles Madden, opened the Empire Fair at the Albert Hall on Saturday—the last day. The fair was promoted by the British Legion in cooperation with the British Empire Service League. The proceeds of this and of the Empire ball, which the Prince of Wales will attend to-night at the Albert Hall, will be principally devoted to training families for emigration within the Empire.

General Sir Ian Hamilton spoke on Saturday to about 1,000 East End children, who were given a tea and entertainment at the People's Palace by the British Empire Union. Sir Leslie Scott and Lord Melchett spoke on Saturday at the annual dinner of the new Southampton local committee of the Royal Empire Society.

Admiral of the Fleet Sir Roger Keyes, Commander-in-Chief at Portsmouth, who was accompanied by the Lord Mayor, took the salute at Empire Day celebrations on Southsea Common on Saturday, when a large body of naval cadets and Girl Guides marched past.

Lady Baden-Powell, the Chief Guide, reviewed between 6,000 and 7,000 Surrey Girl Guides at an Empire Day rally at Guildford. About 80 Commissioners and Guiders from various parts of the Empire were among the visitors.

In spite of the objections of the Mayor to "Rule Britannia" and "Hearts of Oak," both were sung at the Empire Day celebrations at Harrogate on Saturday night. The Mayor, who is Mrs. Snowden's father, strongly protested against "boastful war songs," and these two items were deleted from the official programme. A separate programme containing them was, however, issued by the local branch of the British Legion, and they were sung before the Mayor arrived. "Rule Britannia" was also sung again after "John Peel."

Empire Day was celebrated at Hull by a parade through the streets of all the Hull and district boys' and girls' organizations, including Boy Scouts and Girl Guides. Services were held in the afternoon at various churches.

To commemorate Empire Day, over 1,200 of the staff of Messrs. Shoolbred's, Tottenham Court-road, assembled in the great hall of the building and joined in singing the National Anthem, "Land of Hope and Glory," and other patriotic songs.

ROYAL EMPIRE SOCIETY DINNER

The Duke of Connaught will preside at the annual dinner of the Royal Empire Society at the Connaught Rooms to-night. The chief speakers will be Mr. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. Bruce, late Prime Minister of Australia, Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Birks, chairman of the Advisory Committee of the Canadian Delegation to the Chambers of Commerce Congress, and Sir John Sandeman Allen, chairman of the council of the society. Plans for the new building of the society, by Sir Herbert Baker, will be on view for the inspection of members before the dinner. It is proposed to incorporate in the new building a Lord Meath Memorial Hall to commemorate the work of the late Lord Meath in connexion with Empire Day.

CAPTAIN REDMOND'S TRIAL

The trial of Captain Redmond, D.S.O., for the alleged manslaughter of a youth named Thomas Murphy as the result of a motor-car accident, was resumed in the Dublin Circuit Court on Saturday. The case for the defence was continued, and several witnesses gave evidence that Captain Redmond was perfectly sober at the time of the accident. The trial will be resumed to-day.

PRIME MINISTER'S MESSAGE

BROADCAST TO THE EMPIRE

The Prime Minister broadcast a message to the Empire on Saturday night. He spoke from the Room of State in the Palace of Holyroodhouse, and the speech was broadcast by all stations of the B.B.C. and by means of the experimental short-wave station throughout the Empire.

Mr. MACDONALD referred to the different stages of development and the different plans of Government of the Empire, "ranging from the Crown Colonies to what is practically an independent nation—the Dominions." "In the course of this expansion," he went on, "we have not only planted Colonies and founded nations, but we have undertaken the care of people who could not take care of themselves. They were doomed to civil war or systems of government which cut them off from the benefits of civilization. We have duties regarding them. We must see so far as we are able that weakness on our part or a too ready withdrawal from the guardianship we have assumed does not abandon them, so that they relapse into the conditions from which our intervention rescued them. Too great a haste may only undo all the good our controlling hand did, and instead of such an action on our part being progress for them it will only be the triumph of the most deplorable form of retrogression and reaction. Yet there must be no deflection from the goal of self-government.

"Great are our Imperial problems, and skilful and wise indeed must be the hands and minds of those charged with solving them for the good of the world and the credit of our nation. However great were the qualities of personal courage in naval, military, and administrative fields which went to the building up of this vast and varied Empire, there are asked now from those who have to guide it and solve its problems equally great qualities. The British Empire can only survive the fate of its predecessors, which crashed inevitably as the circumstances which created them passed away, if it can adapt itself to the new needs of an ever changing world. I believe myself that British rule still has a great part to play in the world and for the good of the world, provided that its people live in the present and work for the future. I do not mean that we must not venerate or take pride in the past. Veneration is an essential ingredient of political wisdom. But I do mean that we must remember that the present confronts us with different problems which we must solve in an appropriate spirit. The British Commonwealth is a standing proof to a world that is distracted and is really being destroyed by factions that unity is not incompatible with freedom and all the essentials of independence. We are proving, too, and need to prove even more unmistakably, that trusteeship for peoples less politically instructed or less civilized than our own can be upright and honest trusteeship exercised in the genuine interest of those people themselves and designed to fit them for an ultimate partnership on free and equal terms.

"It is hard for parents to admit that their children have grown up. So it is hard for trustee nations to admit their success by ceasing to be parental custodians and becoming friendly counsellors.

"No other nation, however important, has our problems to face. As regards the problems we have to handle we are unique among the nations of the world to-day. What chapter of history may this country yet write? If we accomplish our task we shall have written golden pages, worthy to be sequels to the great achievements of our forebears. The language, the movement, the staging will be different, but the drama will be harmonious in its evolution. Many races have created empires. None hitherto has infused into what it created an enduring life. Can we grow old without feeling the numbness of age? Can we have a long past without losing the capacity to live to a long future? I believe it is possible, but it depends on the imaginative capacity, enlightened practical sense and courage of our people."

Mr. MacDonald concluded by saying that our responsibilities had to be carried. "We dare not lay down our burdens," he said. "We dare not leave our task unfinished."

Sales of National Savings Certificates for the week ended May 10 were 1,070,604, making a grand total sold of £63,923,514, representing a cash equivalent of £756,748,563.

LEGAL UNITY OF THE EMPIRE

MR. MORGAN ON MARITIME PROBLEMS

Mr. J. H. Morgan, K.C., British member of the Académie Diplomatique Internationale and Professor of Constitutional Law in the University of London, gave the last of his three Rhodes lectures on the Legal and Political Unity of the Empire on Friday at University College, London. Lord Craigmyle presided.

Mr. Morgan said the subject of Imperial merchant shipping was so important, particularly in the case of a great maritime Empire such as ours, that no one who addressed himself to the problem of Imperial unity could ignore it. The committee of draftsmen of the Imperial Conference, whose recommendations awaited the consideration of the forthcoming Imperial Conference, had certainly not ignored it. Nearly a half of the 41 pages of their recent report were occupied with this aspect of the problem. In the course of that report they remarked that "the legal situation appears to be confused." He could not honestly say that they had lightened the darkness, and he was by no means confident that their recommendations would not make the confusion worse confounded.

The lecturer then explained the present state of maritime law in the Empire. Continuing, he said it seemed not a little strange that in this age when the whole trend in the legal civilization of the world was in the direction, at one Hague conference after another, of seeking identity in the maritime law of the great nations of the world, the British Empire—which after all was in international law one nation—should, if the voice of this committee of draftsmen had the last word, be striving to destroy the existing identity of law among its members, to create diversity in place of uniformity and to provoke confusion if not, as may well be, actual dissension. A distinguished Australian Judge, Mr. Justice Isaacs, as he then was, said in 1912 in an important shipping case—the Merchant Service Guild of Australia against the Commonwealth Steamship Owners' Association—"that if we abolished" (as the committee proposed to abolish) "the extra-territorial limitation on the legislative powers of the Dominions in merchant shipping it would be very difficult, if not impossible, to avoid a hopeless conflict within the empire of legislation."

We were a great maritime empire, the greatest empire that ever went down to the sea in ships and did business in great waters. Our great naval hegemony was admittedly going—it had, indeed, as the result of various acts of obeisance to America, already gone. The hegemony of our merchant shipping—a hegemony not unconnected with the existing uniformity of our merchant shipping law remained. Was that also to go?

Mr. K. E. Fabondadière, in moving a vote of thanks to the chairman, said it was Lord Craigmyle's eightieth birthday and they would all desire to tender their congratulations to him.

PLATE PRESENTED TO LORINERS' COMPANY

A Court banquet of the Loriners' Company was held at the Savoy Hotel on Thursday at the invitation of Past Master Leo A. Harward. An opportunity was taken for the presentation of two pieces of plate—a silver gilt cup from the chairman to commemorate his year of office as Master in 1927, and a gong from Sir Louis Newton, to signalize his 30 years of membership. Mr. JAMES S. HOLLAND, Master of the Company, acknowledged the gifts on behalf of the Court. He stated that the cup was the third given by Mr. Harward, and made the eighth which the Company possessed. In presenting his gong SIR LOUIS NEWTON said that it was designed by the chief architect of the new Midland Bank building in Poultry.

Other speakers were:—SIR VANSITTART BOWATER, Mr. E. A. WALFORD, the REV. W. P. BEDLEY, and Mr. ARTHUR IAGO.

The company included:—

Sir Percy Shepherd, Past-Masters Sir Richard Sennett, Mr. James Bishop, Mr. W. Hardy King, Mr. G. Randall Allison, Mr. Harry Newman, Mr. John Lusty, Mr. Daniel Hone, Upper Warden Mr. H. Holton Sturges, Under Warden Mr. F. C. Bennett, Mr. C. Walker-Arnott, Mr. W. H. Gardner, Mr. S. L. Furniss, Mr. R. H. Sennett, and Mr. Cecil F. J. Jennings (the clerk).

At a meeting of the delegates of the Yeovil Division Labour Party on Saturday, Mr. Hamilton Fyfe was adopted prospective candidate for the division. The present member is Major G. F. Davies, Unionist.

EMPIRE CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE

AGENDA FOR TO-DAY'S CONFERENCE

A PERMANENT ECONOMIC COUNCIL

The Prince of Wales will open this morning at Guildhall the 12th Congress of Federated Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire, at which over 300 delegates will attend, half of them from oversea. In some respects it is expected to be the most important of all the congresses convened by the federated chambers, because it will discuss in plenary sessions many of the wider subjects of Empire trade, while in the bilateral discussions British, Canadian, and Australian business leaders will come to grips with details of some of the problems that now hamper the fuller development of trading relations.

"The object of the congress, in brief," says the official programme, "is to find the best method of rationalizing trade and industry within the Empire; to bring about, as far as possible, uniformity in commercial law; to improve methods of communication and transport; to substitute arbitration for legal procedure in commercial disputes; to remove the trade barriers which hamper the free exchange of goods within the Empire; to develop Empire production; to educate the coming generations to a thorough knowledge of the Empire; to ensure that every citizen of the Empire shall first buy, and sell to, his fellows within the boundaries of the Empire. The fact that the Imperial Conference will meet a few months later throws a heavy responsibility upon the delegates."

The agenda gives the text of 44 resolutions for discussion, 12 of which deal specifically with the question of commercial relations within the Empire. Perhaps the most comprehensive of them is the resolution to be submitted by the Council of the Federation, which "calls for a concerted and determined effort on the part of his Majesty's Governments to formulate an economic policy for the Empire which will result in closer cooperation between its constituent parts."

The resolution proceeds: "While this congress once more reiterates its conviction that a wide and well-considered extension of Imperial Preference will be found to be the most effective means of bringing about a greater measure of Imperial economic cohesion, it fully recognizes the value of other supplementary methods such as freight and port rate concessions, inter-Imperial mergers and rationalization agreements, the promotion of scientific research and voluntary preference. In so far as these supplementary methods are independent of governmental action, this congress calls upon the executive Council of the Federation to do all in its power to bring about conferences between the trades concerned and in any other way to promote the above objects."

CANADIAN SCHEME

The Canadian Chamber of Commerce will propose that the congress should recommend to the Imperial Economic Conference in the autumn that the constituent Governments should appoint from among the associated chambers in the different parts of the Empire a commission to inquire into Empire resources, markets, and factors entering into the promotion or hindrance of Empire Trade, and that this commission should include economic experts from among the Governments concerned. The resolution further recommends that the commission, having made its report, should be maintained as a permanent advisory Economic Council of Empire. The Toronto and Brantford, Ontario, Boards of Trade recommend the appointment of a commission on somewhat similar lines.

The Adelaide Chamber, realizing that some of the Dominions, including Australia, have adopted a policy of protection, will suggest that the scheme of Empire free trade is not practicable, and as an alternative recommends "a sincere and effective policy of trade reciprocity." The Birmingham Chamber considers that in order to meet foreign competition based on quantitative production with resultant low prices, it is essential to formulate an agreed inter-State development policy. The Northampton Chamber favours the establishment of an Imperial Economic Union, and the Auckland Chamber, New Zealand, while deploring the increasing lack of cordiality manifest in the trade relations between some units of the Empire, urges developments by maintaining tariffs at the lowest possible levels between different parts of the Empire.

The Melbourne Chamber will submit a resolution that the development of trade calls for closer intercourse on the lines of the British Economic Mission to Australia, and by a more intimate exchange of ideas and experiences. Belleville, Ontario, will suggest that the Imperial Conference should work out some practical plan of progressive intra-Empire trade preferences looking towards the ultimate attainment of free trade within the Empire.

AIR DEVELOPMENT

On the subject of air developments the London Chamber will propose a series of resolutions urging the granting of subsidies for transport, especially of mails; the establishment of ground organizations for the extension of the Indian mail services to Calcutta, Burma, Singapore and Australia; the provision of aerodromes by the larger towns throughout the Empire; the adoption of a flat rate for first-class air mails; the adoption of a general policy of surveying by air the unmapped areas of the Empire; and provision for the study of aeronautics in secondary schools, colleges, and other educational establishments.

The Bermuda Chamber desires to impress upon the Imperial Government the importance of the establishment of wireless telephony throughout the Empire with as little delay as possible, and that every endeavour should be made to put this means of communication in the hands of a British company.

Proposals will also be made for the reintroduction of the Imperial penny postage throughout the Empire, for fostering the Empire film industry, and for extending the canning industry.

The delegates will be entertained by various organizations during their stay, and arrangements have been made for them to visit various centres of industry in Britain.

THE KING'S ROYAL RIFLE CORPS

DINNER OF VETERANS' ASSOCIATION

The King's Royal Rifle Corps Veterans' Association held its nineteenth annual dinner at the headquarters of the Queen Victoria's Rifles, Davies-street, Berkeley-square, on Saturday. LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR WILLIAM PITCAIRN CAMPBELL, Colonel Commandant, was in the chair.

The following message was received from the King:—

"Please convey to the veterans of the King's Royal Rifle Corps assembled at their annual dinner my sincere thanks for their loyal message, which as Colonel-in-Chief I greatly appreciate."

Proposing the toast of "The Association," the CHAIRMAN said that three veterans had been awarded the meritorious service medal with gratuity during the past year. He was sure they would sympathize deeply with one of them, Colour-Sergeant Foord, who had received a notification from the pensions officer at Barnet to the effect that as he was now in receipt of an annuity of £10 a year, following on the award of the medal, the pensions of both his wife and himself would be reduced from 6s. to 4s. a week. The reduction meant that the colour-sergeant was now 8s. a year poorer as a result of being awarded the medal. It was disgraceful. Colour-Sergeant Foord, who joined the regiment in 1858 and served in it for 24 years, was now 87 years of age.

The chairman spoke of the activities and successes of the regiment during the past year in various forms of sport and at rifle meetings. At Winchester approximately 100 articles had been added to their museum, and they had an interesting collection of every medal the regiment or a detachment had ever won, together with records of the riflemen who received them.

COLOUR-SERGEANT H. FOORD briefly responded.

MAJOR-GENERAL SIR EDWARD NORTHEY proposed the toast of "Queen Victoria's Rifles," and LIEUTENANT-COLONEL E. W. HAMILTON replied.

Others present were:—

Lieutenant-General Sir Richard Montagu-Stuart-Wortley, Major-General Sir Stewart W. Hare, Brigadier-General H. R. P. L. Kennedy, Brigadier-General R. S. Oxley, Brigadier-General Sir Hereward Wake, Colonel T. G. Dalby, Colonel C. A. Howard, Colonel H. C. Warre, and Colonel F. G. Wilkin.

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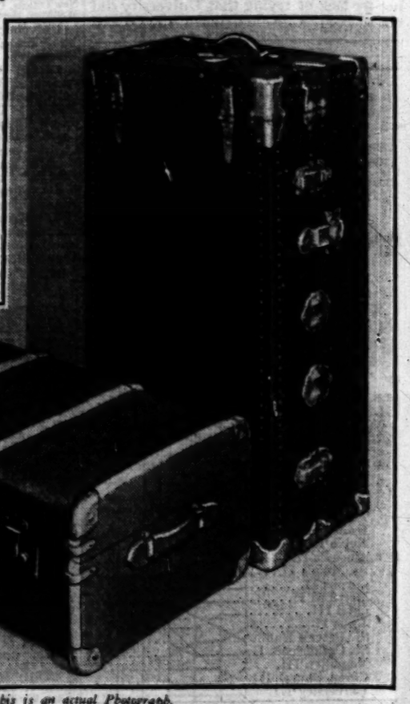

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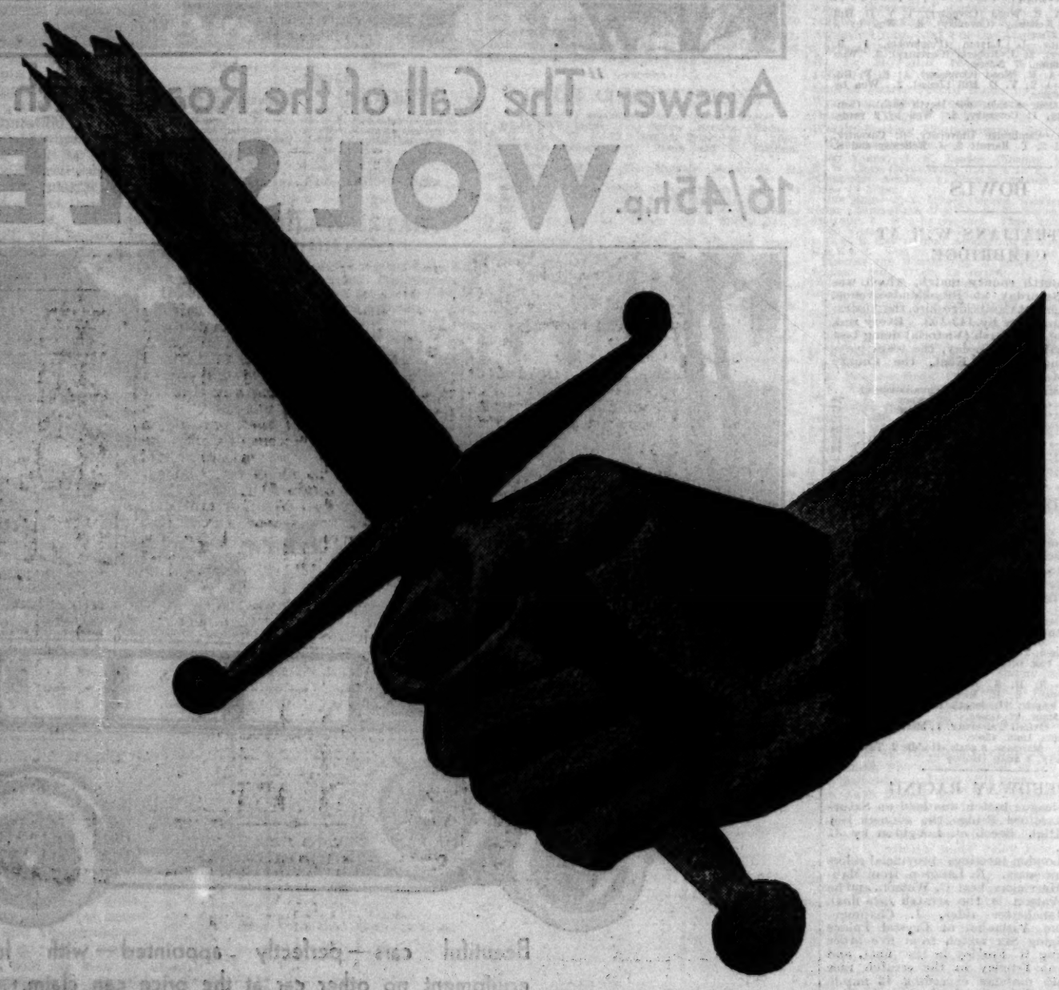

FIGHTING YET ◆ ◆ ◆ ◆

fighting as it has fought for over two centuries, against illness of every kind, Westminster Hospital is now compelled to ask for reinforcements. £50,000 is required to continue this perpetual campaign against disease, humanity's most terrible but most unnecessary enemy. Westminster Hospital was a pioneer in the use of Radium for Cancer. Its research work alone is of the utmost value to the nation. Now it asks the nation to help in return, that the work may be carried on.

It asks you to contribute something to those vital reinforcements. Its work is very precious—its need is very great. Can *you* subscribe something to its Fighting Fund that this great hospital may carry on?

Cheques should be made payable to Westminster Hospital and addressed to the Hon. Treasurers (E. H. Hoare, Esq., and the Hon. Sir William Goschen, K.B.E.), Westminster Hospital, Broad Sanctuary, London, S.W.1.

L.C.C. AND FILM SOCIETIES

SUGGESTED NEW REGULATIONS

POSTGRADUATE HOSPITAL

The London County Council at their meeting to-morrow, will receive a report from the Theatres and Music Halls Committee on the subject of exhibitions by film societies.

The committee state that while they are not prepared to recommend the Council to allow any departure from its veto on the exhibition by anyone in premises licensed by the Council under the Cinematograph Act, 1909, of films which have been rejected by the British Board of Film Censors, they are of opinion, that subject to certain safeguards and under certain conditions, no objection need be raised by the Council to the exhibition at any time by properly constituted and duly recognized film societies of films which have not been submitted to the Board. They point out that the exhibitions of the Film Society have proved an interesting experiment in that they have enabled the society to view some films of possible artistic merit which, not being classified for public exhibition, could not otherwise have been seen, and they suggest that the experiment might well be allowed to continue on a broader basis to embrace all film societies.

The committee add that it is understood that a certain number of films is produced which do not fall within the class of commercial films as being deemed unsuitable for public performances, and they think it desirable on artistic, literary, and other grounds that selected audiences, such as the *bona-fide* members of a film society, should be given the opportunity of being present at demonstrations of such non-commercial films. In order to prevent abuse of the suggested privilege, however, and to ensure that any uncensored film proposed to be so exhibited is rightfully classed as of the non-commercial type, they propose that, when such a film has been exhibited in the administrative county of London four times in all, exclusive of trade shows, within any period of 12 months, it shall no longer be deemed to fall within the non-commercial or "demonstration film" class. Should a society desire that the film should again be demonstrated within the specified period the film would appear to have become of sufficient interest to justify its exhibition to the general public. It should then be treated as falling within the class of ordinary commercial films and should be required to be submitted for censorship in the usual way.

In making their recommendation, the committee also state that it is equitable that all film societies should be placed on an equal footing and, if their proposal is adopted, the permission tentatively granted to the Film Society year by year to exhibit films on Sunday afternoons will require some modification in accordance with the conditions they now suggest.

TOWN-PLANNING AT STREATHAM

The Town-planning Committee in their report refer to the town-planning scheme of the council relating to about 26 acres of land in the neighbourhood of Streatham Common. The scheme provided for a new street which was designed to connect with a proposed street in the Croydon (north) town-planning scheme giving through communication to Streatham Common; and also the reservation of an area of about five acres to the south of "The Rookery" as a public open space, and the remainder for residential development. The scheme was approved by the Minister of Health. The committee state that the reservation as a public open space of the five acres referred to forms a valuable addition to "The Rookery" and preserves the prospect towards the rising ground in Croydon immediately beyond the county boundary, which has been laid out as a public open space by the Croydon Corporation.

An offer has now been made to the Council by the owner to sell, on terms which the Parks and Open Spaces Committee consider to be reasonable, an area of over one acre of land within the area of the scheme scheduled for residential user and immediately to the west of "The Rookery," which will provide a desirable addition to that open space, provided that he be given certain rights over a small part of Streatham Common adjoining, and that he be allowed in his development of the portion of the area of the scheme which is reserved for residential user to erect 135 houses on the estate as proposed to be rearranged. The committee recommend the modification of the scheme which includes the rearrangement of certain proposed streets.

POSTGRADUATE MEDICAL WORK

The General Purposes Committee will recommend "that the Council is desirous of cooperating with the Government in its scheme for the establishment of a postgraduate hospital and medical school in association with the Hammersmith Hospital, and welcomes the suggestion that the Committee proposed to be set up by the Minister of Health for the purpose of considering the planning and construction of the medical school and the formulation of proposals for the government of the British postgraduate hospital and medical school should include representatives of the Council." It is added that it shall be open to the Committee, if they think fit, to propose a redistribution of the financial responsibilities contemplated by the Government when it undertook to give financial support to the scheme.

At the meeting of the Council Mr. Manning has given notice that he will move, "that, in the opinion of the Council, the time has now arrived for the abolition of fees in the London secondary schools, and that it be an instruction to the Education and Finance Committees to submit recommendations in order to give effect to this opinion so far as maintained secondary schools are concerned."

INVENTION IN 1929

PATENT OFFICE REPORT

The trend of invention is referred to in the forty-seventh report of the Comptroller-General of Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks for 1929, which was issued on Saturday as a White Paper (Stationery Office, price 4d). It is stated that the year has been marked by steady progress, especially in the chemical and electrical industries, but no very outstanding development can be identified.

The chemical advances of recent years are now being manifested in their applications to other industries. Thus there is great activity in the use of cellulose derivatives in treating fabrics to obtain waterproof and fancy products or imitations of natural products, such as leather, and in the use of complex organic chemicals for the moth-proofing of fabrics, furs, &c.

In the electrical field rapid development is taking place in connexion with electric gas and vapour discharge lamps for general lighting, for use in advertising signs, and for producing ultra-violet radiations for therapeutic purposes and for the treatment of food. In connexion with talking-picture apparatus, improvements are being made in photo-electric cells of the electric-discharge type, and there is a marked increase in applications relating to the construction of thermionic valves for radio and other uses. Compared with 1927 and 1928 there has been an increase of nearly 30 per cent. in applications concerned with circuits for wireless signalling, and a similar increase in connexion with television and copying telegraphs.

The reduction in shop hours and the increasing use of packeted articles probably account for the continued interest shown in coin-freed vending machines, one noteworthy feature being the development of apparatus with a single coin-release mechanism allowing a selection to be made from a number of different vendible articles.

The substantial increase in applications for patents in recent years was continued in 1929, during which the record number of 39,898 applications was received. This total exceeds by 1,342 the number received in 1928. The receipts from patents fees were £478,661, from designs fees £11,759, and from trade marks fees £44,975, as compared with £447,505, £11,356, and £50,419 respectively for 1928. The total receipts were £578,206, as compared with £544,740 in 1928, an increase of £33,466. On the expenditure side salaries amounted to £276,871, as against £259,817 in 1928. The surplus of receipts over expenditure was £157,005.

Nearly 60 delegates of the National Shopworkers Council of the National Union of Railwaymen, representing 50,000 railway shopmen, held a conference in London on Saturday, when the points discussed included one week's holiday with pay, consolidation of War wage 16s. 6d., review of piece work prices to meet consolidated bonus, guaranteed day and week, and a suggestion that the minimum wage should be 55s. per week. These propositions were carried, and were adopted as the future policy to be recommended to the N.U.R.

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9.0×7.6	£5.17.6	15.0×10.6	£13.12.6
10.6×7.6	£6.17.6	16.6×10.6	£14.19.6
12.0×7.6	£7.17.6	12.0×12.0	£12.10.0
9.0×9.0	£6.19.6	13.6×12,0	£13.19.6
10.6×9.0	£8. 2.6	15.0×12.0	£15.10.0
12.0×9.0	£9. 5.0	16.6×12.0	£17.10.0
13.6×9.0	£10.10.0	15.0×13.6	£18.10.0
15.0×9.0	£11.12.6	16.6×13.6	£19.10.0
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Political Speeches

MR. CHURCHILL AND TRADE RECOVERY

IMPOSSIBLE UNDER "BLIGHT" OF SOCIALISM

Mr. Winston Churchill addressed an Empire Day Demonstration in Badminton Park on Saturday evening. The Duke of Beaufort presided.

Mr. CHURCHILL said that he was thankful, looking back, that the Conservative Party at the last election did not go to the country telling the lie that they could cure unemployment and parading a lot of crazy schemes to delude the people. Mr. Lloyd George had made the wildest promises in the hopes of winning votes. He had promised to reduce unemployment to normal, that was to say, to 600,000 or 700,000, within a year without adding anything to the rates and taxes. The shamelessness of that promise was the measure of his hunger for power. Anyone could see where we should have been to-day with this world-wide slump in prices and trade depression.

The Socialist Party had promised anything they could to the electors, not only a cure for unemployment, but some splendid new world where all the work did itself, and every one was fully employed doing nothing at trade union rates, and all the taxes would be paid by the idle rich; and no one would need to do anything except go about and kiss all the foreigners he met, and in a spirit of true comradeship hand over to them any possessions England might still have left. Wonderful hopes were centred in the new Labour Government and all the newspapers cheered them as loudly as they possibly could. But what had happened?

ECONOMIC BLIZZARD

A very grim thing had happened: the Socialist Government had run straight into the worst economic blizzard on record in time of peace. Under the storm they had crumpled completely. Although they had been loyally supported by our strong and competent Civil Service, they had failed in such a manner as to show complete incapacity, not only to cure unemployment, but even to face the problem in a manly and mentally vigorous manner. Their collapse was pitiful. But when we remembered all their boastings and all their promises and all the harsh and untruthful things they said about their predecessors, one could not find much sympathy to waste on them. They had asked for it and they had got it. They had made their bed and they should lie on it.

They had now been struck a mortal blow by the resignation of Sir Oswald Mosley. Although they might linger on for a considerable time, their reputation and prestige were fatally injured. They knew little; they had promised everything, they did nothing. Never was a Government so bankrupt in ideas, so feeble in directive energy, hopeless in the presence of emergency.

There was an astonishing passage in the official account of the recent meeting of the Labour Party to discuss Sir Oswald Mosley's vote of censure upon the Government from which he had resigned. The meeting, it seemed, was rallied by the promise that the Prime Minister, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, would himself give his attention to the problem of unemployment. Hitherto he had been too busy giving away our Navy, or trying to clear out of Egypt, or letting India get into a ferment, to pay attention to such a petty, sordid, local matter as unemployment! Meanwhile, it had unhappily grown up 600,000 since the Socialist Government came into power. So now he was going to look into it himself to see if he could not put it right. It was difficult to find a parallel for such an abject confession of failure and neglect.

BUDGET ATTACK ON CAPITAL

There could be no real recovery in trade and industry while the Socialist Government remained in office. Their mere presence cast a blight upon the economic vitalities of the nation. Mr. Snowden by his Budget attacking capital had aggravated to an extent not fully measured the hard times through which we had to pass. There could be no trade revival without the restoration of confidence in trade and industry. No business man had any confidence in Socialist administration. How could he, considering that the Socialists continually declared it was their intention to destroy the capitalist classes and to take over into their own highly competent hands—as we had seen—all the machinery of production, distribution, and exchange? While that threat overhung the whole commercial, industrial, and agricultural life of Britain, things would not get any better. On the contrary, they would probably get worse. It was all our own fault. No other victorious country in the world had put a Socialist Government in power.

All the weak and subversive forces, all the defeatist, unpatriotic forces now ruled the roost. The spirit of the British race which had come undaunted through measureless perils was now more broken-hearted than it had ever been seen before.

We had only to look at other great civilized nations to see how different their spirit was from ours. They stood up for their rights, they were not afraid when what they thought were unjust demands were made upon them to say "No." Far weaker countries than Britain defended their national rights with obstinacy and vigour. Did they suffer for it? No; on the contrary they were respected and even got their way. We alone among nations appeared feebly and miserably afraid to call our souls our own. If any ragged gang of subversives in any quarter of the Empire shook their fists at us, instantly the cry arose that we had got to clear out, we had got to apologize for ever having been there, even if we had rescued them from barbarism and anarchy.

Just let them look at what Mr. Lansbury said on Monday night in the House of Commons! He said that no one wanted to do manual work and that he had run away from it at the first chance he had, and he would never go back to it if he could help it! What a doctrine for a Minister of the Crown to preach. Did they wonder there was unemployment and bad trade and lack of confidence and enterprise when a Cabinet Minister boasted himself a miserable workshy? On the principles which Mr. Lansbury inculcated, we should cease not only to be a great power, we should cease even to have a civilized society. What an insult to the working men in this country, who, taking them all round, were the best and most faithful, and the most skilful workers in the world, who were proud of their work or of their craft! You would never cure unemployment or even reduce it while such a spirit prevailed. On the contrary, it would get worse and worse; it would feed on the evils it created until every resource and energy of the nation was dried up or squandered.

AN INFERIOR NAVY

What was Mr. Ramsay MacDonald doing with our Navy? That was what we wanted to know. What were those compacts into which he was leading us, what were those handcuffs he wished to slip upon our wrists? Apparently we were not even to have equality with the United States. We were to bind ourselves to have a Navy definitely inferior to theirs, we were to be Number Two. We, who lived by the sea, who, if we lost our position on the sea, sank immediately to a fifth-rate Power, were to bind ourselves by treaty permanently to an inferior position. Why should we do this? Why could not we say to our friends in the United States: "Build whatever fleet you like and let us build what we think we need." Why should there not be a declaration of independence for both countries? Why should we have this artificially fomented rivalry between two countries who were never going to war with one another—each trying to tie each other down and interfere in each other's affairs? Why could not we both act in an economic, sober, and neighbourly spirit and each enjoy our own freedom? He would tell them why we could not do it—because it was the policy of the Socialist Party to beat the life and spirit out of this country and make Old England bow her head in the dust as a preliminary to their pillage of our resources.

Concluding, Mr. Churchill said:—"I expect you thought I was coming down here to offer all sorts of bribes and promises. We offer no bribes and we make no promises. The nation has its destiny in its own hands. It may, if it pleases, cast away in a single generation all that has been gathered in 400 years. But let us each and all make sure that no part of that shame falls on any one of us. Let English men and women in a high or a humble position, in their public duty or their private life, act and strive for the strength of Britain and the cohesion of her Empire!"

LORD HAILSHAM ON LABOUR POLICY

BETRAYAL OF EMPIRE SUGAR GROWERS

LORD HAILSHAM, speaking at a Unionist demonstration at Bradford on Saturday, said that no Government in history had made so many mistakes in such a short time as the Socialist Government under which we were living to-day. So far as our Navy was concerned it had swept away our belligerent rights in case of war. At a time when membership of the Empire should be regarded as one of the most precious privileges of every component part of it, and when all over the world peoples were drawing closer together, the time of the Imperial Conference was to be spent in discussing whether the different parts of the Empire were entitled to break away from it.

In regard to the Crown Colonies there was the treatment of the sugar-growing Colonies. In face of the report of Lord Olivier's Commission, the Government, because they said a tariff was contrary to their principles, could not do anything. He did not think that since the days of Pontius Pilate there had been such a disclaimer of responsibility.

On unemployment the Government's record was bad. Whereas the figure was dropping when the Conservatives left office, it had, under the present Government, increased at the rate of one a minute. The Conservative Party had a constructive and positive policy. It was not an immediate solution for unemployment, for it would take years to undo the mischief done during the past 12 months, but it would help all classes, and first came the great help to industry of safeguarding. As to food taxes, Conservative leaders still thought that it was not fair to ask the people of this country to vote on the issue of food taxes without knowing what they were going to get in exchange. All they asked was a free hand to negotiate with all our other Dominions on the terms that before any bargain was struck which involved food taxation the electorate should say whether that bargain was a profitable one for themselves or not.

THE GOVERNMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT

MR. LANSBURY'S DEFENCE

Mr. Lansbury, First Commissioner of Works, speaking at Willesden on Saturday, referred to the unemployment question and the resignation of Sir Oswald Mosley. He said that a great deal of fuss was being made because Sir Oswald Mosley had felt he could serve the party better outside the Government than within it. They might disagree with him, but if that was what he felt like he had followed his own convictions, and every honourable man must do that. There was no division between Sir Oswald Mosley and the rest of the Government on the question of Socialism. The only disagreement—and that was a disagreement which he was quite sure was in process of being justified—was exactly as to how they should deal in a comprehensive manner with the social evils of our time.

"But you cannot employ Socialist remedies," Mr. Lansbury continued, "until you have a Socialist majority in the House of Commons. No one thought when we had a General Election that the bottom would fall out of international trade and America would be faced with four million or more unemployed. The development of the slump in trade and business has created a new set of conditions. Whatever policy has been carried out let it be remembered that it was a policy not of one man but of the Government as a whole, and the fact that Mr. Ramsay MacDonald is now presiding over a committee to see what further things can be done is not a proof that we have not done our best. It is only a proof that one more mind has been applied to the subject and will probably help us over some of the difficulties we have not been able to overcome up to the present. Let it be remembered that over £100,000,000 has been granted and can be applied to-work to-morrow, but the major part of the money could not be spent because there are 40 different Bills in the House of Commons to enable that money to be spent. It is not our fault that there has to be all this legislation, red tape, and circumlocution. It is machinery of Government not created by us but which we have inherited."

They could not go on adding 20,000 or 30,000 people to the unemployed roll week after week and deal with such a condition of things in an ordinary manner. The Prime Minister, the Cabinet, and the Committee of which he (Mr. MacDonald) was now chairman was really tackling the problem, and tackling it from the point of view of a very tremendous problem which could only be settled by very big action indeed. Mr. Lansbury said that they could not expect the Government to deal effectually with a world-wide problem such as unemployment in less than a year. The Government had done well in a hundred and one directions, in spite of the fact that the machinery of Government was very slow in working.

NEW WAY IN INDUSTRY

"THE TIMES" ARTICLES REPRINTED

So many requests have been made that the series of articles published recently in *The Times* on "The New Way in Industry," in which the process of rationalization was analysed and explained, should be collected in a form easy for reference that it has been decided to publish a pamphlet containing the six articles, together with the two leading articles that accompanied them.

The date of publication is Thursday, May 29, and the price 6d. (post free 7d.). Copies may be obtained by order through booksellers, bookstalls, or newsagents, or direct from The Publisher, *The Times* Office. They will be obtainable also in quantities, the rates being:—Fifty copies, £1; 100 copies, £2; 250 copies, £4 10s.; 500 copies, £8; 1,000 copies, £15 (carriage paid).

COLEG HARLECH

PROGRESS IN ADULT EDUCATION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CARDIFF, MAY 24.

Encouraging reports on the activities of Coleg Harlech, the only residential college in Wales devoted to adult education, were given at a conference, held at University College, Cardiff, to-day, of authorities and societies with whose work the college has been brought into relation since it was opened three years ago. PRINCIPAL J. F. REES, of the Cardiff University College, presided.

The CHAIRMAN said that Coleg Harlech had been increasing its facilities each year, and they were anxious that still greater use should be made of it both by local authorities and societies sending selected students there and by holding conferences at the college.

The WARDEN (Mr. B. B. Thomas) said the students were drawn from the ranks of Welsh miners, quarrymen, tinplate and steel workers, workers in agriculture, &c., and, in addition to providing a basis for individual culture, the tuition given was designed to equip men to discharge the increasingly complicated duties of local government and trade union work. They also arranged summer schools for students drawn from adult education classes, and provided a meeting-ground for the numerous agencies interested in the adult education movement in Wales.

Mr. D. J. JONES, one of the resident tutors, said some of the work done by colliers and quarrymen students would do credit to third year students at the universities.

Dr. THOMAS JONES (chairman of the Council of Management) said that they proposed to increase the accommodation next winter so as to provide for 30 full-time students, and a fourth tutor had been appointed. Their income last year amounted to £4,490, leaving a balance of £400 over expenditure.

Dr. DELISLE BURNS, Lecturer in Citizenship in Glasgow University, gave an address on "The Fine Arts in Adult Education" and a discussion followed.

MAGISTRATE AND SHOP TOUT

At Marlborough-street Police Court on Friday, ISRAEL HIMELFARB, costumier's assistant, was convicted of touting in Berwick-street, W. Six previous convictions were put in, and Mr. Mead started to announce that the defendant would be bound over to keep the peace, when Mr. Laurence Vine, for the defendant objected, saying that the defendant did not agree to be bound over or find any surety. Mr. MEAD said that was the sentence: "Bound over in £5 to keep the peace and to be of good behaviour for six months, surety £12; in default 21 days. Mr. Vine submitted that the magistrate had no power to impose that penalty. The maximum penalty under the Highways Act, Section 72, was 40s. If the defendant refused to be bound over the maximum penalty the magistrate could impose was 40s. Counsel asked the magistrate to fix the surety for an appeal on the point raised. Mr. MEAD agreed, and the defendant consented to the binding over pending appeal.

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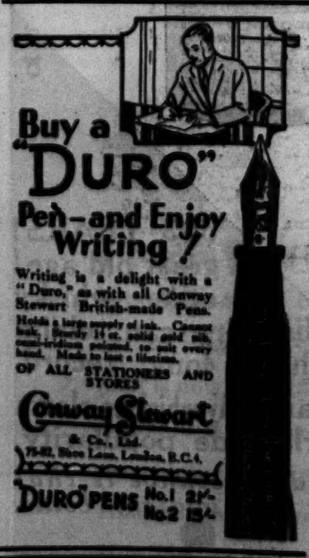

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Letters to the Editor

CLEARING THE SLUMS

HOUSING SCHEMES IN HOLLAND

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Thanks to the good offices of the Burgomaster of Amsterdam, I was enabled a few days ago to inspect the municipal housing schemes both at Amsterdam and at The Hague, and I think it may be of some interest at this particular juncture to call attention to the manner in which those municipalities are facing the problem of slum clearance and rehousing.

In the first place their difficulties are very similar to our own. Both at Amsterdam and The Hague there is an increased and increasing population to be housed. There are slums and overcrowding in the centre and there are very poor with large families and "undesirables" to be dispossessed whom the public conscience cannot allow to be turned merely into the street when their homes are demolished.

It is only with these latter classes that I am now concerned, though a tribute in passing must be paid to the structural excellence and the architectural beauty of the streets and small houses of the cities in question. Internally also the planning of the new houses is good, though the actual disposition of the house-space differs in some important respects from that which we adopt in this country. In each city there are large settlements where the tenants are divided into classes and move from conditions of more to less supervision as they show themselves worthy, and ultimately can be transferred to the regular housing schemes of the municipality.

At Amsterdam the poorest are lodged in a street some distance away, while at The Hague the supervized classes are contiguous. At The Hague the poorest and roughest live in a set of short one-storeyed *cul-de-sacs* planned fan-wise which can only be approached through one entry. At the handle of the fan is the control house. Behind the supervisor's room is a series of bathrooms for men and for women and washhouses, and a conference hall which is used for lectures and concerts, as well as for religious services by Protestants, Catholics and Jews. All tenants must be in by 10 p.m. All tenants must have a bath at least once a fortnight. Before admission all tenants must have given proof of their inability to pay economic rents, and have further submitted to drastic disinfection both of themselves and their furniture. At Amsterdam, but not at The Hague, a small sum is given to each newcomer to buy new furniture. The rental asked is low, representing that indefinite amount loosely described "as that which the poorest can be expected to pay," and, if sufficient excuse is offered, is in many cases not paid at all.

In this way no one who will submit to the necessary conditions need be turned into the street, and it is up to the Medical Officers of Health to see that any who refuse the opportunity do not add to the overcrowding and dirt in houses in other parts of the cities concerned. Further, this provision of house-room is a salve to the public conscience, and, although admittedly costly in itself, yet the deficiency in income is more than counterbalanced by the raised social standards of the tenants and by the higher rentals that are quite fairly charged to the tenants of the main housing schemes.

In this country (England) it is generally admitted by those who are cognizant of the facts that the great majority of the actual tenants under the various subsidized Housing Acts could and should pay a higher rent than that which is actually demanded of them. The tenants in possession have in fact secured their houses under too favourable terms, thanks to the outcry against rentals which the poor cannot afford to pay, the ultimate result being a real unfairness both to themselves and to the class to which they belong, in that they themselves are financially tied to one locality while municipalities and private individuals alike are discouraged from building to meet new demands in new districts until the overcrowding of the pre-existing houses has become an open scandal.

Now, Sir, might not these evils be alleviated without further cost to the State if an experiment on the lines of Amsterdam and The Hague were adopted in London and in other cities? It seems to me that the present Government, which is in a position to secure a larger majority for any sensible measure than any Government that has preceded it or is likely to succeed it, might fairly be invited to give special encouragement to the initiation of an experiment of this kind in its Slum Clearance Bill. I suggest, then, that authorities contemplating the demolition of slums should, singly or in combination, be allowed to arrange settlements under trained supervision (preferably by a trained lady manager) where rents should be such as the dispossessed poor might reasonably be expected to pay, it being understood that a make-weight to counterbalance the cost would be forthcoming from a higher rent chargeable on all new tenants under subsidized schemes, whether those schemes are either contemplated or already in being.

Believe me, &c.,
GEORGE DUCKWORTH.
29, Abingdon-street, Westminster, S.W.1, May 23.

DISCRETION IN DIVORCE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In a recent case reported in *The Times* of the 20th inst. the President of the appropriate Court once more exhaustively explained that where both parties are guilty the interests of the community deny an absolute right to divorce, but reserves to the trial Judge a discretionary power to grant this relief.

Now by consideration of legal history and decisions the President properly concludes that it is not discreet to set the parties free to marry again if the petitioner has behaved rather worse than the respondent. It is then discreet and in the interests of the community to prevent either of the guilty parties marrying their paramours, whom, as is assumed for the present purpose, they design to marry. It is therefore inferentially laid down that the community prefers both parties to continue the relations which it so much condemns. At any rate, it will not aid their ending.

But the inference may not be correct. Indeed, the inference is plainly wrong. There has been a mistake in the procedure! The mistake can be remedied. Let the respondent, if she so desires, become the petitioner in a new proceeding. Her conduct is less reprehensible than her husband's. Indeed, his may have conduced to hers. In these circumstances it is evidently "discreet," according to legal history and decisions, to grant her petition.

So it is not a matter of principle after all. It remains, however, a matter of judicial "discretion," and I trust that I have explained the wonders of its working.

Yours faithfully,
QUAESTOR.

CALIBAN IN THE PARKS

On May 20 gangs of men arrived in Regent's Park. Stakes are now fixed, a hut erected, and preparations are complete for the vulgar desecration of a charming little glade near the Broad Walk. Cannot the authorities be content with their buried trees, devastated islands, and hideous pools?—Mr. EDWARD RAW, 23, Chester-terrace, Regent's Park, N.W.1.

THE POLICE IN INDIA

TRIBUTES TO LOYALTY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The article in your issue of May 21 on the Indian Police will have been welcomed by many, who feel that the magnificent loyalty and devotion to duty of that Force have not received the attention which they deserve. Your Correspondent of necessity generalizes, whereas conditions vary in different provinces. I should like, therefore, to point out that in Madras Presidency the constabulary are to a very great extent natives of the district in which they serve, and are consequently under the direct influence of their relations and of local opinion. The aloofness which your Correspondent describes does not, therefore, apply to them. This has not, however, affected their loyalty.

The Indian Police are indeed (as your headline puts it) "well-tried servants," and they have been severely tested by the licence allowed in some provinces to defiance of the laws, and to public seditious meetings and processions, as well as to seditious Press propaganda. It must have been exceedingly difficult for the lower ranks to understand the policy behind this inaction, which, as your Bombay Correspondent states to-day, has led to a serious increase of ordinary crime in Gujarat, and doubtless elsewhere—a sequel which a police officer of any experience would have anticipated.

I trust that, when the present crisis is over, and while it retains the power to do so, the Government of India will demonstrate its appreciation of the services of the police by ordering a substantial rise in the pay of all ranks, from inspector downwards, and will see that, in case of refusal on the part of the Legislative Council of the province, the Governor certifies the expenditure.

Your obedient servant,
FRANK ARMITAGE, Indian Police (Madras), Retired.
Kildoward, Whitchurch, Ross, May 23.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Many of your readers after studying your recent article on "Public Order in India" must have been puzzled by the apparent lack of consideration with which the Indian police are treated by those in authority in India. In view of the heavy demands made upon them, it seems both unjust and impolitic.

Sir Reginald Craddock's letter to-day throws a good deal of light on the subject, but it is so carefully worded that most untravelled Englishmen will probably not realize that this unfortunate state of affairs is not attributable to British negligence but to the Indianization of the Legislative Councils. The motives of those Indians who vote against better conditions of service and better equipment for their police are not far to seek. Equality of opportunity for Indians, both as regards legislative office and employment in the public services, is fair and just—but only where parity of efficiency and integrity is reached.

Your obedient servant,
E. P. JONES,
Paymaster Captain, R.N. (retired).
Yew Arch, Dallington, Sussex, May 23.

LUTTRELL PSALTER AND BEDFORD HOURS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Three months ago you published an appeal from the Trustees of the British Museum for contributions to assist them to retain for this country those two incomparable historical monuments, the Luttrell Psalter and the Bedford Hours. It is time to report what has been effected by that appeal, and what remains to be done if these precious volumes are to be saved.

Over 600 persons have responded to the appeal, with sums ranging from 1s. to £1,000, besides those whose contributions have been dropped into the collecting box in the Museum. The total amount received or promised (in some cases conditionally on the whole amount being secured) is about £42,000. There is still, therefore, nearly £23,000 to raise, and only two months remain of the time generously allowed by Mr. Pierpont Morgan. If this sum is not received before July 30, the great volume executed in England for the brother of Henry V., with its portrait gallery of Englishmen of the year of Agincourt, will pass finally and irrevocably to America.

The interest of the general public has been shown by many letters, by attendances at lectures in various parts of the kingdom, and by many contributions of small amounts. We need now the help of a few generous and public-spirited individuals who can think and act in thousands and who can thus give effect to the hopes and aspirations of those who, no less generously in proportion to their means, have contributed their pounds and shillings. Subscriptions should be sent to the Director, British Museum, W.C.1.

Your obedient servant,
FREDERIC G. KENYON.

PLAYING FIELDS BILL

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As one who supported the Bill to exempt playing fields from rates and who spoke on behalf of it for my Liberal colleagues on the Standing Committee which considered it, I wish to endorse the protest in your columns to-day of Sir Arthur Steel-Maitland against the attitude adopted by the Minister of Health in this debate. Both the Conservative and Liberal supporters of the Bill offered to have amendments introduced which would have obviated the possibility of rich "proprietary" clubs, polo clubs, and golf clubs "being derated as the Minister feared. These would have satisfied many of the Labour members, who, like myself, are no friends of the De-Rating Act, if the Minister had not chosen to rally a party vote on the ground that the Bill meant "a little more money for the landlord" and to carry his point in the division.

Yours, &c.,
FRANK OWEN.
House of Commons, May 24.

ASSESSING MENTAL FITNESS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I have just seen Professor Greenwood's letter in *The Times* of Tuesday on "Assessing Mental Fitness." It appears to me to be a plea to the medical faculties to give greater appreciation than they have heretofore thought necessary to psychological medicine. I have not the right to intervene in the discussion, except, as an industrialist, to pay testimony to the extraordinary help that I have received from a specialist in this subject.

Industrial life depends not only on technical processes, but on the capacity to select individuals to operate and control those processes. The business man, as a result of his experience, is usually capable of selecting people with the correct technical capacity for the work that has to be done, but has nothing to guide him in diagnosing whether the nervous temperament of the individual is such as will enable him to work in certain mental atmospheres and to get the best out of those he controls.

It is here that the expert in psychological medicine, who has gone to the trouble of acquainting himself fully with industrial conditions, can render immense service. He can prevent many square pegs going into round holes, and so, I believe, make a real contribution not only to the happiness of people working in industry, but to the avoidance of that personal friction which so often makes the best-laid schemes go wrong. There must be many men in industrial life competent to testify to the help that they have received from this new aspect of industrial medicine.

Yours faithfully,
F. J. MARQUIS
Eastfield, Mossley Hill, Liverpool, May 22.

Points from Letters

MR. SNOWDEN'S TWO VOICES

As an apologist for Mr. Snowden, Sir Frederick Van der Meulen side-tracks the issue upon which I criticized Mr. Snowden and raises an entirely new one. He says that England is dependent upon "foreign" countries for its food supplies and raw materials. Apparently he entirely overlooks the Empire's resources. The more manufactured goods we produce, the lower will be our cost of production and, therefore, the better our opportunity of competing in export markets where we still have openings. But while we continue to import over £300,000,000 worth of manufactured goods into this country annually, we are reducing our chance of competing successfully in those markets, because by reducing our output we increase our costs. Moreover, we have to find the money to pay for these imported manufactured goods, since the countries from which we buy them do not take our manufactured goods, equally, in return.—Mr. R. PURBRICK, M.P., Liverpool (Walton Division), 43, Green-street, Park-lane, W.1.

DOGS ON MAIN ROADS

Although I am a dog-breeder and not a motorist, may I draw attention to the serious menace to human life the ordinary dog has become—*i.e.*, the dog not on the lead? All dogs should be led on main roads. In our small district there have been two serious accidents within 24 hours, one to a cyclist, who, I understand, is since dead; the other to a careful motor-cyclist. Both these accidents were due to dogs out of control. Is it too much to ask the authorities to take stringent measures to abate this nuisance?—Mr. J. H. F. BARLOW, St. Kitts, Basingbourne-road, Fleet, Hants.

OSPREYS IN ENGLAND

About five years ago my father was walking in the park of Petworth House, the Sussex residence of Lord Leconfield, when he saw what appeared to him to be a large and strange hawk dive down upon the lake, making a great splash as it struck the water. The same evening he chanced to read a description of the osprey and its habits, which convinced him that it was an osprey that he had seen. I heard him tell the story afterwards to more than one bird-lover who confirmed his conviction. In the edition of "British Birds in their Haunts," by the Rev. C. A. Johns, revised by J. A. Owen and published by Routledge in 1909, it is stated that the osprey "is known in Sussex and Hampshire as the mullet hawk, because of its liking for that fish."—The REV. GUY BEECH, Rector of Turvey, Beds.

CROSSING THE BELLS

Can any of your readers give me any information of what appears to me to be an odd custom in this parish, known as "crossing the bells"? When there is a funeral (which usually takes place in the afternoon), at 12 noon our sexton makes his way to the church tower, and goes through the process of striking a few strokes on all the bells in the tower, beginning on the treble to the tenor, on which latter he gives many strokes. When I asked what it meant he could give me no information, except that he was "crossing the bells," a custom which appears to have been from time immemorial in this parish. Is the custom peculiar to Henstridge?—The REV. G. F. C. PEPPIN, Henstridge Vicarage, Blandford, Somerset.

THE GATEWAY OF CANADA

Your correspondent is mistaken regarding the date of the great Victoria Bridge. The Grand Trunk Company was only authorized to build the bridge in 1853 (*vide* cap. 75 of 1853 Statutes), and the company also took a 999 years' lease of the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railway from Portland in Maine to the Canadian frontier near Montreal. In 1856 the company had to borrow £2,000,000 on preferential bonds (see cap. 111 of 1856 Statutes), and of this £800,000 had to be devoted to the completion of the Victoria Bridge. The preferential bondholders took priority of claim over the first lien on the earnings of the company, which first lien had been held by the Province of Canada. That prior claim on the earnings is to-day held by the Perpetual First Preference Stockholders, who are now petitioning the Canadian Parliament for redress. The claim on the earnings of the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railway seems to concern the Public Utilities Commission of the State of Maine.—Mr. R. C. HAWKIN, 2, Harcourt-buildings, Temple, E.C.

MADAME TUSSAUD'S

On paying a recent visit to Madame Tussaud's I was surprised to find that although women are represented in the groups devoted to politics, the stage, and sport, in the literary group they are conspicuous by their absence. This is all the more remarkable since it is in literature, rather than in any other form of art, that women have attained the front rank. There is a "speaking likeness" of Thomas Hardy, but may we not also see Emily Brontë and her sister Charlotte? George Eliot, too, is deserving of a place, and there can be no doubt that Sir Walter Scott would accord a warm welcome to Jane Austen, for whose work he had such intense admiration.—Miss DORA WHATTAM, 23, Edgwarebury-lane, Edgware.

REYNOLDS AND ROMNEY

A letter exists written about my great-great-grandmother's portrait in which the writer says:—"We have found a promising young artist called Reynolds, who will paint the portrait for the sum of £20." Sir Joshua being 11 years older than Romney, the latter was probably not a promising young artist at that date. The colours of the portrait have faded very much, and I remember my mother said that was considered typical of a Sir Joshua. This was some 60 years ago.—EVELYN CORYTON, Fursdown, Plympton, S. Devon.

PARTY TITLES

In his speech at the opening of the new landing-stage at Tilbury, Mr. MacDonald referred to his Government as the Labour Government. Why does he shrink from calling it the Socialist Government? As a Socialist himself, does he think it safe to claim the representation of a mere class instead of a party, which may, and probably does, contain members of all classes?—Mr. A. P. CROUCH, Bradford-on-Avon.

A MOORHEN'S NURSERY

A week ago seven moorhen chicks were hatched in a nest built on the branch of a yew tree which overhangs the water of a miniature lake, about 100 yards from the house. I have watched the mother bird brooding her babies every evening in the yew tree nest. Her "day nursery," consisting of a few twisted reed stems, is near the opposite bank. On Friday afternoon I was astonished to find the nest under the yew tree decorated all round with the largest sprays of the forget-me-nots which are now clothing one of the slopes leading down to the lake. It would be interesting to learn if a moorhen's nest was ever more beautifully adorned.—Miss RICHENDA BLAND, Inglethorpe Manor, Wisbech.

"PET MARJORIE"

As a Scotsman and an admirer of Sir Walter, I would like to express appreciation of the leading article on "Pet Marjorie" in *The Times* of May 22. It is a charming and sympathetic study of this extraordinary little person who died a child, and the concluding tribute to her is as appropriate as it is beautiful.—Mr. JAMES DUNDAS WHITE, Reform Club.

MR. GLADSTONE AT ST. PAUL'S

One further fact, if I may yet announce it, makes strongly for the accuracy of Mrs. Drew. May 22, 1884, the day of Mr. Gladstone's visit to the Cathedral, as entered in her Diary, was, as the Diary records, a Thursday, not a Sunday; and no scrap of evidence has been adduced, in your columns, by Dr. Sanford Terry or by anyone else to show that before May 22, 1884, Mr. Gladstone ever worshipped in St. Paul's on a weekday morning at 12 o'clock in a choral service of Holy Communion. Mrs. Drew says that he never did. I have no right to intrude in this delicate and intimate matter, but may we not respectfully leave it at that?—REV. HUBERT HANDLEY, Golders Green, N.W.

UGLINESS

As a youth I read Scott, Dickens, Charles Reade, and the great Victorians. Then for 40 years, little besides archaeology, travel, or art. Now at 65, with more time and less health, I resume fiction. I find fine writing and descriptive power, but the stage is crowded, as it seems to me, with blackguards, blacklegs, and erotic maniacs. Where are the Ivanhoes, Pickwicks, and Gerards of Scott, Dickens, and Reade; the fine natures of Victorian literature? It is not the painters and sculptors only who are giving us "wrong muscles and ugly faces." The writers are helping. Our boys and girls, as they read, never smile—they only scowl.—Mr. H. S. COWPER, High House, Hawkshead.

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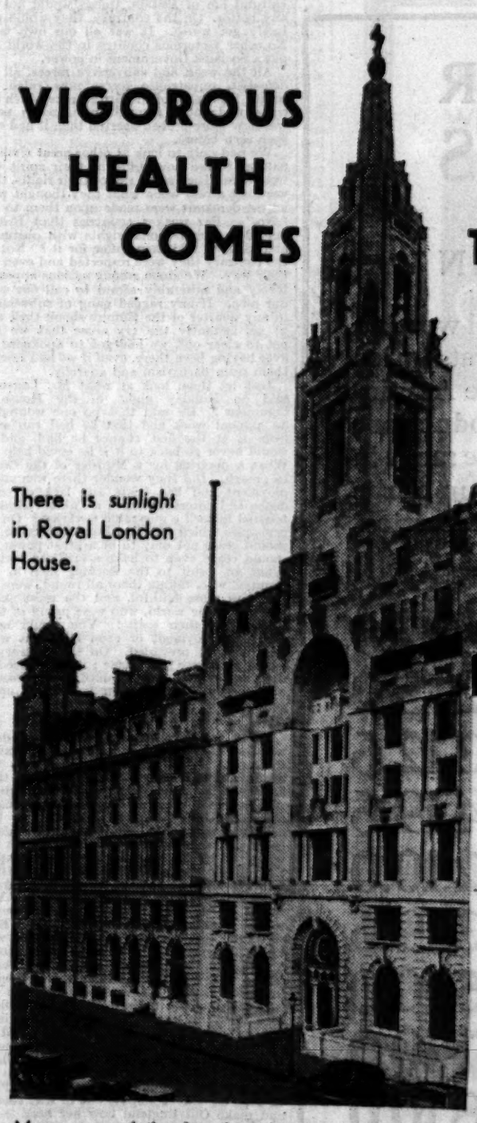

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THE NOTTINGHAM CONTEST

FINAL MESSAGES TO ELECTORS

THE SAFEGUARDING ISSUE

Candidates { Mr. T. J. O'Connor, K.C. (U.)
Captain R. Berkeley (L.).
Mr. A. E. Waterson (Lab.).

Polling, To-morrow; declaration, Wednesday.

LAST ELECTION :—

Mr. A. J. Bennett (U.)	.. ..	14,571
Mrs. E. Barton (Lab.)	.. ..	11,573
Mr. L. Brampton (L.)	.. ..	8,738
Unionist majority	.. ..	2,998

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

NOTTINGHAM, MAY 25

Impartial observers of the Central Nottingham by-election campaign consider that at the end of the second week of the contest Mr. O'Connor is in a stronger position than when he entered the fight. The Liberal and Labour candidates are handicapped by having to face safeguarding as a practical issue in a constituency where belief in the value of a tariff is based not on political dogma but on five years' experience of the protection of an important local industry.

It can be said for Captain Berkeley that, so far as the circumstances will allow, he has presented a case against the retention of the lace duties, and if his deductions are disputed his figures, selected to suit his arguments, have been accurate. The Socialists, on the other hand, have unsuccessfully sought relief by repeated assertions that safeguarding is not the relevant issue of the election, and Mr. Waterson, when he has been compelled to deal with the subject, has revealed complete inability to grapple with the statistics of the lace industry.

There will be surprise if Mr. O'Connor does not hold the seat, but the Conservative organizers are anxious that confidence shall not lead to slackness on polling day. Many thousands of electors have died or removed since the present register was compiled, and party strengths cannot easily be estimated. There has also been an attempt in one quarter to deflect support from Mr. O'Connor because he follows Mr. Baldwin rather than Lord Beaverbrook on the question of a Referendum on food taxes. For these reasons it is hoped that every Conservative and every worker who is opposed to the unrestricted importation of foreign lace into the country will play a part in piling up a majority which may persuade the Government, if not Mr. Snowden, that there should at least be an inquiry such as the deputation asked for last week before the present duties are allowed to lapse.

A DEFEAT FOR MR. WATERSON

Mr. Waterson yesterday had an unexpected indication of the attitude of the lace operatives to the safeguarding of their trade. The management of a large hotel in the division had given facilities for each of the three candidates to meet and address the staff of the establishment. Mr. Waterson commended the Labour cause and himself in a speech charged with sentiment rather than facts. When he finished, a chambermaid asked him for his views on the lace duties. He answered with a claim that the tariff had been of no service to the industry and made the assertion that since the duties were imposed there had been a decrease of 3,000 in the number of operatives employed. The actual decline, according to the latest available figures is 55. The girl told the Labour candidate that he did not understand the position and that coming from a home where the family were employed in a lace factory she could assure him that the industry had benefited substantially. Mr. Waterson then submitted that safeguarding might have benefited the employers, but the workers had not gained anything. Here again he was met with a reply that there had been better employment and more money in the case of the girl's relatives. He was further informed that the operatives were anxious that the duties should be continued and eventually he had to admit defeat, with an appeal that if he and his questioner could not agree they could at least be friends.

MR. O'CONNOR'S APPEAL

Mr. O'Connor, in a final message to the electors, states that at this election they will help to decide the fate of safeguarding in this country. "Over 365,000 men and women," he observes, "earn a living in safeguarded industries. They are all threatened with unemployment if the safeguarding duties are removed. If every man and woman who has a vote will vote solidly for the Conservative party, which is the only safeguarding party, the Government will hardly dare to take away these duties, and we shall be encouraged in our fight to safeguard other industries before it is too late to save them. Under safeguarding we can make at home, under good conditions, as to wages and hours and surroundings, many articles which we are at present buying from abroad. By this means, we can give work to many who are unemployed, and we can prevent many others from losing their jobs. By voting Conservative you will be striking a blow against Government extravagance, high taxation, and increasing unemployment. You will be helping to develop the Empire by telling our Dominions that this country intends to prefer home and Empire goods to foreign goods. Workers all over the country are watching Central Nottingham very anxiously. You will make history when you vote on Tuesday, May 27. Every man and woman who has a vote should use it. By voting Conservative and giving the policies of safeguarding, economy and Empire your support, you will be sending out a message of hope which will gladden the workers of our country and of our Empire."

Captain Berkeley was suffering yesterday from voice strain caused by a strenuous effort at an open-air meeting to make himself heard above the singing of a band of children who appeared to be young supporters of his Labour opponent. He is calling attention to the fact that the result of the by-election will be announced two or three hours before Mr. MacDonald speaks in the House of Commons on Wednesday on unemployment. If the policy which he has advocated of treating unemployment as a national emergency receives the support of the electors he considers it will be impossible for the Prime Minister to disregard the wishes of the people, and that he must appeal to the House as a whole to come to his assistance.

CORONER IN MOTOR-CAR COLLISION

FINES FOR DRUNKENNESS AND DANGEROUS DRIVING

At the High Wycombe Borough Petty Sessions on Saturday Mr. ARTHUR EDMUND WEBSTER CHARSLEY, solicitor, of Beaconsfield, coroner for South Bucks, and Clerk to the Justices at Beaconsfield and Burnham, was fined for being drunk in charge of a motor-car and driving to the common danger at High Wycombe. Notice of appeal was given.

It was stated that after covering a few yards with the car he came into collision with a touring car driven by Brigadier-General Hoare-Nairne, and afterwards with a lorry that was following. Mr. Charsley was thrown on to the steering wheel and broke a bone in the nose, cut his lips, and dislodged several teeth, and injured both knees. The police took him to Wycombe War Memorial Hospital, where two surgeons declared that he was under the influence of drink and not in a fit state to drive a car.

Mr. J. N. Emery, for the defence, elicited from Dr. Harwood-Yarred and Dr. Woods Brown that the injuries received might have contributed to Mr. Charsley's condition and dazed him. Neither was prepared to declare that he was drunk before the accident.

Mr. Charsley told the magistrates that after conducting an inquest at High Wycombe he did private business, during which time he had one glass of beer and some bread and cheese. He was waiting for a client from Oxford, who did not turn up, and for over three hours he walked about the town. He sat in his car and read for half an hour and then drove off. The collision was due to an error of judgment. The blow over the heart and the facial and other injuries knocked him out, and he did not remember being examined at the hospital by the doctors. When he realized that he was to be charged he refused to sign the bail sheet.

Dr. Summers, of Windsor Hospital, declared that the accident contributed largely to Mr. Charsley's condition.

For being drunk Mr. Charsley was fined £3 and ordered to pay £2 2s. costs, and for dangerous driving was ordered to pay a fine of £5 and witnesses' costs. His licence was suspended for a year.

ROUND THE SHOPS

A WEDGWOOD EXHIBITION

The season's fashions are keeping many houses busy with orders for Court gowns, dresses for afternoon and evening parties, and also with clothes and millinery for Ascot. Already, too, there is a demand for sea and beach suits, which are in great variety this year.

HARRODS, Brompton-road, are holding a Wedgwood Exhibition, and the entire exhibit from Stoke can be seen from to-day at Harrods in the glass and china section. The Curator of the Wedgwood Museum will be in attendance to describe the many historic pieces which will be on view. Bi-centenary copies of the Portland vase will be on sale at 30 guineas, Harrods having secured six of the first 12. Among the household attractions this week will be demonstrations of the modern automatic refrigerator in the Food Halls by Mrs. Cottington-Taylor, Director of Good Housekeeping Institute.

MARSHALL AND SNELGROVE, Oxford-street, are showing their new race coats and evening wraps. There are coats on slimming lines in romaine and georgette for wear over the long frocks which will be seen at Ascot and other out-of-door events. Many of these are trimmed with matching summer fur and made with Cavalier cape effects or sleeves that form semi-capes; they range in price from 7½ guineas. For the evening there are wraps in varying lengths. A model in black chiffon velvet and gold brocade with a pointed back and a new flowing sleeve, is designed on graceful lines and finished with a fur collar; it costs 13½ guineas.

JAY'S, Regent-street, are very busy with orders for the season, and have new models in patterned chiffon for Ascot. A good deal of blue is being chosen, and there are ankle length dresses in the newest designs. One with a quaint white pattern showing a Chinese influence is on a cornflower blue ground, and another with snowdrops and lily of the valley is on a black ground. A successful dress is in a dull brown with a red acorn pattern. The flowing lines of the new models is at its best in soft chiffons and marquisettes, and frills, kiltings, and intricate sleeves, some of which are three-quarter length, add to this. Hats for Ascot are mostly in baku and crinoline lace, and net, and also in Leghorn, and the new panamalac. Very large brims, some with flowers underneath, are being shown. One hat in natural baku has a wreath of green leaves round the crown, and small marigolds at one side under the brim.

BURBERRY'S, Haymarket, have a selection of the smart Urber silk weatherproofs in pastel shades which make racecourses cheerful on dull days. Some of these have the new cape effects which are so fashionable. For the Derby there are attractive weatherproof coats in Urbitor coatings in smart designs. Camel-hair is being shown for travelling coats, and this can now be had in a shade of hazel brown, which has been got without hardening the wool. It is a soft and useful material for occasions when a warm, light coat is needed.

HARVEY NICHOLS, Knightsbridge, have an exclusive selection of sea suits, beach pyjamas, and accessories of sun, surf, and sea bathing. The fashion for acquiring sun tan is seen in new swimming suits with low backs crossed by shoulder straps held in place with buttons. Bathing outfits in shaded stockinette, consisting of a Canadian swimming suit with a long-sleeved coat and tailored trousers for beach use are among the novelties. *Ensembles* for the beach have a coat and skirt for before and after bathing to be slipped on over a Canadian suit in soft wool; the long-sleeved coat of the suit is lined in the figured material of which the pleated skirt is made, and the whole is completed with a matching sunshade and hand-painted wooden sandals.

HOME AND EMPIRE

CLOSE OF THE UNIONIST CAMPAIGN

The Unionist Home and Empire campaign, which has been in progress for three weeks, ended on Saturday with mass meetings, "rallies," Empire pageants, and concerts throughout the country. A feature of the campaign has been the signing of a pledge to support the Conservative policy of extending safeguarding and Empire trade development. Although the number of signatures obtained will not be known until the complete returns are received, it is anticipated that it will exceed two millions.

Mr. Baldwin has addressed meetings at Sheffield, Reading, London, Middlesbrough, and Nottingham. He will also speak at Bury to-morrow and in Leeds on Saturday. Other Conservative ex-Ministers have also addressed meetings, and several thousands of indoor and outdoor meetings have been held. In nearly every constituency in England and Wales there has been a house-to-house canvass and distribution of literature.

ANGLO-AUSTRIAN TRIBUNAL

JUDGMENT ON REVIVED CLAIM

The Anglo-Austrian Mixed Arbitral Tribunal (Baron D. W. van Heeckeren, President, Mr. Heber Hart, K.C., British Member, and Dr. Gustav Walker, Austrian Member), sitting in London on Friday, heard the claim of Charles Frederick Colman, junior, as executor of the estate of the late Charles Frederick Colman, who carried on business at Manchester under the style of Voss and Delius. Mr. Fletcher Moulton appeared for the creditor, Baron Engerth for the debtor and the Austrian Clearing Office, and Mr. Ivor Macgowan for the British Clearing Office.

Mr. Fletcher Moulton said that the claim was made under Article 248 of the Treaty of Saint Germain-en-Laye for the purchase price of 4,800 bundles of yarn sold by the creditor to Moritz Berl, an Austrian national, in March, 1914. The price was £1,200, f.o.b. Liverpool, less 3 per cent. discount, payment in 60 days. On July 25, 1914, the goods contained in 89 bales, were shipped on board s.s. Larchmore at Liverpool, consigned to the alleged debtor at Galatz, Rumania. The Larchmore sailed from Liverpool, but, on account of the outbreak of war, returned without discharging her cargo. The goods, which were placed in bonded warehouse, were seized as prize on March 31, 1916, and condemned by the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice (in Prize) on July 22, 1919. Messrs. Voss and Delius claimed an interest in the goods as unpaid vendors, but the decision of the Court was that property had passed to the alleged debtors.

In November, 1920, a claim was lodged on behalf of Messrs. Voss and Delius with the Department for the Administration of Austrian Property. Subsequently the Treasury made of his Majesty's bounty a payment of £1,200 4s., and an agreement was entered into between the Treasury solicitor and Messrs. Voss and Delius under which the latter undertook to use their best endeavours to obtain payment from the alleged debtor and to pay to the Treasury solicitor any sums received. However, the late Mr. Colman, misunderstanding the position, withdrew the claim which had been notified to the administrator of Austrian property. Subsequently, in August, 1921, the claim was renotified.

Baron Engerth said it was one of their arguments that in proceedings instituted under Article 248 the withdrawal must be considered as a formal withdrawal of the claim, and that the creditor was debarred from renotifying the claim.

The PRESIDENT said that, in the Tribunal's opinion, the withdrawal took place through a misunderstanding of the position and there was nothing to prevent a renotification.

Mr. Fletcher Moulton submitted that the decision of a Prize Court was a judgment *in rem* and binding on all Courts in all countries. No question of delivery could be raised as the Prize Court decided that the property had passed.

Baron Engerth said that the judgment was binding, but the grounds of the judgment were not. Yarn was not contraband.

Mr. Heber Hart.—Would not these goods be condemned as enemy property which might have been sufficient?

Baron Engerth.—If it were ordinary enemy property and not contraband the proceeds would have been credited to the Austrian Government. Further, the goods were to have been delivered in Rumania, an indication that it was not the intention of the parties that the property was to pass at Liverpool. The purchaser should have been given the name of the ship to enable him to insure. This was not done. The shipowners had not applied to the buyer for freights.

The PRESIDENT, announcing the decision of the Tribunal, said the fact of the condemnation was conclusive. Judgment was accordingly entered in favour of the creditors for £1,164 3s. 11d., together with Treaty interest and £20 for costs.

U.S. "GOLD STAR" MOTHERS

GOVERNMENT RECEPTION

In Westminster Hall at noon yesterday an official reception was held of the 141 members of the Veterans' Association of the 27th Division of the American Expeditionary Force, and of the 157 "Gold Star" mothers, who have come to London for their annual reunion before paying a visit to the battlefields and graves of American soldiers in France and Flanders.

The party were received at Westminster Hall by Lord De La Warr, Under-Secretary for War. Among those present were:—

Lord and Lady Plumer, Sir Herbert Creedy (Permanent Under-Secretary of State for War) and General Sir Walter Braithwaite (Adjutant-General to the Forces), representing the Army Council; Lady De La Warr; General Dawes (the American Ambassador) and Mrs. Dawes, Colonel Thomas (Military Attaché to the American Embassy); Lady Jellicoe, Lady Braithwaite, Lady Creedy; Lord Jellicoe (President of the British Legion), Colonel G. R. Crosfield (Chairman of the Legion), Lady Edward Spencer-Churchill (Chairman of the Women's Section of the Legion), Colonel John Brown (Vice-Chairman of the Legion), Colonel E. C. Heath (General Secretary) and Major Brunel Cohen, M.P. (Treasurer, of the Legion), and ex-Commander Swaffham, of the American Legion.

A string band of the Grenadier Guards was in attendance.

At the reception, LORD DE LA WARR, addressing the party, said he felt it a very great honour and pleasure to be there in order to convey to them the most grateful welcome of his Majesty's Government and his Majesty's Forces. It would, perhaps, be difficult not to comment on the extraordinary appropriateness of both the time and place which had been chosen for this event. They (the party) had come there to commemorate the glory and the tragedies of the greatest war the world had ever known. Many of their young men of both countries had gone to the War with the realization in their minds that it was the War to end war; and to-day they were met together, though not in the same room, yet in the same building in which the King a short time ago received the delegates of the Naval Conference. They were met within a few weeks of the conclusion of the agreements of that Conference, which might well be found in the future to have laid the foundation-stone for ensuring world peace. Throughout the long negotiations of that Conference, the United States and Great Britain stood loyally side by side and shoulder to shoulder, as they had in the Great War—fighting for peace.

LORD JELLICOE referred to the feeling of comradeship with which the British Legion greeted their American comrades who underwent with them the hardships and dangers of the War and shared in the splendid advance to victory which ended the War. To both the veterans and the "Gold Star" mothers he expressed the friendship and sympathy of the British Legion.

LADY EDWARD SPENCER-CHURCHILL, speaking on behalf of the women of the British Legion, expressed their pleasure and pride at meeting them.

After the reception the party went to the Cenotaph and to Westminster Abbey, where they laid a wreath on the tomb of the Unknown Warrior. To-morrow night they will sail for France.

WOOL TEXTILE DISPUTE

UNIONS' VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN EXECUTIVE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRADFORD, MAY 25

The equivalent of a vote of confidence in the executive of the National Association of Unions in the Textile Trade was passed at a meeting of the association yesterday, in connexion with the wool textile wages dispute. The meeting was called in consequence of resolutions being passed by the woolcombing and power loom overlookers' unions, contrary to the policy of offering a compromise on the subject which was adopted by the executive last Monday in considering the Minister of Labour's suggestion that the parties should end the deadlock.

It was stated by Mr. Arthur Shaw, secretary, that two resolutions were adopted by the meeting. The first, which was adopted by an overwhelming majority, approved the action taken by the executive; the second, which was adopted unanimously, being that no agreement be accepted on the employers' terms as posted at the mills. Mr. Shaw added that there was no split in the association. A formal resolution was adopted that the executive deal with the dispute.

BRITISH-FRENCH WEEK AT BRISTOL

PLANS FOR AIR PAGEANT

With the object of promoting a closer friendship between France and Great Britain and extending trade, industry, and commerce between the two countries through the ports of Rouen and Bristol a British-French festival will be held at Bristol during the week from May 31 to June 7. For this period Bristol and Rouen will be linked together as sister cities, and conferences between shippers, industrialists, and tourist authorities will be held. The initial event of the week will be the opening of the new airport at Whitchurch by Prince George next Saturday, when an air pageant, at which many well-known airmen will be present, will take place. The Alliance Francaise will give a banquet at which the guests will include the French Ambassador (M. de Fleuriau), M. Gaston Gerard (French High Commissioner for Travel), M. Paul Leon (Minister for Arts), and the Mayor of Rouen. On Monday, June 2, the Lord Mayor of Bristol will receive the French guests and there will be a city ball in the evening.

A comprehensive programme of festivities has been arranged. There will be a dancing festival, physical displays by 8,000 children, a harbour regatta, athletic sports; concerts by the Colonne Orchestra, the Cors de Chasse, and the Rouen Municipal Band, and a military parade. Throughout the week there will be an exhibition of modern French pictures, sculptures, ceramics, &c., collected in France and from people in this country who own outstanding work of French artists. Many factories in Bristol will be open for public inspection, and visitors will also have an opportunity of inspecting the University, Clifton College, and the schools of the city. H.M.S. Selkirk and the French dispatch boat Somme will be moored at St. Augustine's Bridge, in the centre of the city, throughout the week.

The air pageant has attracted four entries from France, five from Belgium, three from Germany, and two from Italy. In addition to races and competitions, there will be a display by Siddeley-Siskins from No. 19 (F.) Squadron, R.A.F., parachute descents, bombing, balloon bursting, and exhibition flights of unusual machines.

PRINCESS MARY AND THE V.A.D.

DISPLAYS AT HATFIELD HOUSE

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, inspected 700 members of the V.A.D. from Hertfordshire, Bedfordshire, Buckinghamshire, the City of London, and Rutland at the British Red Cross Society's rally at Hatfield House on Saturday. Her Royal Highness, who wore the uniform of Commandant-in-Chief of the British Red Cross detachments, was received by Lord Hampden, Lord Lieutenant of Hertfordshire, and Lord and Lady Salisbury.

After the march past of the detachments, visitors from the Dominions, Red Cross Vice-Presidents, and the Mayors in Hertfordshire were presented to the Princess. A display of rescue work was given by the Bedfordshire detachment. Princess Mary then visited the Old Palace, which had been converted into a hospital for the occasion; here the Herts Detachment had a model clinic. The Herts County Nursing Association had also arranged an Infant Welfare Centre.

ROAD REPAIRS IN LONDON

Below is the list issued by the Minister of Transport of works of road maintenance and improvement in London to be begun during the fortnight ending June 7. Alternative routes are shown in parentheses and the date of beginning and the estimated date of completion follow:—

Tottenham-lane, Hornsey.—L.N.E. Railway Goods Depot to Stibbesdale-road (High-street and Church-lane), May 26-June 7.

Camberwell New-road, Lambeth.—Brixton-road to Foxley-road and St. Mark's-road to Dugdale-street (Vassal-road and Brixton-road), May 26-June 5.

St. Paul's-road, St. Pancras.—Stratford-place to Wrotham-road (Camden-road and Murray-street), May 26-June 14.

Commercial-road, Stepney.—No. 320 to No. 334 (no suitable alternative route available), May 26-June 6.

Grove-road, Stepney.—Ashcroft-road to Lawton-passage (Clinton-road and Ashcroft-road), May 26-Aug. 2.

Beckton-road, West Ham.—Whole length (Forest-road), June 2-July 7.

THE SALE ROOM

MANUSCRIPTS AND FIRST EDITIONS

A great variety of literary and other documents and printed books will be sold at Sotheby's on June 16 and the three following days. The sale will start with the exceptionally fine collection of the works of Oliver Goldsmith formed by Lieutenant-Colonel Ralph Isham, of Glen Head, Long Island, U.S.A., whose purchase two or three years ago of the James Boswell archives from Lord Talbot de Malahide will be remembered. There are over 70 Goldsmith items, including a copy of the earliest issue of the first edition of "The Deserted Village," 1770, and one of the first and many later editions of "The Vicar of Wakefield," 1766.

Among the important printed books from various sources mention may be made of an unbound, uncut, and unopened copy of the first edition of Byron's "Waltz," 1818; and Edward Orme's "Collection of British Field Sports," 1807, while there is a considerable variety of modern first editions in collector's states.

The importance of the sale, however, largely centres in the manuscript material. There are two of Sir J. M. Barrie, the original manuscript, entirely in the author's hand, of "Better Dead," 1887, on 79 octavo pages, the first book to appear with Barrie's name as author on the title-page; and a similar manuscript of *Bohemia*, "a new and original comedy in three acts," 106 pages, dating from about 1880, when the author was a student at Edinburgh. After these two items comes Mr. Rudyard Kipling's autograph manuscript of "The White Man's Burden," on one side of a single folio page. Other features of the sale consist of a series of letters from Charles Dickens to his butler John Thompson; another series of Dickens letters, all containing important references to his books; and the autograph programme of a performance of *The Merry Wives of Windsor* in Dickens's autograph, 1¼ pages folio.

FIRST EDITIONS

Messrs. Hodgson's sale at 115, Chancery-lane, on Thursday and Friday, of finely printed and other books, brought a total of £4,656, and included the property of Sir Gerald Chadwyck-Healey, of Wyphurst, Cranleigh, Surrey, and from other sources. Mr. A. L. Goldner's set of the Kelmscott Press publications realized £950, the Chaucer, 1896, selling for £330 (Quaritch); and one of the fine vellum copies of the Ashendene Press edition of Spenser's "Minor Poems," 1925, £82 (Hubbard). There were also Lord Byron, "Don Juan," Cantos I. and II., 1819, wholly uncut in the original boards—£64; E. G. L. Bulwer, "Ismael: an Oriental Tale" and other poems written between the age of 13 and 15, 1820, uncut and unopened—£30 (Quaritch); Dickens, "A Christmas Carol," 1843, first issue, with Stave I., and leaf of advertisements—£83 (Maggs); George Eliot, "Adam Bede," 1859, uncut in original cloth—£70; Joaquin Miller, "Pacific Poems," 1871, with autograph letter from D. G. Rossetti—£56 (both bought by Mr. Drake, of New York); Wordsworth, "Poems," 1815, William Blake's copy, with critical notes in his hand—£68 (Pickering); and I. Kant, "Vermischte Schriften," 1799, S. T. Coleridge's copy, with notes in his hand—£78 (Tregaskis).

KING THEODORE'S BIBLE

In an adjoining room the second day's sale of Oriental manuscripts and miniatures fetched £998. It included Firdausi: "Shāh-nāmah," Persian manuscript, on 746 leaves of gold-sprinkled paper, finely illuminated, A.D. 1605, which fetched £450 (Benson); and King Theodore's Bible: an Ethiopic manuscript, written on vellum, containing the Psalms, Canticles, Song of Songs—£180 (Comins). This Bible was taken from the house of King Theodore at Magdala in 1868 by Major Leveson, to whom it was authenticated by the King's scribe and his body slave.

At Hurcomb's, Piccadilly, on Friday, a Charles II. beaker, 1665, 4½oz., was sold at £107 16s. 10d. (Tessier); a diamond brooch and a diamond three-stone ring—£370 (Collingwood); a diamond trefoil bracelet—£355 (Sarcov); a diamond collet necklace—£395 (Vaughan); a single-stone diamond ring—£358 (S. H. Harris); and a brilliant pendant—£150 (Collingwood).

INDIAN PROPAGANDA AT WHITEHALL

BILL-POSTING IN TELEPHONE KIOSK

Mrs. FEROZOPUS BRITTON, 59, who when arrested said she had just arrived in London from Ireland, was charged on remand before Mr. Graham Campbell at Bow-street Police Court on Saturday with insulting behaviour.

It was stated that she was affixing bills headed "Home Rule for India" inside a telephone kiosk near the Ministry of Health in Parliament-street, and that as fast as she did so three men tore them down.

At the previous hearing Mrs. Britton refused to be bound over and was remanded in custody.

The MAGISTRATE now said he thought the more appropriate charge was one of affixing bills to a public building without the consent of the owner.

Mrs. Britton said that she was a member of an Anglo-Indian family of Irish origin and had been a rebel all her life. She was not able to take part in the Irish rebellion because of jeopardizing the career of her daughter, who was then studying for the medical profession. "I was willing to do something for India in a conscientious and peaceful way until my friend Mr. Gandhi was arrested, and have been waiting to settle my private affairs to make some protest. But when I read of the arrest of Mrs. Naidu, and when I felt that the Indian prisoners were being treated worse and worse, I felt that instead of waiting until Monday to go and make a commotion in the House of Commons I would paste these bills on Government property as near the House of Commons as possible."

Mrs. Britton went on to allege that while she was in prison under remand an outrage was perpetrated upon her by forcibly taking her finger-prints. Seven wardresses overpowered her and she was nearly killed. Her finger-prints were taken after she had fainted, and while she was in that condition a wardress guided her hand to append her signature to the prints. That signature was as much a forgery as if someone had forged one of her cheques.

The MAGISTRATE imposed a fine of 10s., with the alternative of one day's imprisonment.

Mrs. Britton refused to pay the fine. She collapsed in the dock when the magistrate gave his decision, but quickly recovered.

AIR MAIL SERVICES TO THE CONTINENT

PROPOSALS FOR NON-STOP NIGHT FLYING

The Civil Aviation Section of the London Chamber of Commerce has submitted proposals to the Secretary for Air for non-stop night flying air mail services to Continental capitals like Oslo, Stockholm, Warsaw, Budapest, Rome, and Madrid.

The proposals state that machines flying to those termini at an average speed of 100 miles an hour would save 1½ to 2 days in the delivery of mails compared with the time of the surface means of transit. Mails could be dropped, moreover, at important intermediate stations like Amsterdam, Hamburg, Copenhagen, Cologne, Berlin, Leipzig, Munich, Prague, Vienna, Paris, and Bordeaux. In addition to expediting the delivery of letters, the night services would demonstrate the advantage of using the air mail, and would obviously benefit the light aeroplane industry.

Since it is understood that no air transport company in this country has a monopoly for what would be a purely postal service as distinct from mail, passenger, and freight combined, the Civil Aviation Section has raised the question as to whether funds would, in fact, be available for such services. Such non-stop night flying services would not be likely to react unfavourably on the development of the two great Empire air routes to Australia *via* India and from Cairo to the Cape which is understood to be the Government's main policy now being carried out by Imperial Airways.

The communication adds that the view that the growth of air traffic will in the near future necessitate the transport of all air mail by night was strongly expressed at the twenty-third session of the International Air Traffic Association at Stockholm last March. Moreover, as night air mail services have recently been started by foreign companies between London and Brussels and London and Berlin, it is keenly felt that this country should not be behindhand in any developments that are taking place in this direction.

SCOTTISH CHURCH ASSEMBLY

£40,000 LIBRARY SCHEME

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

EDINBURGH, MAY 25

An interesting question was discussed by the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland in Edinburgh yesterday. It was raised by the petition of Mr. John E. Hamilton, who was formerly minister of St. Michael's Parish Church in Edinburgh, to have his ministerial status restored. Mr. Hamilton had demitted his status in order to become a Labour candidate for Parliament at the last General Election, but he was unsuccessful in his constituency and now he desired to be restored as a minister, as he had been invited to act as secretary of the proposed overseas forward movement of the Church of Scotland.

A member asked if the Assembly had any guarantee that Mr. Hamilton would remain within the service of the Church or whether, if a safe seat were offered him by the party, he would again stand for Parliament.

Mr. Hamilton did not reply to the question when invited to do so by the Moderator.

The REV. DR. HARVEY (Edinburgh) moved that the petition should be granted.

The REV. A. J. CAMPBELL (Glasgow) moved that it should be refused. This, he said, was a case of a man having turned aside from a cause to which he had solemnly dedicated himself, and the petitioner expressed no regret for having left the Church. The Church of Scotland had always guarded her orders with jealousy and care and the applicant should be able to assure the Assembly that he was in the same position as when he took his ordination vows.

The petition was granted by a large majority.

The REV. DR. GORDON MURRAY (Aberdeen) in his report on the colleges of the Church, noted with satisfaction that there was again an increase in the enrolment of divinity students.

It was intimated by PRINCIPAL MARTIN that the Church intended to erect new buildings for their library in Edinburgh at a cost of £40,000, towards which £20,000 had been subscribed. Their new college theological library, he said, was the best in Great Britain, but at present it was the worst housed.

The Lord High Commissioner to the General Assembly (Mr. James Brown) and Mrs. Brown entertained a company of 1,500 guests at a garden party at the Palace of Holyroodhouse yesterday. Those present included the Prime Minister, who was Mr. Brown's guest for the week-end. Mr. MacDonald accompanied the Lord High Commissioner and Mrs. Brown on a visit earlier in the day to the Royal Scottish Academy.

SADLER'S WELLS APPEAL

MORE HELP NEEDED FOR AUTUMN OPENING

It is authoritatively stated that the recent appeal for £6,000, the minimum sum which would enable the Old Vic management to open Sadler's Wells as a North London Old Vic in the coming autumn, has hitherto met with insufficient response to make such a step practicable. A considerable number of small contributions have been sent, but these total only a few hundred pounds.

Unless the full sum named has been received by the afternoon of Wednesday next, when the Old Vic governors meet to decide the point at issue, it will be impossible to open Sadler's Wells for an autumn season. Decision cannot be postponed owing to the necessity of making contracts with artists, both for Shakespeare and opera, forthwith. Contributions should be sent to Miss Lilian Baylis at the Old Vic or to the Honorary Secretary, Sadler's Wells Fund, 119, Piccadilly. If Sadler's Wells cannot be put in commission the Old Vic will, nevertheless, open as usual in September, but the opportunity of permanent opera and continuous Shakespeare in London will have been lost.

A sailing boat, of which the mast struck Putney Bridge, on Saturday, turned over and sank. The occupants, two men and two women, were rescued from the water by other boats that were near.

STATE SOCIAL SERVICES

UNIVERSITY COUNCIL AND RECRUITMENT

The Joint University Council for Social Studies has presented evidence to the Royal Commission on the Civil Services, relating to the methods of recruitment of the State social services.

It is stated in the memorandum that the most remarkable change that has taken place during the present century in the province of the Civil Service has been the development of what are officially known as the social services. Such services cover the inspectorate for National Health Insurance, Widows', Orphans', and Old-Age Pensions, Public Assistance, the Factory Acts, Trade Board Acts, and Agricultural Wages Acts; probation officers; managers of employment exchanges; officials of the Home Office Children's Branch; with, of course, those responsible for the various forms of administration inside the departments.

It is suggested that, as State social services have to a large extent been developed from the work of voluntary organizations, the experience gained in training social workers might reasonably be applied to the recruitment of this new type of public servant. The memorandum describes the provision already in existence in most of the universities of this country.

It is also submitted that with the present early age of recruitment, which for most executive work is from 17 to 19, the door is closed upon the candidate with a University degree or diploma or certificate in social study.

The memorandum proposes that the methods of examination for the Inland Revenue Department be adapted for the social services, as has already been done in the recruitment of third-class officers of the Ministry of Labour. It considers, however, that the age limit should be 22 to 25, and that the subjects of examination should be revised, in order that more weight may be given to those branches of study which should prove of special value to the particular department for which the examination is held. It further recommends that an oral examination should play an important part in any scheme of recruitment and that at such examination the candidate's acquaintance with working-class conditions should be ascertained.

SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIPS

The following school scholarship awards are announced:—

WESTMINSTER SCHOOL

RESIDENT SCHOLARSHIPS.—1, Rayne, H. (Mr. G. K. Thompson, M.A., The Abbey, Beckenham); 2, Davis, J. F. (the Rev. T. A. Lord, Merton Court, Foots Cray, Kent); 3, Starforth, M. J. (Mr. G. S. Fowler, St. George's, Windsor); 4, Carey, D. M. M. (the Rev. W. St. Hill-Bourne, Highfield, Liphook); 5, Egerr, C. R. H. (Mr. A. O. Snowden, Hilderstan House, St. Peter's, Broadstairs); 6, O'Brien, J. R. (Westminster School and Mr. G. K. Thompson, M.A., The Abbey, Beckenham); 7, Hubback, D. F. (Westminster School and Mr. G. H. Wathen, The Hall, Hampstead); 8, Thorold, J. R. H. (the Rev. C. Williams, Summer Fields, Oxford).

NON-RESIDENT SCHOLARSHIPS.—1, Hill, G. S. (Westminster School and Mr. S. Cruickshank, Edinburgh House School, Lee-on-Solent); 2, Armstrong, A. M. (Westminster School and Mr. S. Lightowler, Quernmore School, Bromley).

EXHIBITIONS.—1, Steven, W. G., £30 (Mr. C. H. Gibbs, 134, Sloane-street, S.W.1); 2, Studt, W. H., increased from £30 to £50 (Westminster School and Mr. B. C. Pearce, Durston House, Ealing); 3, Branger, S. C. W., £20 (Mr. C. H. Gibbs, 134, Sloane-street, S.W.1); 4, Engleheart, D. R. C., £20 (Messrs. J. H. Hope and W. D. Summers, Heddon Court, Cockfosters).

VIRGINIA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

A delegation representing the Virginia Chamber of Commerce, who have been invited to this country by the Federation of British Industries, the Association of British Chambers of Commerce, and the Chamber of Shipping, will reach London on May 31 to return the visit which was paid to Virginia by the all-British party in 1927. The delegates, who are 12 in number, will remain in this country for about a month, and during their stay they will be entertained by the British Government and by various other public bodies. On June 19 the party will leave London for Bristol, and they will afterwards visit Cardiff, Northampton, Birmingham, Wolverhampton, Manchester, Liverpool, Sheffield, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Edinburgh, and Glasgow. On June 29 they will return to London, where they will be entertained at a farewell dinner before they leave for the United States.

News in Brief

A cinema and a Sunday school next to it at Yeovil were much damaged by fire early on Saturday. The proprietor of the cinema was taken to hospital suffering from burns and cuts.

John Bulkeley, a cowman, employed at Mr. C. H. Poulton's dairy farm at Buntingford (Herts), was so badly mauled by a pedigree Friesian bull on Saturday that he was taken to hospital.

Joseph Daniel Langton, 56, a Reading post office sorter, who was serving a sentence of 12 months' imprisonment in the second division for stealing letters, died in Wandsworth Prison Infirmary on Friday.

Mr. P. J. Hannon, M.P., has been elected Master of the Patten Makers Company, Mr. Gilbert Christy Master of the Armourers and Braziers' Company, and Mr. A. Robertson Master of the Horners' Company.

Mrs. Mary Anne Sproule, of Castlederg, Castle Tyrone, was remanded at Omagh on Saturday on the charge of murdering her husband, William Sproule, by administering strychnine. She denied the charge.

Robert David Brown Wild, aged eight, of Dorset-road, Merton Park, S.W., fell while playing on the steep slope of Box Hill (made slippery by rain) on Friday evening. He fractured his skull and died on the way to hospital.

A fragment of a Roman memorial tablet of Purbeck marble has been unearthed near the Balherne Gateway, Colchester, the principal Roman entrance to the town. It is believed to have been part of a memorial to a Roman soldier.

An open-air swimming bath, stated to be the first steam-heated one of its kind in this country, was opened at St. Helen's School for Girls at Northwood, Middlesex, on Saturday by Mrs. Begg, a former pupil. Steam is forced into the bath by injection and maintains the water at an even temperature of 68deg. F.

The Conservative Central Office has established a travel bureau, the object of which is to arrange tours and excursions at home and abroad for the benefit of local Conservative Associations, branches of the Women's Unionist Organization, and the Junior Imperial League and Clubs. The headquarters of the bureau are at Palace-chambers, Westminster.

Workmen digging in Wandsworth-road, S.W., at Nine Elms, yesterday morning, struck a gas main, of which the escaping gas caught light, and one man was burned about the face. The police and fire brigade drew a cordon round the spot until the danger was over. The electric current was cut off and tramway traffic diverted.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

A Lectureship in Music at Armstrong College, Newcastle-on-Tyne, is vacant. (p. 3)

The Charity Commissioners have made an order to establish a scheme for regulating the Charity of John Cane. (p. 3)

The trustees of the Lord Wandsworth Orphanage are seeking a principal. (p. 3)

A master to teach English and Latin is required in Rhodesia. (p. 3)

An editor is required by a London

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.
(Editorial Room). London.
NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business on various points of public interest.
SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

THE LADDER OF PROMOTION

By CALLISTHENES

"When a young man enters the railway service he wants to climb a ladder of promotion, not a greasy pole."

The figure in this sentence taken from a speech at the conference of the Railway Clerks' Association is vivid, but it is also just. Every man when he begins a career wishes or should, if he has ambition, wish to be sure that he can rise by merit to the top. If the conditions of his employment are such that no amount of merit can make him rise he is justified in discontent.

The speaker was referring to the special favour shown to young University men who, he said, are brought into the railway companies' service and given good positions over the heads of men of long practical experience.

No one who knows the fertility with which annual conferences of any kind bring forth grievances will be likely to accept such a speech as a condemnation of the railway companies without first hearing what the managements have to say. But the charge is one which every business, public or private, large or small, ought to take seriously. Favouritism is such a destructive vice in a business that even the suspicion of it has a disintegrating effect.

For it is favouritism which turns the ladder of promotion into a "greasy pole"; and favouritism has many disguises.

Only a few managers have such overweening confidence in themselves and their business as to go in for unmitigated favouritism. They usually disguise it under some form of policy or principle. They will give a man a post because they like him—but say they did it because they believe in having University men in administrative positions. They will give their friend's son a post—but say they believe in the Public School spirit in business. They will help a golf-club acquaintance to promotion, but say that "a gentleman always earns his salary."

In this House we have no favouritism, disguised or undisguised. Promotion in this House is by merit, and by merit only. We have University men and Public School men. Those of them who are in administrative positions have earned them. They have pulled their weight and continue to pull their weight. For every one promotion is a ladder which he must climb by ability and service.

Those who control promotions in this House apply our maxim: Do to others as you would *reasonably* be done by—and that means no favouritism.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

'SET FAIR'... So it may read! But you'll be wise to go prepared against all weather..."Dextered" in fact!

DEXTER
WEATHERPROOFS
3 to 6 guineas
From all leading outfitters and
R. W. FORSYTH, Ltd.
VIGO HOUSE, REGENT ST., LONDON, W.1
Also at Edinburgh and Glasgow
AS BRITISH AS THE WEATHER ..... BUT RELIABLE!

Ladies love Perrier its fresh, clean taste

NORTHERN PROMENADE CONCERTS

NEW B.B.C. ENTERPRISE

To-night in Manchester a new enterprise will be begun by the B.B.C. and carried out by Sir Hamilton Harty and the Hallé Orchestra. A series of promenade concerts on the model of the August "Proms" at Queen's Hall, with programmes drawn up on similar lines, will be given for a fortnight in the Free Trade Hall. In the week following (June 9-14) similar concerts will be given at the Philharmonic Hall, Liverpool, and in the week after that (June 16-21) at the Leeds Town Hall.

Mondays will be devoted to Wagner as in London, but Fridays are not besboken. There will be operatic and choral concerts; Berlioz's *The Damnation of Faust* will be sung in Manchester by the Hallé Chorus and *The Dream of Gerontius* in Leeds by the Leeds Choral Union. There will also be an operatic evening in Manchester in which whole scenes will be given from *Boris Godounov*, *Faust*, *Carmen*, *Prince Igor*, and *The Mastersingers*. The programmes reflect, as they ought, the well-known partialities of the conductor, and contain three of Strauss's tone poems and very little Bach; on the whole they include more romantic music than their London prototype. There are no novelties. The concerts will be broadcast.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 21

Entertainments

THE THEATRES

INTERNATIONAL PLAYS AND PLAYERS

The international season, which opens at the Globe Theatre to-night with the appearance of Mr. Alexander Moissi in Tolstoy's *The Living Corpse*, will be continued on Monday next by the German *Hamlet* of Mr. Moissi; then from June 10 for a fortnight by French plays in which M. Georges and Mme. Ludmilla Pitoëff will appear; and again from June 24 by a series of Japanese plays including *Love When the Cherry Trees Flower*, *The Puppet*, *Crossing the Border*, and *The Hidden Providence*.

The move towards cheaper seats made by the Strand Theatre for the production, opening on Thursday, of *Every Mother's Son*, is to be followed by the Duchess Theatre, when the Irish Players begin a season there on Monday next of Mr. Sean O'Casey's plays. *The Plough and the Stars* will be given first, and later *Juno and the Paycock* will be revived. The company will include Mr. Arthur Sinclair, Miss Sara Allgood, Miss Maire O'Neill, and Mr. Fred O'Donovan. Seats which may be booked will range from 4s. 9d. to 10s. 6d., and there will be an unreserved pit. A change in the same direction will be made at St. Martin's Theatre when *Petticoat Influence* is produced on June 3. This theatre, which has a pit but no gallery, is to allot a certain number of second balcony seats, not bookable in advance, at 2s. 4d. each.

A new play by Mr. N. F. Webb, who is associated with theatrical movements in Belfast, will be presented on Friday at the Everyman Theatre, Hampstead. Entitled *The Blue Coast*, the play is set on the Riviera, and deals with the situation of a young wife in love with her stepson. The cast will include Miss Kathleen O'Regan, Mr. Hubert Harben, Mr. Baliol Holloway, and Mr. Sebastian Shaw. The tenth anniversary of the revival, and the 1,685th performance, of *The Beggar's Opera* will take place at the Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith, on June 5. A prologue, written for the occasion by Mr. A. P. Herbert, will be spoken by Sir Nigel Playfair, and every member of the audience will be presented with a copy of the book of the opera, inscribed by Sir Nigel Playfair, Mr. Frederick Ranalow, Mr. Frederic Austin, and Mr. Herbert.

A dramatic reading of *The Comedy of Errors* will be given by the British Empire Shakespeare Society in the Haymarket Theatre on Friday afternoon. Parts will be taken by Messrs. Andrew Leigh, Horace Sequeira, Hubert Langley, Tristan Rawson, and Eric Adeney, and Misses Barbara Everest, Mary Barton, Helena Pickard, and Margaretta Scott. A recital from *Julius Cæsar* will be given by Mr. Edmund Willard. On Friday and Saturday, *When God Stopped*, a drama of African life, by Miss Molly Marshall-Hole, will be presented by the 1930 Players at the Century Theatre. The Lyceum Club Stage Society, in collaboration with the Anglo-Danish Society, will present *The Living Law*, an English version of the play by Sven Lange and Jakob Knudsen, on Sunday night at the Garrick Theatre.

FAMOUS PLAYERS' GUILD

The first production of the Famous Players' Guild will be seen at the New Theatre to-morrow. *The Last Chapter* has had a preliminary week's run at Brighton, with Mr. Owen Nares in the chief part.

Several interesting productions outside London are announced. This week, the Masque Theatre, Edinburgh, revives Mr. Somerset Maugham's *The Constant Wife*, and next week, in addition to *The Critic*, will give a first performance of *Mary of Delight*, by Miss Naomi Jacob. The A.D.C. Theatre, Cambridge, will present Sir Arthur Pinero's *The Magistrate* on June 7, and on June 16 *The Unknown Warrior* of Paul Raynal will be produced at the Festival Theatre, Cambridge. The Sleep Shakespeare Players, who have already attracted attention by the performance of Shakespearian plays under Elizabethan conditions, will give open-air performances of the first part of *Henry IV.* at Steephurst, Petersfield, on the afternoons of June 26 and 28. The play will be produced by Mr. Geoffrey Crump.

Mr. Jack Hylton and his band, just returned from a successful Continental tour, form the chief attraction this week at the Palladium, which offers also a new trio of American dancers. The Coliseum programme is headed by Miss Louise Brown, who, after musical comedy successes, will make her first variety theatre appearance with a ballet.

ENGAGEMENTS THIS WEEK

TO-NIGHT.—*The Living Corpse*, Globe: *Lilac Time*, Lyric.
TO-MORROW.—*The Last Chapter*, New: *Liberty Hall*, Kingsway.
THURSDAY.—*The Searcher*, Grafton: *Every Mother's Son*, Strand.
FRIDAY.—*The Blue Coast*, Everyman: *When God Stopped*, Century.
SATURDAY.—*The Merchant of Venice*, Embassy.
SUNDAY.—*The Living Law*, Garrick.

REGAL CINEMA

"LOOSE ENDS" AS A TALKING FILM

Aided by a cast as strong as the English theatre could make it, and by a restraint rarely learned in film studios, Captain Norman Walker has succeeded in transferring Dion Titheradge's play from stage to screen without the loss of a single virtue. And if amateurs of film technique should insist, as they almost certainly will, that the transference brings no perceptible gain, the British International Company can at least claim that their film makes accessible to a wider public than can be reached in London English well spoken, good acting, and a sincere study of a recognizable if rare aspect of English life.

The play has suffered a little from the passage of time: "bright young people" long since ceased to be amusing, and are now only insufferable. But Mr. Owen Nares makes of the "down-and-out," cast among them through the sympathy of a fashionable actress, a person who is human without being unduly sentimental. He succeeds, too, in the more difficult task of making credible the tolerance of a man who had been imprisoned for murder towards a set of friends who invade his wife's flat, drink whisky when it is free, and generally make themselves objectionable. Mr. Donald Calthrop, as the journalist who exposes the ex-convict hero's past in the interests of a quick-selling truth, Miss Sybil Arundale as his gossip-provider, and Mr. Gerard Lyley, as a "modern" young man, all play with great skill parts which wobble dangerously along the borderline between caricature and truth. But the best performance of all is given by Miss Adrienne Allen, who, in reconciling the husband, sick of his actress wife's companions, and the wife, afraid of her convict husband's past, manages to convince us that modern cynicism can cover real feeling.

HYDE PARK CARILLON

The times and programme of to-day's recitals, to be given by means of the electro-pneumatic apparatus, on the Wellington (New Zealand) War Memorial Carillon in Hyde Park are:—

4 to 4.25.—Changes on 10 Bells; Minuet (Bach); "Prelude" (Gebruers); "Hark, Hark My Soul"; "Musette" (Bach); Changes on 12 Bells.

The programme will be repeated at 8. To-morrow's recitals, to be resumed by Mr. Clifford Ball, will be at 4 and 8.

THE WEDGWOOD BICENTENARY

The celebrations in the Potteries of the bicentenary of Josiah Wedgwood closed on Saturday, when mayors from all the Staffordshire towns visited Stoke-on-Trent to offer their congratulations on a brilliant success. Fifty thousand people have seen the pageant, and an equal number have visited the modern pottery exhibition and the military tattoo. Mr. Ernest J. Johnson, a prominent china manufacturer, who presided at a luncheon to the visitors, said: "This has been the greatest week the Staffordshire Potteries have ever seen. There never was in the history of the world a finer collection of pottery than we have shown here now."

SIR C. JACOB AND MONKTON COMBE SCHOOL O.T.C.

Field-Marshal Sir Claud Jacob inspected Monkton Combe School O.T.C. on the school playing fields on Saturday afternoon. Captain Maurice Howell was in command, and other officers on parade were Colonel C. G. Ling, Major H. James, V.C., Lieutenant A. C. Cobby, and Lieutenant Luce. Sir Claud Jacob received the general salute when he arrived, and he then inspected the corps and witnessed squad drill and various manœuvres, which included an attack on an enemy post by the rifle and Lewis gun sections under cover of a smoke barrage. A large number of parents and friends of the school was present.

"TRANSATLANTIC"

AMERICAN OPERA AT FRANKFURT

(FROM A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

FRANKFURT, MAY 25

Barely three weeks after the first performance in Berlin of the French opera *Christopher Columbus*, by MM. Darius Milhaud and Paul Claudel, the Frankfurt Opera House produced to-night, for the first time in any country, the American opera *Transatlantic*; or, *The People's Choice*, by Mr. George Antheil. These two events are symptomatic of the tendency of Germany to become the experimental ground for all new musical works of importance. This tendency is particularly noticeable with regard to the opera.

The struggle of rival schools over the development of modern music is no longer pursued in the sphere of chamber music as it was about five years ago, but in opera. Two main tendencies may be observed. One school, represented by Herr Arnold Schönberg (the author of *Von heute auf morgen*) and his circle, seeks with its music to illustrate what is happening on the stage and give a psychological interpretation to the whole action. Its development may be traced back to the Wagnerian music-drama. For the other school the purpose of music is merely to emphasize a particular situation, to give it, so to speak, local colour. This school is represented by Herr Kurt Weill, the composer of the *Dreigroschenoper* (the German piece written round the story of *The Beggar's Opera*), and by M. Milhaud.

In *Transatlantic* Mr. Antheil stands between the two. In some places his score is noticeably reminiscent of Herr Schönberg; in others of Herr Weill. His music is partly expressive, interpretative; partly, however, no more than the groundwork, to return to the painting simile, and vaguely appropriate to the situation of the moment. On the whole it is lacking in real musical conceptions and invention. The music is fragmentary and the motive impulse is too weak to achieve a consistent, suggestive effect. The opera is based largely on jazz as the characteristic medium of expression of the United States of to-day. One of the lines in the opera runs: "Jazz—that is America."

In accordance with current dramatic fashion the story develops in self-contained scenes. The oil magnate Ajax has brought his friend Hector back to America from foreign travels in order to make him President of the United States. He hopes thereby to further his own crooked business schemes. In order to get Hector more thoroughly into his power he counts on the seductive charms of his friend Jason's wife, Helena. But Hector and Helena fall genuinely in love with each other at first sight. This unexpected development, and the fact that Hector proves to be a strong character and incorruptible, drives Ajax to the conclusion that he had better cut Hector's career short by transferring his support to another Presidential candidate. Despite long and wearisome intrigues Hector is elected President after all, the police settle accounts with Ajax, and there is a happy ending for Hector and Helena.

The libretto as a whole is by no means a bright piece of work, although it gives the author-composer opportunities of presenting a number of modern technical achievements on the stage. Like so many contemporary dramatists, Mr. Antheil has fallen into what many theatre-lovers are disposed to regard as the mistake of assuming that the telephone, wireless, ocean liners, lifts, bars, and so on are indispensable to a stage production in these days. In this respect and in the combination of topical events with a sentimental love story Mr. Antheil does not seem to have had a very intellectual audience in mind. Nevertheless, a good stage instinct cannot be denied him; the action is lively, and there are even effective dramatic moments.

It is significant that in this opera, as in *Christopher Columbus* and in *Mahogany* (the latest product of Herren Kurt Weill and Bert Brecht), an effort is made to combine music, drama, and film. This is also a sign of the times. Never since the death of Richard Wagner has the problem of the "Gesamtkunstwerk," the combination of all the arts in one work, attracted such keen attention. It is interesting that the United States should be contributing its share towards the solution.

There is room for improvement in the Frankfurt performance. A piece like *Transatlantic* would no doubt be more effective in a theatre with up-to-date technical stage equipment. Herr Hans Wilhelm Steinberg's conducting was rather lifeless. Herr Ludwig Sievert's settings were, however, most effective, and of the cast, Frau Genthner-Fisher, Herr Jean Stern, and especially Herr Moris Vetra, deserve mention.

ART EXHIBITIONS

ENGLISH WATER-COLOURS

Small, but very well selected, the eighth annual exhibition of water-colours by Turner, Cotman, Dayes, Varley, and other masters of the English school at the Cotswold Gallery, 59, Frith-street, leaves the satisfying impression that everything in it is there with an intention derived from an intimate knowledge of the subject. One effect of the exhibition is to throw a pleasing light upon Edward Dayes (1763-1804). If—which is questionable—there is any truth in the story of his harsh treatment of his apprentice, Girtin, it must have been from sensitiveness rather than brutality. Certainly the lovely little drawing of "Croxden Abbey" could only have been made by a man of delicate perceptions. By the same artist there are a broadly treated view of "The Thames from Richmond," and two versions of "Hawes Water, Westmorland," of which the preliminary study in blue and grey is preferable.

Turner is shown in his earliest phase as the careful copier of Cozens, in youthful freedom on the Bristol Avon and at "Lullington Park," poetically sentimental in "Junction of the Greta and Tees"—engraved and published as an illustration to Scott—and in full mastery of elaborate composition in "Châtel Argent, Val d'Aosta." The castle was so named because it was originally a mint; in the drawing it is golden. Turner made a good many sketches of it, and Mr. Finberg has been at great pains to fix the points from which they were taken. Finally there is "A Fishing Boat at Sea," which contains the whole of Whistler.

There is only one Cotman, "An Old Cottage," but it is a particularly fine one in a sober way, showing to advantage the sense of masonry and its movements as determining form in which no other artist has equalled him. By David Cox there is a very dramatic "Bridge at Bettws-y-Coed," much more like a De Wint, as well as a road subject in his more familiar manner. A singularly glamorous drawing is "The Enchanted Forest," by Thomas Danby (1817-1856). It recalls both the work of the Chinese painters and that hunting scene by Paolo Uccello which is at Oxford or Cambridge. "The Old Oak," by Alexander Cozens, "Thein Church, Prague," by Samuel Prout, and "West View of Dumbarton Rock," by Joseph Farington, are other drawings to be noted in an exhibition that is interesting from end to end.

MR. HANSLIP FLETCHER

Even if he were a much less good draughtsman than he is Mr. Hanslip Fletcher would deserve well of his generation for his indefatigable pursuit of changing London, and the present exhibition of 76 drawings by him at the Foyle Art Gallery, Manette-street, Charing Cross-road, contains a great deal that will be new even to those who think that they know London well. In passing the director of the gallery may be congratulated on arranging an exhibition of a kind that seems native to a bookshop. For his purposes Mr. Fletcher is none the worse for being—or appearing to be—only superficially interested in architecture as such, but immensely interested in atmosphere and associations. The result is that he presents a building—or a street—as a going concern, with its tide of surrounding life and accidents of weather, and not as a monument or museum piece. From his records posterity will be able to see not only what the building was like architecturally but how it looked in the affairs of the day.

MUSIC THIS WEEK

THE ITALIAN OPERA SEASON

The Italian season at Covent Garden begins to-night with *Norma*, in which Miss Rosa Ponselle will repeat the part which she played last year; a tenor new to England, Signor Tullio Verona, will appear as Pollione. Signor Benianino Gigli will appear to-morrow in *Andrea Chenier*, and will be supported by Miss Margherita Sheridan and Signor Giovanni Inghilleri. On Wednesday Miss Eva Turner will sing the name-part in *Aida*. A chorus of 65 British singers has been engaged for the whole of the six-week season, during which the conductor's duties will be shared between Signor Vincenzo Bellezza and Mr. John Barbirolli. The first of the four concerts to be given by the New York Philharmonic-Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Signor Arturo Toscanini, will be given in the presence of the King and Queen on Sunday afternoon at the Albert Hall.

TO-NIGHT.—Miss Antonia Butler will give a violoncello recital (Wigmore Hall, 8.30) and Miss Mona Leigh a violin recital (Aeolian Hall, 8.30). Miss Marion Kerby and Mr. John Niles will give a second recital of American folk songs (Grotrian Hall, 8.30).

TO-MORROW.—The Oriana Madrigal Society will give their summer concert at Aeolian Hall (8.15). Mr. Heifetz will give a violin recital in aid of Earl Haig's British Legion Appeal Fund (Queen's Hall, 8). Mme. Karsavina will give the first of seven performances at the Arts Theatre Club (8.45); she will be assisted in these dance recitals by Mr. Harold Turner and Mr. Keith Lester, and by Mme. Sophie Wyss, the soprano singer; the programme will include *Le Spectre de la Rose*; Mr. Harry Isaacs will give a piano recital of works by Rachmaninoff (Wigmore Hall, 8.30).

WEDNESDAY.—The Rowena Franklin String Quartet will play quartets by Mozart, Brahms, and Bax at Wigmore Hall (8.30). Mme Marcia Nicolopoulo will include some Greek songs in her recital (Aeolian Hall, 8.15). Mr. Marcel Ciampi will give a piano recital (Grotrian Hall, 8.30). A concert of negro songs will be given at Queen's Hall (8.30) by the Kentucky Singers.

THURSDAY.—The first of three "Thursday 12 o'clocks" will be given at Aeolian Hall by Mme. Anne Thursfield and Miss Mathilde Verne. Mr. Dettmar Dressel will give a violin recital (Grotrian Hall, 3.30). A concert (Aeolian Hall, 8.15), arranged by Mr. Rodolfa Lhombino, will be given in aid of the British Musicians' Convalescent Home, Holmwood; Dr. Adrian Boult will conduct, and the singers include Mr. Francis Russell and Mr. Roy Henderson.

FRIDAY.—M. Auguste de Raderan will give his first piano recital in England at Aeolian Hall (8.30). Mr. Jean Pougnet will give a violin recital (Wigmore Hall, 8.30), assisted by Mr. Henry Berly (viola), with whom he will play Mozart's Symphonie Concertante.

SATURDAY.—Sonatas for viola and piano by Handel, Grieg, and Delius will be played by Mr. Lionel Tertis and Miss Harriet Cohen (Aeolian Hall, 3). Piano recitals will be given by Mr. Arthur Alexander (Wigmore Hall, 3) and by Miss Alesia Taylor (Grotrian Hall, 3). The final concert of the People's Palace Musical Festival will be conducted by Dr. Harold Darke, with Sir Walford Davies at the organ (People's Palace, 7.30).

SUNDAY.—The New York Philharmonic-Symphony Orchestra will give its first concert at the Albert Hall at 3.

THE BRONKHURST TRIO

The Bronkhurst Trio (Miss Marie Wilson, violin; Mr. Edward Robinson, violoncello; and Mr. Henry Bronkhurst, pianoforte) appeared at the Wigmore Hall on Saturday afternoon in a programme consisting of Brahms's Trio in C, the A minor of Ravel, and Frank Bridge's Phantasie in C minor. The playing had considerable neatness and accuracy in *ensemble*, the music obviously having been carefully prepared; and this was the chief quality of the performances. Technically the Brahms went well, although the players showed inexperience and could not make one feel that they were equally sure of the spirit of the music. Ravel's executive difficulties led to occasional roughness, but there was due animation in the interpretation. The pianist is the most assured of the three in style; Miss Wilson has a steadier and truer tone than Mr. Robinson.

ENTERTAINMENTS

ROYAL TOURNAMENT, OLYMPIA.
Patron: His Most Gracious Majesty the King.
MAY 29th to JUNE 14th, at 2.30 and 8.
Box offices now open, 10 to 6. Olympia (Addison-road entrance). Tele.: Riverside 2750; 6d. Victoria-street. Tele.: Victoria 8200 and 2427; and principal booking agents. Reserved seats, 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 12s. 6d., all free of tax.

EMPIRE BALL.
ROYAL ALBERT HALL,
TO-NIGHT!
Dancing 10 p.m. to 4 a.m.
At midnight the Grand Pageant in which many Society and Stage celebrities will take part.
H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES
has graciously consented to be present. All proceeds go to the BRITISH LEGION. Tickets, including Supper, 30s. To view Ball and Pageant, 5s. 9d. Tickets and full particulars from Captain W. G. Willcox, 18, South-street, Park-lane, W.1 (Mayfair 7074), and Agencies.

INTERNATIONAL HORSE SHOW,
OLYMPIA.
JUNE 19 to 28. Seats booked from 2s. 4d. upwards at 12, Hanover-square (Mayfair 0593), and at usual libraries.

EXHIBITIONS

MADAME TUSSAUD'S EXHIBITION,
Baker-street Station. Daily 10-10. Sundays 2-10.
"A FAMOUS PAGEANT."
Admission 1s. 3d. (including tax). Children under 12 6d.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS. Open 9 a.m. till 8 p.m. Mondays, except Bank Holidays, 6d. Other days: Adults 1s., Children 6d. Aquarium, Mondays, except Bank Holidays, 6d. Other days: Adults 1s., Children 6d. Sundays, Fellows and Fellows' Orders only.

PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA.—FRANK FAY in "UNDER A TEXAS MOON." Romance—Thrills—Melody—Picturesque Beauty—Dazzling Hues. Also "The Flying Scotsman." Drama of the Scotch Express. Cont. 12 noon.

ASTORIA. Gerr. 5528. 1-11. "SHOW OF SHOWS," the great screen Revue. 1.25, 4.5, 6.45, 9.25. "Eve's Fall" (All-Talking). Also Gaumont Sound News.

AVENUE PAVILION. Shaftesbury-av. Gerr. 2981. Dennis Neilson Terry in "THE HOUSE of the ARROW" (Talking). Three Sep. Perfs., at 2.45, 6.15, 8.45. All seats bookable. 1s. 6d., 2s. 4d., 3s. 6d.

CAPITOL. Reg. 4455. Continuous 12-11. Janet Gaynor and Chas. Farrell in "HIGH SOCIETY BLUES" (All-Talking and Singing). 12.50, 3.40, 6.30, 9.20. Also "Murder on the Roof" (All-Talking), &c.

CARLTON, Haymarket. Daily, 2.45, 6 o'clock, 8.45. Suns. 6 o'clock, 8.45. "THE VAGABOND KING," with Dennis King, Jeanette MacDonald, Mighty Cast. All-Talking. Colour. Music! "Gayest, Most Gallant Entertainment America has yet produced."—D. Express. "V. King" starts 3.20, 6.30, 9.15. All Bookable from 2s. 4d. Reg. 2211.

EMPIRE, Leicester-square. 12-12. ALL-TALKING DOUBLE-FEATURE PROGRAMME. MARIE DRESSLER and POLLY MORAN in "Caught Short." Also Basil Rathbone in "This Mad World." From 11.30 to 1.0, any seat (except loges) 1s. 6d.

KENSINGTON. (Western 3577.) 2 till 11. Charles Rogers and Nancy Carroll in "ILLUSION"—Talking, Singing, Tom, Owen and Matt Moore in "3 Brothers."

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION. 2-11. "BALACLAVA." The Charge of the Light Brigade (All-Talking dramatic spectacle), with Miles Mander, Benita Hume, and Cyril McLaglen. 3.25, 6.35, 9.25.

NEW GALLERY. Gerr. 9805. 2-11. Lillian Gish in "ONE ROMANTIC NIGHT" (All-Talking); 3.40, 6.40, 9.40. Also "Clipped Wings" (Talking). Programme commences 2, 5, 8.

PLAZA. RUTH CHATTERTON, Screen's Greatest Dramatic Actress in "SARAH AND SON." Stark Drama. Unforgettable! All-Talking! Special Amy Johnson Movietone News Pictures. Eddie Cantor in Talkie Yell, "Getting a Ticket." Latest Mickey Mouse in "Barn-Yard Concert." Stage: Paramount Tillers. Adm. 1s. 6d. 11.45-1. Reg. 7201.

POLYTECHNIC, Regent-st. Lang. 1744. "SEA HAWKS," with Capt. C. W. R. Knight, M.C., and "Mr. Ramshaw." Also Talkie News and "Mickey Mouse." Daily, 2.30, 5.30, 8.30. Last weeks.

PRINCE EDWARD, Old Compton and Greek Sts. (just off Cambridge-circus). Commencing TO-MORROW, at 8.45, thereafter TWICE DAILY at 2.40 and 8.40. Sundays, 6.0 and 8.40.
JOHN McCORMACK
in "SONG O' MY HEART."
A Singing, Talking, Movietone Romance.
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE IN ADVANCE.
2/4; 3/6; 5/9; 8/6. Box Office: Ber., 1527.

REGAL, Marble Arch. All-talking programme. Owen Nares & Edna Best in "LOOSE ENDS." Also "LITTLE JOHNNY JONES." Padd. 9011.

STOLL PICTURE THEATRE. Kingsway. Daily from 12.15. Phone, Holborn 3703. Two Talkies: "SO THIS IS COLLEGE"; Charles Rogers and Nancy Carroll in "ILLUSION." On the Stage, Mangan's Tiller Girls.

TIVOLI. Tem. Bar 5222. 12-11. The Armada of Joy. "HIT THE DECK" (All-Talg. Sing'n), and Mickey Mouse; 1.15, 2.50, 6.30, 9.10. Sessions: 12.30, 5.5, 5.40, 8.30. 1,000 seats at 1s. 6d. between 12-1 daily.

OPERA

ROYAL OPERA, COVENT GARDEN.
Lessees: Covent Garden Opera Syndicate, Ltd.
SEASON OF INTERNATIONAL OPERA.
NORMA. TO-NIGHT, at 8.
Irene Minghini Cattaneo, Nadia Kovaceva, Rosa Ponselle; Luigi Cilla, Ezio Pinza, Tullio Verona.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.
ANDREA CHENIER. To-morrow, at 8.
Nadia Kovaceva, Gladys Palmer, Margherita Sheridan, Aristide Baracchi, Luigi Cilla, Octave Dua, Benianino Gigli, Giovanni Inghilleri, Dennis Noble, Michele Sampieri, Giulio Tonsel.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.
AIDA ... ... Wednesday, at 8.0.
NORMA ... ... Thursday, at 8.0.
MADAMA BUTTERFLY ... Friday, at 8.15.
PRICES (including tax): Boxes, 10 guineas and £5; Stalls, 28s.; Circle, 24s. and 21s. 6d.; Balcony, £1; Amphitheatre, 15s.; Gallery (unreserved), 5s. 6d.
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LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012.
EVENINGS at 8.15. MATS. WED. and SAT., 2.30.
FAREWELL PERFORMANCES of
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA.
OLIVE GROVES and FREDERICK RANALOW.
Produced by NIGEL PLAYFAIR.
N.B.—THURSDAY EVENING, June 5, 10TH ANNIVERSARY and SOUVENIR PERFORMANCE.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
RALPH LYNN in
"*A NIGHT LIKE THIS.*"
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
Mary Brough Winifred Shotter
and TOM WALLS.

AMBASSADORS. Evgs., 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30.
THE MAN IN POSSESSION.
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES." (Tem. 1171.)

APOLLO. 8.40. Thur., Sat., 2.30. G. 6970.
"*INSULT.*"
MARJORIE MARS. LESLIE PERRINS.
DENYS BLAKELOCK. DAVID HORNE.
"A GOOD, STIRRING TALE."—*Vide* Press.

ARTS THEATRE. (Tem. Bar 7341.) Five Public Perfs. Wed. next to Sat., at 8.45. Mat. Fri. next, 2.45.
KARSAVINA and COMPANY
in Dance Recital, incl. "LE SPECTRE DE LA ROSE."
Box-office 10 to 10, and all Libraries.

COMEDY. Gerrard 8978.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 2.30.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARIE LOHR. MALCOLM KEEN.
"FINE CRIME PLAY."—*Daily Mail.*
"REAL DRAMA. PLENTY OF THRILLS."—*D. Sketch*

CRITERION. (Ger. 3844.) Nightly, at 8.30.
Mats. every TUES. and SAT., at 2.30.
"*NINE TILL SIX.*"
A Play by Aimée and Philip Stuart.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court-rd. Mus. 2176.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Mats., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
THE ROMANTIC MUSICAL COMEDY.
SILVER WINGS.
HARRY WELCHMAN LUPINO LANE
DENNIS HOEY DONALD MATHER
DESIREE ELLINGER EMMA HAIG
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 2s. to 8s. 6d. PLUS TAX.

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
DENNIS KING in
"*THE THREE MUSKETEERS.*"
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

DUCHESS. (Tem. Bar 6888.) Popular Prices.
Mon. Next, 8.30. Tues., Thurs., 2.30. Irish Players in
THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS.
SARA ALLGOOD ARTHUR SINCLAIR.

DUKE OF YORK'S. Props.: Willhut, Ltd. (Smoking.) EVGS., 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
SUSPENSE.
By Patrick MacGill.

GAIETY. LAST WEEK. Tem. 6991.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Mats., Tues. and Fri., 2.30.
"*DARLING, I LOVE YOU.*"
A New Musical Play, with GEORGE CLARKE.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
RENEE KELLY in
"*ALMOST A HONEYMOON.*"
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. Gerrard 8724.
Charles B. Cochran's and Maurice Browne's
INTERNATIONAL SEASON.
TO-NIGHT, at 8. SUBS. EVGS., 8.30.
Alexander
MOISSI,
the distinguished German-Italian Actor, in
"*DER LEBENDE LEICHNAM*"
("The Living Corpse" or "Redemption"),
by Leo N. Tolstoy.
Played in German.
On MONDAY, JUNE 2nd.
Alexander
MOISSI
in
"HAMLET."
Matinées, Thursday and Saturday, at 2.30 p.m.

GRAFTON, Tottenham Court-road.
THE SEARCHER.
By VELONA PILCHER.
And UNUSUAL VARIETY, May 29 and nightly, at 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30. Museum 1424.

HAYMARKET. Regent 6030.
EVERY EVG., 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.

HIPPODROME, LONDON. (Ger. 0648.)
EVGS., 8.30. Mats., Weds., Thurs., & Sats., 2.30.
"*THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930.*"
"VERY MUCH THE BEST ENTERTAINMENT THE CO-OPS HAVE YET GIVEN."—*Daily Mail.*

HIS MAJESTY'S.
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
11th Month of CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production
"*BITTER SWEET.*"
An Operette by NOEL COWARD.

KINGSWAY. Hol. 4032. To-morrow, 8.15.
Subs. Evgs., 8.15. Mats., Wed., Sat., 2.30. For Four Weeks.
"*LIBERTY HALL.*"
Deering Wells, Lawrence Hanray, Joan Maude, May Agate.

LONDON PAVILION. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, TUESDAY and THURSDAY, 2.30.
CHARLES B.
COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE.

LYCEUM. TEMPLE BAR 7617.
Nightly, 8.15. Mats., Weds. & Thurs., 2.30.
A JULIAN WYLIE Production.
"*HERE COMES THE BRIDE.*"
CLIFFORD MOLLISON EDMUND GWENN
JEAN COLIN RICHARD DOLMAN
Vera Bryer, Maria Minetti, Albert Brouett, Howell, Harcer, and Naldi.
Seats Bookable from 30. (Unres., 2s. and 1s.)

LYRIC. Gerrard 3686.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
"*LILAC TIME.*"
A Play with Music by FRANZ SCHUBERT.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012.
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA (see under Opera).

NEW. (Tem. 3878.) To-morrow, at 8. Subs. 8.30.
OWEN NARES in
THE LAST CHAPTER.
By Edith and Edward Ellis.
First Mat. Thurs. next, 2.30, and Every Tues. and Thurs.

PLAYHOUSE. Evgs., 8.30. Ger. 5162.
GLADYS COOPER presents
"*DISHONOURED LADY.*"
By Margaret Ayer Barnes and Edward Sheldon.
FAY COMPTON.
C. V. FRANCE. HARTLEY POWER.
NIGEL BRUCE. GEORGE CURZON.
ANNETTE BENSON. HAROLD HUTH.
Mats., THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.30.

PRINCE OF WALES. Gerrard 7482.
Proprietor: Tonie Bruce. Lessee: Andre Charlot.
EVENINGS, at 8.30. LAST 2 WEEKS.
JOURNEY'S END.
Mats., Thursday and Saturday, at 2.30.
"LONDON'S FINEST PLAY."—*Daily Telegraph.*

PRINCES. Temple Bar 3633.
A WARM CORNER.
NIGHTLY, 8.30. Mats., Thurs. and Sats., 2.30.
"IRRESISTIBLY COMIC."—*Star.*
HEATHER THATCHER.
CONNIE EDISS. AUSTIN MELFORD.
LESLIE HENSON.

THEATRES (continued)

QUEEN'S. Gerrard 9437.
Commencing WED. NEXT, at 8. Subs. Evgs., 8

Imperial and Foreign News

WEST INDIAN SUGAR

LORD PASSFIELD'S MESSAGE

The following dispatch, addressed by Lord Passfield, Secretary of State for the Colonies, to the Governors of British Guiana, Trinidad, Barbados, the Windward Islands, the Leeward Islands, and Jamaica, in connexion with the depression in the sugar industry, has been issued by the Colonial Office:—

During the last 12 months my predecessor and I have received from the Legislatures and other representative bodies in those Colonies in the Caribbean in which sugar is cultivated a large number of representations with regard to the difficulties of the sugar industry and the remedies to be applied to enable the cultivation of the cane to be continued. I regret that the circumstances have been such as to preclude the return of an early answer to these representations, but I am sure it will readily be understood that I was not in a position to make any definite answer to them until the decision of his Majesty's Government had been taken with regard to the recommendations contained in the Report of the West Indian Sugar Commission. I desire, however, to assure their authors that, before coming to a decision on so important a matter, his Majesty's Government did not fail earnestly to consider the representations made to them or carefully to weigh the suggestions offered towards a solution of the grave difficulties experienced by the industry. I do not think that I can at this date usefully attempt to deal individually with the resolutions which have reached me, and I therefore return to them the present collective answer.

EXISTING DUTIES

It is now common knowledge that the existing duties upon sugar imported into this country will not be altered during the present financial year, and that the undertaking given by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in the House of Commons on July 9 last holds good. The undertaking to which I refer was that, as long as those duties, upon which preferences were given, are in operation, those preferences would be maintained. I trust that any persons who hesitated to continue planting operations owing to uncertainty regarding the continuance of the preference during the current financial year, will now be reassured, and that they will be able to avail themselves of the help which his Majesty's Government have offered to provide as regards advances for the purpose of cultivation.

I fully recognize that the maintenance of the preference for the present, combined with the assistance which is being rendered as regards advances, are not measures which can by themselves solve the very serious difficulties of the sugar industry, and that that industry, in common with many others in this country and overseas, is passing through a period of severe trial. As far as the policy adopted by his Majesty's Government in dealing with the sugar situation is concerned, I would refer you to the statement of policy in regard to the West Indian and Mauritius Sugar Reports [published in *The Times* of March 25], of which the text has been telegraphed to you, and prints will by now be in your hands. The statement gives briefly the reasons which made it impossible for his Majesty's Government to accept the recommendations of Lord Olivier's Commission for the establishment of a purchasing agency to buy Imperial sugar at a fixed price and to raise the existing preference upon Imperial sugar. These reasons will be found amplified and explained in the speeches which I made in the House of Lords on February 6 and March 5 and 25, of which I enclose copies for convenience of reference. I would especially invite attention to the remarks at the end of my speech of March 5, in which I pointed out that other industries were in the same unfortunate position of finding price below the average cost of production, and that it would be impossible to stand the drain of meeting the position of all these industries. I very much regret that it should be so, but I am convinced that it will be better for all concerned that we should face the facts.

COSTS AND METHODS

In order to afford the West Indian sugar industry a better prospect of a satisfactory future it is clear that every effort must be made to reduce costs and to improve methods so as to place it in a better position to compete with the sugar industries of other countries. In this connexion I would invite your attention to the numerous subsidiary recommendations made by the West Indian Sugar Commission. Some of these recommendations appear to me to be of considerable importance, and I request that, after consulting your advisers, you will send me a full report of your views regarding the recommendations, and will indicate the measures you would propose for carrying into effect such as may appear to you to be desirable and feasible. The statement of policy contains, as you are aware, an assurance that his Majesty's Government will be prepared to examine, in consultation with the Government of the Colonies concerned, how far any or all of the measures in question can be assisted under the Colonial Development Act. I am confident that the Colonial Government and the planting community will make a united endeavour to avail themselves to the full of the advantages provided by the Act.

It must, unfortunately, be recognized that, notwithstanding all the assistance that may be available, it may not be found possible that the whole of the areas in which sugar is now produced should continue in the cultivation of that crop, and that in some cases the substitution of other crops may be necessary. I am confident that the help of the Colonial Development Fund will be liberally extended to support such measures to facilitate the substitution of other crops, as may commend themselves to you and to my agricultural advisers.

The Legislative Council of Trinidad has sent back to the Finance Committee the proposal made on Tuesday for the grant of a loan of £140,000, repayable in 15 years, to the sugar manufacturers of the island. Mr. Grant, in moving the rejection of the proposal, said that it would not be relief, but a first charge on properties, and asked leave to submit fresh suggestions.

WHITE SEA FISHING RIGHTS

ANGLO-SOVIET AGREEMENT

It is officially announced by the Foreign Office that an agreement was signed on Friday by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and the Soviet Ambassador, settling the question of British fishing rights on the Murmansk coast and in the White Sea. A White Paper with the text of the agreement is to be published to-morrow.

The British fisheries industry is interested in this settlement principally because of the long-standing dispute with the Soviet Government about the right of steam trawlers to fish up to the three-mile territorial limit. It has happened that British trawlers have been arrested by Soviet patrol vessels outside the limit of territorial waters on the pretext that they were interfering with the interests of the coastal population, which possesses only small open boats.

BULGARIA AND THE MACEDONIANS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SOFIA, MAY 24

In a statement to the Foreign Affairs Commission, on the present position between Bulgaria and her neighbours, M. Bouroff, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, said that the new Government was firmly resolved to take account of the friendly advice given by all the Great Powers with a view to restoring normal relations with Yugoslavia. It would do everything possible to check the activity of the Macedonian Revolutionary Organization and, so far as lay in the power of Bulgaria, to make it impossible for the outrages to be renewed.

YOUNG PLAN BONDS

NATIONAL ISSUES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 25

The conference on the conditions of issue of the Young Plan bonds continued yesterday and to-day. Progress is very slow owing to the complicated nature of the questions at issue, and to the fact that some of the representatives of nations which are to take up the loan are newcomers to the whole question of reparations. Yesterday the price of the issue and the wording of the bond were considered. It was decided to call the issue "The International Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Loan of the German Government." The essential point is that the bonds should retain their gold value in the various places of issue, in spite of local fluctuations in rates of exchange.

To-day the texts of the various bonds were again discussed. There will be, in the first place, a form of agreement between the International Bank and the German Government; and, besides this, a separate form of agreement between each national bank of issue and the German Government. The exact wording of these agreements is taking up a great deal of time, and half a dozen revisions of the texts have already been made.

Rumours that difficulties had arisen between the creditors and the German Government over the security for the loan were not confirmed by members of the conference, but much time has been spent in discussing the exact method of payment to be followed by the German Government in its dealings with the International Bank. It is understood to have been definitely agreed that the bonds shall be incapable of transfer between the various markets, as the British representatives desired. It was on this condition that the British share was fixed at £10,000,000 instead of £5,000,000. The claim that the bonds should be international was sustained for some time by the French, who hoped to find a readier market for their large share.

DEVELOPMENT OF TANGANYIKA

PROMOTION OF NON-NATIVE SETTLEMENT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NAIROBI, MAY 25

In December Sir Donald Cameron, Governor of Tanganyika, appointed a committee to advise him on the subject of the promotion of non-native settlement. Lord Delamere has been invited and has agreed to become a member.

The report, recently issued, declares that non-native settlement is essential for the prosperity of Tanganyika and most beneficial to native interests. It is proposed that there should be appointed in London a Tanganyika Agent, who would on his sole responsibility conduct the selection of suitable settlers. For this purpose the committee suggests that an addition should be made to the present vote for the East African Information Bureau in Cockspur-street.

The committee proposes a division of the settlers into four categories:—(1) Untrained, married or unmarried, needing a capital of £1,500; (2) trained farmers with a capital of £1,000; (3) persons producing evidence of guaranteed employment; and (4) young men of good class, at least 19 years old, who, after training, have a guaranteed capital of £1,500.

NEW UNITED STATES LINERS

TWO 30,000-TON SHIPS ORDERED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, MAY 25

The United States Lines yesterday ordered from the New York Shipbuilding Company, in Camden, New Jersey, two 30,000-ton liners, which are to cost together $21,000,000 (£4,200,000). They are to have a speed of at least 20 knots, and the first is to be completed by July, 1932, and the second four months later. They will be the largest vessels ever built in the United States.

The ships will have the same lines as the Leviathan, with which they are to serve in the New York and Southampton service until two larger liners, to cost $30,000,000 (£6,000,000) each, are ready. When the larger liners are available these two will be transferred to the New York and Hamburg service. Each will be more than 700ft. long, with a beam of 86ft. They will accommodate 1,300 passengers in first, tourist, and third classes, and be equipped with stages for theatrical performances and talking pictures, swimming pools, gymnasia, and wireless telephone devices for ship-to-shore conversations.

FAR EASTERN OLYMPIC GAMES

AN INDIAN FLAG CONTROVERSY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

TOKYO, MAY 24

The opening of the Ninth Far Eastern Olympic Games in the grounds of the Meiji Shrine, Tokyo, at noon to-day was impressive and full of colour. Prince Chichibu, honorary president, who is in Korea, was unable to be present, but a message from him was read by the Minister of Education.

For the first time Indians are among the 500 men and women taking part, drawn from Japan, China, the Philippines, and India. A controversy which had arisen in regard to flying the Union Jack or the Indian Nationalist flag was settled by flying the Viceroy of India's flag everywhere except over the Indian headquarters, where the Viceroy's and Nationalist flags, sewn back to back, are now flying.

LORD STRICKLAND'S ESCAPE

MESSAGE FROM THE KING

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MALTA, MAY 25

Lord Strickland has received numerous telegrams from all parts of the world congratulating him on his escape, and the King has sent the following message to the Governor, General Sir John Du Cane:—"I am shocked to hear of the attempt to assassinate the Prime Minister of Malta, but am truly thankful for the failure of the dastardly act." Lord Passfield, the Secretary of State for the Dominions and for the Colonies, has also sent his congratulations.

Archbishop Caruana, Bishop of Malta, has sent a letter to Lord Strickland asking him and Lady Strickland to accept his heartfelt congratulations on the providential escape. As Lord Strickland's 69th birthday coincided with Empire Day, demonstrations of sympathy formed a notable part of the celebrations.

W. AUSTRALIA AND THE COMMONWEALTH

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

PERTH (W.A.), MAY 25

The Dominion League's campaign for the secession of Western Australia from the Commonwealth was opened at a meeting here last night. Sir James Mitchell, the Premier, presided, and two other members of the Cabinet and a score of members of both Houses of the State Parliament were present. Senator Lynch and a number of distinguished citizens were on the platform, and every mention of secession was loudly cheered.

CANADIAN BUDGET

DOMINION'S "EMPIRE DAY MESSAGE"

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, MAY 25

Mr. Mackenzie King, the Dominion Prime Minister, issued on the eve of Empire Day a statement to the Canadian people, in which he said that Canada's Empire Day message was the Budget of 1930.

He declared that by progressive extensions of British and Empire preferences, by the restoration of penny postage throughout the Empire, by facilities for welcoming to Canada the R 100, and in other ways, the country has afforded a practical demonstration of its desire to see developed policies which she believed to be not only in her own interest, but equally in the interests of all parts of the British Commonwealth of Nations. Canada's action in this particular matter was the outcome of no spirit of jealous economic exclusiveness towards other nations. Canadians kept their portals of trade open to the world on terms of fair exchange. But they valued their association as a member of the British Commonwealth of Nations and in the growth towards the full status of nationhood had strengthened the ties of sentiment and tradition which bound them to the Motherland and the sister nations of the Empire. The spontaneous and wholehearted response in the British Press, irrespective of party affiliations, which the latest extension of British and Empire preferences had elicited, was gratifying. Trade was essentially a matter of business, but in the conduct of their national business Canadians were happy to remember that they were members of a great community of nations under the British Crown, which offered an unexampled opportunity for fraternal cooperation and commercial enterprise in the era of vast development which awaited the world in this twentieth century.

The House of Commons sat all day yesterday and made such rapid progress in committees with the remaining clauses of the Budget that they were practically all disposed of, except some iron and steel schedules.

Hopes are now entertained that the session will end next Wednesday or Thursday, and the election be held on July 28.

NEW BRIDGE AT MONTREAL

OPENING CEREMONY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, MAY 25

The new South Shore Bridge, connecting Montreal with the suburban communities on the South shore of the St. Lawrence, was officially opened yesterday by Mr. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister, who pressed an electric button in his office at Ottawa and delivered the inaugural speech over telephonic connexions.

The plans for the bridge were drawn up in January, 1925, and the contract for the construction given to the Dominion Bridge Company. The original estimate of the cost was $10,000,000 [£2,000,000], but increased prices for steel and other factors have caused this estimate to be greatly exceeded, and the final cost will be at least $18,000,000 [£3,600,000]. The contract date for the completion of the superstructure, apart from field painting, was July, 1930, but it was actually finished last October.

At the Montreal end the approach to the main span of the bridge consists of a viaduct approximately 2,300ft. in length, beginning at ground level some distance north of St. Catharine-street, one of the chief business streets of the city, and rising on a 4.123 gradient as far as a point near its junction with the main span.

The main span of the bridge is a symmetrical cantilever, with an overall length of 1,937ft. The centre span is 1,097ft. in length, and as the pier on the north wharf is set back 50ft. from the dock wall, there is left a clear navigation channel of over 1,000ft.; the navigation clearance in the channel is 155ft. at mean high water level on a central length of 500ft.

On the south side the approach viaduct extends from the end of the main span for 900ft. to a pavilion erected on St. Helen's Island, an islet in the river, and there it changes alignment in an easterly direction, and is continued for a further 4,000ft. to the southern shore. In addition, there is a ramp 250ft. in length leading from the pavilion to road level at St. Helen's Island.

The whole framework of the bridge is not far short of two miles in length, and 36,000 tons of steel have been used in its construction.

THE DUSSELDORF MURDERS

ARRESTED MAN'S ALLEGED CONFESSION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, MAY 25

The latest of many arrests in connexion with the series of murders committed in and near Düsseldorf last year was made yesterday, when detectives seized a man named Peter Kürten in a busy street.

Kürten has confessed to several of the 18 murders or murderous assaults. His is not the first such confession, but in this case the police appear to attach importance to his statements. Kürten was taken to the scenes of some of the murders and asked to describe the crimes. His replies, according to the cautious police statement, "described the events with precision, were not contradictory, and contained nothing demonstratively untrue." "There is some doubt," the statement adds, "whether his connexion with all the murders and attempted murders can be proved."

Kürten's arrest was due to chance. A Düsseldorf maidservant, in a letter to a friend, described an assault upon herself on the night of May 14 by a man who had offered to show her the way to a home for girls where she wished to spend the night. The letter was wrongly addressed, opened by strangers, and, in view of its contents, forwarded to the police. The maidservant was traced; she supplied the address of her assailant, and the suspicions of the police, as the result of their inquiries, fell on Kürten, a labourer living in the Mettmanner Strasse.

Kürten, however, absented himself from his lodging and could not be found. Yesterday the police received information that he would be found around midday in the Rochus Platz. A dozen detectives who had been in hiding seized and handcuffed him there. He confessed to the particular case of assault and later to some of last year's crimes.

MR. CHILTON'S FAREWELL TO THE VATICAN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, MAY 25

Mr. Chilton, the retiring British Minister to the Holy See, had his farewell audience with the Pope yesterday to present his Letters of Recall. The audience, which lasted about a quarter of an hour or 20 minutes, was, I understand, marked by much kindness on the part of the Holy Father, who expressed his regret at Mr. Chilton's departure. The Pope spoke a good deal about his Excellency's new appointment as Ambassador to Chile, but otherwise the conversation was entirely devoted to generalities.

The genuine regret with which Mr. Chilton's departure is viewed in the Vatican may be gathered also by the friendly leavetakings which he has had both with Cardinal Pacelli, the present Secretary of State, and also with his predecessor, Cardinal Gasparri. Between Mr. Chilton and Cardinal Gasparri there has been from the outset a sincere bond of personal liking.

A semi-official statement has been issued in Moscow saying that Karakhan, Acting Foreign Commissar, who has been appointed chief delegate to the Soviet-Chinese conference, has communicated to Mo Teh-hui, the Chinese delegate, a list of Soviet experts for the conference, with a note in which he says that Russia is ready to open the Soviets-Chinese conference any day, as provided for in the Habarovsk protocol.—*Reuter.*

NAVAL TREATY

MR. HOOVER AND THE SENATE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, MAY 25

On the day following the intimation from President Hoover that if the London Treaty of Naval Limitation were not acted upon before Congress adjourned he would hold the Senate here in special session for this express purpose, assurances began to come in from leaders in the Senate that a vote could and would be had before the middle of June. The treaty is opposed by only three members of the Foreign Relations Committee, in the Senate as a whole only a baker's dozen are for various reasons against it, and ratification now seems more certain than ever.

The implacable but discouraged Senator Johnson, of California, of course had a word to say. The sponsors of the treaty, he remarked, are quite right to press it as, "if sufficient time elapses to enable the American people thoroughly to understand it, it will be overwhelmingly defeated"—as to which all that need be said is that the contrary is vastly more probable. Things might have been otherwise, and Mr. Johnson and his chosen witnesses might have been more persuasive, if the activity and arguments of similar groups in Great Britain and Japan had not been so nearly identical.

It is time to say, moreover, that the invocation of the power of appeasement which resides in a treaty of naval limitation made by three great oceanic Powers and duly ratified will be more and more necessary as the hearings before the Foreign Relations and Naval Affairs Committees of the Senate are protracted. Too many words have been spoken which were better left unsaid, and too many plans have been discussed *coram, non judice* whose revelation should have awaited the improbable event of battle. While this goes on the danger grows of open disagreements openly arrived at.

JAPAN AND THE QUOTA

The present state and future tendency of Japanese-American relations have been peculiarly a source of anxiety for some days. A speech made in Tokyo on Friday by the former Japanese Ambassador to the United States, Mr. Hanihara, came as a shock, but not to the small number of Americans who know how cruelly the Japanese people resent the action of the Senate in 1924, when it struck Japan from the list of countries whose immigration was limited and determined by the quota law. By this one act the Senate undid all the good that had been done by the Washington Conference and by the admirable outpouring of American generosity at the time of the great earthquake. Resentment, said Mr. Hanihara, would not die out "so long as a wound inflicted remains unhealed," and it was a fact to be reckoned with when the Japanese and American delegations opened their negotiations in London.

By chance—or, is it to be hoped, by design?—Senator Reed, of Pennsylvania, who was in charge of the Immigration Bill in 1924, and who yielded to the pressure of anti-Japanese colleagues like Senator Johnson, of California, was the principal negotiator for the United States. He was either the worst or the best man who could have been chosen—the best if the choice indicated an ulterior American purpose to heal the wound of which Mr. Hanihara spoke—and the difficulties he encountered are a matter of common knowledge. They would have been less if the Senate had not discriminated against Japan in 1924.

Even while the London Conference was proceeding, however, there was quiet talk of a method whereby the legislation of that year might be amended, and now Representative Johnson, of the Immigration Committee of the House of Representatives, has announced that he will in due course move that Japan "be given its proportionate quota": be admitted, in other words, to equality of treatment with the other Great Powers. This will be opposed, of course, even though the number of Japanese thus to be admitted will be less than 200, but, coming either before or after the ratification of the Naval Treaty, it has an excellent chance of passage.

ENGLISHMAN ARRESTED IN NEW YORK

CHARGE UNDER PROHIBITION LAW

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, MAY 25

Mr. Edward Tatham, an Englishman, 34 years old, stated to be connected with Justerini and Brooks, Limited, wine merchants, of London, was arrested here by the Federal authorities on Friday night. Both he and the company are indicted on a charge of conspiracy to violate the Prohibition Law.

According to Mr. Watts, Assistant United States Attorney, this is the first time a foreign corporation has ever been named in a true bill in the United States. Mr. Watts asserts that Mr. Tatham, who, he says, had a copy of a social register in one of his handbags, had circulated among rich and socially distinguished persons, indicating to them means by which it would be possible to obtain wines and spirits of impeccable quality, either through the ordinary channels of liquor distribution or by voyaging in their private yachts to bases established outside the 12-mile limit.

Mr. Tatham was arrested on Friday night as he entered a sleeping car on the Toronto express *en route* for Montreal, whence he was to sail for England. He was taken to a house of detention, where he spent the night, as he was unable at that hour to furnish bail, which had been fixed in advance at $20,000 (£4,000). Agents seized his luggage, in which they claim to have found lists of distinguished clients in New York and other cities. Mr. Tatham, who has now been released on reduced bail, has pleaded *Not guilty.*

THE LORD MAYOR IN ANTWERP

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRUSSELS, MAY 25

Sir William Waterlow, Lord Mayor of London, accompanied by the Lady Mayoress and the Aldermen and Sheriffs, arrived at Antwerp to-day on board the Dunbar Castle. As soon as the gangway was lowered M. van Cauwelaert, the Burgomaster of Antwerp, and the British Consul-General went on board to welcome the Lord Mayor. Sir William and Lady Waterlow drove by motor-car to Brussels and proceeded to the British Embassy. After taking tea with Lord Granville, the British Ambassador, and Lady Granville, they visited M. Max, the Burgomaster, at the Hôtel de Ville, and then returned to Antwerp.

In the evening the Lord Mayor laid a wreath on the Antwerp War memorial in the Avenue de France. A banquet was given in honour of the visitors at the Hotel de Ville.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF AUSTRALIA

CONSTITUTIONAL POSITION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MELBOURNE, MAY 25

Speaking at the Royal Empire Society's dinner in Melbourne, the Chief Justice of Victoria, Sir William Irvine, referred to the question whether the Balfour Report adopted by the last Imperial Conference had fundamentally changed the constitutional principle hitherto guiding the King in appointing his Governors-General, and said:—

If the suggested transfer has taken place the appointment of a Governor-General comes at once within the arena of party conflict in a Dominions Parliament, and the holder of the office, while nominally the King's Representative, must look to the Ministry of the day as his real master.

I venture, however, to submit, first that the Balfour Report deliberately stopped short of making such a recommendation; secondly, that, if made, it would have been inoperative, because the Constitution does not empower Ministers to advise the King on the appointment of a Governor-General or any other matter. The Constitution provides that there shall be an Executive Council to advise the Governor-General "in the government of the Commonwealth." That is the beginning and ending of Ministers' constitutional competence. It is doubtful whether the people would consent to invest in Ministers the power to make the King's Representative, while in name responsible to the King, in reality responsible to the Government, which, as it had appointed him, might equally demand his removal.

THE GRAF ZEPPELIN AT RIO DE JANEIRO

A VERY SHORT VISIT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RIO DE JANEIRO, MAY 25

The Graf Zeppelin left Pernambuco at 11.53 on Friday night for the 1,120 mile run to Rio de Janeiro, and did the journey in 26½ hours. She passed over the city at 2 o'clock this morning, but preferring to remain in the air rather than risk a descent in the dark did not alight on the Campo dos Affonsos until 7 o'clock. On the way she met the liner Almirante Jaceguay, in which Dr. Julio Prestes, the Brazilian President-elect, is going to the United States. The Graf Zeppelin descended sufficiently to be able to exchange salutes. She met a strong and increasing head wind all the way southwards and this evidently accounted for her low speed.

Last night and early this morning multitudes thronged the streets of Rio de Janeiro, which had been invaded from all parts of Brazil by people eager to see the airship. There were more than 100,000 spectators round the landing ground, and much surprise and disappointment was caused when the Graf Zeppelin, after staying for less than two hours, rose at 8.42 a.m., circled over the city for 20 minutes, and then went off in a northerly direction, presumably for Pernambuco.

THE PRINCE AT LE TOUQUET

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LE TOUQUET, MAY 25

The Prince of Wales spent over six hours on the golf links yesterday. In the Turf Club handicap tournament in the afternoon he was defeated by Colonel R. E. Myddelton by 3 and 2. In the evening the Prince entertained friends to dinner at the restaurant of the Casino and danced afterwards. As the weather forecast was unfavourable His Royal Highness, who had intended to leave by aeroplane to-morrow morning, left to-night by car for Dunkirk, whence he expects to reach London *via* Tilbury at 6 a.m. to-morrow.

THE KANCHENJUNGA EXPEDITION

COL. TOBIN'S RETURN TO DARJEELING

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, MAY 25

Colonel Tobin has returned to Darjeeling. He is disappointed at his inability to proceed to the base camp of the Kanchenjunga Expedition. He is now engaged in paying off 300 porters out of the 400 originally taken by the expedition.

Colonel Tobin says he was delayed from April 20 to May 12 on the line Dzongri-Tseram, eight and 12 marches respectively from Darjeeling, by the worst weather the expedition has experienced and by the untrustworthiness of the coolies over the Kang Pass and the Margin Pass. When on April 29 he crossed the Kang Pass in an effort to obtain local transport, of the nine men with him two fled back to Darjeeling, two went on but abandoned their loads, and four were snowblind for several days.

Colonel Tobin himself was laid up for a week at Tseram. A few coolies were driven back from the Kang Pass by fierce storms, and returned after a second attempt, carrying three of their number on their backs. On May 3 a party of coolies arrived from the base camp and were utilized at a porterage dump, but they suffered severely, and one died in the snow. Disaffected coolies returning to Darjeeling looted the dump. These accumulating difficulties prevented Colonel Tobin from proceeding to the base camp, and, after his relief by Mr. J. S. Hannah on May 12, he returned to Darjeeling.

*** Colonel Tobin and Mr. Hannah, who are both members of the Himalayan Club, joined the expedition last March after its arrival in India, Colonel Tobin being appointed transport officer.

DEATH OF M. MARINUS

NEGOTIATOR OF RUBBER RESTRICTION SCHEME

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

THE HAGUE, MAY 25

M. H. Marinus, a leading figure in the rubber industry, has died at Batavia. He was to have sailed on his return to Holland on Wednesday next, having been on a visit to the Dutch East Indies to promote his plans for cooperation between the European and native rubber growers and for restricting the rubber output.

M. Marinus was a pioneer planter in the Dutch East Indies, having begun his work at Deli at a time when his more conservative compatriots in the East Indies would not follow the plans outlined by him in 1880. Those plans proved to be sound, and he may be considered as a man far ahead of his time. For a long while he has been chief administrator of the Amsterdam Serdang Company. Later on he was connected with the Nederland East Indies Land Syndicate. He returned to Holland after the War, but remained connected with many East Indies companies. M. Marinus had obtained the sympathy and support of many European and native planters for his scheme for stabilization and the institution of a permanent organization of rubber producers. The success of his plan was regarded as assured.

There were mild demonstrations on Saturday in NAIROBI, where Indians marched in procession, carrying banners with such inscriptions as "Honour before Empire," "Boycott Empire Day." Boys of an Indian school where there has recently been evidence of propaganda refused to take part in a special Empire gathering.

Telegrams in Brief

A lighthouse on the Berlengas Islands, off the coast of PORTUGAL, was destroyed by a gas explosion on Friday.

The Mackay aerial expedition left CANBERRA on Saturday for its exploration by air of the "dead heart" of Central Australia.

The TOKYO-YOKOHAMA district was rocked by an earthquate at 1.38 a.m. yesterday lasting 25 minutes. No damage was done.

Protests have been made in PARIS against the arrangements made for a bull fight at Melun, to take place at the end of this week.

Four Canadian martyrs, already beatified, are to be canonized. A party of Canadian pilgrims now in ROME is remaining for the ceremony.

A proclamation issued in CANBERRA prohibits the export of wine to destinations other than New Zealand except under licence, the prohibition to become effective on June 2.

Prince Frederick, the Crown Prince of Denmark, arrived in PARIS yesterday for to-day's ceremony of laying the first stone of the Danish hostel at the Cité Universitaire.

BARCELONA municipality on Thursday entertained the Alcaldes of all the provincial capitals of Spain at a dinner at which the King and his Prime Minister, General Berenguer, were present.

Mr. Parker Gilbert, until lately Agent-General for Reparation Payments, has been promoted Grand Officer of the Legion of Honour in recognition of his work in connexion with the Dawes Plan.

A large bronze anchor, a fluted column of African marble, and a patera of white metal with a long fixed handle have been found in LAKE NEMI, near the second Roman ship exposed by lowering the level of the lake.

The King and Queen of DENMARK, who have been visiting some of the towns in Southern Jutland in the Royal yacht Dannebrog, expect to return to Copenhagen to-night after visiting Nakskov and Rödby in Laaland on the way.

Antonelli, a bandit, who had been active in CORSICA since 1924, was responsible for three attempts to murder policemen, and seriously wounded a policeman in 1926, has been shot dead in a chance encounter with the police.

It is announced in GENEVA that China has ratified the convention on the creation of minimum wage-fixing machinery. This is the first time China has ratified a convention adopted by the International Labour Conference.

FRENCH POSTAL DISPUTE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 25

The postal workers' congress was brought to a conclusion yesterday without further incident. The suggestion that a 24-hours telephone strike should be declared did not figure among the resolutions at the secret meeting. The congress contented itself with a formal instruction to the executive committee to watch the development of the wages dispute, to decide what active measures should be taken, either alone or in conjunction with other federations, and meanwhile to organize a series of propaganda meetings, in which the employees discharged by the Ministry of Posts should take part.

The Government's offer was declared to be inacceptable, and the congress affirmed its determination to carry on the struggle until satisfaction had been obtained.

THE AUSTRALIAN BRIBERY ALLEGATIONS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CANBERRA, MAY 25

The inquiry by Mr. Justice Dethridge, Royal Commissioner, into the allegations of bribery against members of the Federal Public Accounts Committee, in connexion with the broadcasting companies' compensation claims, was continued yesterday, when the hearing of evidence was concluded. After counsel had finished their addresses, Mr. Justice Dethridge, who said there was not the shadow of a real case against Mr. Coleman, chairman of the committee, adjourned the inquiry indefinitely.

Other Foreign News on following page

Miss Amy Johnson's

remarkable

LONE FLIGHT

TO AUSTRALIA

Following the Duchess of Bedford's record flight to Capetown and back, Miss Amy Johnson, the 22-year-old lady pilot, has flown her Gypsy Moth single-handed from Croydon to Australia in 20 days. During her journey Miss Johnson beat the existing record for a solo flight to India by reaching that country in 6 days.

Miss Johnson chose "Summer Shell" petrol and her great achievement is still further proof of Shell's supremacy.

SUMMER SHELL

PETROL

now on sale

AT EVERY 'SHELL' PUMP

GUARDING THE FRONTIER

THE HAJI'S LAIR

A MOUNTAIN FASTNESS

AIR PATROL FIRED UPON

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

PESHAWAR, MAY 25

The Haji of Turangzai obstinately refuses to move on from Ghalanai, and remains within 30 miles of Peshawar City. Neither remonstrances of the local Maliks [tribal leaders], to whom the presence of this unwelcome guest is a distinct embarrassment, nor the more direct hints of the Royal Air Force have so far succeeded in driving the old gentleman and his followers from their stronghold in a nullah.

In itself the Haji's presence offers no serious menace to the peace of the frontier, as even if the exaggerated accounts of the strength of his lashkar are near the mark it is not a force that would prove serious to the troops available here. On the other hand, his headquarters must remain a potential storm centre. The whole frontier—touching wood—is much quieter than appeared to be possible a couple of weeks ago, but fires flare up very quickly on the border, and the Haji is just the type to provide ready kindling. Consequently, for the moment the question of his summary ejectment remains the first concern of the authorities of the province.

IN THE MOHMAND COUNTRY

There has been considerable aircraft activity during the week-end and reconnaisances are made morning and evening. The Haji has chosen a picturesque burrow in which to go to ground. For several miles after taking off from Peshawar the pilot flies high over the orchards which surround the city and ploughed fields, which in shape and size from 2,000ft. up look like a crazy pavement in an English garden. For a minute the Kabul river, split into a dozen streams and swollen with the snows of a hundred mountain tops, flashes past underneath. Then he comes to the first ridge of hills, which rise sheer from the plain. Once over the first ridge the Mohmand country lies in a chain of forbidding peaks below, while far ahead to the north the white-capped mountains of Kunar rise above the clouds.

It is in a narrow valley of this region that the Haji has made his camp. A winding watercourse shows green against the drab background of the valley, while a clump of trees is conspicuous in the barren country. On a bend of this stream the village of Ghalanai, with its characteristic watchtower and walls, is easily picked out. All around are tiny compounds wherein toy figures can be seen busy threshing the harvest. Past Ghalanai, and still farther into the hills, the aeroplane flies over a chain of small villages until Nahakki is reached. Here it swings hard right and into still more inhospitable country.

The Haji's son, Badshah Gul, may not have his father's eye for scenery, but he knows something of strategy and has selected a still more difficult hiding place among caves in the rocky foothills near the village of Matta Mughal Khel. It is from this village that the Red Shirt volunteers steal by night and, taking winding paths which lose themselves among the rocks, but which in daylight can readily be detected by airmen flying low, carry food and other provisions to Badshah and his son. An air reconnaissance yesterday morning was fired at several times in this area.

THE "RED SHIRTS"

The general situation along the frontier is apparently unchanged, this morning's reports from various tribal areas indicating that while the position is still delicate no definite move of the tribesmen is discernible. Peshawar City itself is quiet. There was a certain amount of excitement in the village of Charsadda this morning, when a meeting attended by hundreds of men, including a large contingent of Red Shirts, passed the usual seditious resolutions. The arrival of five motor-lorries filled with frontier constabulary from Shabkadar Fort checked any disposition on the part of the villagers to get above themselves. Very few "Red Shirts" are now to be seen in the villages, but broken telegraph wires that trail alongside the road between Abazai village, on the banks of the River Swat, and the bridge of boats across the Kabul River, suggest that their activities are not yet at an end.

A court of inquiry into the recent disturbances at Peshawar will hold its first session to-morrow in the Museum, which has been turned into a court-house for the occasion. The Government case is naturally complete, but it is still uncertain what attitude will be adopted by the other side in the production of witnesses. Meanwhile, Mr. Patel still clings to his intention to hold an "independent inquiry" at Rawalpindi. Whatever may be said as to the expediency of holding an official inquiry, while conditions are still unsettled, it is difficult to see any point in allowing this impudent arrogation of authority by persons who, on their own statements, are scarcely fitted to pass judgment on matters affecting the law and order of the country.

MORE RAIDERS ARRESTED

FOUR HOURS' FIGHT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, MAY 25

The raid on the Wadala salt depôt continued this morning, when about 100 Congress volunteers, accompanied by 4,000 or 5,000 spectators, again endeavoured to reach the depôt. After skirmishes lasting four hours, 115 persons, of whom 64 were volunteers, were arrested. Seventeen raiders were injured, one police sergeant was injured in the face with a stone and sticks, and four other police sergeants were less seriously injured.

Friday afternoon's procession, which was stopped by the police near Victoria Terminus, was afterwards permitted to continue its course after an undertaking had been given by Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas that it would shortly afterwards diverge from the originally intended route. An official statement published yesterday says the procession was stopped because of the dislocation of traffic caused by previous processions, and because those processions had shown a most offensive attitude to Europeans. The agreement made by the leaders of the procession was, however, broken, and the crowd proceeded to the Apollo Bunder. Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas afterwards apologized to the police for the breach of the agreement.

Mr. Natarajan, Editor of the *Indian Social Reformer*, writes to the *Bombay Chronicle* to dispel the idea that Mr. Gandhi has become conciliatory since his internment.

An interview with Mr. Gandhi published in a London newspaper is, Mr. Natarajan says, a repetition of what Mr. Gandhi told him on April 1, and which was later published in the *Indian Social Reformer*. As for Dominion status, Mr. Natarajan gathered that Mr. Gandhi could now view it only in terms of independence—that is, how much of the substance of independence it implied. He further explains that Mr. Gandhi does not expect the immediate abolition of the salt tax and the liquor trade, but only asks the Viceroy to initiate those reforms and take steps to have them properly formulated and introduced for progressive consideration.

MOSLEM OPPOSITION TO CONGRESS

"HEADING FOR ANARCHY"

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, MAY 24

An important meeting of Moslems from the Three Upper Sind Districts was held at Sukkur on Thursday night, presided over by Sir Shah Nawaz Khan Bhutto, a member of the Bombay Legislative Council, when resolutions condemning the Congress campaign were passed. The Chairman, in the course of his address, said:—

My experience is that of late advanced Hindus have adopted a policy of intimidating and coercing the Government to cease considering the claims and rights of the minority communities, and their propaganda in this direction has at times been very successful. The present civil disobedience movement is the climax of the efforts of advanced Hindus to have the future government of India for themselves alone. . . .

Under the guidance of the Congress, the country is heading for anarchy and revolution. Respect for law and order is disappearing, authority of all forms is vanishing, and it is time that the Congress, to save its own reputation, called a halt to the present movement. With all the emphasis at my command I request you not to countenance the present agitation, though it may be only a spectacular demonstration of salt-making from our *kalar* heaps. I assure you that all the loose talk of agitators about the stoppage of taxes after the Congress Raj comes into existence is false. Whatever the form of Raj, advanced Hindus will not give up the taxes now paid, and all the propaganda about the abolition of taxes is being carried on to create unrest in the country and advance their schemes. Let us not fall a prey to the Hindu schemes.

The meeting passed a series of resolutions, the first of which deplored the rejection of the Round Table Conference by the extremists and urged "all Indians, particularly Moslems," to keep themselves aloof from the civil disobedience movement, which "has brought in its train disorders, riots, and bloodshed."

A meeting of Karachi town Moslems was held here last night, attended by 80 persons, under the chairmanship of Maulvi Mahomed Saddiq. A resolution was passed with five dissentients—chief among whom were Seth Haji Abdulla Haroon, a member of the Legislative Assembly, and Kazi Abdur Rahman—in which the meeting endorsed the resolutions of the Jamiyet-el-Ulema-i-Hind, urging Moslems to take part in the movement for the independence of India and cooperate with the National Congress, and appealed to the Moslems of Karachi and Sind to be ready to carry out the programme of the Jamiyet, which includes the publication of proscribed *Fatwas* and literature, the picketing of shops dealing in liquor and other intoxicants, and the boycott of foreign goods, particularly foreign cloth.

A clash occurred here this morning after the police had raided a contraband salt shop and seized a large quantity of salt. The crowd resisted the police, who made a *lathi* charge, but the situation became serious and the district Magistrate and officials were summoned. Then the arrival of a band diverted the attention of the crowd, which formed into a procession and straggled through the Indian quarter, shouting revolutionary cries. All was quiet by noon.

COMMUNAL OUTBREAK IN BENGAL

HINDU TEMPLE BURNED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, MAY 25

Serious communal rioting broke out at Dacca on Saturday, in the course of which a Hindu temple was burned, Hindu houses were set on fire, and shops looted. Police, supported by armoured cars, eventually gained control of the situation, and the danger area is now well guarded.

Ill-feeling between the two communities had been developing since Thursday, and took a violent form when a Moslem was found dead in the street yesterday morning. His co-religionists first paraded the streets with the body, and then began an indiscriminate attack on Hindus. A serious aspect of the outbreak is that recent political agitation has led to tension between Hindus and Moslems everywhere in Bengal, and the incidents at Dacca are likely to be repeated elsewhere.

In Calcutta—where the high-handed action of the Swarajist majority on the Corporation has given rise to threats from the Moslems—the Calcutta Municipal Association (which is the electioneering organization of the Swarajists) has issued a long statement endeavouring to justify and explain what has been done, and offering Moslems a large proportion of the seats on committees—an offer "inspired by a general desire to work hand in hand with their Moslem brethren in an atmosphere of good will and cooperation." Moslems are so incensed, however, that it is improbable the offer will allay feeling.

Amid all the present political troubles a most hopeful sign has been that football between European and Indian teams in Calcutta has gone on with only an occasional interruption when *hartals* have been proclaimed. Yesterday, however, when thousands had assembled to see matches between the Calcutta Football Club and Mohan Bagan (the best of the Indian teams) and between Dalhousie and Aryans, the grounds were invaded by Indian women accompanied by Congress volunteers, who, going to the tents, persuaded the Indian teams not to turn out. After obtaining a promise from the players, the women drove away in motor-cars. Dalhousie went to the Calcutta ground and played a friendly match. Other matches which had begun on the Maidan and in which Indian teams were concerned were brought to an abrupt conclusion by a crowd which invaded the field of play. Nowhere was there serious disturbance.

DEATH OF AN ARCHDUKE

The Archduke Rainer Charles, eldest son of the Archduke Leopold Salvator of Austria-Tuscany and grandson of the late Don Carlos, Duke of Madrid, died in VIENNA yesterday of blood-poisoning. He was in his thirty-fifth year, and after the War had ceased to use his title, styling himself Herr von Hapsburg-Lothringen.

MASS TYRANNY IN INDIA

PICKETING AND THREATS

CONGRESS METHODS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, MAY 25

Reports which are reaching Simla from all parts of India show that the general political situation is better than it was a few weeks ago. In spite of certain unsatisfactory features, the signs of improvement are definite and promising.

The storm produced by the Congress agents in the North-West Frontier Province appears to have blown over, and the efforts to stir up unrest among Moslems elsewhere to have failed. The civil authorities have the situation well in hand in the Punjab and in Bengal. Bombay and its neighbourhood remain the outstanding region of public disorder, but there also the Provincial Government, while permitting political demonstrators the widest licence, has never lost its grip on the situation. The central organization of the land-holding classes in the Bombay Presidency has sent to the Viceroy an assurance of its loyalty and condemnation of the civil disobedience movement. The Calcutta Marwari merchants—a body of much importance in commercial India—have similarly communicated their condemnation of the extremist programme.

At the same time, the Congress campaign is beginning to show evidence of developing along the lines laid down by the recent meeting at Allahabad of the Working Committees. Effort is now being concentrated on picketing and boycotting. The methods employed are growing in mischief and violence, their use is spreading and intensifying, and their impudence is often intolerable.

CAMPAIGN OF THREATS

The circulation of newspapers which refuse to obey the Congress order to suspend publication is being hindered by pickets, and cloth shops are being picketed to prevent their selling foreign goods. At one place in the United Provinces pickets have threatened shopkeepers that if they sell foreign goods their shops will be looted, and at Lahore Congress agents actually stole foreign cloth from a shop and burnt it. In the Punjab the authorities arrested a band of agitators entering Jhelum, and Congress agents, suspecting a certain individual of loyally assisting the police, sent a funeral procession to his house to convey their threat to murder him and his. In some places pickets are endeavouring to prevent people entering the temples unless wearing *khaddar* [home-spun]. The police check the grosser excesses of the campaign, but as non-violent picketing is not a legal offence unless it threatens the obstruction of traffic or disturbance of the peace, it cannot wholly be suppressed.

While, however, the Congress has been redoubling its efforts, one result has been to stimulate a growing revulsion against itself, and people are beginning to show in various ways their resentment at the tyranny of mass action dictated by the extremist leaders. Shopkeepers commanded to cease their ordinary avocations do not find the great sacrifice demanded of them easier to make when they hear that Pandit Motilal Nehru—who as President of the Congress recommended even lawyers to non-cooperate in the Courts—is himself busy upon an important law case.

The note of reaction is being heard even among those who were recently sympathizers with the Congress. They are learning the meaning of tyranny by majority as no official warnings and unofficial prophets could have taught them. People are coming forward in increasing numbers to ask the authorities to protect them against Congress intimidation instead of, as before, cooperating or tolerating its agents. This new spirit of opposition is naturally especially strong in the minority communities, whose members are saying that if this oppression by the Hindu Congress is possible under British rule, how much worse would be the position if control were handed over to a popular Government dominated by a Hindu majority. For no moderate Hindu leader has prominently stood forth to check the stream of tyranny.

VICEROY'S ASSURANCE

The Viceroy's latest statement, and especially the assurance it contained of the determination to safeguard the minority communities in whatever new Constitution may be framed, was in the circumstances most timely. It has given new heart to the leaders and members of the minorities, it has strengthened the hopes they place in the Statutory Commission and the Round Table Conference, and it has encouraged their willingness to cooperate with the civil authorities. Non-official Moslems are organizing a new conference of their leaders, and their effort represents a renewed determination to steady sensible opinion among their community, and confirms their adhesion to constitutional methods. It appears certain that the course of events will increase the perplexity and depth of communal divisions, and that the domineering and ruthless tactics of the Congress Party are more than confirming every fear which the Moslem and other minorities have long entertained of the treatment the Hindu majority would mete out to them under any normal system of democratic government.

It is impossible to foretell what effect the Statutory Commission's Report will produce. The Congress movement is regarded in the best-informed quarters as still growing in strength and intensity. How far it will go before it reaches its crest cannot be foreseen, but it has long been known that the revolutionary leaders are planning their maximum effort for the period immediately after the publication of the Report. The unexpectedly late date of publication and the arrest of many of the Congress leaders must have affected the extremist programme, and while it has left a longer period for its organization, it has also given time for the development of those healthy reactions already referred to.

THE INVALIDS

The Archbishop of York (Dr. Temple) was unable to preach at the Sunday School Teachers' Festival at Lincoln Cathedral on Saturday. He is in bed with an attack of gout, but hopes to fulfil his engagements shortly.

The Bishop of Norwich, who is suffering from septic rheumatism, is progressing, but it will still be some time before he can put his foot to the ground.

Lord Hewart was stated last night to be much better.

There was no change in the condition of Sir Frederick Eckstein last night.

AUSTRALIAN FLIGHT

MISS JOHNSON'S SUCCESS

AN ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

DARWIN, MAY 25

After her flight of 500 miles over the sea from the island of Timor Miss Amy Johnson landed at the Fanny Bay aerodrome near here at 3.57 yesterday afternoon amid rousing cheers from the crowd which had gathered. An aeroplane had taken off at 3 p.m. and cruised about in circles over Melville Island on the lookout for Miss Johnson in her Gipsy Moth

machine. Suddenly Miss Johnson's machine was seen in the north-west, the airwoman having evidently been carried somewhat to the westward of her course. After circling over the aerodrome Miss Johnson made a graceful landing and her aeroplane came to rest beside a big Australian machine.

After the usual examination by the medical officer and waiting until the cameras clicked the young airwoman stepped on to Australian soil. Someone called out, "Three cheers for Amy," and a ringing response was given. Miss Johnson, who was dressed in khaki shorts and puttees and had a green sun helmet, was sunburnt and obviously weary, but was smiling as she left her machine. Mechanics of other aeroplanes at once relieved her of the work of covering up and anchoring her aeroplane, which will be thoroughly overhauled before Miss Johnson starts south.

Miss Johnson was then driven to the town, where a civic reception had been arranged for the evening. Meanwhile she found a batch of 500 telegrams awaiting here and the officials gave her the services of a typist to help send off replies. Miss Johnson was also the recipient of a singular illuminated address from the local Kuomintang society on behalf of the Chinese of Australia. The address said:—

We rejoice that we are privileged to offer congratulations to the world's greatest airwoman after what is considered by experts one of the most wonderful feats accomplished by a human being. We are pleased for another reason: the incident proves that there is a great force in this world like a new powerhouse whose Star in the East is daily becoming brighter. . . . Now we can see that given equal opportunity we can look to women to provide not only brain power but heroism and gallantry as instanced in the present remarkable flight surpassing anything of the kind recorded by either sex in the history of the world. Your act of gallantry will cause a higher plane of thought throughout the world and will much enrich the history of your great country.

PLAIN "JOHNNIE"

At the civic reception at the Town Hall in the evening Miss Johnson said, "Don't call me Miss Johnson; just plain 'Johnnie' will do; that's what my English friends call me."

Miss Johnson, referring to the last stages of her flight, said that landing on Timor later than she expected to do, she was met by 200 natives. She could not understand their language except a word sounding like pastor. One of the natives took her hand and led her three miles to a church, where she met the parson, who treated her very kindly indeed. Probably she was not a good pilot. It was specially significant, Miss Johnson declared, that she landed on Empire Day, and she conveyed England's warm greetings to Australia.

Mr. Scullin, the Prime Minister, has telegraphed to Miss Johnson:—

Heartiest congratulations on your wonderful achievement, which has won the admiration of the whole world. On behalf of the Commonwealth Government I desire to extend to you a cordial welcome to Canberra while Parliament is in session. We sincerely hope you will be able to arrange this visit. Best wishes.

Miss Johnson will make the flight across Australia by easy stages.

SYDNEY, May 26.—Miss Johnson left Darwin on her resumed flight to Sydney at 7.30 this morning.—*Reuter.*

POPULAR ENTHUSIASM

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MELBOURNE, MAY 25

There are great rejoicings throughout Australia over Miss Johnson's successful flight. The song "Johnnie's in Town" is being sung and played in public places in celebration of her arrival. At an important League football match yesterday the exhibition of a legend, "Amy O.K.," was sufficient to send an electric thrill through the thousands present. Play was stopped while cheers filled the air, and this is only a slight indication of the popular enthusiasm which will accompany Miss Johnson in her southward journey. The Returned Soldiers League in a message to Miss Johnson says:—"We welcome you as the embodiment of that spirit which prompted British womanhood during the War to innumerable acts demanding the qualities of self-reliance, endurance, resoluteness, and sheer pluck."

PILOT AND MACHINE

That Miss Johnson should have made the flight from England to Australia in 20 days is a remarkable feat both for pilot and machine, although the early promise of a quicker journey over the whole route was not fulfilled. Failure to discover the landing ground at Rangoon cost her two days for repairs to airscrew and wing edges, and the reserve airscrew fitted at Rangoon proved less efficient than the one she damaged.

Miss Johnson, it must be remembered, has set up a new record for a solo flight from England to India, and she is the first woman to fly alone to Australia. Moreover, as far as Rangoon, she was two days ahead of the time made by Squadron Leader Hinkler, though in the whole distance she took four days more than did Hinkler.

The Gipsy Moth light aeroplane in which she travelled was nearly two years old when she bought it from Captain W. L. Hope, in whose hands it had already done 35,000 miles. Yet this old machine stood up to the most exacting demands made upon it, survived two forced landings, and gave no worse trouble than an ignition fault, which was remedied at Sourabaya. It is a standard Gipsy Moth machine, with one engine of 100 h.p., but it was specially fitted for long flights, having extra petrol tanks in the passenger's cockpit and in the rear of the fuselage, which allowed it to carry 79 gallons of fuel.

AIRWOMAN'S FINE ACHIEVEMENT

MESSAGE FROM THE KING

REJOICING AT HULL

The arrival of Miss Amy Johnson in Australia has brought her congratulations from all classes of society in this country. Within an hour or two of the receipt of the news of her arrival at Darwin the King sent the following telegram to the Governor-General of Australia:—

"The Queen and I are thankful and delighted to know of Miss Johnson's safe arrival in Australia and heartily congratulate her upon her wonderful and courageous achievement.

"GEORGE R.I."

The Prime Minister sent Miss Johnson the following message:—"My heartiest congratulations on your wonderful achievement. We have followed your flight with the keenest interest and admiration. We are very proud of you.—RAMSAY MACDONALD, Prime Minister." In another message, sent to Miss Johnson's father, Mr. MacDonald said:—"Heartiest congratulations. Everybody admires her pluck and is glad of her success."

Lord Thomson, Secretary of State for Air, telegraphed to Miss Johnson:—

On behalf of the Air Council I send warmest congratulations on the completion of your magnificent flight. As the first woman pilot to fly to Australia you have achieved an outstanding feat of skill and endurance, and we have watched with admiration the coolness and courage which have carried you through to your goal in the face of unforeseen difficulties and disappointments.

Sir W. Sefton Brancker, Director of Civil Aviation, also sent a message of congratulation to Miss Johnson.

The following telegram was sent by the president of the Royal Aeronautical Society—Colonel the Master of Sempill—to Miss Johnson, who is an Associate of the Royal Aeronautical Society:—

The Royal Aeronautical Society, fully realizing the inadequacy of words on this occasion, send you most cordial felicitations on the completion of your plucky flight. Your splendid and complete triumph over the many serious difficulties mainly provided by Nature has not only earned in full our most sincere admiration but has given another convincing demonstration of the remarkable qualities of our light aeroplanes and engines that will redound widely to the credit of British aviation.

Dr. Gerald Merton, chairman of the Air League executive, telegraphed:—"Air League of British Empire congratulates you on magnificent flight and hopes you may inspire British aviation and raise it from its apathy."

When the news reached Hull, Miss Johnson's native city, that she had reached Darwin, flags were hoisted, and the steam trawlers and other vessels in harbour were bedecked with bunting.

The Lord Mayor of Hull, Mr. R. Richardson, sent a telegram of congratulations to Miss Johnson, and Hull citizens have decided to open a fund to provide her with some suitable personal gift.

MISS JOHNSON'S DANISH ANCESTRY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

COPENHAGEN, MAY 25

Miss Johnson's flight has been followed with the greatest interest in Denmark, interest heightened by the news that her family is of Danish descent. Her paternal grandfather's sister is, in fact, still alive, and lives in Copenhagen.

Miss Johnson's paternal grandfather, Anders Jorgensen, was born at Assens, Fyen Island, Denmark, 78 years ago. He went to Hull in a sailing ship when he was 16 years old and settled there, anglicizing his name. He married a Yorkshire woman, Miss Mary Ann Holmes, at Holy Trinity Church, Hull. They had several sons, who carry on his business. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, senior, celebrated their golden wedding six years ago. Mrs. Johnson has since died, and Mr. Johnson lives at Bridlington. Seen yesterday, he declared that his granddaughter was maintaining "the intrepid, adventurous spirit of the family."

THE SPREAD OF INSURANCE

SPECIAL NUMBER TO-MORROW

The spreading of the various forms of insurance—life, fire, marine, and the many types of accident business—to meet new demands will be discussed in the fully illustrated Special Number on Insurance to be published by *The Times* to-morrow as part of the ordinary issue of the paper. The marked progress made in life assurance in recent years, as indicated by such movements as the reduction in the rates for non-profit policies and increased bonuses on with-profit policies, will be described by distinguished contributors, who will also write on changes in other kinds of insurance business successfully transacted by British institutions throughout the world.

The important place held by London as a home of insurance will be the subject of a special article, and it will be pointed out that, although London as an insurance centre is old, her outlook is youthful and enterprising, and that every legitimate insurance risk can be covered somewhere in the metropolis by enterprises which are able to offer the finest security.

Mr. Hubert Calvey will describe the joint development of the commerce and insurance of Liverpool—another leading insurance centre—and Mr. James Gibson Nicoll will indicate how the success of Scotland in carving a niche for herself as an insurance centre was primarily due to the establishment of strong Scottish societies on sound principles and the readiness of the managements to proceed with caution.

JOHN BROWN AND CO. CAPITAL SCHEME

A capital reorganization scheme has been prepared by the directors of John Brown and Co., the well-known shipbuilders and steelmakers. It involves a reduction of the Ordinary and Preference capital and the calling up of unpaid Ordinary capital. The value of the fixed assets of the company and of its interests in subsidiary and associated companies is to be written down drastically. Details of the scheme will be found in our City columns.

CHANTREY BEQUEST

The President and Council of the Royal Academy have purchased, under the terms of the Chantrey Bequest, a water-colour, "Le Bain de Pied," by Robert Austin, which has been on exhibition in the galleries of the Royal Society of Painters in Water Colours, 5A, Pall Mall East, S.W.1.

OBITUARY

Our Bombay Correspondent telegraphs that the MAHARANA of UDAIPUR died on Saturday night.

We have also to announce the deaths of SIR HERBERT HOPE, formerly Senior Registrar in Bankruptcy, and of DR. F. R. BLAXALL, a distinguished bacteriologist.

Memoirs will be found on page 20.

GLADSTONE PAPERS

FIRST ARTICLE TO-MORROW

Publication will begin in *The Times* to-morrow of a series of articles based on extracts from the great collection of papers amassed during Mr. Gladstone's life and preserved in the Muniment Room at Hawarden. It was announced some months ago that these papers had been presented to the nation by his sons, the late Lord Gladstone and Mr. H. N. Gladstone, and were being handed over by Mr. H. N. Gladstone to the keeping of the British Museum, where, after a lapse of time, they will be available to the public.

The documents from the Muniment Room number between 200,000 and 300,000, and about one-third of them are in Gladstone's handwriting or were inspired by him, while the rest are correspondence, political documents, and miscellaneous writings. By the courtesy of the donors *The Times* has been permitted to publish a number of extracts, illustrating the variety and importance of this national acquisition. There is a wealth of material untouched by Lord Morley in his "Life of Gladstone," bearing upon the life of nineteenth-century England and its leading figures in literature, art, and politics, and the aim of the articles is not to duplicate Lord Morley's work, but to display Mr. Gladstone in his relations, other than political, with other figures prominent in England and in Europe over the greater part of the last century.

SIGNOR MUSSOLINI IN MILAN

FASCISM AND ITS OPPONENTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MILAN, MAY 25

On the occasion of the anniversary of the Italian entry into the War Signor Mussolini last night addressed a mass meeting in the big Cathedral Square, which was thronged with Blackshirts and all sorts and conditions of people. The interest was very great, and, needless to say, the Duce had an enthusiastic reception from his followers. But those who expected from him a flamboyant harangue were disappointed, as his speech was in keeping with the more sober spirit of the north—firm but calm and on the whole moderate in tone.

Signor Mussolini said that his speeches at Leghorn and Florence had been "long meditated," but made it clear that they had been intended chiefly for home consumption. "They had the perfectly successful intent," he said, "of not letting the Italian people be lulled to sleep by the bleating of lambs which in fact are authentic wolves, and of preventing them from being suddenly awakened to-morrow by the more or less tragic surprises of history." He repudiated as "absolutely false" the statement that he had undertaken the present journey in consequence of the economic situation. This, he said, was no worse in Italy than elsewhere.

Those who had wondered at his rhetorical style had forgotten that he was not one of the Premiers of the past who spoke only after dinner and "made the digestion of their hearers even more laborious." His was not a Ministry, it was a Régime, the outcome of an insurrection and of a Revolution of which he was the head and the creator, and of which he now must be the defender, because "this Revolution is misrepresented in its doctrine, vilified and insulted in its labours, obstructed in its developments." These, he assured his hearers, were not vague statements, as "we are pretty well informed of what is being prepared elsewhere and of the spirit which animates some of our neighbours."

As proof of the ill will and "of the evident perfect bad faith" of which he complained, Signor Mussolini mentioned two *canards* which appeared last week in some foreign newspapers, one to the effect that Italian troops had been landed in Albania and the other that martial law had been declared in Milan.

The Duce invited the foreign correspondents in Milan to deny the latter rumour, and they will have no difficulty in doing so. Milan has been very quiet throughout the whole week. The business life of the city has gone on as usual and no incidents have occurred.

RESULTS OF NATIONAL COTTON WEEK

CONTINUED CAMPAIGN NEEDED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MANCHESTER, MAY 25

A considered judgment on the results of the recent National Cotton Week as far as ascertained, is given by the Manchester Chamber of Commerce in their June bulletin. The editorial, after stating that reports from wholesale houses and manufacturers have been asked for and are awaited, asserts that "cotton has thrust itself to the front of the queue which lines up all day and every day for popular favour, but only continued thrustings will keep it there." For the fact that cotton has never before been brought half so prominently before the public thanks are expressed to the National and Provincial Press, including *The Times* by name for "its amazing generosity," which all Lancashire appreciates as a spontaneous expression of sympathy in her time of difficulty. The point is made that through this free publicity cotton was stamped on the mind of every woman in the land. It is stated that "*The Times* tackled the subject solemnly and dealt with the industry in the most approved manner of a schoolmaster directing a confused pupil."

The gracious action of the Queen in lending her interest and sympathy to the movement materially assisted in securing effective publicity. The home market, which National Cotton Week was designed to assist, absorbs about one quarter of Lancashire's total production, and it is pointed out that, even if the maximum potential increase of 50 per cent. over present standards were achieved, it would only mean 12½ per cent. on the total production of the county.

On the other hand, if Lancashire is to wait for some miraculous solution which will solve all her problems at once she may wait for ever. She must tackle her problems piecemeal in every market. Different factors have caused the drop in trade, and therefore different methods are necessary to regain lost ground. In the home market the chief method can only be publicity, though it is admitted that there are promising avenues of improvement in methods of distribution, design, price, and special technical points of production and finish, such as avoidance of crease and the attainment of smoothness and fall in dress materials of a light kind.

LORDS AND COAL BILL

Our Parliamentary Correspondent writes:—

Members of the House of Lords have a comparatively light programme to-morrow, although the Report stage of the Land Drainage Bill may take some little time. On Wednesday, however, there will be a full-dress debate on India. Lord Peel is to ask the Government whether they can make a statement on the recent disturbances and illegal activities in that country. As the third reading of the Coal Mines Bill and a question by Lord Monkswell on public expenditure are down for the same day, a long sitting is probable. On Thursday the Commons amendments to the Mental Treatment Bill and the second reading of the Poor Prisoners' Defence Bill will be taken. Lord Lamington has given notice of a question on the alleged attacks on Arab seamen in North Shields, and Lord Gage will inquire whether the route of the Indian Air Mail has now been definitely settled.

PARLIAMENT THIS WEEK

LIBERALS AND THE GOVERNMENT

UNEMPLOYMENT DEBATE

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

After a week full of political incident, members of the House of Commons will meet to-day in a calmer atmosphere. Unemployment, however, will once more be the chief subject for debate this week, although India, the Finance Bill, and the Education Bill will also provide opportunities for discussions on matters of first-class importance.

As has been so often the case during the present Parliament, the Government are likely to be embarrassed more by the criticisms of some of their own supporters than by any action of the Opposition. A handful of left wing members of the Labour Party seem to be bent on making trouble for their leaders. On the Vote for the India Office this afternoon four of their number—Mr. Brockway, Mr. Beckett, Mr. Maxton, and Mr. W. J. Brown—have given notice of motions to reduce Mr. Benn's salary by £100. At question-time recently Mr. Benn has been persistently cross-examined from the Ministerial back-benches. Mr. Brockway has been particularly active on the subject of political prisoners, but it had been thought that these matters would have been reserved for the special meeting of the party, summoned for to-morrow, to deal with India. It is understood that the Government intend to adopt a firm attitude, and if the motion for the reduction should be pressed to a division the only result will be to show the weakness of the left wing case.

COMMUNISM IN INDIA

While the Conservatives have no desire to create difficulties for the Government on this question, they are anxious to obtain a good deal more information, especially as to the extent of Communist propaganda in India. Sir Samuel Hoare and Lord Winterton will be the chief Opposition speakers to-day, and Mr. Benn will be asked what information he has about the schools, established at Moscow, Leningrad, Samarkand, and Tashkent, for teaching Indian students the "science" of revolutionary propaganda. At question-time this afternoon Sir Kingsley Wood will ask Mr. Benn if the circumstances of Mr. Gandhi's detention permit him to give interviews to the Press, and, if so, what are the conditions, if any, laid down in respect thereto.

To-morrow the Government hope to obtain some of the early clauses of the Finance Bill, which will be taken in Committee, but, in view of the large number of Opposition amendments, progress is likely to be slow.

A good deal of interest centres in the meeting of the Liberal Party to be held to-morrow evening, when a decision will be taken as to the course of action to be pursued when the Vote for Mr. Thomas's salary comes up again on the following day. Last week the Liberals abstained from voting, and, with numerous abstentions among their own supporters, the Government majority fell to 15. The present impression is that the bulk of the Liberal Party will once more abstain, but some half-dozen are said to be inclined to support the Government.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Baldwin, and Mr. Lloyd George are expected to take part in Wednesday's debate, when Sir Oswald Mosley will make a full statement of his position. The Government are counting on more support in the division lobbies than they received from their followers last Monday, and, in spite of solid opposition from the Conservatives, their majority is likely to be larger. Mr. MacDonald told his party last week that he now hoped to be able to give more personal attention to the unemployment problem, and his speech may prove the determining factor in the debate.

When the Education Bill comes up for second reading on Thursday its rejection will be moved from the Conservative benches. Dr. Vernon Davies and six other members have given notice of a motion to this effect. Now that the remaining Fridays during this Session are available for Government business, the money resolution in connexion with the Bill will be taken on Friday.

ASCOT ROYAL ENCLOSURE

We are requested to state that the list for Ascot Royal Enclosure badges closes on Friday, May 30, after which no further applications can be considered. Applications should be addressed to:—The Viscount Churchill, G.C.V.O., Ascot Office, St. James's Palace, S.W.1.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 12)

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Covent Garden / Lyric, Hammersmith	NORMA	8
	THE BEGGAR'S OPERA	8.15
THEATRES		
Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	8.30
Apollo	INSULT	8.40
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	NINE TILL SIX	8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	8.15
Duke of York's	SUSPENSE	8.30
Gaiety	DARLING, I LOVE YOU	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	DER LEBENDE LEICHNAM	8
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	8.30
Hippodrome	THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930	8.30
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	8.30
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	8.15
Lyric	LILAC TIME	8.15
Playhouse	DISHONOURED LADY	8.30
Prince of Wales	JOURNEY'S END	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	8.30
Royalty	OUR OSTRICHES	8.45
St. James's	MICHAEL AND MARY	8.30
St. Martin's	HONOURS EASY	8.30
Savoy	OTHELLO	2.30 & 8.15
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	8.30
Vaudeville	DOWN OUR STREET	2.30 & 8.30
Victoria Palace	FOLIES BERGERE REVUE	8.15
Winter Garden	THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT	8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	8.30
VARIETIES		
Coliseum		2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire		6.30 & 9
Maskelyne's Theatre		3 & 8
Palladium		6.30 & 9
CONCERTS		
Aeolian Hall	MISS MONA LEIGH	8.30
Grotrian Hall	MISS MARION KERBY AND MR. JOHN NILES	8.30
Wigmore Hall	MISS ANTONIA BUTLER	8.30
EXHIBITIONS		
Crystal Palace		10 to 10
Tussaud's		10 to 10
Zoological Gardens		9 a.m. to 8 p.m.
PICTURE THEATRES		
Albambra	UNDER A TEXAS MOON	12 to 11
Astoria	SHOW OF SHOWS	12.45 to 11
Avenue Pavilion	THE HOUSE OF THE ARROW	2.45, 6.15, & 8.45
Capitol	HIGH SOCIETY

THE TIMES

MONDAY, MAY 26, 1930

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Wind northerly or variable, light or moderate ; some drizzle or rain ; perhaps thunderstorms ; coastal fog ; moderate temperature.

Further Outlook for the British Isles.—Tending to be unsettled in many districts. (p. 21)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

Archbishop Lord Davidson died early yesterday morning, aged 82. Many tributes to his service to the Church and the nation and his personal character were paid in the churches. (p. 15)

On Saturday evening the Prime Minister broadcast a message to the Empire. (p. 8)

Prince George took the salute at a parade and march past of nearly 7,000 cadets, members of the Ypres League and the Legion of Frontiersmen, and "Old Contemptibles," with flags of the Empire, in Hyde Park on Saturday. (p. 8)

A proposal by the Canadian Chamber of Commerce for the constitution by the Imperial Economic Conference this autumn of a permanent advisory Economic Council of Empire is among the agenda for the twelfth Congress of the Federated Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire, which will be opened by the Prince of Wales at Guildhall this morning. The agenda also includes other resolutions designed to promote the economic unity of the Empire. (p. 8)

Impressions of New Zealand, gathered by the farmers of the Empire who recently toured that Dominion, are recorded by a correspondent. (p. 22)

An air pageant will take place in connexion with a British-French festival to be held at Bristol from May 31 to June 7. (p. 11)

An increase in the enrolment of divinity students was announced at the meeting of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland on Saturday. (p. 11)

New regulations governing exhibitions by film societies are suggested in a report by the Theatres and Music Halls Committee of the L.C.C. which will come before the Council to-morrow. (p. 9)

POLITICS

Our Special Correspondent reviews the position in the Central Nottingham by-election campaign. Polling will take place to-morrow, and the result will be declared on Wednesday. (p. 11)

Mr. Churchill, speaking in Badminton Park, Gloucestershire, on Saturday, said there could be no real recovery in trade and industry while the Socialist Government remained in office. (p. 9)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

Miss Amy Johnson reached Darwin on Saturday, having flown from England to Australia in 20 days. She has been enthusiastically welcomed, and messages of congratulation have been sent by the King, by the Prime Minister, by the Prime Minister of Australia, and by many others. (p. 14)

President Hoover has announced his intention of calling a special session of the United States Congress, if necessary, to complete the inquiry into the London Naval Treaty. (p. 13)

Our Simla Correspondent describes the mass tyranny which the extremists of the Congress campaign are exercising. Picketing and boycotting, reinforced by threats and coercion, are being intensified. At the same time, there is a growing revulsion among shopkeepers and others against the Congress. (p. 14)

It is understood that the conference meeting in Paris has decided that the Young Plan bonds shall be incapable of transfer between the various markets. (p. 13)

A message on the depression in the sugar industry, sent by Lord Passfield, Secretary of State for the Colonies, to the Governors of West Indian Colonies, is issued by the Colonial Office. (p. 13)

The New South Shore Bridge at Montreal was opened electrically from Ottawa on Saturday by Mr. Mackenzie King, the Dominion Prime Minister. (p. 13)

Colonel Tobin, transport officer of the Kanchenjunga Expedition, has returned to Darjeeling, having been prevented from reaching the base camp by difficulties with porters. (p. 13)

The Committee appointed by the Governor of Tanganyika to advise him on the subject of non-native settlement has issued a report making a number of suggestions. (p. 13)

SPORT

The Prince's Handicap at Gatwick was won on Saturday by Mr. H. Collins's Clydesdale. (p. 4)

The Australians scored 379 for 5 wickets against Surrey at the Oval on Saturday, D. Bradman making 252 not out ; Lancashire scored 250 for 5 wickets against Middlesex at Lord's, Hallows making 117 ; the teams for the Test Trial Match at Lord's were announced yesterday. (p. 5)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on :—The Issue of Port of London Stock; Reorganization Scheme of John Brown and Co.; Accounts of the Lancashire Electric Light and Power Company; Canadian Government Shipping Losses ; and Criticisms of Marine Underwriting. (p. 23)

In the Money Market on Saturday loanable credits were in ample supply. Loan rates were, therefore, easier, but on the other hand, discounts were well maintained. Among the Foreign Exchanges there was a further decline in the New York rate to $4.85 15-16c. The Canadian exchange was also lower. Among the Continental rates the Dutch and Swedish exchanges were less favourable to sterling. The French exchange rose ⅛c. to 123.94f. Silver declined ⅛d. to 18⅛d. per oz. (p. 24)

A GREAT ARCHBISHOP

The death of ARCHBISHOP DAVIDSON leaves a blank in the national life, and a sense of personal loss to thousands, which will not be mitigated by the thought that it was neither unexpected nor untimely. To him, no doubt, it would have seemed sheer paganism "to be sorry, "as men without hope," to lament over his departure from the world when his work in it was done. "I have finished the course, I have "kept the faith"—few men have been more fully entitled to borrow that proud phrase from ST. PAUL. There was a time when his survival to old age seemed quite improbable, and the comment of a Church newspaper in 1895, when RANDALL DAVIDSON was translated from Rochester to Winchester, makes curious reading to-day. "Many Churchmen," it remarked, "will "regard with anxiety, not to say misgiving, an "experiment which exposes Winchester to "the risk of another invalid Bishop." Seven years later the "invalid Bishop" was summoned from Farnham to Lambeth, to fulfil there through a quarter of a century the almost overwhelming tasks that devolve upon a Primate of All England. His ultimate retirement was prompted simply and solely by his sense of duty to the Church, and had long been settled by the date of this year's Lambeth Conference and by the length of time needed to prepare for it. To himself resignation seemed, as he said, "infinitely trying," and its effect, as happens not seldom in such cases, was probably to shorten his life rather than to prolong it. A man of ARCHBISHOP DAVIDSON'S temperament is apt to find compelled labour a lesser strain than compelled inaction. Almost as remarkable as the late age at which he laid aside his special work was the early age at which he began it. QUEEN VICTORIA'S journal shows that MR. DAVIDSON, an unbeneficed priest of thirty-four, was the adviser who, on TAIT'S death, caused the Primacy to be bestowed on BENSON of Truro instead of upon BROWNE of Winchester. Within ten years of his ordination he had become Dean of Windsor and the counsellor on whom both his SOVEREIGN and his ARCHBISHOP most relied. That a man far short of his fortieth year should hold this position, and remain untainted by vanity or by self-importance, was a singular testimony to his character. It was utterly remote from pose or affectation. His great characteristics, as his successor said yesterday in a just and moving tribute, were the simplicity and sincerity of his spirit ; and his personal humility seemed to grow with his great responsibilities.

While he never permitted extraneous matters to interfere with his constant devotion to the interests of the Church, his public influence was by no means limited to ecclesiastical concerns. ARCHBISHOP BENSON had been pre-eminently an ecclesiastic ; ARCHBISHOP DAVIDSON proved himself pre-eminently a man of affairs. He was a great Parliamentarian, a House of Lords man by natural affinity, for there he found the calm and judicial atmosphere in which he liked to discuss grave questions. He entered that highly critical assembly some thirty-five years ago, and his hold upon it steadily increased. It became his custom to use his place on the cross-benches for addressing his weightiest utterances to the whole nation, which learned to look for them in the Parliamentary reports. Thus there was a feeling almost of consternation when men realized that his retirement from the Archbishopric in 1928 involved his withdrawal from the House of Lords as a spiritual peer. The only possible solution of the difficulty, at once warmly advocated in these columns, was adopted ; and DR. DAVIDSON, by the favour of his SOVEREIGN, returned for the short remainder of his life as a temporal peer to the House he had so long adorned. One result of his Parliamentary work was to keep him in close touch with the lay point of view. Another was to accentuate his inherent sense of fairness, his conviction that there were two sides to most questions, and that action was often the wiser for being unhurried. There were times indeed when his episcopal colleagues chafed at what seemed to them his excessive caution. Yet this very quality, which was thought by some of them to hamper his efficiency in one direction, unquestionably increased it in another. Lacking, it may be, the belief in that occasional audacity which they desired, he was by common consent a most sagacious guide. He saved the Church repeatedly from lamentable blunders. He held it together. He knew it all—at home and overseas ; by study, by instinct, by perpetual contact with men from all parts of the world—as no one in his position had ever known it before. And to knowledge he brought a judgment constantly ripened by experience. It would be difficult to overpraise the patience, the prudence, and the insight which through twenty-five years were composing differences, overcoming prejudices, restoring a sense of proportion, freeing discussions from heat and raising them to a higher plane. Not only the highest spiritual motives but a sterling common sense was felt to control any assembly over which RANDALL DAVIDSON presided.

And his serene wisdom, his quick perceptiveness and sympathy were given as freely to the service of individuals as of the Church. How many a worried diocesan, how many a perplexed curate, left Lambeth consoled and encouraged after a talk with the ARCHBISHOP ! His alert sympathy both helped him to assimilate new ideas in his old age and enabled him to appreciate ecclesiastical views which did not entirely coincide with his own. Sometimes he was termed an Erastian, and was said to tolerate eccentricities of creed rather than imperil the Establishment. Such a statement reversed the truth. RANDALL DAVIDSON did not sanction comprehensiveness for the sake of the Establishment; he valued the Establishment for the sake of comprehensiveness. From first to last he believed that liberty of thought and variety of ritual are possible in an Established Church as they could not be in other conditions, and the comprehensiveness of the English Church was a matter of enormous value to him. Year after year he toiled to safeguard it. The loftiness of his ideals and the purity of his character impressed the whole world. History alone can decide in retrospect the part he played in the practical achievements of a period of incredible change, expansion, and difficulty, but of his moral greatness the verdict is recorded already. On the day of his enthronement at Canterbury he said : "All I ask is that I may "have the prayers and assistance of all, so that "when I am laid to sleep the words may be "said that he at least tried to serve his generation according to the will of GOD." Most sincerely and most gratefully will the words he desired be said of him to-day.

Rum Running and the Law

"Bootlegging" is a flourishing industry in the United States, where it continues to provide the authorities with many anxious problems. Unfortunately its activities are not confined to the land of Prohibition, and Canada has found herself compelled to take a hand in solving, or attempting to solve, one of the most dangerous of the problems which the great American experiment has created. A Bill to provide that official clearance will no longer be given to liquor consigned to the United States has now passed its third reading in the Canadian Senate, having been carried through all its stages in both Houses by large majorities. It is expected to be put into operation on June 1, when liquor passing from Canada into the United States will have to be smuggled out of the one country as well as into the other. The Bill is the result of a double pressure on the Canadian Government, from the United States authorities, and from large sections of Canadians, who felt that it was indecent to give official countenance to a traffic which violated the laws of a friendly and neighbouring country, and who felt, moreover, that the "bootlegging" community along the frontier was becoming a nuisance which Canada would be wise to suppress in her own interests.

Many Canadians resented the pressure from the United States, and were inclined to say that it was no business of theirs if the United States found difficulties in enforcing Prohibition; but they had little sympathy with the "rum "runner" or with the trail of crime and corruption which generally followed him. The situation along the border, with an army of smugglers on one side and an army of Prohibition enforcement agents on the other, had begun to present alarming possibilities. On the Canadian side of the frontier opposite Detroit peaceful Canadian citizens had been wounded, and others had had narrow escapes from gunfire, along the river front. Sooner or later some tragic accident was bound to occur provoking an outbreak of feeling and straining the friendship between the two countries. The real opposition to the Bill came from those who doubted, not the evils it is intended to remedy, but whether it will not be more likely to intensify them. Only twelve months ago MR. W. D. EULER, the Minister for National Revenue in the Federal Cabinet, to whose Department the subject belongs, refused to bring in any such measure on the ground that it would not prevent the traffic, but merely drive it underground, and lead to corruption of the Customs officials on the Canadian side of the border similar to that which already prevails on the other. He has since changed his opinion, or, more probably, has been overruled by his colleagues in the Government. Only the working of the new system will show whether he or they were the better judges of the situation. In any case, however, the Bill is a convincing proof of the readiness of the Canadian Government and Parliament to cooperate with the United States authorities in their efforts to suppress the traffic.

The General Assembly

In 1924, when MR. JAMES BROWN, for thirty years a miner and since 1918 Labour member for South Ayrshire, was appointed Lord High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland by the KING, it was nearly three centuries since that exalted office had been held by a Commoner. Last week he received the keys of HIS MAJESTY'S good town of Edinburgh for the second time at the hands of the LORD PROVOST, and for ten days is installed in the Palace of Holyroodhouse as the KING'S representative with precedence over every other subject in Scotland. At the time of his previous term of office the two great branches of the Reformed Church in Scotland were still separated. To-day the cleavage brought about by the Disruption of 1843 is a thing of the past. Just a year ago the negotiations for reunion begun in 1909 came to a happy conclusion, and last October the General Assemblies of the Church of Scotland and the United Free Church of Scotland, with the DUKE of YORK as Lord High Commissioner, met together in Edinburgh to celebrate the agreement for reunion ratified by their solemn act and covenant. Twice in their lives the present LORD HIGH COMMISSIONER and his wife have passed in a day from the quiet seclusion of their Ayrshire cottage to the stir and display of official garden-parties at Holyrood; levées in the Throne Room, state processions up the Royal Mile in the old town and along Princes-street in the new ; cavalry escorts and martial music and Royal salutes from the guns of the Castle; visits to St. Giles' Cathedral, the Tolbooth, and the Hall of Assembly ; the reading of the KING'S letter and of the LORD HIGH COMMISSIONER'S own address to the Assembly ; and all the rest of the time-honoured observances proper to the discharge of the important ceremonial duties laid upon him by his SOVEREIGN.

As a lifelong member of the Church of Scotland MR. JAMES BROWN has more than once attended the General Assembly as a representative elder. The meeting in which he is now taking part as LORD HIGH COMMISSIONER sets the seal of completion on the most momentous event that has taken place in the history of the Church of Scotland for many a long year. It is the prayer of the KING that it may mark the beginning of a new era in the religious life of the nation, and that, freed from the anxieties and distress which of necessity occupied the minds of the leaders for well nigh a quarter of a century, the Church may go forward with renewed hope and faith to the task which lies before her. In his address to the Assembly the LORD HIGH COMMISSIONER said that he was commanded by HIS MAJESTY to assure them of his great sense of their steady and firm zeal for his service, and of his determination to maintain Presbyterian Church government in Scotland. For himself he said that it was but a few short months since the whole Christian world watched with sympathy and good will the solemn Act of Union to which they all stood pledged, and that while some things caused anxiety they had, he thought, much to encourage them. In a few days MR. JAMES BROWN—recently sworn a member of the Privy Council—will give up the commission which he and his wife have discharged with so much kindliness and simple dignity. Not the least of the encouragements which he will take back with him to his Ayrshire home and his work in Parliament is the knowledge of the KING'S unfailing interest in the work which the Church of Scotland, now happily reunited, is doing for the spiritual welfare of the people in Scotland and for the advancement of CHRIST'S Kingdom throughout the world.

Miss Johnson's Flight

To the relief of all who have been following the daily reports of her adventure, the second half of MISS AMY JOHNSON'S daring flight to Australia has ended happily with her safe arrival at Darwin. She has taken twenty days to do what SQUADRON-LEADER HINKLER did in 15½ days in 1928. But by reaching Karachi in six days, or two days less than his time (over rather a different route), she has established a record of her own for a solitary flight to India which will not easily be bettered until flying is done by night as well as by day. Up to that point, except for the storm which forced her to come down and squat in the desert between Aleppo and Baghdad for two uncomfortable hours, her course was fairly smooth and uneventful. At each halt her first care was to overhaul her Gipsy Moth light aeroplane with her own hands, so that when she reached Calcutta she had slept on an average for only three hours a day since leaving London on May 5. Yet she was fit and well, and, but for the series of mishaps, which began with the damaging of her propeller and starboard lower plane when she was landing at Insein, near Rangoon, on May 13, might have gone on to crown with success the attempt which had begun so well. But the fates were contrary. Repairs to the machine at Rangoon ate up the two precious days which she had in hand, and it was only with great difficulty that she was able to fly through the clouds and cross the mountains between Rangoon and Bangkok to land at Singgora, in the Malay Peninsula, about 500 miles short of Singapore, on May 17, the twelfth day of her flight.

From then onwards she was obliged to give up the hope of outdoing MR. HINKLER'S great feat. But, in spite of the nervous tension of having to find her solitary way from halt to halt and of the increasing strain of having constantly to battle with the elements over the stormy Java Sea, she pressed on with undiminished courage, knowing well that the last stages of her voyage would be the most difficult and dangerous. From Singapore she flew on to Semarang and thence to Sourabaya—both in the island of Java—brought down at the first by a lack of fuel, and forced to stay there for some time while the wings of her machine, perforated on landing, were being mended—with sticking-plaster. On the next stage, from Sourabaya to Timor, the last of the chain of islands in the Malay Archipelago, she was seen on Thursday flying over Bima, half-way to the goal appointed for that day, and nothing more was heard of her in Sydney or in London till Friday morning, when the news came that she had landed in the dusk of the previous evening near a little village in Timor. From there she set out on Saturday morning for the final swoop across the sea to Darwin. When everything is taken into consideration, the second half of her journey, because of the plucky resolution with which she faced its greater difficulties, was an even finer performance than her record flight from Croydon to Karachi. She has proved herself the mistress of her machine, which must be a superlatively sound one, and the captain of her soul. What she has done was not attempted from motives of self-advertisement. The unobtrusiveness of her start and her behaviour all along the route dispose of any such notion. She did it from a real love of flying. The keen interest taken in her progress in all the countries, from England to Australia, over which she has flown should go far to console her for the unlucky chances that prevented complete success in the race she set herself to run.

A SURGICAL LESSON OF THE WAR

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—A terrible motor smash at a cross-roads recently gave a dramatic demonstration of our inability to learn an important surgical lesson from the Great War.

Two people suffering from compound fractures of the thigh lay at the roadside and were being attended to by uniformed members of an ambulance organization. The ambulance men were obviously intelligent and doing their best, but the services they were able to render were inadequate because there is no official ambulance training in a lesson the War should have taught their teachers.

The result was that the sufferings of the injured people were greatly aggravated and the danger to life and limb increased.

In the early days of the War, the death-rate from compound fractures of the thigh was in the neighbourhood of 82 per cent. The introduction of the Thomas's Splint as a first-aid measure reduced the death-rate from 82 per cent. to 12 per cent. This lesson was taught 14 years ago, but is not yet learned. Before the War I taught the use of this splint to the ambulance men in a large works. They quickly learned how to apply it efficiently and rapidly. Injured men arrived at hospital, having suffered no discomfort from transport, and their condition was such that I was able to admit them direct to the operating theatre if necessary.

May I make a plea that every roadside aid post and every ambulance shall be equipped with this simple appliance, which stood the supreme test in the War, and that all ambulance workers shall be trained in its use as a first-aid measure ?

Yours faithfully,
THOMAS E. A. STOWELL, M.D., F.R.C.S.
Imperial Chemical Industries, Limited, Millbank, S.W.1.

TRAFALGAR CUPS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Your issue of the 15th inst. mentioned that Mr. H. Hargood has given a "Trafalgar Cup" to the Royal United Services Museum. It may interest your readers to know that this cup, or vase, is one of 66 which were presented by the Patriotic Fund at Lloyd's, between the years 1803 and 1809, to naval and military officers who distinguished themselves at Trafalgar and in other actions.

The vase which has now found a resting-place in the R.U.S. Museum was presented to Captain—afterwards Admiral Sir W.—Hargood after the battle of Trafalgar, and recalls the very gallant fight put up by H.M.S. Belleisle on that occasion. The Belleisle, under Captain Hargood's command, was attacked by several French and Spanish ships. She was entirely dismasted and much shattered, but remained unconquered. With a Union Jack held up at the end of a pike and an ensign made fast to the stump of her mainmast she still fought on, until rescued by some of her sister ships.

My object in writing is to beg any of your readers to notify to me the present whereabouts of any of these "Patriotic Fund" vases, if such is known to them. The vases presented to Lady Nelson and to Lord Collingwood are now the property of H.M. the King, and Lord Nelson still has the one given to the great Admiral's brother. Two of the vases have in recent years come into the possession of the Corporation of Lloyd's through the generosity of two underwriters. There is a vase in the Victoria and Albert Museum, and other vases are known to be with the descendants of the original recipients. From time to time other specimens have been on sale, but of a large number nothing is known.

Yours faithfully,
A. N. ST. QUINTIN, Author of "The Patriotic Fund at Lloyd's."
36, Moore-street, Chelsea.

NEW PLANT FROM RESERVES

AN IRON COMPANY'S EXPANSION

MR. SNOWDEN'S STATEMENT REFUTED

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The attention of my board has been directed to a report in *The Times* (London Edition) of the 21st inst. of a discussion in the House of Commons, when Mr. Snowden, referring to three companies by name (one of them being that of the Consett Iron Company), is reported to have said :—

Now all those companies were in a condition of inefficiency, and it is quite impossible for them to compete successfully in the market.

In an earlier part of his speech he is reported to say :—"Instead of putting aside adequate sums to reserves, &c."—the implication being that during the post-War period nothing like sufficient sums had been expended on new developments.

So far as the Consett Iron Company is concerned, neither statement is accurate. The Consett Company is a composite concern owning and operating collieries, coke-ovens, and by-product works, silica and other brickworks, blast furnaces, steel-making plant, steel plate rolling mills, mills for rolling shipbuilding and engineering sections, rails, joists, &c. During the years since 1918 the Consett Company has expended between five and six millions of pounds on new plant, and of this large amount more than one-half has been provided from the company's own reserves of profits. The new development comprised two of the largest coke oven and by-product plants in England (one of these was finished and begun to operate in 1929, and is situated near the River Tyne, and supplies part of the city of Newcastle with gas ; the other one was started in 1924, is situated at Consett, and supplies gas to the steel plants) ; modern silica works making gas works retorts and coke oven shapes ; a new steel-making works of modern type ; a modern and most efficient plate mill plant, together with an improved plant for rolling steel sections of every kind ; 1,500 modern dwelling-houses for workpeople, and also power houses and a full electrical equipment for its collieries and works.

The above is sufficient to show that nothing that could be done has been left undone to make the plant efficient, and at the same time to provide for the comfort of the workpeople. Summarized, this statement is that the plant and works of the Consett Iron Company is one of the most efficient in existence to-day, and that more than one-half of the large capital of between five and six millions of pounds expended since 1918 has been provided from the reserves of profits of the company set aside for the purpose. My board will be glad of your courtesy to publish this letter for the enlightenment of those interested in the welfare of the heavy iron and steel trades and kindred coal and coke trades, and of this company particularly.

Yours truly,
for CONSETT IRON COMPANY, LIMITED,
EDWARD J. GEORGE,
General Manager.
Consett, Co. Durham, May 24.

CHARING CROSS AND WATERLOO

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—It seems to one who has not fought in this professional *mêlée* that an example before our eyes may prove the rightness of the judgment of the House of Commons, of the letters of Sir Giles Scott, Lord Crawford, Mr. MacColl, and of your article to-day. The immense and fine group of buildings of Imperial Chemical Industries on Westminster Embankment, by creating a new business zone there, will add to the congestion of a residential area and further disturb what should be in a well-planned city the more peaceful surroundings of its ecclesiastical, Parliamentary, and Government centre.

It is the belief, I am sure, of those whose profession it is to plan towns that if the problems of the growth of London, with its roads, railways, and bridges, had been planned with foresight ahead of immediate necessity and as a whole, when the County Council initiated the development of the south bank by building its Hall there, these buildings, which may mar Westminster, might have followed the Council to the south bank, set *vis-à-vis* with Somerset House, with the potency behind of a new business "City" nearer than Westminster to the old City, if served well with bridge and tunnel over and under the Thames.

I am, Sir,
HERBERT BAKER.
Westminster, May 24.

"SAMSON AGONISTES" AT OXFORD

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Will you allow me to add a few words to your Correspondent's praise of Mr. Nevill Coghill's production of *Samson Agonistes* in the gardens of Exeter College ?

To watch and hear it is to be absorbed into a world of great poetry. In all my life, I have heard only one better Chorus, and remember no more beautiful scene than the last 20 minutes of this production. I hope that the inclement weather may amend for the remaining two afternoon performances on Monday and Wednesday.

May I mention yet one other production of the play ? Mr. Stuart Vinden produced it in Birmingham some five years ago, in a way which will always be a happy memory.

Yours sincerely,
JOHN MASEFIELD.
Boars Hill, Oxford, May 24.

THE GARHWAL RIFLES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The name of the Garhwal Rifles has become prominent in connexion with the recent disturbances at Peshawar. During the first year of the War, in France, the 2nd Battalion, The Leicestershire Regiment, were brigaded with the two battalions of the 39th Garhwal Rifles. As Officer Commanding the 2nd Leicestershire Regiment at that time, and as the senior living British service officer of the then famous Garhwal Brigade, I should like to put on record that there were no braver or more loyal troops in the Indian Corps than the 39th Garhwalis. They never let us down, and the soldiers of The Leicestershire Regiment were proud to serve beside them.

I am glad to see that only two platoons were implicated in the disturbance, and it is well to remember that thousands of these little dark-skinned hillmen fought and bled for England in the Great War.

I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant,
H. GORDON, Brig.-General, late Commanding 2nd Leicestershire Regiment.
10, St. Mary's-mansions, W.2.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S NAME

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In view of the interest in this matter raised by your recent extract from *The Times* of 1830, it is not unfitting to recall that Sir Walter Scott is also to be numbered among those who did not approve of the future Queen's name. In 1828 he went by command to dine with the Duchess of Kent and "was presented," so he notes in his Journal, "to the little Princess Victoria ; I hope," he adds, "they will change her name." Sir Walter also records that "she is fair, like the Royal Family, but does not look as if she would be pretty." The Princess was nine years old when Scott saw her.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
HENRY G. L. KING.
15, Cavendish-mansions, N.W.6.

DEATH OF LORD DAVIDSON

ARCHBISHOP FOR 25 YEARS

A WISE LEADER

We deeply regret to announce the death, at the age of 82, of Archbishop Lord Davidson. The Archbishop had been lying ill for some time at his residence, 10, Cheyne-walk, Chelsea, and it was stated on Saturday morning that he was rapidly sinking. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon it was made known that he was unconscious. Early yesterday morning the following message, written by Lady Davidson, was pinned on the door of the house :—

"Archbishop Lord Davidson entered into the larger life this morning, Rogation Sunday, at 1.5 a.m. Thanks be to God for his life here, and there. May 25th, 1930."

The Archbishop passed peacefully away in the presence of Lady Davidson, Miss Mary Mills, his brother-in-law (the Rev. J. H. Ellison), Sir Thomas Barlow, Dr. Maurice Cassidy, and members of the household.

Messages of sympathy have been received from the King, the Duke of Connaught, the Duchess of Argyll, Princess Helena Victoria, Princess Marie Louise, the Prime Minister, and the Lord Mayor of London. The Prime Minister, telegraphing from Edinburgh, said :—

Please convey to Lady Davidson my deep regrets and heartfelt sympathy with her in her great loss, which will be shared by the entire nation.

Just before Lord Davidson's death a telegram was received from the Moderator of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, as follows :—

The General Assembly of the Church of Scotland sends assurances of profound and affectionate regard and earnest prayers that God's own peace may be with His honoured and much-loved servant.

By Lady Davidson's wish the burial is to be at Canterbury Cathedral, and it will take place on Friday. But there will certainly be a service in Westminster Abbey, which was at once offered by the Dean as the place of interment. Whether this will be a burial or a memorial service has not yet been decided. Details of both services will be published later.

There were many callers yesterday at 10, Cheyne-walk to pay a last tribute to the Archbishop and to offer sympathy to Lady Davidson.

Pulpit and other tributes to the late Archbishop appear on page 20 and pictures on page 18.

A GREAT ARCHBISHOP

SERVICES TO CHURCH AND STATE

By the death of Archbishop Lord Davidson of Lambeth there has passed away one who had as clear a claim to the title of a true ecclesiastical statesman as any of his predecessors in the Chair of St. Augustine.

No Archbishop since Tenison was more conscious of the world-wide influence that can be exercised from Lambeth. Dr. Davidson's knowledge of the Anglican Churches overseas was unique and detailed, his visits to Canada and the United States were very much more than occasions of ceremonial courtesy ; while the heads of the Orthodox Churches of the East had come to look upon his name with veneration, as one of their surest and most powerful friends. The line he took in relation to the conversations at Cardinal Mercier's house at Malines showed how clear was his view of the difficulties attending any scheme for a *rapprochement* between the Anglican and Roman communions. Every department of the life of the National Church felt his touch, and his influence was made more far-reaching by his capacity for choosing the right lieutenants, and trusting them when chosen.

He never ceased to be a learner, and was always willing to find time in a busy life to hear what younger men had to say.

His most distinctive gift was a supreme capacity for administration, which he devoted with complete self-abnegation to the Church over which he was called upon to preside. More and more, as time went on, he acquired to an exceptional degree the respect, and indeed affection, of all parties in the Church, while, since he never forgot the layman's point of view, he continued to impress his personality upon the leading men in every department of national life.

An unwavering sense of justice, a high conception of service, together with great personal simplicity and an unaffected piety, combined to place Davidson at the end in a higher rank of greatness than his earlier contemporaries could have foreseen. He did not wear his heart upon his sleeve ; no one could call him emotional ; but no man more earnestly desired to be obedient to the Heavenly vision.

EARLY YEARS

Randall Thomas Davidson was born in Edinburgh on April 7, 1848. His father was Mr. Henry Davidson, of Muir House, Edinburgh, his mother being Henrietta, third daughter of Mr. John Swinton, formerly an officer in the Army, who in 1850 took the additional name of Campbell on succeeding his maternal aunt, Miss Mary Campbell, in the property of Kimmerghame, Berwickshire.

Young Davidson was sent in 1862 to Harrow, then ruled by Dr. Butler, afterwards Master of Trinity, but what was, perhaps, of most effect on his mental development was that after beginning in a Small House he went to Mr. Westcott's house (Moreton's). The association led to a lifelong friendship, and in after years Westcott came to lean on Davidson's advice as much as Davidson had profited by Westcott's teaching and influence. It was to the younger man that Westcott turned, among others, for counsel when in advanced life he had to face the question of following Lightfoot at Durham ; and it was Davidson, as Bishop of Winchester, who presented Westcott to the Archbishop of York for consecration in Westminster Abbey in 1890.

At Harrow the future Archbishop made some mark among distinguished compeers, but in his last year he had the misfortune to be seriously injured by a gunshot wound, which for some time crippled his health and for a while seemed to threaten his life. He entered at Trinity College, Oxford, and read for the honour school of law and modern history, but two winters had to be spent in Italy, and, when his schools came on, he had only strength to face a portion of the papers, receiving in 1871 a third class on what he had been able to do. His degree was thus no measure of his real abilities.

THE TAIT FAMILY

The young Scotsman, who had already shown his convinced adherence to the English Church, had for some time received much kindness from Archbishop Tait, who had been at school with Davidson's father. Crauford Tait, who was a year his junior, had been

one of his intimates at Oxford. In 1872 these two, with others, went on a tour in the East, and on March 1, 1874, they were ordained side by side at St. Mark's, Kennington, by Dr. Parry, Bishop of Dover, the Archbishop, to his natural disappointment, being too ill to officiate.

The interval between the tour and the ordination had been partly filled by a period of preparation for holy orders as one of Dean Vaughan's "doves." Davidson became as intimate with the famous Master of the Temple as he was with other great ecclesiastics mentioned in this record, and found nothing uncongenial in "the Doctor's" tendency to preserve an open mind on controversial questions. Davidson was the first of the "doves" to become a diocesan Bishop at home. His clerical work began in a curacy at Dartford under Canon Bowlby, subsequently Bishop Suffragan of Coventry. The district assigned to him contained the Dartford paper mills, and for their operatives he established a large Bible class. At Dartford he and his colleagues won not a little public recognition by their courageous work during an epidemic of smallpox.

After three years here Archbishop Tait, who in 1877 was losing his son's services as private chaplain, turned naturally to his son's friend to succeed him, and from that time Davidson's career, given good health, was practically assured. But it was his chaplaincy and his confidential relations with Dr. Tait which really tested his powers and showed him how to use them. These relations Davidson himself vividly and yet modestly described in the "Life" of the Archbishop which he wrote in collaboration with Canon Benham. Tait's method was not merely to take his secretary behind the scenes in every transaction, but to make him consider the question at issue for himself, and then suggest what seemed the prudent course of action in the given case. So the five years that he spent as chaplain, and the added intimacy involved in his marriage in 1878 with Miss Edith Murdoch Tait, turned him into a sort of power behind the Archbishop—what the Italians, *mutatis mutandis*, would call the "Red Pope." As Tait's health waned the chaplain was more and more empowered to act; for example, the negotiations with Mr. Mackonochie, which reached their crisis during Tait's final illness, were largely conducted by Mr. Davidson himself.

ARCHBISHOP BENSON

By the time of Tait's death, in 1882, Mr. Davidson was becoming intimately acquainted with all the great men of the English Episcopate. In 1881 Lightfoot, who had probably heard of him long before from Westcott, invited him to be his examining chaplain. When the third of the famous Trinity trio—E. W. Benson—was nominated to succeed Tait it was natural that the new Archbishop should hope for the chaplain's continued help to himself. Davidson's memorandum, drawn up at the Queen's request, had gone far to decide the appointment, and Benson was instinctively inclined to lean on such shrewd and experienced counsel as Davidson could give. Mr. Arthur Benson recorded that:—

> Though their natures were very dissimilar, they became united by the most intimate and devoted friendship. Davidson had been brought up in a very different school of Church feeling; he had been influenced under the auspices of his father-in-law in the direction of sagacious statesmanship, and of individual and national rather than ecclesiastical Churchmanship. His knowledge of public men, of the world, of organization, of Church legislation, of ecclesiastical movements, was of inestimable value. He . . . had the whole of the intricate business of which the Primate is the centre at his fingers' ends. . . . It is not possible to estimate the debt which my father owed him, or the affection with which he regarded him.—("Life of Archbishop Benson," Vol. I., p. 585.)

The relationship thus described made Tait's successor even more dependent on Davidson than Tait himself had been. The new Archbishop never ceased to consult him on any and every topic, writing to him *more Bensoniano* by some private name suited to Davidson's successive dignities—"Dearest Dean," "Dearest Hrof," "Dearest Winton," as the case might be.

DEAN OF WINDSOR

But Tait's illness and death seem to have led to another friendship for Mr. Davidson in a still more exalted quarter. Queen Victoria was known to entertain a high regard for Tait and his family. Their domestic bereavements had moved her ready sympathy. She had herself made use of Tait in negotiations of high politics. During the last years of the Primate's life her notice was attracted by the quiet efficiency of his chaplain as a trustworthy messenger. In 1882 the Queen made Mr. Davidson one of her chaplains, and appointed him Sub-Almoner. After Tait's death it was the Queen who settled his future by conferring upon him the Deanery of Windsor, a Crown appointment as to which the personal desires of the Sovereign are naturally decisive. Her Majesty, it is well known, admitted the Dean to the office of personal adviser on ecclesiastical and public matters, to which he could not be gazetted, but which he held like Dean Wellesley before him, and continued to hold while the Queen lived.

If the history of those eight years at Windsor could be written it would be found that his mind had to deal with a great variety of interests, both important and trivial, and that he had to tender advice to the Queen and to approach her on behalf of others. However honourable, such an office involved a great strain. When the Court was at Windsor he could never quit the Deanery without leaving word of his destination, as at any moment an intimation might come that his presence was required at the Castle.

It is well enough for those who have had no temptation to fill so undefined an office to sneer at the late Archbishop as a courtier. He himself, if he had cared to reply, might have had something to say of the anxiety caused by the Queen's confidence in him and of the hostility which he incurred among those who resented the trust reposed in "that interfering Dean." To this work he added the task of writing the well-known Life of Tait, which in itself demanded a close study of movements in the Anglican Communion during a large portion of the nineteenth century. Close upon this came the Bishop of Lincoln's trial at Lambeth, in regard to which the Dean of Windsor was constantly consulted, and at which he was personally present as often as other obligations allowed.

BISHOP OF ROCHESTER

In 1891, when the death of Dr. Harold Browne caused a vacancy at Winchester, which was filled by the translation of Dr. Thorold from Rochester, the Queen, on Lord Salisbury's recommendation, offered the laborious South London see to the Dean of Windsor. Most people had anticipated a bishopric for him, but perhaps hardly one such as Rochester then was. To leave the precincts of Windsor Castle for a South London suburb and to face the multitudinous problems of its social conditions meant a great stretch of adaptability. Unfortunately, just a week after his consecration on St. Mark's Day—side by side with Mandell Creighton, on whose coffin he was to lay the dying Queen's wreath in St. Paul's Cathedral hardly ten years later—Davidson was prostrated with a serious gastric affection, which was to recur more than once. It could only be kept in check by absolute regularity in regard to meals; but, things being as they are, it is not for South London Bishops to command success in that particular. They must eat when they can, unless they are to starve, for when their evening meal may be expected to come no man knoweth.

This physical weakness to some extent marred the efficiency of Davidson's Rochester period. If he undertook—and he never spared himself—evening meetings and evening confirmations, he was necessarily paving the way for another collapse. But one or two matters in his South London career showed that in other circumstances he might have made a name as a "slum Bishop." His predecessor, Thorold, in spite of his great earnestness and his insignificant physique, was rather a *grand seigneur*, and lived in rural state at Selsdon. Davidson saw the need for a change. He had left what Vaughan called "a paradise on earth" at Windsor. In South London he saw that the Bishop must be among the people; so he made what he thought sufficient in the way of a palace in the Kennington Park-road. Nor should it be forgotten that the scheme for the development of St. Saviour's, Southwark, as the South London cathedral was helped on its way by him. It was as Bishop of Rochester, in 1894, that Dr. Davidson gave the first of his charges, dealing in a statesmanlike way with questions such as "The National Church" and "Loyalty to the Prayer-book." The former subject was one which he had constantly in mind, largely as the result of the teaching of Westcott. "It is the office of the State to give effect to public opinion, it is the office of the Church to shape it."

BISHOP OF WINCHESTER

Dr. Thorold died in 1895 and once again left a vacancy which it was the late Archbishop's lot to fill. Davidson took leave of his South London work with regret, and the workers were loth to lose him. He took them fully into his confidence, explaining what there was in the life required of him there which he was not physically qualified to supply. He promised that he would do what he could to forward the interests of the Church in South London wherever he might be, and he was as good as his word. He did his utmost to facilitate the division of territory necessary for the creation of the Southwark Bishopric, and as Primate spoke with some warmth, as the late Lord Balfour could testify, of the deplorable tactics which for years frustrated the passing of that Bill. Winchester diocese was, indeed, not without some of the difficulties which he had faced in South London. There was the unfortunate affair of St. Agatha's, Landport, which led to the resignation of Mr. Dolling, the Wykehamist missioner; the Bishop's handling of this difficulty seemed to some to show too rigid an adherence to the letter of the law. Portsmouth and its developments in various directions presented him with claims for church building and parochial expansion quite as imperative as any he could have listened to in the old Rochester diocese.

It must be remembered that the Bishop was seldom free from the calls of the Court. As he had become the Prelate of the Order of the Garter, of which he had formerly been Registrar, so he was still the Queen's Bishop; indeed, as Clerk of the Closet he was officially the "reverend discreet divine" whose duty to the Sovereign is "to resolve all doubts concerning spiritual matters." The Queen chose to put a liberal interpretation upon his duties to herself, and to some extent he was called off from diocesan work. But no one who takes a glance at the charge delivered in his Cathedral at Michaelmas, 1899, will doubt that his heart was in the work of the episcopate, or that he had administrative gifts of a high order. The line he took was guided by his own axiom that,

> It is the part of a Bishop to give warning of the unsuspected strength of dangerous currents or the proximity of hidden rocks. . . . The wisest human counsellor is he who leads the sinner to need human counsel less.

Fortunately his health during the Winchester period was fairly good, and his residence at Farnham enabled him to commend himself to the county gentry and to the poor folk alike. The castle was in itself an important trust, and the Bishop and his wife won the esteem of the countryside, as was amply proved when they came to leave it for Lambeth.

PARLIAMENTARY WORK

When his appointment to Winchester gave him a seat in the House of Lords Davidson took his Parliamentary duties as seriously as his father-in-law had done. This was especially the case during Temple's Primacy, for that remarkable man hardly felt at his ease on the green benches. But Davidson really liked the work, and Creighton, with the Creightonian twinkle in his eye, would sometimes describe the Bishop of Winchester's readiness to be spokesman for the Bishops on some question which Creighton was only too glad to commit to his care.

Davidson took a great interest in social legislation. He was a member of various Select Committees, such as those on infant life protection and the early closing of shops, and the measures which resulted owed not a little to his advocacy. Without being a total abstainer, he was an ardent temperance reformer, and, whether he was dealing with the *bona-fide* traveller or with the time-limit, whether the Government was with him or against him, was not afraid to speak his mind. Even his much-canvassed speech as Archbishop on the question of Chinese labour was an undoubted exhibition of Parliamentary pluck.

It is not necessary to follow in detail his interventions on occasions of importance in the debates of the Upper House, which he attended with great regularity. But mention must be made of his speech on Lord Lansdowne's motion against the Budget of 1909, when he expressed the intention of most of the Bishops to abstain from voting; the newly appointed Archbishop of York distinguished himself by a forcible speech, in which he reproved the majority of the Lords. A year later, when Lord Lansdowne's resolutions on the constitution of the Upper House were in question, the two Archbishops alike rebuked the levity of Ministers. Both of them, though their political views of him might differ, were personal friends of Mr. Asquith.

THE PRIMACY

RITUAL AND DOCTRINE

Dr. Temple's death at the close of 1902 left the Primacy vacant for the second time within seven years. It is well known that at the vacancy in 1896 Lord-Salisbury felt that he had to consider three names, and make a choice between Frederick Temple, Randall Davidson, and Mandell Creighton. It is idle to speculate on the selection Mr. Balfour might now have suggested to the Crown, if Creighton's life had been spared, for the intervening years had brought no new claimant to the front. In actual fact, no other name was considered, and within 12 days the Bishop of Winchester was offered the Primacy. The state of his health had improved and the highest medical opinions encouraged him to accept the office.

It would be absurd to contend that the choice pleased everybody. The militant High Churchmen had never shown any particular liking for the new Archbishop, and had always been inclined to credit him with what they considered the shortcomings of his father-in-law. But most other folk saw the exact fitness of the Prime Minister's choice, and in so doing were at one with the old woman near Lambeth Palace, whose view of things was that Mrs. Davidson had come into her own again.

From the time of his enthronement the new Archbishop set himself to win the confidence of what he rightly called the great central party in the English Church. He met an important Parliamentary deputation in March, 1903, and acknowledged to them that measures were required to bring the lawless clergy back to due obedience, and that "tolerance has reached, and even passed, its limits." In July, 1903, he met a considerable body of High Churchmen anxious to "live and let live," and to see the ornaments rubric interpreted with the utmost liberality. In the famous library at Lambeth, where he had sat through much of the Lincoln trial, he had no difficulty in showing the representatives of the signatories that they had nothing to teach him in regard to the history and the interpretation of the famous formula.

At other times, for example in connexion with the re-marriage of divorced persons, Davidson displayed a readiness to fight for the definite Church position, which his opponents could scarcely overlook, but they fell out with him again in 1904 on the question of the Athanasian Creed. Here he stood out for the convictions of a lifetime, which were due to no blind following of Tait's leading in the matter, while the suggestion that the Colonial and Indian Churches should be consulted before any relaxation of the rubric was attempted proved the readiness of himself and his suffragans to take statesmanlike and world-wide views of a question which clearly could not be settled in England alone.

THE RITUAL PROBLEM

But the ritual difficulty steadily grew more acute, and there is no doubt that Mr. Balfour's plan of appointing in 1904 a Royal Commission to inquire into the causes of, and the possible remedies for, the prevalent disorders in the Church of England originated in some measure from the Archbishop's suggestion. The *personnel* of the Commission testified to his knowledge of men, and his father-in-law had bequeathed to him a rooted belief in the value of such inquiries. The Archbishop's contributions to the result of the Commission were mainly twofold. He presented to his colleagues a masterly review of the whole process of the ritual controversy from its beginnings, and he afterwards urged the issue of the Letters of Business to the two Convocations. A large number of excellent suggestions for revision were in due course put forward, debated, and in most cases accepted.

But, while the discussion on Revision dragged its slow length along, the state of indiscipline became seriously aggravated. In some dioceses, especially in London, the "extreme" section of the clergy had done much as it pleased; in very few dioceses had there been any successful effort to produce more orderly conditions. Throughout these delays the Archbishop was untiring in his efforts to clear difficulties out of the way. When the proposals for the revision of the Prayer-book came finally before the Bishops, Davidson made a speech at the public session which deeply impressed the House, urging on his colleagues the historical importance of the work initiated by Cranmer. Incidentally, he revealed the labours of an Archbishop by his references to the great number of petitions received and studied under his roof, and he showed his own hope that revision would, if courageously undertaken, inaugurate a new state of order in the sphere of public worship.

EDUCATION AND CHURCH FINANCE

The advent of the Liberal Party to power under Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, with whom the Archbishop was on terms of friendship—as, indeed, he was even more with Mr. Asquith—was bound to bring efforts to solve the education problem in a fashion that would be prejudicial to the Church schools. There is no need to go over the story of 1906-8 now; it must suffice to say that when the Archbishop threw himself into the general endeavour to arrive at something like "settlement," he knew that he had the support of the great majority of educated opinion in the country, and that, if the denominational schools omitted to seize this chance, their future would be in grave peril. To the last moment he endeavoured to compose the financial disagreement which destroyed the Bill of 1908.

In the case of its own finances the Church of England under his guidance achieved a striking measure of success and of enhanced efficiency. One of the results of the remarkable Pan-Anglican Congress which preceded the Lambeth Conference of Bishops in 1908 was a concentration of attention upon the need for financial reform. The Archbishop appointed a strong committee under Lord Barnard, and without undue delay its labours resulted in a Central Board of Finance, which has direct relations, first with diocesan and then with parochial administration. This reform was based on the fact that the layman owes "dues" to the Church, and therefore owns rights corresponding to his "dues."

REUNION

The pronouncement and the resolutions of the Lambeth Conference of 1908, over which the Archbishop presided with his wonted skill, covered much ground, but what chiefly interested the public was the attitude of the Episcopate towards the problem of Reunion. In Scotland the rival forces were in process of amalgamation. Would an Archbishop who was keenly alive to all Scottish movements effect any change in the hitherto unbending attitude of Anglicanism towards British Christians of other communions? It can hardly be said that the result went far in this direction. The resolutions showed a desire for reunion at home, but a nervousness in taking any step that would destroy the possibility of ultimate reunion with the ancient Churches of the West and the East.

The denominational question is inevitably of special acuteness in missionary work. In 1913 the name "Kikuyu" suddenly served to mark the separation between Christians who were anxious to encourage definite steps towards local reunion and those who dreaded any step that might be fatal to catholic interests at large. With the immediate demands of Bishop Weston of Zanzibar the Archbishop dealt kindly, but quite firmly. The case was not one for formal proceedings on his part. The Central Consultative Committee was open; the two views could implead one another before it. In due course he issued a pronouncement based on a unanimous report of the Consultative Committee. In this he admitted the possibility of some of the Kikuyu proposals. Nonconformist ministers might be invited to preach at Anglican services; Nonconformist converts, being out of reach of their own organization, might partake of Anglican communions; but Anglican converts must not regard Nonconformist communions as open to themselves. Moreover, the whole question must stand referred to the next Lambeth Conference.

When that Conference met, in 1920, it did much useful work in clarifying and defining the problem. But its solution was not to be found in Dr. Davidson's lifetime.

To the 1920 Conference he had looked forward eagerly, not unmindful of the fact that he was creating a precedent; for no Archbishop had hitherto presided over two Lambeth Conferences, and this was his second. In 1889 he edited an account of the Conferences of 1867, 1878, and 1888, which he had studied closely. The strange thing was that the ordeal of chairmanship, which he had greatly dreaded, and which at its first hours found him crippled with lumbago, proved a tonic, and the rumour of resignation became more and more unsubstantial.

His main care at the 1920 Conference, as indeed throughout his Primacy, was devoted to the task of fending off disagreements here and disagreements there, and so of preventing any disruption. Thus there were, it is said, moments in the Conference, and even in the debate on reunion, when a strong hand seemed to be needed, but when it might, if used, have split up the Conference; and it was the aim of all his work to avert any such split.

Time alone can show whether he was right. At least it is certain that the Archbishop will be remembered for his practical conceptions of the great opportunity offered to the Anglican Communion in the wide spaces of the Empire. In his time the Archbishop's Mission to the Assyrian Christians was brought quickly to a close, but the Archbishops' Western Canada Fund came into being at a critical time, and has had a marked effect on the religious life of the prairie provinces.

THE WAR AND AFTER

MOVEMENT FOR REFORM

The Great War brought many fresh responsibilities to the Archbishop. He heartily supported the national cause because it seemed to him to be the cause of righteousness, but he was never betrayed into the wild denunciations and hysterical approval of war to which some ecclesiastics gave utterance. He busied himself rather with the promotion of that spiritual renewal which the strain of the times seemed to demand. The National Mission of Repentance and Hope owed much to his personal interest. If it did not fulfil all his aspirations, at least it generated a wider sense of the call to the Church to put her house in order.

With the assistance of the Archbishop of York, he established important committees to deal with intellectual problems, with worship, with social questions, and with Church organization. These had their effect on the life of the Church. But their importance chiefly lay in the additional impetus they gave to the report of a committee appointed by the Archbishops in response to a request of the Representative Church Council made in 1913. Its purpose was to inquire into the changes necessary "to secure in the relations of the Church and State a fuller expression of the spiritual independence of the Church as well as of the national recognition of religion."

The conclusions reached by this influential committee were in effect those afterwards embodied in the Constitution and Enabling Act, under which the Church Assembly and its subordinate councils were set up. The zeal for immediate reform which had been aroused by the War, and especially by the lessons learned by the chaplains in the trenches, concentrated itself on these proposals. "The Life and Liberty Movement" sprang into existence as a focus for the younger men of all schools of thought, and demanded the passage of the Enabling Bill "without delay." At no part of his career did the Archbishop show his gifts of statesmanship more clearly. He knew better even than these eager-spirited reformers how necessary was some rearrangement of procedure which would enable the Church to overtake the huge arrears of legislative work. But he knew also that the consummation was impossible without the consent, and indeed the good will, of the already existing Representative Church Council and of educated lay opinion.

Though his action seemed slow to the "Forwards," what the Archbishop was really doing was making sure of every step in the right way. When he introduced the Enabling Bill in a masterly speech in the House of Lords he made its passage sure by his revelation that he had only somewhat regretfully come to believe in this solution as the result of years of practical experience, and by making it plain that evolution and not revolution was the method adopted.

The creation of the Church Assembly provided the Archbishop during the latter years of his life with a function and an opportunity exactly suited to his temperament and gifts. It was largely due to his wisdom in the chair that from the first outset the tone of the debates maintained a high level, and that the Assembly was not allowed to wander off into the pleasant paths of pious platitude. Under his guidance a considerable body of legislation, incorporating important practical reforms, was presented to Parliament, and now bears useful fruit in the Church.

RELATIONS WITH THE ROMAN CHURCH

Throughout his tenure of office Archbishop Davidson's attitude towards the Church of Rome in this country was one of dignified courtesy. Like most English Churchmen, he regarded any real *rapprochement* between Canterbury and Rome as beyond the limit of practical politics. No step towards it could be hopeful until the Papal claims were substantially modified, and no sign of such modification was visible. Yet he did not side with those who considered even an examination of the respective claims of the two Churches as "a secret conspiracy against the truth of God," to quote one of the many violent phrases in which his action was criticized.

In the early 1920's a difficult situation arose, handled by the Archbishop with great adroitness. The Lambeth Conference of 1920 had encouraged inquiry into the possibilities of religious reunion. This, Lord Halifax argued, must begin with a movement towards reunion with the Roman Church, far more important and desirable for the English Church than any new relationship with Nonconformist bodies. Having been encouraged by some preliminary talk with the Abbé Portal, he inaugurated further "conversations" at Malines, with himself as the chief Anglican spokesman and Cardinal Mercier leading for the Roman Catholics. The conversations were resumed at intervals between 1921 and 1925. After they had gone some way, the Archbishop of Canterbury was invited to give them his official sanction. This he did in a limited and carefully guarded degree, securing the addition of Bishop Gore and Dr. Kidd to the Anglican spokesmen. But he insisted that the discussions at Malines must be regarded as "private conversations about our respective history and doctrines, and nothing more." There was to be no question of "negotiations." Similar caution was shown on the other side, for while "official cognizance" of the meetings was conceded by the Pope, no status was allowed to Cardinal Mercier which would have enabled him to speak as Rome's official representative.

With such limitations, the "conversations" could achieve little or no practical result. On a few points the two sides seem to have found that the interval separating them was less than they had supposed. But the essential obstacles to reunion between the Anglican and Roman Churches remained. It was finely characteristic of the Archbishop that he refused to veto these conversations. He foresaw that they could do little beyond causing him much anxiety and subjecting him to much misrepresentation. But, in his own words,

> To me the quenching of the smoking flax by the stamping out of an endeavour to discuss thus privately our differences would—I say it unhesitatingly—have seemed to be a sin against God.

If the Malines conversations produced little definite result, the Archbishop's watchful interest in everything that concerned the Orthodox Churches not only forged closer links between those Churches and the Anglican Communion, but assisted to bring these venerable communities into contact with other forms of European Christianity. While carefully eschewing quixotic action, he was recognized as the champion of Eastern Christians, whether the oppressor was the Bolshevist or the Turk, and his name came to be held in veneration from Moscow to Baghdad. The visit of the Orthodox Patriarchs to England in 1925 owed much of its value to his wise and firm counsel. Lambeth Palace, during the late Archbishop's occupation of it, became increasingly a centre of international intercourse and oecumenical interest. "Hardly a day passes," said Davidson to a friend, "without my speaking French to one or more visitors."

The remark suggests a perhaps unexpected requirement in any future Archbishop of Canterbury. Davidson's view of the relation of Christianity to world affairs was never narrowly ecclesiastical, and the fact was recognized by the invitation to preach in St. Peter's Cathedral, Geneva, before the opening of the Third Assembly of the League of Nations. For him Christianity did not remove all difficulties, but it lay, as he said on that occasion, "at the core of the progressive history of mankind."

Though the Archbishop established for himself a position of respect in all the Churches, it is his guidance of the body over which he presided for 25 years that will be most remembered. Strong in the confidence of his brother Bishops, listened to with respect by the House of Lords, and trusted by a succession of Prime Ministers, it is perhaps as a legislator that the Church of England will miss him most. He was in his quiet way a great Parliamentarian, which means that he was a man of infinite caution and patience, who knew how to gain his ends in the tradition of English statesmanship. But it may safely be said that if the Church Assembly had not been created in his time his real powers as a statesman would never have been given full play; it is certain that his leadership and capacity would never have been grasped as it has been by the Church of England as a whole, nor would he have been held in the affectionate regard freely yielded in his last years.

It must be added that many honours came to the Archbishop. He was created K.C.V.O., then G.C.V.O., and received the Royal Victorian Chain in 1911. He was one of the four Counsellors of State appointed during the King's absence in India in 1911-12. Honorary degrees were conferred on him by Oxford, Cambridge, Aberdeen, St. Andrews, Edinburgh, Durham, Toronto, and Columbia Universities, and he was a Trustee of the British Museum and a Governor of Harrow, Wellington, and Charterhouse. He received the freedom of the City of London in 1928. But it may be doubted whether any of his honours gave him greater satisfaction than his election as the first president of the Harrow Association, for his affection for his old school was deep and life-long.

THE EDUCATION PROBLEM

The last years of Archbishop Davidson's Primacy brought him some severe disappointments. Despite the failure of 1908 he had clung tenaciously to the hope of solving, by means of an agreed settlement, the difficult "religious problem" in elementary education. He endeavoured to prepare the way by that method of private and confidential meetings for which he had an extreme liking. A long series of such conferences were held at Lambeth, and undoubtedly served to promote a friendly atmosphere among those taking part in them. But at that point their usefulness ended. There was a wide gulf between the readiness of individuals to agree on general principles and the drafting of an actual Measure which should satisfy the rank and file of all parties and obtain the support of the Government to secure its passage through Parliament.

Even when Mr. Fisher, as Minister of Education, propounded a scheme which the Archbishop with many other religious leaders heartily welcomed, the opposition of the National Union of Teachers was so fierce that the scheme was never incorporated in a Bill. Subsequently another scheme resembling Mr. Fisher's in its chief provisions was approved both by the Church Assembly and by some prominent leaders of Nonconformity. Once more Archbishop Davidson was sanguine of a settlement. Yet this time his hopes were frustrated by a small but noisy section of clergy, who organized a campaign through the country and charged the Archbishop, of all men, with conniving at the "surrender" of Church schools. Factious though this opposition was, it sufficed to kill at its initial stage a scheme depending on general agreement for its success. In public the Archbishop betrayed little or nothing of his inner feelings about the character of this opposition and its methods, but those in close touch with him knew that he was deeply grieved by the frustration of his hopes and justifiably resentful of the intrigues by which it had been procured.

PRAYER-BOOK REVISION

THE TWO MEASURES

It was not long, however, before Dr. Davidson had to endure a repeated disappointment of a still more serious kind in the rejection by the House of Commons of the 1927 and 1928 Prayer-book Measures. The hopes he attached to the authorization of an alternative Prayer-book had increased as the long task of its preparation went forward. The benefits to the Church which he anticipated from it were twofold. In the first place, it would enrich the services and enable them to satisfy needs unforeseen in the seventeenth century. In the second place, Archbishop Davidson, like Archbishop Cranmer before him, had immense, and perhaps excessive, faith in a new Prayer-book as a means of composing differences and of restoring discipline within the Church.

The work of revision was in progress from 1906 to 1927, when the new alternative Book was finally approved by the Church Assembly. The measure legalizing its use was then sent forward to Parliament. On December 14, 1927, the House of Lords approved it by the unexpectedly large majority of 241 votes to 88. Next day the House of Commons rejected it by 238 votes to 205. It is true that the tactics of those responsible for the Measure had been inept and their speeches on its behalf lamentably ineffective. Yet, however fortuitous the result, it was also final.

The Archbishop and his colleagues, indeed, would not abandon hope. They resolved to reintroduce the Measure in the following year, with slight changes and explanatory notes. That effort was futile. The 1928 Measure was adopted by a diminished majority in the Church Assembly and defeated by an increased majority in the House of Commons. Few people, whether they desired a revised Prayer-book or not, failed to sympathize with the Archbishop in his personal disappointment, or to regret that the 25 years of his Primacy should not have ended with what must have seemed its crowning achievement.

RESIGNATION

The second defeat of the Prayer Book Measure took place on June 14, 1928, and a few months later Davidson's resignation was announced. It was not due, as he was careful to explain, to "disappointment at recent events in Parliament," but was necessitated by the 1930 Lambeth Conference, which should be held, he said, "under the leadership of men who have themselves wrought the preparation for that great gathering." Tributes paid him from every part of the world and every creed testified to the profound admiration gained by his long life of public service, by his sagacity, his patience, and his kindliness. The King was pleased to bestow a barony upon him, an honour almost without precedent in the instance of one who had been a spiritual peer. Though no longer Archbishop, he was loth to discard the familiar title, and it was, rather incongruously, as "Archbishop Lord Davidson" that he desired to be known through the remainder of his days. For a time, however, he still remained almost *de facto* Archbishop when he had vacated that post *de jure*, while his successor was incapacitated by severe illness.

When that temporary phase was over Lord Davidson of Lambeth still found many occasions of public work. Old age seemed to have impaired neither his sight nor his hearing. He was still an admirable chairman at many meetings. He was seldom absent from a sitting of the House of Lords. He spent much time in the Athenaeum, and it would be interesting to know how many Church plans have been made and appointments settled within the walls of that sedate institution.

Thus to a peaceful end drew a life ennobled by its long and splendid record of service to Church and State. Even of these but an outline has been possible in these columns, and no attempt can be made to give a just idea of his life in its more private aspects, of his unaffected simplicity and transparent goodness, his sympathy, his readiness even in his most crowded hours to concentrate on the needs of those who turned to him for counsel. It must suffice to say that the Archbishop whom the Church revered was also the man whom his friends loved.

FRIEND OF FREE CHURCHMEN

DR. CARLILE'S MEMORIES

Dr. J. C. Carlile, ex-president of the Baptist Union, writes:—

The late Archbishop of Canterbury has a place in the memory and the love of Free Churchmen which is all his own. During a long period he has been in closer personal touch with Nonconformity than any official of the Established Church. His sweet reasonableness was unfailing, even when relationships between parties were very strained. Lord Davidson managed to preserve a spirit of courtesy and equanimity not common in religious disputes.

In the long ago when Dr. Davidson was Bishop of Rochester and lived in an insignificant house in Kennington Park-road, it was my good fortune to come into close touch with him, and from that time until a few weeks ago, when he wrote me a charming little letter, our friendship has been unbroken. He was an adept in the great art of differing in opinion and agreeing in affection. He was a friend of C. H. Spurgeon and took part in his funeral service.

When the old London School Board was in the thick of the controversy on religious education I was joint secretary with Lord Davidson of the Christian Education League. We sought agreement by common consent, and made many attempts to get an agreed syllabus. Conferences were held at the Clergy House, Kennington. Upon one occasion Dr. Guinness Rogers, the hero of countless controversies, came into the room when Dr. Davidson was presiding; I was sitting next to him. Mr. Rogers was suffering from loss of vision and had to be led to his seat. He said to the attendant: "Put me next to Mr. Carlile." He placed his hand upon my shoulder and said in an audible whisper: "Carlile, the Bishops are an oily lot, and Davidson is the oiliest of the lot; take care." I put my finger on my lips, everybody was silent, and the Bishop, looking a little uncomfortable, said: "So glad to see you are able to come, Dr. Rogers; it will be a pleasure to hear your voice."

Dr. Davidson was much more than an accomplished courtier and one of the ablest ecclesiastical statesmen of his time. He was a Christian gentleman, sincerely anxious for the unity of the spirit of the bonds of peace. I was with him upon many occasions, in conferences private and public, and in the homes of personal friends. He knew how to do a great thing in a simple way; he could be gracious as a mother. Many ministers outside his own communion in their hours of deepest sorrow received messages from Randall Davidson which were benedictions. I shall never forget the occasion of an anniversary of my ministry when the then Archbishop sent a delightful letter to be read at the public

He had a very warm affection for John Clifford and a sincere admiration for men who never quite understood him. Seeking to reconcile different views, he sometimes seemed too ready to compromise, as though the principle mattered little if union could be secured; yet that was not so, he loved truth for truth's sake. Beneath his own roof and at Lambeth he was a delightful host, but above all he was a great Christian. Free Churchmen who fought him in the old days, giving blow for blow, look back upon a foeman who was always a friend, and to-day all unite in giving thanks for a great life nobly lived.

YEARNING FOR UNITY

Speaking last night at the City Temple Dr. F. W. Norwood said: All Free Churchmen lament the passing away of the familiar and venerated figure of Lord Davidson. In him the religious life of England through three reigns had a trusted leader and was dignified by a noble character. His yearning for religious unity within his own Church and for reunion with those outside its borders impressed all by its sincerity and did much to draw all sections closer together. Though not the titular head of the Free Churches, none more than we think of him as a true "Father in God." We extend our sympathy to his gracious wife and to the great Church of which he was so distinguished an ornament.

Other tributes appear on page 20

Weather forecast will be found on page 21

FIRE REGULATIONS
for
CAR OWNERS

THE PETROLEUM SPIRIT (*Motor Vehicles, etc.*) REGULATIONS
(Statutory Rules and Orders, No. 952)

CAR PETROL TANK A 'STORAGE PLACE'
HOW ORDER OPERATES

Your Garage must now be protected

A private garage is a "storage place" under the above Regulations. Even when the only petrol "stored" is that in the car tank, the garage is still a storage place when the car is in it.

Fire Protection Necessary
Regulation 5c provides that "in the storage place or as near thereto as is reasonably practical there shall be kept fire extinguishing apparatus of a type capable of extinguishing fires occasioned by petroleum-spirit or a supply of sand or other effective means of extinguishing such fires."

Penalty for Contravention
The Regulations are made under Section 10 of the Petroleum (Consolidation) Act, 1928, which states that "if any person contravenes or attempts to contravene any Regulation made under this Section he shall be liable on a summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20 for every day on which the offence occurs or continues."

How to Comply
When no petrol is stored apart from that in or on the car the Home Office requirements are met most usefully by carrying a "Pyrene" Fire Extinguisher on the car, as at all material times the garage is thus protected. If additional cans of petrol are stored in a private garage the "Phomene" Foam Type Fire Extinguisher is recommended for the garage. Sand is unreliable, difficult to apply, and damaging in its effect.

Reasons for Regulations
The regulations have been laid down to meet the growing public fire danger incurred by the modern practice of building private garages, etc., near to or as part of dwelling houses and business premises; they apply to any room, building or place of any kind whatsoever, whether or not in the open air, used or proposed to be used for keeping therein petroleum-spirit for the purpose of any motor vehicle, motor boat, aircraft or engine.

For any further information you require please write to Legal Dept.,

THE easiest and most serviceable means of meeting these regulations, if you do not store petrol apart from that on your car, is to fit a "Pyrene" Fire Extinguisher to the car. You will then have the advantage of this protection for a fire emergency on the road as well as at your garage.

The alarming increase in motor car fires has already impressed thousands of motorists with the necessity of providing such protection. The "Pyrene" Fire Extinguisher is always ready for instant use. It operates at any angle and with any side up. Its continuous jet commences with the first upstroke of the double-acting pump. It does not have to depend upon any air or gas pressure and is easily refilled at any time.

If you keep additional cans of petrol in your garage, instal the "Phomene" Foam Type Extinguisher, as advised in the preceding column, but do not neglect to protect your car with the "Pyrene" Extinguisher.

IMPROVED Pyrene TRADE MARK FIRE EXTINGUISHER

Get one from your Dealer to-day.
PRICES FROM 35/-

THE PYRENE COMPANY, LIMITED,
Makers of "Pyrene," "Conquest," and "Phomene" Fire Extinguishers, "Pyrene" Bumpers, and "Pyrene" Non-Skid Chains.

GREAT WEST ROAD, BRENTFORD, MIDDLESEX.
(Note this New Head Office and Works Address.)

Telephone: Ealing 6012 (7 lines).
Telegrams: "Pyrene, Brentford."

MARSHALL & SNELGROVE
VERE STREET AND OXFORD STREET
LONDON W1

Ne'er Cast a Clout Till May is Out

In this particular May a very wise saw: even if we do lay aside our tweeds and array ourselves in chiffon and crêpe de Chine we shall need all the more a coat for the winds that blow. An English race-course can be a very draughty place—an afternoon's shopping can be treacherous with Milady May at the helm. So if we wish to wear our new summer creations—and what woman doesn't?—we must have a smart coat to slip over them—something on the lines of these in tune with our latest frocks and displaying them to best advantage.

Write for Catalogue.

SMART AFTERNOON or RACE COAT, three-quarter length to wear with the new long frock, made of fine quality wool romaine, lined crêpe de Chine and trimmed with band of black foxaline or stone marten fur. In black only—made to order in colours to match frocks.
Price 10½ Gns

HAT in black hemp straw, trimmed satin ribbon and lace.
Price 79/9

Sent on approval.

GEORGETTE CAPE COAT for smart afternoon or race wear, trimmed with fringe and finished with collar of white fur. In black and a few good colours.
Price 7½ Gns

MARSHALL & SNELGROVE

Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, MAY 24

Sir Oswald Mosley, Bt., M.P., had the honour of being received by The King this morning, and delivered up the Seals of Office and took leave upon relinquishing his appointment as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

Major C. R. Attlee, M.P., had the honour of being received by His Majesty, and having received the Seals of Office, took the Oath and kissed hands upon his appointment as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

Colonel Sir Maurice Hankey was in attendance as Clerk of the Privy Council and administered the Oath.

Admiral Sir Cyril Fuller had the honour of being received by The King upon relinquishing his appointment as Commander-in-Chief, America and West Indies Station, and upon his appointment as a Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty and Chief of Naval Personnel.

The Princess Mary (Countess of Harewood) visited Their Majesties and remained to Luncheon.

The King and Queen visited King Manoel and Queen Augusta Victoria at Fulwell Park, Twickenham, this afternoon.

The Prince George, attended by Major Ulick Alexander, took the Salute at the Empire Day Parade (held under the auspices of the League of The Empire) in Hyde Park to-day.

His Royal Highness subsequently visited the British Legion's Empire Fair at the Albert Hall.

MAY 25

The Queen and the Duke of Gloucester, with the Ladies and Gentlemen in attendance, were present at Divine Service in the Private Chapel this morning.

The Service was conducted by the Revd. A. H. O. McCheane (Priest-in-Ordinary in Waiting) and the Bishop of Willesden preached the Sermon.

The Queen celebrates the anniversary of her birthday to-day.

The Duke and Duchess of Sutherland will return to England at the end of the month from the Continent.

The Earl of Powis will return to 45, Berkeley-square this week from the Continent.

The Earl of Chesterfield has left the Grand Pump Room Hotel, Bath, where he has been staying for the past month.

The Earl and Countess of Albemarle have returned to London and will remain until the end of the Session.

The Countess of Radnor and Lady Helen Pleydell-Bouverie will be at 244, St. James' Court during the next two months.

Countess Winterton underwent an operation in a London nursing home on Friday. Her condition is satisfactory, but she will be confined to bed for some weeks.

Mildred Countess of Gosford is expected at Falmouth House at the beginning of June.

Viscountess Pirrie and Miss Carlisle returned to London last week.

The Dowager Viscountess Portman has left Kensington Cottage, Newmarket, for abroad, and does not expect to return for a few weeks. Letters will be forwarded.

The Dowager Viscountess Hambleden and the Hon. Edith Smith have arrived at 28, Wilton-crescent for the summer.

Lady Winefride Elwes, who is staying in Malta, will return to England next month.

Lord Rochdale, chairman of the British Olympic Association, has been prevented by an attack of bronchitis from attending the International Olympic Congress at Berlin.

Lord Monkswell has returned to 69, Cambridge-terrace from the country.

Sir Evelyn and the Hon. Lady Cecil will return to 2, Cadogan-square early next month from Spain.

The Hon. Anne Wood, daughter of Lord and Lady Irwin, is on her way back from India. She is expected to arrive in about a fortnight's time and will stay at 15, Gloucester-place with Lady Worsley for about 10 days, after which she will join the Earl and Countess of Iveagh at 11, St. James's-square.

The Hon. Mrs. Hanbury-Tracy and Miss Hanbury-Tracy returned to 66, Upper Berkeley-street on Friday from a Mediterranean cruise.

The Hon. Mrs. Douglas of Mains and Miss Douglas have arrived at 18, Onslow-square, S.W.7, which is now their permanent address. (Telephone, Kensington 7533.)

The Hon. Henry Mond returns to Mulberry House, Smith-square, from his convalescence in the country to-day.

Brigadier-General Sir Newton and Lady Moore will return to England on June 9 from Canada.

Sir Edmund and Lady Wyldbore-Smith expect to arrive at 68, Cadogan-place, S.W., on Wednesday, May 28, from Biarritz.

Brigadier-General Herbert Studd wishes to express his sincere thanks for the kind letters of sympathy which have reached him. He hopes in time to be able to answer all letters, but in the meantime he trusts that his friends will accept this expression of his gratitude for their kindness.

Lieutenant-Colonel Woodbine Parish, chairman of the Argentine Club, gave a luncheon party at the club yesterday to celebrate the Argentine Independence Day.

Mrs. Ernest Coats will arrive at 9, Hertford-street on May 28.

Prince and Princess Arthur of Connaught will take a party to the Nine-till-Six ball, which will be held at Grosvenor House on Wednesday. The ball is in aid of the endowment of a Dressmakers' Ward in the Middlesex Hospital. A *cabaret* has been arranged to take place during the evening, and the Embassy band will play.

Countess Beauchamp will receive the guests at a reception to be given to the parents of pupils at Bryanston, Abinger Hill, Port Regis, Brickwall and St. James's, on May 28, in the Great Hall of the British Medical Association. Professor Marcault will lecture on "The Psychological Basis of Individual Work." The chair will be taken by Lord Dawson of Penn.

The Hon. Margaret Bigge will preside at the annual general meeting of the University College Hospital Ladies' Association, which will be held on Wednesday, May 28, at 3.30 p.m., in the Library of the University College Hospital Medical School, entrance in Gower-street, W.C.1.

Mr. and Mrs. Romilly Fedden were unable to be present at the private view of Mr. Fedden's Exhibition of Water-colours at Walker's Galleries on Monday last. Mr. Fedden is still seriously ill at his house, Chantemesle, par Vétheuil, Seine et Oise.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Fish, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Murphy, and Miss Mary Hoyt Wiborg, of New York, announce the death of their father, Mr. Frank B. Wiborg, on Monday, May 12, at his house, 756, Park-avenue, New York, of pneumonia.

Ecclesiastical News and Wills and Bequests will be found on page 21.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

CAPTAIN THE MASTER OF GRAY AND MISS D. TUBBS

The engagement is announced between Captain the Hon. Lindsay Stuart Campbell-Gray, M.C., Master of Gray (late Royal Artillery), eldest son of Mr. Henry Gray-Campbell and Baroness Gray, and Doreen McClymont, elder daughter of the late Mr. Cyril Tubbs and of Mrs. Cyril Tubbs, of Thedden Grange, Alton, Hampshire.

MR. T. THISTLETHWAYTE AND THE HON. EILEEN BERRY

The marriage arranged between Thomas Thistlethwayte, son of the late Captain T. G. Thistlethwayte and of Mrs. Stopford, and Eileen, eldest daughter of the late Lord Buckland of Bwlch and of Lady Buckland, Bwlch, Breconshire, will take place in London on Thursday, July 3.

MR. R. ASHTON AND MISS R. HEMINGWAY

The marriage arranged between Robert, only son of the late Sir Ralph P. Ashton and of Lady Ashton, of 9, Cavendish-square, W.1, and Rosamund, younger daughter of the late Mr. F. R. Hemingway, I.C.S., and of Mrs. Hemingway, of Woodhayes, W. Byfleet, will take place on July 8 at All Souls Church, Langham-place.

MR. F. H. POLLARD AND MISS E. F. TUFNELL

The engagement is announced between Frederic Hugh Pollard, Sarawak Civil Service, younger son of the late Inspector-General E. R. H. Pollard, R.N., and of Mrs. Pollard, Bedford House, Cirencester, and Elyne Frances, youngest daughter of the late Rev. Frederick Tufnell, rector of Sudbury, Derby, and of Lady Frances Tufnell, of 21, Avenue-road, St. Albans.

LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER L. S. E. LLEWELLYN, R.N. (RETD.), AND MRS. MCKENNA

A marriage has been arranged and will take place quietly on Tuesday, June 3, between Lieutenant-Commander Llewellyn Somerset Edward Llewellyn, Royal Navy (Retd.), and Mrs. Louise Joyce McKenna.

MAJOR J. H. BLACKBURN AND MISS A. H. RODWELL

The marriage arranged between Major John Henry Blackburn, M.C., late The Carabiniers, and Miss Angela Hunter Rodwell will take place at Walton Parish Church, Liverpool, on Saturday, July 12, at 2 p.m.

CAPTAIN H. A. B. HAMMOND AND MISS M. CALDER

The engagement is announced between Captain Henry Anthony Bateson Hammond, Royal Artillery, younger son of Colonel P. H. Hammond, C.B., and Mrs. Hammond, of Middleham, Yorks, and Mary, youngest daughter of the late Thomas Calder and of Mrs. Calder, Hollington, Fareham, Hants.

MR. J. A. TALBOT-PONSONBY AND MISS F. E. FRASER

The engagement is announced between John Arthur Talbot-Ponsonby, 7th Queen's Own Hussars, son of Major and Mrs. E. Talbot-Ponsonby, of Glanafon, Haverfordwest, and Francis Elizabeth, daughter of the late D. H. Fraser and Mrs. Fraser, of Wardington House, Banbury.

THE REV. J. N. MARCON AND MISS G. I. HOLLAND

The marriage arranged between the Rev. John Neville, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Marcon, of Binfield, and Grace Irene, daughter of the Rev. W. E. S. Holland and the late Mrs. Holland, will take place at St. Mildred's Church, Tenterden, on July 2, at 12.15 p.m.

MR. A. J. BARLOW AND MISS FREEMAN-TAYLOR

A marriage has been arranged and will take place at St. James's, Piccadilly, on Friday, June 13, between Arthur John Barlow, elder son of the late Mr. E. A. L. Barlow and Mrs. K. E. L. Barlow, of Bromley, Kent, and Barbara Josephine, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Freeman-Taylor, of Bracknell, Berkshire.

MR. A. E. G. COX AND MISS BRIGDEN

The engagement is announced between Archibald Edgar Gloyn Cox, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Percy E. Cox, of East Sheen, and Vera Beecher, only daughter of Mr. O. E. Brigden, O.B.E., and Mrs. Brigden, of Four Oaks, Warwickshire.

MR. C. H. WILKS AND MISS D. PRICE

The marriage arranged between Mr. Cecil Howard Wilks and Miss Doris Price will take place on Wednesday, June 25, at St. Andrews, Cobham.

MR. R. MEADE AND MISS WILBRAHAM

The marriage arranged between Mr. Robert Meade and Miss Veronica Wilbraham will take place quietly in London on Saturday, May 31.

MR. L. CRAMPTON AND MISS STALLIBRASS

A marriage has been arranged between Lawrence, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Crampton, of Hillside, Sissinghurst, Kent, and Kathleen, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stallibrass, of The Priory, Brentwood, Essex.

CHRISTENING

The christening took place on Saturday at Brompton Parish Church of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Lionel Heald. Prebendary Gough officiated, and the child, who wore an old family christening robe, was named Mervyn. The godparents were Mr. Emlyn Bevan, Colonel Bluett Winch, Miss Edith Dawkins, and Miss Esmé FitzRoy.

SERVICE DINNERS

THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON'S REGIMENT

The dinner of the Duke of Wellington's Regiment (West Riding) was held at the Army and Navy Club on Friday. The guests of the evening were the Duke of Wellington, Bishop Frodsham, and Colonel S. Rhodes. Among others present were:—

Lieutenant-General Sir Herbert Belfield; Brigadier-Generals R. E. Susden, P. A. Turner, and W. M. Watson; Colonels A. E. R. Curran, J. A. C. Gibbs, R. R. Mellor, C. F. Pickering, P. R. O. A. Simner, and H. E. Williamson; Lieutenant-Colonels R. J. Barton, R. H. Goldthorp, F. A. Harden, R. K. Healing, E. M. Liddell, K. A. Macleod, W. G. Officer, E. M. K. Parsons, M. V. le P. Trench, H. H. Warman, F. H. S. Wellesley, and A. Wilson; Majors M. J. Cox; R. H. Gill, Sir Robert Henniker, E. R. Houghton, C. W. G. Ince, S. F. Marriner, and N. R. Whitaker; Captains P. R. Armitage, G. P. Bennett, G. H. Beyrus, L. E. Bishop, J. Chatterton, H. A. Crommelin, D. W. L. Daniels, A. W. H. Lawless, J. A. Lennon, A. E. Miller, H. K. O'Kelly, W. M. Oxanne, T. W. Robertson, S. C. Umfreville, and A. Whitaker; and Messrs. H. C. Bladen, F. P. St. P. Bunbury, T. St. G. Carroll, C. R. T. Cumberlege, J. H. Dalrymple, C. K. T. Faithful, C. L. E. Haslock, A. G. Hiddingh, R. L. J. Jones, C. R. Mason, H. G. F. Miles, L. P. Norman, H. S. Owen, B. W. Reynolds, B. W. Webb-Carter, and H. Yates.

99TH (BUCKINGHAMSHIRE AND BERKSHIRE YEOMANRY) BRIGADE R.A.

The annual dinner of the 99th (Buckinghamshire and Berkshire Yeomanry) Brigade R.A. was held at the Cavalry Club on Friday. The following were present:—

Colonel Viscount Burnham, Brigadier-General Sir Samuel H. Wilson, Colonel C. J. Walmesley, Lieutenant-Colonels Sir Edward Barry, R. P. Collings-Wells, J. B. P. Karslake, E. F. Lawson, and G. M. Wilder; Majors T. Close Smith, H. F. Crosland, W. H. Crosland, R. Hughes, C. B. Krabbe, H. V. Landsberg, H. G. Lepper, T. H. Sebag-Montefiore, C. C. Stone, F. G. Strange, G. W. Swire, F. W. Watson, and R. H. Wilson; Captains S. T. Austin, H. A. Benyon, A. G. Clifton-Brown, J. L. Cross, B. J. Fowler, C. Henson, B. M. Hudson, G. H. Pearson, J. Starling, L. N. Sutton, and J. P. Whiteley; Sir Robert Black; Messrs. C. A. Collis, H. A. M. Earle, H. St. L. Grenfell, C. L. Hanbury, J. G. Le N. King, H. Mount, and W. M. Mount; Sir George Mowbray, and Mr. N. G. Richards.

H.M.S. CYCLOPS

The eleventh anniversary dinner of the officers serving in H.M.S. Cyclops during the War was held at the Trocadero Restaurant on Saturday. Among those present were:—

Admirals F. S. Miller and Bertram Chambers, Captains C. V. Hardcastle and H. B. Rakes; Commanders R. B. Bates, H. D. Tuffill, A. Watson, R. U. Davis, S. Marsh, J. L. Rourdier, S. N. Smith, S. S. Wise, and A. W. Fry; and Messrs. Kenneth R. Swan, C. W. Burrows, J. Hughes, G. E. W. Gosnell, G. B. McCormick, C. L. Baddeley, S. J. Hollingum, J. G. Spencer, F. J. A. Colelby, J. R. Tapp, C. H. Bird, S. T. F. Barry, H. Alden, F. Markham, H. M. Setchell, C. Eddy, and S. F. Mence.

WAIFS AND STRAYS SOCIETY

A *matinée* performance in aid of the jubilee fund of the Waifs and Strays Society will be held at His Majesty's Theatre to-morrow. The programme will include the Episodes of the Regency, arranged by the Countess of Huntingdon, Lady George Cholmondeley, Mrs. Walter Rubens, and Mr. Clive Carey. The orchestra is under the direction of Mrs. Burdett-Coutts, and artists who will appear in the first part of the programme include Miss Cathleen Nesbitt, Mr. Lupino Lane, Mr. Robert Loraine, Mr. Harry Welchman, Miss Beryl Laverick, the child dancer, and the Eve Tyngate-Smith dancers.

MARRIAGES

CAPTAIN H. BOARDMAN AND MISS URWICK

The marriage took place on Saturday in Winchester College Chapel (by special permission of the Headmaster of Winchester, owing to the fact that the bride lives within College precincts) of Captain Henry Boardman, D.S.O., M.C., The King's Regiment and K.A.R., second son of Captain Boardman (retired) and Mrs. Boardman, of Newton-le-Willows, Lancashire, and Miss Lois Neville Urwick, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Douglas R. Urwick, of Blackbridge, Winchester. The Rev. G. C. L. Lunt, vicar of Portsea, officiated, assisted by the Headmaster of Winchester and the Rev. P. R. Wickham.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of pale parchment-tinted tulle embroidered in gold, with an underdress of gold net and parchment-tinted satin. Her full court train of embroidered tulle was lined with gold net and chiffon, and a coronet of orange-blossom held her parchment-tinted veil in place. She carried a bouquet of gold Ophelia roses. There were two little bridesmaids—Miss Iris Miller (cousin of the bride) and Miss Joy McDonald—who wore old-world frocks of pale gold tulle embroidered in a design of gold marguerites, and wreaths of hand-made gold flowers in their hair. They carried Victorian posies. There was also one grown-up bridesmaid—Miss Marjorie Norris—who wore a dress of pale gold net over satin with a wreath of gold marguerites in her hair. She carried a bouquet of gold Ophelia roses and wore a crystal necklace, the gift of the bridegroom.

Mr. R. N. Murray-Jones, The King's Regiment, was best man. Mrs. Urwick afterwards held a reception at Blackbridge, Winchester, when among the guests were:—

Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Urwick, Captain and Mrs. T. Boardman, Mrs. J. Urwick, Mr. and Mrs. Taverner Miller, Captain and Mrs. C. W. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Urwick, Mr. Ridsdale, Miss Ridsdale, Mrs. Noel Elstob, the Rev. Basil and Mrs. Aston, Mrs. Hyde-Thomson, Mrs. Fitzwilliams Hyde, Miss Fitzwilliams Hyde, Miss Norgate, the Headmaster of Winchester and Mrs. Williams, Lieutenant-General Sir Edward and Lady Altham, Colonel R. M. Wright, Brigadier and Mrs. Walker, Colonel and Mrs. Murray-Jones, Colonel and Mrs. Schuster, Major and Mrs. Cockburn, Dr. and Mrs. George Wickham, Sir George Grant-Suttie, Dr. and Mrs. Roberts, Dr. W. S. Darby, Mr. and Mrs. Stuart McDonald, Professor and Mrs. Gleadowe, Captain S. C. F. De Salis, Mr. L. W. Greenwood, Mr. Cecil Page, the Hon. John and Mrs. Browne, Major Lindemere, Mr. W. J. Younger, Dr. and Mrs. Dyson, Mr. R. S. Yeatman, Mr. and Mrs. Amyas F. Warre, Major and Mrs. Elles, Mrs. G. C. Lunt, Mr. and Mrs. Rupert Coverley, Major and Mrs. Cowland, Major Robertson, Miss Robertson, and Mrs. R. L. G. Irvine.

The honeymoon is being spent motoring in Cornwall. The bride travelled in a dress of painted chiffon in shades of beige and blue, under a coat of beige crêpe romain trimmed with beige fox fur, and a hat to tone.

MR. E. O. MILNE AND MISS M. BROWNE-WEBBER

The marriage took place at the Brompton Oratory on Saturday afternoon of Mr. Eric Oswald Milne, son of the late Rev. P. H. Milne, of Dorset, and Mrs. Milne, and Miss Marcelle Browne-Webber, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Valentine Browne-Webber, of Dinard, France. Father Woodruff officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her guardian, Mr. W. Cantopher, wore a long gown of cream crêpe de Chine. The bodice was plain and fitted to the figure, and attached to the shoulders was a long pearl and sequin embroidered train. Her veil of fine cream net was held in place by a wreath of orange-blossom. She carried a bouquet of white roses and lilies-of-the-valley. There was one bridesmaid, Miss Elizabeth Greenhill. She wore a georgette gown in a deep shade of turquoise blue, made with a bolero jacket and a long skirt dipping in points over the ankles. She wore a picture hat of oyster-coloured straw, with a deep turquoise-blue velvet flower on the brim. There were also two child attendants, Miss Honor Blake and Miss Prudence Blake. They wore long white muslin frocks, with sashes of turquoise-blue georgette and muslin hats to match. The bridesmaid and attendants carried posies of pink and red carnations centred with forget-me-nots and a pink rose.

The best man was Mr. Cubitt. Among those present at the church were:—

Mrs. P. H. Milne, Mrs. J. Robertson, Mrs. E. Browne-Webber, Mrs. Clifford Whitting, Mr. Tattersall, Miss K. Tattersall, Miss V. Tattersall, Sir George and Lady Forbes, Lady Du Maurier, Miss Du Maurier, Canon and Mrs. Alcock, Mrs. Douglas Evertt, Mr. W. G. Everitt, Mrs. Garnett, Mrs. Rooth, Miss Rooth, Mr. John Rooth, Mrs. G. Gordon Mr. Whittal, Miss B. M. Smith, Mrs. Walter John, Mrs. H. B. Thacker, Mr. G. S. Blake, Mr. and Mrs. Huddleston, Mrs. E. Fisher, Mrs. Gerald Blake, Mrs. Cecil Benson, Miss Green, Mr. and Mrs. Pitts Tucker, Mrs. Gregory, Miss Gregory, Mrs. Juster Mester, Mrs. Leo Stephenson, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Peacey, Mrs. E. Everitt, Captain and Mrs. Bayne, Mrs. Kelham, Mrs. Footman, Mrs. Bamford, Mrs. Taylor, Miss Nolan, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Baumer, Mr. and Mrs. G. Roberts, Mrs. Francis Swaine, Mrs. Vinsto, Mrs. Binning, Miss Binning, Mr. Mehl, Mrs. M. Farquharson, Mr. O. V. Assem, Mrs. Warwick Ward, Mrs. D. Stevens, Mrs. Greenhill, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Bulloch, Miss Elizabeth Roach, Miss Greenhill, Miss Baker, Mr. J. Watts Carlton, Mrs. Baines, Mr. and Mrs. Tredaway, Mrs. Crawford Boyd, Mrs. Cecil White, Mrs. B. Pitts Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. Greenhill, and Mr. Hugh Williams.

The honeymoon is being spent in Paris. The bride wore a travelling coat in the new shade of green, with a dress and hat of the same colour.

MR. A. L. G. GUND AND MISS V. RUSSELL

The marriage took place on Saturday, at St. James's, Spanish-place, of Mr. Albert Louis Georges Gund, Chevalier de la Légion d'Honneur, Croix de Guerre, youngest son of M. and Mme. Albert Gund, of 6, Rue Edouard Fournier, Paris, and Miss Valerie Russell, younger daughter of the late Hon. Cyril Russell and of the Hon. Mrs. Russell, of 28, Cambridge-square, W.2. The Rev. Richard Mangar officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her eldest brother, Captain Sir Alec Russell, wore a gown of oyster-pink satin and lace. Her long pink tulle veil also formed the train and was held in place by a headdress of orange-blossom and heather. She carried a bouquet of pink roses and was attended by four little boys and five little girls—Master Cyril Russell and Master John Mathew (nephews of the bride), Master Jock Fairlie, and Master Christopher Wells, and Miss Sheila and Miss Moira Russell, and Miss Anne Mathew (nieces of the bride), Miss Jean Fairlie, and Miss Anne Morton. The pages wore Kate Greenaway suits of oyster-pink satin with frilled crêpe de Chine shirts, and the little girls had Kate Greenaway frocks of the same material, with wreaths of pink daisies in their hair.

Vicomte Ramolino was best man. A reception was held at 79, Gloucester-place (the residence of Mrs. Richard Wells), when among the guests were:—

M. and Mme. Gund, Mr. Philip Gund, Mr. and Mrs. Theobald Mathew, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Russell, Mr. Alan Russell, Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. Bertrand and Mrs. Russell, the Hon. Mrs. Douglas Holms and Miss Holms, Lady (Alec) Russell, Lady Russell of Killowen and the Hon. Margaret Russell, Mr. J. B. Fletcher, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Robertson, Mr. S. Jacomb-Hood, Miss Darling, Mr. and Mrs. S. Jacomb-Hood, Mr. John Jacomb-Hood, Mr. and Mrs. Fergus Morton, Mrs. Hayes, Mrs. Arthur Pirie, Mrs. Martin Pirie, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Churchill, Miss R. McLean, Mrs. Charles Mathew, Mrs. E. N. Noel, Miss Susan Noel, Lady Wallis, the Hon. Mrs. Guiby, Mrs. Hardy Benton, Mr. Richard Butler, Commandant Talon, M. Ramolino, Mr. and Mrs. Exshaw, Mr. J. Mayell, Captain Benjamin, Mr. T. C. Eckenstein, Mrs. Nettlefold, Mr. and Mrs. Wagg, Mr. Cecil Madden, Miss Nevia Fane, Mrs. Clifton and Miss Clifton, Mrs. Burnand, Mrs. Harry Shaw, Miss Mathew, Mrs. McKechnie, Mrs. Arthur Sutherland, Mrs. Tennyson d'Eyncourt, Mrs. Michael Ellison, Miss Clodagh Russell, Mrs. Woodroffe, Mrs. Ryan, Mrs. M. Duncan, Mrs. William Murray, Mrs. Kemp, Sir James and Lady Reynolds, Mr. John Reynolds, Miss Reynolds, Mrs. Nicholls and Miss Nicholls, Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Fletcher, Mrs. Popham, Mrs. John, Mr. Anthony John, Miss John, Mrs. Arthur Bevan, Mr. and Mrs. James Rea, Lady Gatti and Miss Gatti, Colonel J. J. Shute, Sir Lancelot Sanderson, Mr. Everard Gates, Mrs. McCarthy O'Leary, Miss Mackenzie, Mrs. Richard Wells, General and Mrs. Stevenson, Mrs. Dudley FitzGerald, Mrs. Donald McGrath, Mrs. Gilbert Clifford, and Mrs. H. V. B. Smith.

The honeymoon is being spent at Juan les Pins. The bride travelled in a two-piece suit of black and white charmeuse, trimmed with green, and a small black straw hat.

FUNERAL

LORD MUIR MACKENZIE

The ashes of Lord Muir Mackenzie will be buried to-morrow in the Cloisters, Westminster Abbey. The Dean and Chapter have granted this privilege in recognition of Lord Muir Mackenzie's work as High Bailiff of Westminster. The cremation will be at Golders Green, and the funeral service at the Abbey will be at 12.30. Admission will be granted on the presentation of visiting cards by the West Cloister door in Dean's-yard.

RAILWAY AMBULANCE COMPETITION

The inter-railway ambulance competition organized by the St. John Ambulance Association was held on Friday at the Northampton Polytechnic Institute, Clerkenwell. The injured man was supposed to be unconscious suffering from concussion, to have a fractured neck, left femur, and ribs, a wound in the right calf, and a sprained left wrist, and to behave like a lunatic when he recovered consciousness. Twenty minutes was allowed for first-aid treatment. The Southern Railway Waterloo "A" team won the inter-railway shield for the seventh time in 10 years with 378½ points. The other prize winners were:—

(2) L.M.S., Liverpool North Docks (325½ points); (3) L.M.S., Crewe Machine Shop (298 points); (4) G.W.R., Alexandra Dock, Newport (280 points); (5) L.N.E.R., Hull (288 points); (6) S.R., Horsham (287½ points); (7) L.N.E.R., Parkeston and Harwich (283 points); (8) Metropolitan (271 points); (9) G.W.R., Newport Dock St. (269½ points).

In the absence of Mr. J. H. Thomas, Sir Harold Hartley, vice-president of the L.M.S. Railway, presented the awards.

DANCES

THE SEASON'S LIST

The following is a list of private dances which will be given during the coming season. The list will be revised and repeated every Monday:—

TO-NIGHT.—Lady Pigott-Brown, for her daughter, Miss Pigott-Brown.
The Hon. Mrs. Ferguson, for her daughter, Miss Jane Ferguson, 92, Eaton-square.

TO-MORROW NIGHT.—Mrs. Robert Mathias, for her daughters, Miss Diana and Miss Betty Mathias, 41, Berkeley-square.

MAY 28.—Lady Dawson of Penn, for her daughter, the Hon. Rosemary Dawson.

MAY 29.—Princess Ottoboni, for her niece, Miss Elizabeth Humphreys-Owen.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. B. Du Pre (small dance), for his daughter, Miss Joy Du Pre, 4, Princes-gardens.
Lady Anderson (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Diana Anderson, 7, Palace-green.
Mrs. Hylton-Foster (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Hylton-Foster.

MAY 30.—The Hon. Mrs. Richard Preston, for her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Preston.
The Marchioness of Downshire (small dance), for her nieces, Miss Joan and Miss Eve Foster, 43, Charles-street, Berkeley-square.
Mrs. Robert Cunningham (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Cunningham, 11, Lancaster Gate-terrace, W.2.

JUNE 2.—The Countess of Granard, for her daughter, Lady Eileen Forbes.

JUNE 3.—The Hon. Mrs. Wilfrid Abel Smith and Mrs. Alasdair MacGregor of Cardney, for their daughters, Miss Sylvia Abel Smith and Miss Gelda MacGregor.
47th (2nd London) Divisional ball, Hyde Park Hotel.

JUNE 5.—Lady Margaret Nicholson, for her daughter, Miss Joan Nicholson.
The Hon. Mrs. Home Drummond Moray and Mrs. Hugh Gurney, for their daughters, Miss Anne and Miss Grace Drummond Moray and Miss Priscilla Gurney.

JUNE 9.—412th Battery (Suffolk Yeomanry), R.A., T.A., Benacre Hall, Suffolk (by permission of Sir Thomas and Lady Gooch).

JUNE 11.—Mrs. St. George, for her daughter, Miss Vivien St. George.

JUNE 12.—Mrs. Brian Molloy, for her daughter, Miss Molly Molloy.
The Hon. Mrs. Wentworth Chetwynd (dinner dance), for her daughter, Miss Joan Chetwynd, 28, Cleveland-square.
Mrs. Barty-King (small dance), for Miss Marguerite Barty-King.

JUNE 16.—Mrs. John Walter, for her son's coming-of-age, Claridge's.
The Royal Caledonian ball, Grosvenor House.

JUNE 17.—Peterhouse, May Week ball.
Lady Bird (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Pamela Bird, 90, Eaton-place.
Corpus Christi College, May Week ball.

JUNE 18.—Mrs. Cecil Colvin and Mrs. G. K. Benton (small dance), for Miss Daphne Colvin, 63, Cromwell-road, S.W.

JUNE 19.—Baroness Quarles van Ufford, for her daughter, Miss Morrison-Scott, 44, Belgrave-square.

JUNE 20.—Annual Session ball of the Royal Naval College, Greenwich.
Lady Merriman, for Miss Rosemary and Miss Violet Merriman.
The Old Cheltonian ball, Town Hall, Cheltenham.

JUNE 23.—Christ Church Commemoration ball.
Magdalen College Commemoration ball.
The Hon. Lady Anstruther-Gough-Calthorpe.

JUNE 24.—New College Commemoration ball.
Lady Violet Astor, Zoological Gardens.

JUNE 25.—Mrs. Christopher Hoare, 40, Great Cumberland-place.
St. John's College Commemoration ball.
Mr. E. S. Edgar, for his daughter, Miss Margaret Edgar, Hyde Park Hotel.
Mrs. J. W. Converse (dinner-dance and *cabaret*).

JUNE 26.—O.U.D.S. Commemoration ball, Town Hall, Oxford.
Mme. Calmettes (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Rosemary Calmettes, 53, Portland-place.
The Hon. Mrs. Guy Wilson, for her daughter, Miss Susan Wilson.
Sir William and Lady Portal's (Golden Wedding) dinner and small dance, Ritz Hotel.

JUNE 27.—Lady Howard Stepney, for her daughter, Miss Marged Howard Stepney.
Royal Artillery (Summer) ball, Royal Artillery Mess, Woolwich.
Wycombe Abbey School dance (for seniors of Wycombe Abbey, St. Leonards and Benenden Schools), Park Lane Hotel.

JUNE 30.—Mrs. Alfred Pitman, for her daughter, Miss Sybil Pitman.
Lady Keyes and Mrs. Dorrien Smith, for Miss Diana and Miss Katherine Keyes and Miss Anne Dorrien Smith.

JULY 1.—Mrs. Weisweiller (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Nadine Weisweiller, 2, Albert-gate.

JULY 2.—The Hon. Mrs. R. H. Hermon-Hodge (small dance), for her daughters, Miss Pamela and Miss Lorna Hermon-Hodge.

JULY 3.—Mrs. Hugh Gladstone and Mrs. J. A. W. Talbot (small dance), for their daughters, Miss Jean Gladstone and Miss Lettice Talbot.

JULY 4.—Mrs. Patrick Villiers-Stuart (small dance), for her niece Miss Katherine Taylor, and her daughter, Miss Patricia Villiers-Stuart.
Mrs. Percy Mayer.
Downside dance, May Fair Hotel.

JULY 7.—Third Trinity Boat Club ball, May Fair Hotel.

JULY 8.—Mrs. W. Reiersen Arbuthnot (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Betty Arbuthnot.
Lady Luke of Pavenham, for her daughter, the Hon. Enid Lawson-Johnston.
Mrs. Richard Raphael (small dance), for her daughters, Miss Marjorie and Miss Rosemary Raphael.

JULY 9.—Vincent's Club ball, May Fair Hotel.

JULY 10.—Trinity Hall Boat Club ball, May Fair Hotel.
Ladies' Carlton Club.

JULY 11.—Eton and Harrow ball, Hurlingham Club.
Mrs. Alan Pilkington (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Rosemary Pilkington, 56, Sloane-street.
Mrs. Warren Pearl, 26, Rutland-gate.
Eton ball, Grosvenor House.

JULY 12.—Mrs. E. J. Cottam (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Audrey Cottam, Piccard's Rough, Guildford.

JULY 18.—Bar Golfing Society, Lincoln's Inn.

From The Times of 1830

WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1830. Price 7d.

Our old favourite Mrs. Davenport last night took a final leave of the stage [at Covent Garden Theatre], on which occasion she delivered the following address:—

"Ladies and Gentlemen,—Could anything alleviate the oppression I feel at this trying moment, it would be the gratification of beholding the numerous assemblage of my kind friends and patrons, who, by their presence, have honoured the last hour of my public life. You have kindly borne with my infirmities, when, with more of truth than good acting, I have cried, 'How my poor bones ache!' but, did I trespass further on your indulgence, 'What would Mrs. Grundy say?' I thank you for this your last smile, and under its cheerful influence, am enabled to bid you a grateful farewell!"

* * * * *

DIED.—On the 22nd inst., Charles Walmesley, Esq., jun., in his 25th year. . . . This amiable young man had accepted a seat in an open carriage, which was upset, and he survived the accident only eight days.

3 per Cent. Cons. 92½ to ½.

TONIC SOL-FA FESTIVAL

The 68th annual festival of the Tonic Sol-Fa Association was held at the Crystal Palace on Saturday, when nearly 3,000 members of between 50 and 60 choirs from schools of the Metropolitan area and Brighton took part in a concert. The conductor was Mr. Granville Humphreys; the deputy conductor, Mr. W. H. Dodd; and the organist, Mr. Thomas L. Le Cras. In addition to hymns and songs there were book and hand and handkerchief drills, which were skilfully performed; and there were also choruses by Bach, Schubert, Gustav Holst, and Cowen. The concert concluded with the Imperial Chorus, "It comes from the Misty Ages," by Sir Edward Elgar.

After the concert there was a procession through the Palace, and this was followed by folk dancing and songs, morris jigs, and games in the dance hall. The Tonic Sol-Fa Association is in union with the Tonic Sol-Fa College, which has granted 1,000,000 certificates, more than half of which have been issued since the jubilee of the system in 1891.

PARIS FASHIONS

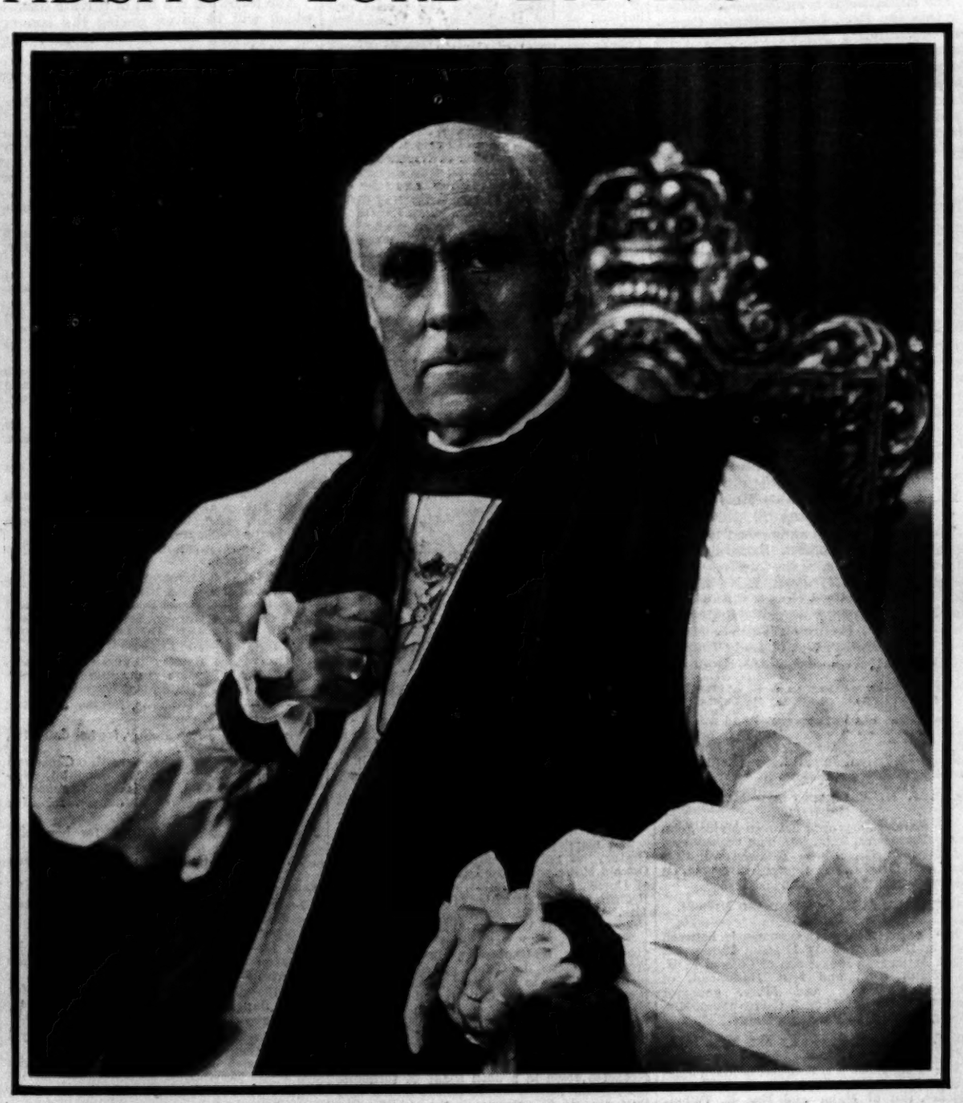
THREE AND FOUR PIECES

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

Women who play golf wear pleated as often as flared skirts, and cardigans over jumpers or blouses, tweeds and almost plain cloths being more in fashion than jersey or hand-knitted coats. The colours are often bright, as when a coat and skirt and jumper are made of a raspberry-red cloth with a rough surface, while the suède belt and beret are also red. Red, again, is a soft woollen material *ensemble* with beret

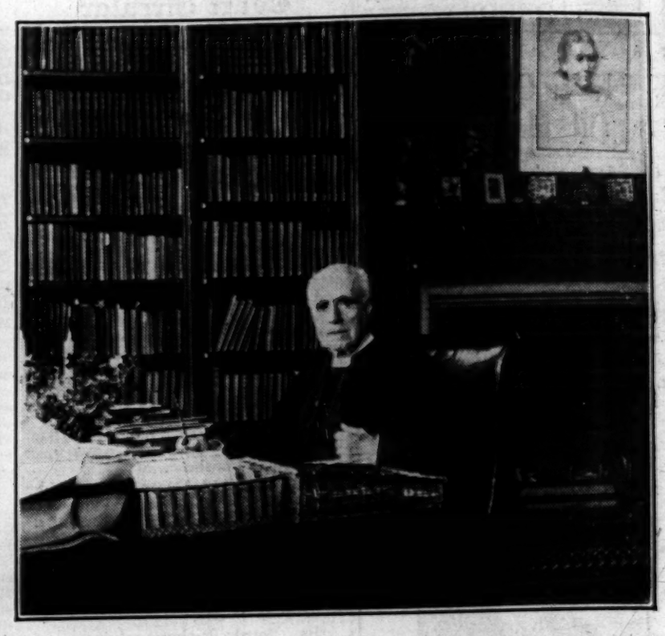
DEATH OF ARCHBISHOP LORD DAVIDSON

A CONFERENCE AT LAMBETH.—A photograph taken during a session of a conference in the Library of Lambeth Palace, with Dr. Davidson presiding. The first Lambeth Conference over which he presided was in 1908.



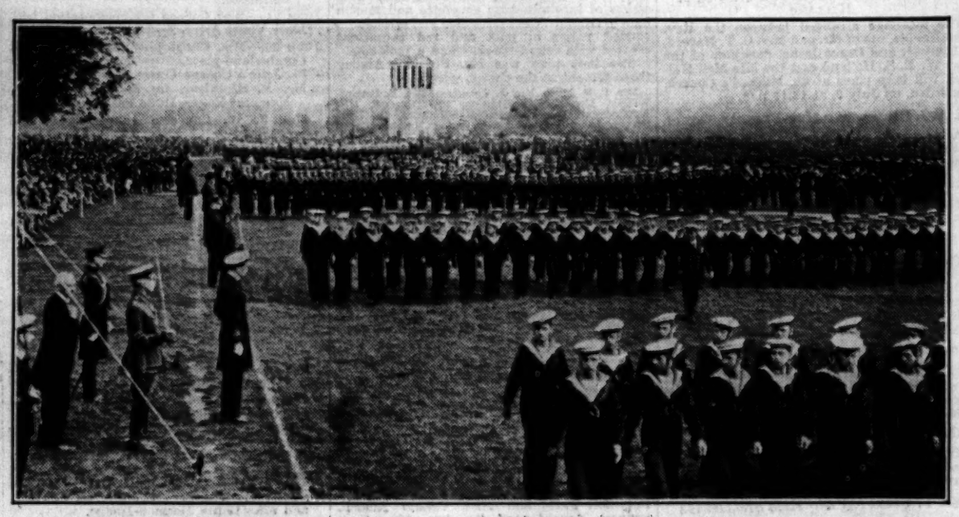
DR. RANDALL DAVIDSON, Archbishop of Canterbury for 25 years, who died early yesterday morning at the age of 82. On his retirement in November, 1928, he was created Lord Davidson of Lambeth. He previously held the Bishoprics of Rochester and Winchester and was Dean of Windsor and Domestic Chaplain to Queen Victoria from 1883 to 1891, and for another ten years Clerk of the Closet to the Queen. He married in 1878 a daughter of the late Archbishop Tait of Canterbury.

EMPIRE DAY



IN HIS STUDY.—A portrait of Lord Davidson in his study at Lambeth Palace taken just before his 80th birthday. In the same year he celebrated the 50th anniversary of his marriage.

A NEW BUILDING IN RANGOON.—The new headquarters of the Commissioners for the Port of Rangoon, known as the Port Trust Building, which has just been completed. The architect is Mr. T. O. Foster, F.R.I.B.A., of London.



EMPIRE DAY PARADE.—Prince George reviewed between 6,000 and 7,000 naval and military cadets at an Empire Day parade in Hyde Park on Saturday.

RED CROSS RALLY.—Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, inspected British Red Cross detachments at Hatfield House, Hertfordshire, on Saturday. She is seen shaking hands with one of the nurses.

MISS AMY JOHNSON, the young English airwoman, who on Saturday completed the first solo flight by a woman from England to Australia. She flew from Croydon to Darwin in a Gypsy Moth machine in 20 days. Among the many messages of congratulation she received was one from the King.

MAJOR ATTLEE, who succeeds Sir Oswald Mosley as Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, photographed on his arrival at Buckingham Palace on Saturday to be received by the King.

PRINCESS ELIZABETH.—A snapshot of his daughter taken by the Duke of York. It is one of the photographs in the exhibition of pictures by Royal photographers in aid of the King Edward's Hospital Fund, which was opened on board the Berengaria on Friday, and which will be seen simultaneously in London and New York from May 31 onwards.

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June 4th. Visit of famous Colonne Orchestra.
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750 SETTEES and LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS covered morocco leather, heavy woven art tapestries, rich silk, and a large quantity covered plain art linen, all being of excellent quality and in most cases equal to new. SEVERAL SMALL LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS offered at 25s. each. Small-size LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS in REAL HIDE, 3gns. Larger size LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS from £4 17s. 6d. to 12gns.; well-made SOFTLY SPRUNG CHESTERFIELD SETTEES, 3gns.; LARGE-SIZE CHESTERFIELD AND OTHER SETTEES, many with loose down pillow seats and backs, from £7 15s. to 25gns.
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The "Eltham"
A full-size Divan Easy Chair, upholstered fibre and hair, with feather cushion on seat; covered in Cretonne. £6:18:6
Settee 6ft. 4in. long overall to match £15:15:0

The "Ravensbourne"
A very luxurious Lounge Easy Chair, 27in. deep on seat, with sprung edge, arms and back. Upholstered all hair, with loose feather down cushion on seat. Covered in Cretonne. £8:15
Settee 5ft. long overall to match £16:16:0

The "Romford"
A finely made Easy Chair in best quality hide, with loose feather down cushion in Velveteen. Upholstered in part hair. £8:15
Settee 4ft. 4in. long overall to match £14:14:0

The "Streatley"
A charming Divan Easy Chair, full size, and very comfortable. Upholstered all hair with loose down cushion.
Covered in Linen. £9:18:6
Settee 5ft. 6in. 3 Cushions in down, to match £19:19:0

The "Garrick"
A well-designed Wing Easy Chair in hide—comfortable Library Chair. Upholstered fibre and hair with loose feather cushion in seat covered in Velveteen. £11:18:6
Settee 4ft. 9in. to match. Two velveteen cushions £19:10:0

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ARCHBISHOP LORD DAVIDSON

TRIBUTE IN THE CHURCHES

THE PRIMATE'S SERMON

Sympathetic reference to the death of Archbishop Lord Davidson was made in the churches generally throughout the country yesterday. The Archbishop of Canterbury (Dr. Lang), who preached at the Chapel Royal, St. James's Palace, in the morning, devoted the whole of his address to an appreciation of the late Archbishop.

Taking as his text, "After he had served in his own generation the counsel of God, he fell on sleep," the Archbishop said:—

As most of you know, when the light broke upon the morning of this Lord's Day, Randall Thomas Davidson, for 40 years Bishop in the Church of God and for 25 years Archbishop of Canterbury, after having, in his own generation, served the counsel of God, fell on sleep. It is well with him! It is good that he should have been set free from long weakness and weariness, borne with characteristic patience and fortitude. It is good that after long years of labour he should enter into his rest, "as my soul fleeth unto the Lord before the morning watch."

I must, of course, speak of him this morning; but, as it is only a few hours since he passed away, my words must necessarily be imperfect and unsteady. I can only exchange with you first impressions which come into my mind when I think of him, my close, intimate, revered, and beloved friend of over 30 years.

A PARTING BLESSING

This is not the time and place to rehearse the record of his public life; it is of the man himself that I will speak. When we think of him one of the first words that comes into our minds is "wisdom." He had a great power in any matter of penetrating to the essential thing. He had an unfailing sense of balance, of proportion. If I may be forgiven one word of personal recollection, I shall never forget that, when two days ago, in one of his last moments of consciousness, he laid his hand on my head in blessing, the first words which came quick, but faltering in their utterance, to his lips were, "God give you judgment!"

And certainly in rich measure God had given that great gift to him. He had an instinctive distrust and, indeed, dislike of all tendencies, whether in things human or divine, of forcing things to logical issues. He stood remote, not so much from conviction as from temperament, from all ecclesiastical parties. He tried to appreciate them, but in himself he was apart from them. I do not think I can better describe the tendency and temper of his mind than in the words in which a great saint and scholar of the English Church, in a famous sermon, described the functions of the true Bishop. These words of Richard William Church, once Dean of St. Paul's, are so singularly applicable to Randall Davidson that I will venture to read them to you:

"In all that he was and did, in his administration and official speaking, the idea was ever present of what was of common import to all, of what bound all together, of what belonged, not to to-day or yesterday, but was born with man, or was coeval with the Gospel. Others might have newer, perhaps deeper, perhaps more eventful things to say. He was there to remind Christians of that vast, wide spiritual society which was meant to embrace us all; of the force and value of what is common, and public, and continuous, and customary. He was there to bind together in each age the old and the new, the weak and the strong; to witness, amid the vicissitudes of individual thought and energy, for something which, with less show, wears better and lasts longer; for a common inheritance of faith and religion."

And with this largeness went a singular fairness of mind. He was always anxious to understand and appreciate even those whose point of view, whose temperament, political or religious, was different from his own; always generously eager to find a place for them in the fellowship of the Church, and to the last he was always eager to learn and to understand what was passing in the minds of the younger generation. I know few men who more ceaselessly sought to keep themselves in touch with the spirit of youth.

CHURCH AND NATION

In his public life, I need not remind you, he was filled always with a profound sense of the significance of the place of the Church in the common life of the nation. He had a constant faith in the essentially Christian spirit of the English people, and he sought at all times to make the Church, the National Church, its expression, and he regarded it as his highest and noblest function, in his own office, to be its interpreter and spokesman. It was this which gave him his lifelong interest in all public affairs. Nothing, as most of you know, was more characteristic of him than his assiduous attention to the business of that House of Parliament in which his office gave him a place—the House of Lords. Again and again, when he might have been otherwise occupied, he took his place there.

There were times—it seems now long years ago—when men thought, and even spoke, of him as if he were mainly the courtier, the statesman in the more secular sense of the term; and it is true that he liked to be in the midst of great affairs. It was always an interest and stimulus to him to be in close and intimate contact with great men who were taking a leading part in great affairs; but always and unfailingly behind this natural and temperamental interest in public matters was his sincere and simple desire to serve the counsel of God. As years passed, as men got to know him better, as he took an ever larger place in the life of the community, men discerned that in the heart of him he was simply a servant of God. With his wisdom, with his large sense of the place of Christian witness in public life, there was a great mass of knowledge. It was the fruit of the study of men and affairs rather than of books, though he was ever, so far as time permitted, a quiet and eager student. His knowledge was the fruit of unrivalled experience. There is scarcely any part of the world with whose affairs, especially as they appertained to the spread of Christianity, he was not familiar. He knew intimately all the 40 missionary dioceses overseas over which the Archbishop of Canterbury has a direct jurisdiction, and Bishops from every part of the world were surprised to find that when they brought to him their problems, submitting them to his wisdom and counsel, he seemed already to know all about it. And it was with a quite singular accessibility that he put himself at the service of all who sought his counsel, and, when they listened to him, more and more they felt that his one desire was that his counsel should reflect the counsel of God.

As the years of his long ministry passed he was charged with an ever-increasing responsibility. In his own life he had seen the wonderful extension of this ancient Church of England into every part of the world. He was himself concerned directly, whether as chaplain to Archbishop Tait or as Bishop or Archbishop, with four of the great Lambeth Conference. He saw the growth from the 108 Bishops who were present at the first Conference which he attended to the 252 who were present when he presided in 1920, and he lived to take an interest in the assembly of the next Conference six weeks hence, when no fewer than 300 Bishops from all parts of the world will assemble in his old home. All this access of responsibility he bore with quiet and patient strength, and over this period which he served, as he saw the Church so wonderfully expanding and becoming a great power throughout the world, his one and only concern was how could it fulfil the counsel of God.

SIMPLICITY OF SPIRIT

And yet with all this growth of responsibility, with the knowledge that men of all kinds and in all parts of the world were increasingly looking to him for guidance and help, his personal humility grew with the great responsibilities. I have never known any man called to take so high a place in public life who was himself more humble-minded. Indeed, the great characteristic of the man was the simplicity and sincerity of his spirit. I suppose that certainly those who knew him best would describe most tersely, most simply and most truly what they thought of him in the mere words: "He was a good man." In his own soul he had an unfaltering hold upon the great and everlasting truths of the Gospel of God's grace revealed in Jesus Christ. He was not a man who either trusted the emotions of religion or made any display of them, but in his heart he was penetrated with the sense of the exceeding wonder of the love of God, and he bore himself day by day as a child waiting upon his Father's will. Those who went to him in need or in sorrow or in suffering were alike sometimes surprised and always touched and helped by the way in which he led them into the very heart of the mercies of God. As I look back on those years of his great work I observe that his one constraining motive was, in his own generation, to serve the counsel of God. So, as we take our farewell of this great soul, we shall think this morning of his wife, that most gracious lady who for more than 50 years gave him unceasing and unfailing help, understanding, and sympathy; we shall pray that the love of God shall uphold and strengthen her.

WISDOM AND HUMILITY

THE BISHOP OF LONDON'S APPRECIATION

The BISHOP of LONDON, preaching yesterday morning at St. James's, Paddington, referred to the wonderful humility of the late Archbishop. He never could make out why so great a fuss was made about him when he retired and why so many honours were heaped upon him. He was firmly convinced that he was just a plain man doing his duty to the best of his power, and this was one secret of his great influence. This humility was created by the fact that he lived his life habitually in the presence of God. He was in his personal life what the Bible called "a man of God," a man who was not seeking the praise of man but, whether it meant popularity or unpopularity, resolutely endeavouring to carry out the will of God.

This his inner circle of friends knew all along, but the whole world, and especially the Church, found it out before he died. It was the creation of the Church Assembly which seemed to reveal to the ordinary members of the Church what the man really was who had been leading them all along, and they bowed their heads in love and admiration. They saw before them a humble man of God, but one endowed with such wisdom, soundness of judgment and fairness of mind as made them at last understand why every one, in Church and State, came to him for advice in every difficulty. He would be honoured for generations to come as the great Archbishop who led his people through difficult days into what promised to be a time of growing harmony and peace.

CHANGED NATURE OF THE PRIMACY

"A UNIVERSAL COUNSELLOR"

BISHOP GORE, preaching at Grosvenor Chapel, South Audley-street, spoke of the immense change which had taken place within the last century in the position of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

He said it had passed from being that of the Head of the Established Church, leading a dignified and leisurely life, into something like a Patriarchate, in fact if not in office, in the great federation of Anglican Churches. This change, without any deliberate intention, still less ambition, was mainly attributable to Archbishop Davidson. It was due to his extraordinary knowledge of men and things in all parts of the Anglican Communion, the result of a memory unparalleled in breadth, retentiveness, and accuracy, which, coupled with his total absence of assumption or desire for influence, made him a universal counsellor. Lord Davidson had a noble character and a total absence of personal ambition, or desire for recognition, or pomp, or sense of self-importance. All that nobility of character was due to a profound and simple religion and the quiet beauties of a perfect home life.

LOSS OF A FRIEND TO CANTERBURY

LADY DAVIDSON'S MESSAGE

The VICE-DEAN of CANTERBURY (Canon J. M. C. Crum), preaching at the morning service at Canterbury Cathedral, said that they were in sorrow to lose so faithful, so true a friend, a genius of considerateness; in sorrow, too, to lose a great public servant—an aged, faithful servant, passing away from long, careful, wide service here. They greatly honoured him, they loved him, and they loved those whom he loved. A man who understood deep, far-reaching questions could yet speak to young men going out to work as deacons and priests as simply as a schoolboy might of the great big work that they were to do. He was feeling, for them and with them, the weight of it as if it had been his own. He did not make the difference that perhaps others did between the responsibility of an Archbishop and the responsibility of one who was "only a curate." His burden was theirs; it was the same thing. It could be borne only in quiet, simple faith like a child's. That simplicity of his, rising clear out of so huge a responsibility—a responsibility so long and so deliberately carried—was very beautiful.

At the close of his address Canon Crum read the following message from Lady Davidson:—"Please let it be known in the Cathedral and the beloved diocese that Randall Archbishop Lord Davidson entered into his rest at 1.5 this, Rogation Sunday, morning. Let us join in glad thanksgiving that he has entered the larger life. We praise and glorify God's holy name."

KINDNESS IN COUNSEL

DR. INGE'S TESTIMONY

The DEAN of ST. PAUL'S, who was the preacher yesterday morning at St. Mark's Church, Hamilton-terrace, said:—

Archbishop Davidson will be remembered in Church history as a great ecclesiastical statesman, and as one who, without initiating any great movement, was content to guide the conflicting currents of Church opinion with supreme wisdom in the direction of moderation and safety. He had to a supreme degree the gifts of a diplomatist, which he used always in the service of the Church. But those who knew him personally, as I did, for he was related to me by marriage, knew also that he was the very wisest and kindest of counsellors. More than once in times of difficulty I have consulted him in preference to anyone else, and there are many others who would testify that his advice has always been the very best that could be given. Beyond all this he was fundamentally a devout, simple, and humble Christian, entirely unspoiled by all the dignities that he received. The Church of England may well thank God for giving us such a ruler at a very difficult time.

SINCERITY AND FAIRNESS

The DEAN of WINDSOR (Dr. A. V. Baillie), preaching at St. George's Chapel, Windsor Castle, yesterday morning, said that nearly 40 years ago, when Dr. Davidson left Windsor to become Bishop of Rochester, he (Dr. Baillie) went to him as chaplain, and learned to know, by close association, something of his character and his power. At that time, in the Church generally his reputation was not high. Men talked of him as a courtier, as an opportunist, and as a man who had been brought out very young by favouritism, but who really was a second-rate man. That was the ordinary popular opinion, especially among the clergy, of what he was, but that was not the opinion of those who had had an opportunity of really knowing and understanding him. That young man was a person to whom already almost all the more important leaders of the Church, and many of the State, came for advice. It was one of the most important parts of his work—that constant stream of people coming to him for advice. Men who really knew Dr. Davidson recognized his remarkable power, and this power became more and more recognized as years went on. His influence was felt not only in England but in America, in the Dominions, in the mission-field, in the Eastern Church, and in every other Church. What was it that gave him that great power and influence? He thought it was his absolute sincerity—there was no touch of humbug ever in his life—and his absolute fairness, a fairness based on his unshakable respect for his brother-men. He never defended himself when he was accused, as he often was, of compromising and time-serving. He did what he believed was absolutely right, guided by his own great intellectual powers, and by his deep spiritual life.

A MAN OF CHILD-LIKE FAITH

BISHOP EDEN, formerly Bishop of Wakefield, preaching at Christ Church, Lancaster-gate, last evening, said of Dr. Davidson:—

He was one of the greatest of modern Archbishops of Canterbury—great in his remarkable practical abilities, great in his sound and balanced judgment, great in his handling of opportunities, great in his triumph over an always precarious state of health, great in his transparent sincerity, great in mastery of detail by his breadth of view and singleness of aim, great in his deep affections and generous friendships, great in his quite remarkable humility, and great in his natural and unaffected ways. Greatest of all, to those who knew him best, was he in that child-like faith in Our Blessed Lord, which was the hidden source of that long, fruitful, and distinguished life.

Others are better qualified than I am to speak of his life work for the Church, not only at home, but consciuously for the oversea dioceses. As one who knew him for over 50 years and was admitted to the priceless privilege of an ever-deepening friendship, I think of him as one who has never changed in that one overmastering motive which gathered every strand of life round that central core.

"THE BEST-LOVED MAN IN THE CHURCH"

The BISHOP of BIRMINGHAM, preaching at the parish church, Birmingham, said:—

"Archbishop Lord Davidson, a great and much-trusted man, guided the Church of England during a quarter of a century with wisdom and prudence, caution and skilful tact, but with his passing we mourn less the loss of a markedly able ecclesiastical statesman than that of a good man conspicuous for Christian kindliness. He was fair to all parties in the Church, and no one worthy of his personal friendliness failed to receive it. His shrewdness and kindly humour made talk with him a pleasure. His piety was simple and quietly pervaded his whole life. I always found that he would discuss religious difficulties openly, and he inspired confidence by the frankness with which he revealed his perplexities and the sincerity with which he set forth the grounds of his faith. He had as regards religious and theological problems an insight which must have helped many who knew him, and one regrets that he did not more often allow it to appear in his public utterances. Perhaps the most revealing thing one can say of him is that after ruling the Church of England for 25 disruptive years he was probably both the most trusted and the best-loved man within it."

A PERSONAL BEREAVEMENT

Preaching at St. Paul's Cathedral yesterday morning, CANON F. D. V. NARBOROUGH, of Bristol, said he ventured to speak of Lord Davidson at all only by virtue of the privilege he had for two years of living in his household and working for him and with him. To a great number of people in different parts of the world his death came as a personal bereavement because his personality, through any contact, however casual, commanded instant loyalty and love. A great statesman he was, with all that distinction of the statesman from the politician, which held good in Church as in State, and with the growth of intimate personal contact the impression of statesmanship did, indeed, grow. But even clearer was the impression of holiness and saintliness.

REMEMBRANCE AT THE ABBEY

At Westminster Abbey yesterday morning the DEAN of WESTMINSTER (Dr. Foxley Norris) paid tribute to the late Archbishop. He said that was a solemn moment in the history both of the Church and of the nation. One who had been for more than a generation a great servant both of the State and the Church, Lord Davidson, for 25 years Archbishop of Canterbury, had been called to his rest. They would all wish, before leaving the Abbey, to pay tribute to the life and example of that great man, and to join in prayer to comfort those who in his home were mourning his loss.

The congregation knelt in silent prayer, and the Dean closed the service with the latter part of the Prayer for the Church Militant in the Communion Service. This was repeated at the evening service.

CATHOLICITY OF SPIRIT

The REV. DINSDALE T. YOUNG, speaking at the Central Hall, Westminster, said the late Archbishop really belonged to all the Churches. He was a most catholic-spirited man. He (the preacher) met him on several occasions, and was always impressed by his kindliness and unassumingness, as well as by his great competency. Chaplain in his youth to the famous Archbishop Tait, he was one of Tait's biographers, and that biography, to his mind, was one of the greatest of modern days. Right into a venerated old age, beloved by every one, Archbishop Davidson served his King and country, and did his very utmost to draw all Christian people into real good will and fellowship. The land was the poorer for the passing of such a noble man. They should thank God for all such men, no matter in what branch of the Church they laboured.

SCOTTISH PRIDE

DR. DAVIDSON'S JOY IN CHURCH UNION

DR. WARR, Dean of the Thistle and Chapel Royal of Scotland, preaching yesterday morning at St. Columba's (Church of Scotland), Pont-street, said that with the death of Archbishop Lord Davidson there had passed from the stage of human affairs the greatest ecclesiastical figure in the English-speaking world, and one who, in a unique degree, had drawn to himself the confidence and esteem of every type and section of Christian thought and opinion.

Throughout the wide earth, wheresoever Christian people were assembled together, loving tribute would be paid to his radiant memory. Yet, nowhere would remembrance of him be charged with deeper pride and affection than amid that congregation of Scottish people, which must cherish with pride the knowledge that he was cradled in their brave and rugged land, received his baptism within the Scottish Church, and though, following the light that was in him, he gave his service in a communion other than their own, held in reverence and honour to the end the Church and the nation of his fathers. Nothing, indeed, amid his wide and varied experience, more deeply moved him, or caused him more sincerely to rejoice, than the historic events in which with so great distinction he participated in Edinburgh last October, when in the unity of the Scottish Churches he witnessed the restoration of the ruined walls of their native Zion, and saw, amid the waning sunset of his declining years, one stone well and truly laid in that temple of spiritual unity towards whose building he had given the supreme energy and enthusiasm of his long and consecrated life. Let Scottish people acknowledge their humble gratitude to God that from among them He raised up that great and saintly soul to serve in such exceptional measure his day and generation, and in wisdom, gentleness, and unimpeachable honour to guide the disordered ranks of Christendom into the ways of concord and peace.

The BISHOP of ELY (Dr. White-Thomson), speaking in Norwich Cathedral, said that Archbishop Davidson's wisdom, his judgment, his simple piety, his marvellous memory, had rendered a service to the Church throughout the world. Beloved by all who knew him well, honoured by all who watched his life and read or heard what he thought, he had left a fragrant memory, world wide, and a deep mark upon the history of the Church and nation.

OTHER TRIBUTES

THE PRIME MINISTER.—Wisely, cautiously, and yet with a liberal breadth and depth of thought and sympathy, he guided the Church and won an influence in the State. The man I came to know with considerable intimacy was a human being concerned with anxious sincerity in the finer and deeper rectitudes and the consistencies between the life of the body and the spirit. Many of us will miss a friend whom we have reverenced, and from whom we received a stimulating inspiration.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE.—During the six years I was Prime Minister I had a good deal to do with Lord Davidson, especially in the many important Church appointments which were part of my function as Prime Minister. I was very impressed with his sincerity, his breadth, his complete freedom from bigotry, his great sense of fairness, and the kindliness of his nature.

LORD BRENTFORD.—A great figure in both Church and State has passed away. In the presence of death all controversies will be hushed. Although I had differences of opinion with the Archbishop I have always realized and respected his devotion to the Church and the cause of Christianity. Our controversies never interfered with our personal friendship.

SIR THOMAS INSKIP, K.C. (one of the leaders of the attack on the new Prayer-book).—Perhaps I can best illustrate the perfection of his Christian character by saying now that from first to last I never had a word of reproach or bitterness from him. Once in public I used an expression on the spur of the moment with reference to his connexion with the Malines Conversations. I instantly regretted it and indeed was ashamed of it, but except for a rather wistful disclaimer when I next saw him he was silent. His patience seemed inexhaustible. His was the real condescension, not of superiority but of greatness.

THE CHIEF RABBI (Dr. J. H. Hertz).—Archbishop Davidson's ecclesiastical leadership, together with his wise-hearted support of every good cause, won for him the admiration of all those, irrespective of race or creed, who toil for the strengthening of the spiritual foundations of national and international life.

The Bishop of London, in a letter to a correspondent who objected to the presence of the Life Guards band at a service connected with the forthcoming Anglo-Catholic Congress, says that the service is not a party demonstration. He writes:—"Leave has been given on the understanding that it shall be a great devotional gathering, and not a party demonstration. The service, therefore, is no more or less High Mass than the service which I shall be attending in St. Paul's Cathedral at the same time."

Obituary

THE MAHARANA OF UDAIPUR

'SUN OF THE HINDU FAITH'

The Maharana of Udaipur, whose death is announced on another page, had personal as well as dynastic claims to the veneration in which he was held by Hindus as the head of the premier house of India in point of ancestry. The leader of the Seesodia clan of Rajputs, he was in the eyes of orthodox Hindus the descendant of Kusha, the elder son of the god-man Rama, king of Ajodhya, the hero of the Ramayana. His special title was that of Dewan of Eklingji, and he was known as the "Sun of the Hindu Faith."

Excepting the Nawab of Tonk, he was the oldest of the important Ruling Princes, and he exemplified through almost the first quarter of the twentieth century that patriarchal rule in the Indian States which has now almost disappeared. His personality and strength of character were most impressive. The purity of his private life was reflected in the austere magnificence of his Court, where he enforced a standard of behaviour which would have satisfied the sternest moralists of the West. He lived simply, and strong liquor never passed his lips. He had but slight acquaintance with the English tongue; but the shrewdness and humour of his talk were not lost by being interpreted.

He shared the love of sport which distinguishes the rulers of Rajasthan. He was a skilled *shikari* through life. When, nearing 80, he was blinded in the right eye by cataract, and the sight of the left eye was also impaired, he still brought down tiger, shooting from the left shoulder; and he could climb to the *machan* (platform) high up in the trees with remarkable agility. When he returned from his shooting expeditions or from district tours, the women of the capital went out to meet his Highness, lining the road for long distances, while largesse of silver coin was thrown out by the guards who rode behind his carriage. His rule was benevolent and paternal. Sitting on a cushion at a window of the palace through long hours day by day, he heard the petitions of all who had complaint or request to make.

The chivalry and romance of Rajasthan are largely centred round Chitor, the ancient capital of Mewar (Udaipur). The accession of his late Highness may be indirectly traced to the rivalry early in the nineteenth century of the two great Rajput princes, those of Jodhpur and Jaipur, for the hand of the daughter of Maharana Bhim Singh. Peace was restored to Rajasthan only by the sacrifice of the princess in poisoning herself. The story goes that a priest, cursing the Maharana for not preventing this, declared that his successors should always fail of male issue. From the death of Bim Singh's son in 1838, either the curse or the hand of coincidence has been at work, though now the spell is happily broken. At the close of 1884 Maharana Sajjan Singh died without issue and without exercising the right of adoption. The choice of the family fell on Fateh Singh, the Thakur of Salumbra, and he succeeded on December 24, 1884, with the hereditary title of Maharajah-dhiraja Maharana.

Born on December 16, 1849, his Highness Sir Fateh Singh Bahadur thus came to the *gadi* in the ripeness of his powers. His attachment to the Paramount Power was strong and sincere. When the Great War broke out he offered every help and support to the British Government. He rejoiced to welcome the King and Queen when they visited his marvellously picturesque capital during their tour in India as Prince and Princess of Wales, and many years later to give a similar welcome to the present Prince of Wales. On the latter occasion, although the Maharana, then 72, was seriously ill, he was determined, despite medical prohibitions, that no sickness should hinder the payment of the prescribed honours to his illustrious guest. Being an orthodox Hindu, he could not be present at the banquet to the Prince, but he attended afterwards to propose his health. The speech, translated into English, breathed the spirit of feudal loyalty, referred to the Prince's War services, and quaintly enough, coming from a big game hunter, prayed him not to risk a life so dear to the British people by indulging in dangerous recreation.

The Proclamation Durbars of 1903 and 1911 were sources of grave perplexity to the Maharana. So long as he remained within his own domains his pre-eminence was unquestioned. No other Ruling Prince, however great, would dream of sitting in his presence. But there are Ruling Princes in India with a political status somewhat superior to his own, for his dynastic salute was 19 guns (two were added as a personal distinction, as compared with 21 inherited by the rulers of Hyderabad, Mysore, and Baroda, and later conferred in perpetuity on those of Gwalior and Kashmir). A diplomatic illness in his family prevented his reaching Delhi at Lord Curzon's Durbar in time to participate in the elephant procession. The problem was more satisfactorily solved in 1911 by the King-Emperor's thoughtful act in appointing the Maharana to the Staff as a prince-in-waiting, thus obviating his doing homage after, and in the presence of, other Ruling Princes. He prized his claims to precedence so highly that on occasion he risked his life by taking potent drugs to induce illness, rather than permit himself to appear in situations by which they might be compromised.

In the later years the administration of Mewar suffered severely from top-heaviness. The Maharana centralized authority in his own hands, and failed to recognize the economic changes which made revision of the salaries of officials a necessity. He clove to the ideals of the Middle Ages with an amazing and indiscriminate tenacity; he was a man to whom change, in sober truth, was "a darkness deeper far than death." Anonymous complaints and petitions poured in, and his Highness, who had them all read to him, lost trust in his officers. He made the impossible endeavour to be his own High Court, and in 1921 there were some 20,000 cases in arrear. The Government of India made repeated friendly representations without avail, until in 1921 the Maharana was induced to delegate his extensive administrative powers to his son, Maharaj-kumar Sir Bhopal Singh Bahadur.

Though the venerable ruler acquiesced with apparent readiness in this arrangement, he felt that his *izzat* (prestige) required that it should be a matter of grievance, and agitation arose against the partial supersession. It was felt in many quarters that, considering the Maharana's great age, his traditional conservatism, and the irreproachable character of his private life, it would have been better to allow things to take their course for the relatively short period in which the continuance of his personal rule would be possible. Happily, from the moment that he was relieved from the burden of work which he had conscientiously tried to perform, he found constant delight in *shikar*, with rejuvenating effect upon his health and spirits.

The Maharana married, in 1857, a daughter of the late Thakur of Khod, in Marwar; she died 10 years later. Subsequently he married a daughter of Chanda Kol Singh, of Barsoda, in Mahikantha, a lady who lived in strict seclusion. The only son, Sir Bhopal Singh Bahadur, born shortly after his father's succession, now becomes the holder of the most venerated of Indian princedoms. He has received a good English education, inherits something of his father's personal charm, and may be expected to pursue a progressive policy in which modern administrative principles will be linked with respect for the ancient traditions of Udaipur.

DR. F. R. BLAXALL

The medical profession at home and abroad will learn with deep regret that Dr. Frank Richardson Blazall died on Saturday last at the age of 63, after a brief illness, at his residence "Brantwood," Edgware. For 32 years Dr. Blaxall, as a medical officer of the Local Government Board and of the Ministry of Health, in his capacity as bacteriologist to the Government Lymph Establishment, rendered valuable service to the State and his profession.

Blaxall's medical education was received at University College Hospital, London, from which he proceeded to the M.B. (Lond.) degree with honours in medicine in 1888, in which year he also obtained the conjoint diploma of the London colleges. In 1890 he took the M.D. degree and subsequently the diploma in public health of the University of Cambridge. After holding several resident hospital posts, he was appointed lecturer in bacteriology at the Westminster Hospital Medical School, and it was in this appointment that his ability came to be recognized, in his collaboration with Dr. Macfadyen of the Lister Institute, in connexion with investigations into "Thermophilic Bacteria" and with Dr. Colcott Fox on "Moulds and Fungi." As a sequel to certain evidence tendered by Dr. Monckton Copeman, at that time a colleague of Blaxall's on the teaching staff of the Westminster Hospital Medical School, to the Royal Commission on Vaccination of 1896, Blaxall was invited by him to collaborate in continuing and confirming the evidence relating to the inhibitory action of glycerine on the adventitious micro-organisms present in calf lymph as then prepared. Presentation to the Local Government Board of their joint report led to Blaxall's appointment as bacteriologist to the Animal Vaccine Establishment at Lamb's Conduit-street, which, after a temporary transfer to laboratories rented from the Lister Institute, was eventually moved to specially erected premises at Hendon as the Government Lymph Establishment.

By the desire of Sir Richard Thorne Thorne, Dr. Blaxall in 1898, before taking up his official duties, made a tour of the various Continental vaccine institutes, and thus began an official and personal connexion which continued throughout the long period in which Blaxall was in charge of the Vaccine Establishment. For over 30 years Blaxall was responsible for the preparation of the vaccine lymph issued by the Government, and the reputation which this product enjoys to-day is largely due to his trustworthy and painstaking work. He had come to be regarded as the *doyen* of workers in this field, and his services were constantly in demand both at home and abroad. He served as a member of the Smallpox and Vaccination Commission appointed by the Health Committee of the League of Nations, and was a member of the Departmental Committee on Vaccination.

Dr. Blaxall was the author of several important reports and papers, official and other, relating to the scientific aspects of anti-smallpox vaccine production. Of these perhaps the most important are "A Record of Experiments on the action of Glycerine, Vaseline and Lanoline on Variolous material derived directly from Calves"; "The Influence of Glycerine on the Vitality of Micro-organisms especially of Variolous and Vaccinous material"; and "The Use of Glycerinated Calf Lymph in Vaccination."

CAPTAIN S. D. LACY, R.N.

Captain Saumarez Dacre Lacy, R.N., retired, died at Wayside, Bagshot, on May 21, aged 77. Captain Lacy entered the Navy in April, 1866, and became a lieutenant 10 years later. In this rank he served in H.M.S. Ready, gunvessel, during the Egyptian War of 1882, and was awarded the Egyptian medal and the Khedive's bronze star. He specialized in navigating duties, and was navigator of several ships in various parts of the world, including the transport Humber and the armoured cruiser Shannon. Following his promotion to commander in 1891 he entered the Coast-guard Service, and from 1896 was Inspecting Officer of the Division at Carrickfergus until his retirement. He was promoted to captain on the retired list in 1906.

COLONEL IRELAND BLACKBURNE

Colonel Robert Ireland Blackburne, C.B., who has died in the South of France in his eightieth year, was Lord of the Manor of Hale, near Liverpool, and a well-known figure in Lancashire. He was the son of Colonel John Ireland Blackburne, M.P., D.L., of Hale Hall. Educated at Eton and Cambridge, he commanded the 3rd Battalion, The South Lancashire Regiment, from 1896 to 1903, and served in the South African War. He was a Deputy Lieutenant and a magistrate for Lancashire. In 1885 he married Georgina Vernon, daughter of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Gustavus Hume; she survives him with two sons and one daughter. The elder son is Major Gilbert Ireland Blackburne, of Broom Cottage, Appleton, Warrington. Six years ago Colonel Ireland Blackburne gave up residence at Hale Hall, stating in a letter to his tenants, by whom he was held in high esteem, that the income derived from purely agricultural property no longer provided sufficient margin for general repairs and improvements, heavy property taxation, and the continuance of old traditions. For some years past he had lived in London and the South of France, but the Hall remains in the family.

LADY MITTER

Lady Mitter, wife of Sir Binod Mitter, the only Indian member of the Judicial Committee of His Majesty's Privy Council, died yesterday morning at her residence in Ashley-gardens, Westminster, at the age of 50. For the past few years she had been in indifferent health, and she went to Calcutta in December where she was joined this spring by her husband. They returned to London only nine days ago.

Sir Binod, who is the son of a great Hindu jurist, the late Sir Romesh C. Mitter, married Charusilla, daughter of Dr. Akshoy Coomar Dey, in 1890, thus linking two Hindu families of Liberal tendencies. Quietly, but none the less effectively, she assisted her husband as a steadying and enlightening influence on the developing social and political life of high-class Bengali Hindus. She was a lady of high character and of philanthropic activity, but it was in her home, where five sons and five daughters were reared, that her influence was most felt.

The cremation will be at Golders Green at a time to be fixed later.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Blakeney De la Poer Beresford, O.B.E., late Indian Army and 3rd Royal Berkshire Regiment, died on Thursday in London at the age of 73.

THE LATE PROFESSOR TOUT

PROPOSED MEMORIAL

A proposal is being made for a permanent memorial to Professor T. F. Tout in "recognition of his services to the University of Manchester and to the whole world of historical learning."

The organizers state that of the many institutions with which Professor Tout was associated, two especially may look to him as their founder. These are the Manchester School of Historical Research and the Manchester University Press. A scheme in which the two were associated would be peculiarly suitable as a memorial. They therefore propose to raise a fund (to be called the Tout Memorial Publication Fund) to assist the publication of learned historical works by the Manchester University Press.

"Works of this kind, owing to their special character, appeal to a limited public," the organizers say, "and it is generally impossible to print them without a subsidy. The nucleus of such a fund has already been formed from the proceeds of the volume of 'Essays in Medieval History Presented to Thomas Frederick Tout,' published in 1925. He himself often talked of the need of a fund for this purpose. We suggest that while members of the University of Manchester and, perhaps, works in medieval history, should have the first consideration, the advantages should not be confined to them, but should be available for any historical work published by the Manchester University Press. Subscriptions should be sent to H. M. McKechnie, hon. treasurer, The University Press, 23, Lime-grove, Oxford-road, Manchester."

SIR HERBERT HOPE

AN ABLE PUBLIC SERVANT

The death of Sir Herbert James Hope, at the age of 79, which occurred at Angus House, North Berwick, on Friday, removes an official of great ability, who had been a Registrar in Bankruptcy and then Senior Registrar. He was a link with Lord Halsbury's earliest days on the Woolsack, as he had been that Lord Chancellor's private secretary until his appointment to the Bankruptcy Court.

He was the seventh and only surviving son of George William Hope, of Luffness, at one time M.P. for Haddington, his mother being a daughter of the last Lord Montagu of Boughton, of the 1786 creation; he was a nephew of James Hope-Scott, of Abbotsford, the famous Parliamentary counsel, the friend of Mr. Gladstone; one of his brothers was the late Sir Edward Stanley Hope, a former Charity Commissioner and for many years Registrar of the Privy Council; another brother, Henry Walter, was married to Lady Mary Primrose, sister of the late Lord Rosebery, and he was also an uncle of Lady Lansdowne. He was born on January 3, 1851, and went to Eton to the Rev. A. F. Birch's house in 1862, the Rev. F. St. John Thackeray being his tutor. He played in Oppidan, Mixed Wall, and Field elevens in 1868, and was a member of the shooting eleven in 1867-8. He went up to Christ Church, Oxford, where he took honours in the classical schools, and he was called to the Bar by the Inner Temple in 1875. He enjoyed a moderate practice, but abandoned it when, on the Conservatives taking office in 1885, Lord Halsbury appointed him his private secretary. At the time he was unknown to the Lord Chancellor, who offered him the post on the recommendation of Lord George Hamilton.

In 1891, Lord Halsbury gave him the important office of a Registrarship in Bankruptcy. The appointment was criticized at the time, as it was, with some reason, considered that the post might have been filled by a member of the Bar in active practice; but the Lord Chancellor, who had formed a high opinion of Hope's abilities, was soon proved to have been right in his choice. From the first Hope showed himself to be an admirable Registrar, and he was not an instance, of which there have been many, of a man appointed to an office on slender claims turning out well in the end when he had learned his business at the expense of the public. Naturally shrewd, and with a wide experience of human nature, and a retentive memory, he was well fitted to cope with the professional bankrupt who, like the professional criminal, is a class by himself; and a public examination sometimes revealed on the part of the Registrar a more extensive knowledge of the bankrupt's career than was possessed by the creditors themselves. He succeeded in 1917 as Senior Registrar the late Mr. J. R. Brougham, who had been appointed a Registrar by his uncle, Lord Chancellor Brougham, and who retired at the age of 90 after holding the office of Registrar for 89 years. He was knighted in 1925.

In the performance of his duties Hope was courteous, patient and industrious, and on his resignation (which had been postponed more than once by official request) he left Carey-street regretted alike by practitioners and officials. Even then his official career was not closed, for in 1929 he returned to his Court and sat during many weeks for his former colleague, Mr. P. M. Francke, whose death, due to a street accident, we recorded on November 22 last. He was much interested in the Inns of Court Mission, and was for many years one of its honorary treasurers. Hope was a man of striking appearance and of wide culture, interested in art, letters and music, and especially Church music. He had also the social charm of his family. He was an old member of the Travellers' Club, and, being a bachelor, was often seen there. His death will be mourned by a wide circle of friends.

The funeral service will be at St. Baldred's Church, North Berwick, to-day at 2 p.m.

THE THAMES BRIDGES CONFERENCE

SUGGESTIONS FOR CHARING CROSS

The following resolution has been passed by the Thames Bridges Conference:—

The Thames Bridges Conference places on record its satisfaction that the Private Bill Committee of the House of Commons, by rejecting the official Charing Cross Bridge scheme, has saved an important part of Central London from permanent injury by radically defective planning.

The conference at the same time reiterates its conviction that a road bridge at Charing Cross is urgently required and that immediate steps should be taken by his Majesty's Government—(1) to inquire into the railway position in regard to the development of London, including the relationship between the tubes and the suburban railways; (2) to secure by competition (open to architects, engineers, and town-planners) a plan, in accordance with the data obtained, for the future development of Central London (on both sides of the river), including Charing Cross Bridge and its approaches.

The conference is further of opinion that, in view of the evidence given before the Committee on the subject of Waterloo Bridge, the underpinning and reinstatement of that bridge should now be proceeded with.

ULTRA-VIOLET LIGHT FOR FLOWERS

GARDEN MADE IN A CELLAR

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

WINDSOR, MAY 25

At Cumberland Lodge, Windsor Great Park, the residence of Lord and Lady FitzAlan, a garden has been made in a cellar, where flowers and fruit are being grown under ultra-violet ray lamps. When the King and Queen were at Windsor they visited the garden and expressed surprise at the remarkable results obtained.

The cellar is fitted with two large ultra-violet ray lamps, which are suspended from the roof, and can be adjusted to any height required. The floor of the cellar has been specially prepared with soil, and shelves have been placed under the lamps with flowers in boxes or trays. Flowers are brought to perfection and fruit ripened in quite a short space of time. It is said that there are only three gardens of the kind in existence.

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

CLOSE OF SOUTHWARK FESTIVAL

The week of thanksgiving in Southwark Cathedral to commemorate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the foundation of the Diocese of Southwark ended yesterday. The attendance at three services was computed to be 15,000, and, in addition, about 10,000 men from all parts of South London walked in procession from Kenn

Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

THE HALLÉ ORCHESTRA

The National transmitter will broadcast at 7.45 this evening the concert to be given in the Free Trade Hall, Manchester, by the Hallé Orchestra, conducted by Sir Hamilton Harty.

BROADCAST OF NIGHTINGALES

An attempt will be made by the B.B.C. to broadcast the song of the nightingale each evening this week. When the birds are in song the late dance music will be interrupted for a relay from a wood in Berkshire.

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for To-day, May 26, are as follows :—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME. — 1,148kc. (261.3m.), 193kc. (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. 10.30 :—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. 10.45 :—The Countrywoman's Day, 4—More About Vegetables and Their Uses, by Miss Florence Petty. 11-11.30 (261.3m. only) :—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision). 12 :—Organ Recital; Helen Curtis (soprano), relayed from Southwark Cathedral. 1.15 :—Gramophone Records. 2 :—For the Schools : Special Talk for Preparatory Schools ; Transport, 4—Sailing Ships : Canals, by Lieut.-Colonel J. T. C. Moore-Brabazon. 2.20 :—Interlude. 2.30 :—Days of Old : In the 18th and 19th Centuries, 5—Changing Days in the Village, by Miss Rhoda Power. 3 :—Interlude. 3.5 :—Stories for Younger Pupils, 5—The Princess Who Came Out of an Egg (Estonian), by Miss Rhoda Power. 3.20 :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. 4.15 :—Orchestra, relayed from Grosvenor House.

5.15 :—Children : Souvenir (Schumann) and other Pianoforte Solos, played by Cecil Dixon. On the Coal Train, being the third of the Incidents in Cook Minor's Story (Belton-Cobb). Duets by Herbert Thorpe and Arthur Wynn. 6 :—Law-making for Foreigners, by Mrs. Oliver Strachey. 6.15 :—Weather ; News. 6.40 :—Mozart Pianoforte Music, played by Angus Morrison. 7-7.20 :—New Novels, by Miss V. Sackville-West. 7.25 :—French Talk, by M. E. M. Stéphan.

7.45 :—The Hallé Orchestra, conducted by Sir Hamilton Harty, relayed from the Free Trade Hall, Manchester. 9 :—Weather ; News ; London and New York Stock Exchange Reports ; Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices (1,554.4m. only). 9.25 :—Stars and Stripes, 3—A Happy America, by Mr. Hugh Walpole. 9.45 :—Talkie Town, a Super Special, written and produced by John Watt ; Theme Song and Choruses by Philip Whiteway and Clifton Helliwell ; other music arranged by George Barker, with Anona Winn, Peter Pounds, Florence McHugh, Charles Farrell, J. Hubert Leslie, Alma and Mark Vane, Harry Pepper, the Revue Chorus and Special Orchestra, conducted by George Barker. 10.45-12 (1,554.4m. only) :—Band from the Piccadilly Hotel ; (and, perhaps, the Song of the Nightingale).

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—842kc. (356.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m. :—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound). 12 :—Margaret Rees (soprano) ; David Evans (baritone). 12.30 :—Gramophone Records. 1 :—Orchestra from the Piccadilly Hotel. 2-3 :—Midland Regional programme. 5.15 :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. 6.15 :—Weather ; News. 6.40 :—The Songsters ; David Wise (violin). 7.15 :—La Basoche (The King of the Students), a comic opera in three acts, by André Messager, translated from the French by Albert Carré ; English dialogue by Sir Augustus Harris ; English lyrics by Eugene Oudin, with the Wireless Chorus (Chorus Master, Stanford Robinson), the Wireless Symphony Orchestra (leader, S. Kneale Kelley) (conducted by Percy Pitt), Sydney Russell, Franklyn Kelsey, Frank Titterton, Herbert Thorpe, Bernard Ross, Frank Phillips, Tom Purvis, Kate Winter, Maggie Teyte, Mary Hamlin, and Doris Owens ; Filson Young (narrator), relayed from the Parlophone Studios by the courtesy of the Parlophone Company. 8 :—To-day and To-morrow —A Philosophy of Freedom (5) : About being Real in our Feelings, by Professor J. Mac-Murray. 8.35 :—La Basoche (continued) (relayed from the Parlophone Studios). 8.30 :—Regional News. 9.50 :—Pianoforte Recital. 10.15 :—Weather ; News. 10.30-12 :—Players and Band from the Piccadilly Hotel ; (and, perhaps, the Song of the Nightingale).

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—626kc. (479.2m.).

12 :—London Regional programme. 2-3 :—Lozell's Picture House Orchestra. 5.15 :—Children—The Little Leaf, a story, by F. S. Burnell ; Dance Music by Philip Brown's Dominoes Dance Band ; Jacko will entertain ; a.s. Happiness, a travel tale, by Frances Pearman. 6 :—London Regional programme. 6.15 :—Weather ; News. 6.40 :—Elsie Stell (violin) ; Winifred Cockerill (harp). 7.15 :—London Regional programme. 8.30 :—Midland News. 8.35 :—London Regional Programme. 10.15 :—Weather ; News. 10.30-10.45 :—London Regional Programme.

ABERDEEN—995kc. (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2.40 :—Glasgow programme. 4 :—National programme. 9.15 : Scottish News. 9.25-10.45 :—National programme.

BELFAST—1,238kc. (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m. :—Service. 12-1 :—Gramophone Records. 2-3.30 :—National programme. 4.30 :—The Orchestra ; Adelaide Beattie (soprano) ; Ernest A. A. Stoney (violin). 5.15 :—Children. 6 :—Mrs. J. E. Todd : Children's Books —Authors of Yesterday : Maria Edgeworth. 6.15 :—National programme. 9.15 :—Regional News. 9.25 :—National programme. 10.45-11 :—London Regional programme.

BOURNEMOUTH—1,040kc. (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2-10.45 :—National programme.

CARDIFF—968kc. (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 1.15 :—National programme. 4.45 :—Welsh Sketches—4, Mr. T. J. Harries : Caradog and his Cot Mawr. 5 :—National programme. 3.15 :—Children. 6 :—Mr. Leigh Woods : West of England Sports. 6.15 :—National programme. 9.15 :—West Regional News. 9.25-10.45 :—National programme.

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

1.30 :—Time, Weather, Stock Report, and Gramophone Concert. 6 :—Gramophone Records. 6.15 :—Children. 7 :—Gramophone Records. 7.20 :—News. 7.30 :—Time and Irish Lesson. 7.45 :—Talk on Dogs. 8 :—Concert ; J. Schofield and M. Maguire : 'Cello and Vocal Recital. E. Ashker and Company in a Play ; the Station Orchestra ; F. J. Byrne and T. Warren : Vocal Duets ; Rhoda Cahill (pianist) ; Selections from the Classics by the Station Orchestra ; the Cellelke Trio. 10.30 :—Time, News, Weather.

DUNDEE—1,040kc. (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH—1,040kc. (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2.40 :—Glasgow programme. 4 :—National programme. 9.15 :—Scottish News. 9.25-10.45 :—National programme.

GLASGOW (725kc.) (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2.40 :—Play of the Seasons—Dr. R. Stewart MacDougall : Natural History Round the Year—4, Some Partnerships between Plant and Plant. 3 :—The Octet ; Charles Brown (tenor). 4 :—Band relayed from the Plaza Palais de Danse. 4.30 :—The Octet ; Gordon Munro (bass). 5.15 :—Children. 5.57 :—Weather Forecast for Farmers. 6 :—National programme. 9.15 :—Scottish News. 9.25-10.45 :—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc.) (376.4m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2.40 :—Glasgow programme. 4.30 :—Paul Bellafante's Orchestra ; Paul Bellafante (solo violin), from Hoff ; Norman Crabtree (tenor), from Lewis. 6.45 :—A Gramophone Lecture by Moses Baritz. 7.15 :—Children. 8 :—Holiday Talks—Sirens and Theremin, Professor and Mrs. W. L. Bragg : Baden or Bath. 8.15 :—National programme. 7.45 :—The Hallé Orchestra, conducted by Sir Hamilton Harty, relayed from the Free Trade Hall, Manchester. 9 :—National programme. 9.15 :—North Regional News. 9.25-10.45 :—National programme.

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2 :—National programme. 5.15 :—Children. 6 :—National programme. 9.15 :—Local News. 9.25 :—National programme. 10.45-11 :—London Regional programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m. :—Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2 :—National programme. 4.45 :—Cardiff programme. 5 :—National programme. 5.15 :—Cardiff programme. 6.15 :—National programme. 9.15 :—West Regional News. 9.25-10.45 :—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—**LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

10.15 a.m. :—Service. 10.30-11 :—National programme. 2 :—National programme. 4.30 :—Hull and Leeds programme (see Manchester). 4.45 :—Manchester programme. 6.15 :—National programme. 7.45 :—Manchester programme. 9 :—National programme. 9.15 :—North Regional News. 9.25-10.45 :—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are British Summer Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated :—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 8kw.—7 :—Trio Music and News. 2-9.30 :—Interval. 9.30 :—Astronomical Talk. 10 :—Chimes, Weather and Exchange Quotations. 10.3 :—Humorous Review of the Week's Events in Verse. 10.30 :—Recital of Sardanas. 11 :—News. 11.5 :—Soprano and Tenor Song Recital with Orchestral selections, followed by Barcelona Exhibition.

BELGRADE (432m.), 2.5kw.—7.30 :—French Language Lesson. 8 :—Talk : Yugoslavian Cathedrals. 8.30 :—International Concert, relayed from Prague. 10 :—Time and News. 10.15 :—Concert from the Kralj Car Restaurant.

BERLIN (Zeesenerstrasse) (1,635m.), 2kw.—4.30 :—Sec. Berlin (Witzleben) : Annual Meeting of Plate Music. 5.55 :—Talk : Pure and Far-beating Animals. 6.30 :—Talk : The Golden House of Nero. 6.40 :—Elementary English Lesson. 6.55-12.30 p.m. (Tuesday) :—Programme relayed from Berlin (Witzleben).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (484.9m.), 4kw.—4.30 :—Topical Programme. 4.55 :—Pianoforte Trio Recital. Trio in B flat major, op. 15 No. 1 (Mozart) ; Trio in F flat major, op. 70 No. 2 (Beethoven). 5.30 :—Talk for Young People. 6 :—Talk : Organisations and Possibilities of Assistance for Students. 6.30 :—Talk : Germany and Europe in the League of Nations—The Limits and Problems of a United States of Europe. 6.45 :—Talk on the following transmission. 7 :—Berlin Art Week, 1930, Lauri Volpi : Aria—Queen in Four Acts (Verdi), from the Opera House. Under den Linden, with Lauri Volpi in the rôle of Radamès, followed by Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Dance Music.

BERNE (403m.), 1.5kw.—7.25 :—Time and Weather. 8 :—Talk : Architecture of Yesterday and To-day. 8.30 :—Concert by the Italian Kursaal Orchestra. 9.30 :—Recital of Tzigane Songs, by Andrée von Diehl (bass-baritone). 9.30 :—Orchestral Concert. In the interval, at 10 :—News and Weather.

BRATISLAVA (270m.), 12.5kw.—7.30 :—Talk and Slovakian Songs, relayed from Kosice (293m.). 8 :—Russian Report. 8.30 :—Programme from Prague. 10.15 :—Programme Announcements. 10.20 :—Programme from Moravska Ostrava.

BRESLAU (325m.), 2kw., and GLEIWITZ (253m.).—7 :—Weather Report for Agriculturists. 7.2 :—Orchestral Concert. 7.55 :—Weather. 8 :—The German Tournament, 1930, in Breslau. 8.20 :—Modern Music for Wireless : Humorous Suite for Wind Instruments. 10.10 :—News. 10.30 :—Talk on the Theatre. 10.45 :—Answers to Correspondents on Technical Questions.

BRUNN (342m.), 2.6kw.—7.5 : Popular Programme. 8.5 :—Talk by Dr. Janousek. 8.30 :—Programme from Prague. 10.15 :—News and Theatre Review. 10.20 :—Programme from Moravska Ostrava.

BRUSSELS (508.5m.), 1kw.—4 :—Dance Music, from the St. Sauveur Palais de Danse. 6 :—Talk : The Conflict between Classics and Moderns. 6.15 :—Talk : Grecian Drama and Grecian Landscape. 6.30 :—Concert by the Station Trio. 7 :—Gramophone Records. 7.30 :—Le Journal Parlé. 8.15 :—Organ Recital, from the Carmelite Church, Brussels. In the intervals, at 8.45 :—Song Recital, from the Works of Belgian Composers, and at 9 :—Topical Talk. 9.15 :—Programme of Songs from Verviers, with explanatory note. 10.15 :—News.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 20kw.—7 :—Violin Recital with Accompaniment by Tziganc Orchestra. 7.55 :—Answers to Correspondents. 8.30 :—International Programme relayed from Prague. 10.15 :—News and Weather, followed by Gramophone Records.

COPENHAGEN (281m.), 1kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m.), 7kw.—7 :—News. 7.15 :—Time Signal. 7.30 :—Talk : From The Hague Congress, 1929—The Nationality of Married Women. 8 :—Town Hall Chimes. 8.1 :—Concert by a String Orchestra. 8.40 :—The Bread of Charity, play in two acts (Turgenieff, translated into Danish by Vilh. Møller). 9.40 :—News and Report of the Workers' Radio Society. 10 :—Symphony Concert.

CRACOW (313m.), 1kw.—7.10 :—Agricultural Report. 7.20 :—Miscellaneous Items and Sports Notes. 7.40 :—Wireless Journal. 7.55 :—Time Signal. 8 :—Bugle Call from St. Mary's Church. 8.15 :—Concert, Talk, and News, relayed from Warsaw (1,411m.). 11 :—Talk : Poland, the Country of Furs. 11.30 :—Dance Music Programme. 12 (midnight) :—Bugle Call from St. Mary's Church.

FECAMP (220m.), 1kw.—8.30 :—News. 9 :—Concert of Light Music.

FRANKFURT (390m.), 3kw., and CASSEL (246m.).—7 :—Time and Economic Notes. 7.5 :—English Language Lesson. 7.30 :—Flaubert before the Public Prosecutor : A Civil Law-suit of the 19th century, wireless play in five scenes (Ludwig Marcuse and Ernst Schoen). 9 :—Programme from Leipzig. 10 :—An Interview with the Conductors and Members of the Station Orchestra. 10.45 :—News, Sports Notes, and Weather. 11.3 :—Humorous Gramophone Records.

HAMBURG—Call ha (ln Morse) (372m.), 3kw., and BREMEN (315.8m.), FLENSBURG (218m.) ; HANOVER (360m.) ; KIEL (232.2m.).—7.5 :—Educational Talk—Making Use of One's Talents. 7.30 :—Programme for Workers—Debate : The Efficacy of the Workers' Welfare Movement. 7.50 :—Frankfurt Exchange and Hamburg Market Prices. 7.55 :—Weather. 8 (from Hanover) :—Relay of a Symphony Concert from Bad Pyrmont. 8.30 :—Copyright, or The Fateful Correspondence, humorous wireless play (Otto Franz Grund). 10.30 :—Talks, Weather, Political and Miscellaneous Announcements, Sports Notes and News. 10.50 :—Restaurant Osterspaun Concert.

HILVERSUM (298m., 5kw. ; after 6.40 p.m. on 1,071m. —9.40 a.m.-11.40 p.m. : Programme of the Algemeene Vereeniging Radio Omroep (A.V.R.O.). 9.40 a.m. :—Time and Daily Service. 9.55-11.40 :—Interval. 11.40 :—Quintet Concert. 1.40 :—Talk on Cookery. 2.25 :—Orchestral Concert relayed from the Rembrandt Theatre, Amsterdam. 4.10-4.40 :—Interval. 4.40 :—Children. 5.40 :—Time Signal. 5.42 :—Gramophone Records and Exchange Quotations. 6.25 :—Talk—Plays and the Theatre. 6.55 :—Organ Recital. 7.40 :—Time Signal. 7.50 :—Concert of Sacred Music from the Old Church, Amsterdam. 9.40 :—Orchestral Concert.

HUIZEN (1,875m.), 6.5kw.—7.55 a.m. till close down :— Programmes of the Christelijke Radio Vereeniging (N.C.R.V.). 7.55-9.10 a.m. :—Concert. 10.10 :—Service for Hospitals. 10.40 :—Reading. 11.40 :—Police Notes. 12.10 :—Organ Recital from a Church in Amsterdam. 2.15 :—Talk by A. J. Herwig. 2.55 :—Dressmaking Lesson. 3.40 :—Service for Hospitals. 4.40 :—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. 6.10 :—Recitations. 6.40 :—Reading (Eysendorp). 7.10 :—Gramophone Music. 7.25 :—Police Notes. 7.40 :—Address by Mr. u. d. Deure, N.C.R.V. President. 8.10 :—Concert.

LAHTI (1,900m., 40kw., and HELSINGFORS (221m.).—7 :—Talk (to be announced). 7.20 :—Recital of Songs. 7.40 :—Programme of Talks. 8 :—Orchestral Concert. 8.45 :—News in Finnish. 9 :—News in Swedish.

LANGENBERG (472m.), 15kw., and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (483m.), COLOGNE (227m.).—MUNSTER (234m.).—Economic Notes, Weather, and Sports Notes. 7.15 :—Spanish Conversation. 7.50 :—Technics for Every Body—Talk : Chemical Uses of Coal Gas. 8 :—A Visit to the Duisburg-Hochfeld (South) Goods Railway Station—the most modern of its kind in Europe. 8.45 :—Concert by the Diessel Chamber Orchestra.

LEIPZIG (259m.), 5kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—7 :—Talk : The Skyscraper and Its Importance in Town Planning. 7.30 :—Gramophone Records. 8.30 :—Manfred Sturmhon reads from his own Works. 9 :—Concert of Contemporary Music. 10 :—Time, Weather, News, and Sports Notes ; Military Band Concert follows.

MADRID (Unión Radio)—Call EAJ7 (434m.), 3kw.—8 :—Chimes, Exchange Quotations, Market Prices, and Concert of Vocal Tangos, followed by Dance Music Programme. 9.15 :—Sports Notes. 9.25 :—News.

MILAN—Call IMI (501m.), 7kw.—7.15 :—Variety Music. 8 :—Report of the Geographical Society ; Announcements. 8.15 :—News ; Review of Reviews. 8.30 :—Time Signal. 8.32 :—Ladoletta—Opera (Mascagni), preceded by Short Introductory Talk. Talks in the Intervals. 11.30 :—News and Short Concert.

MORAVSKA-OSTRAVA (343m.), 10kw.—7 :—Military Band Concerts relayed from Mistek. 8 :—Talk : The Czechs in America. 10.15 :—Programme Announcements and Theatre Review. 10.20 :—English Dance Music.

MUNICH (535m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (346m.), KAISERSLAUTERN (276m.), NUREMBERG (239m.).—7 :—Talk for Workers. 7.30 :—An Evening with the Munich Folk Songs—Vocal and Instrumental Concert, with Humorous Items and Two Short Plays : (a) The Fish Prize—Rural Sketch (Welsch) ; (b) The Rosebuck, an Upper Bavarian Play. 9 :—The Actor's Breviary—Hildegard Riehl-Rhode of Berlin. 9.30 (from Nürnberg) :—Concert of Chamber Music. 10.20 :—News.

NAPLES—Call INA (331.4m.), 1.5kw.—6.30 :—Sports Notes, Press Review, Club Notes, News and Harbour Notes. 9 :—Time Signal. 9.2 :—Programme from Rome. In the Interval, Sports Notes. 10.15 :—News.

OSLO (49.2m.), 45kw., and FREDRIKSTAD (260m.) ; HAMAR (357m.) ; NOTODDEN (447m.) ; PORSGRUND (463.4m.), KONGSBERG (447m.).—7 :—Short Concert. 7.15 :—Weather and News. 7.30 :—German Lesson. 8 :—Time Signal. 8.2 :—Talk : The Choice of a Career. 8.30 :—String Quartet in G major op. 27 (Grieg), relayed from Nidaros. 9.5 :—From Nidaros :—Recitations, by Mme. Ranka Sannesleen. 9.30 (from Nidaros) :—Student Songs. 9.55 :—Weather and News. 9.55 :—Topical Talk. 10.10 :—Viola Recital by Mr. Bjarne Brustad, from his own works.

PARIS (Eiffel Tower)—Call FL (1,445m.), 12kw.—8.55 a.m. :—Time Signal (32.5m.). 10.26 :—Time Signal (2,650m.). 6.45 :—Le Journal Parlé. 8.10 :—Meteorological Forecast. 8.14 :—Time Signal (32.5m.). 11.26 :—Time Signal (2,650m.).

PARIS (Poste Parisien) (278m.), 0.5 kw.—9 a.m. :—Transmission of Pictures. 9 :—Concert—Overture, Les Petites Michi (Messager) ; Petite Valse (Pelletitre) ; Selection from The Count of Luxembourg (Lehar) ; Berceuse (Dupont) ; Selection from Giralda (Adam) ; Fantaisie (Lejo) ; Second Barcarolle (Faure) ; Scottish Medley (Myddleton) ; Gaiety (Florent Schmitt) ; Ballet Music from Les Pantoorins (Lecocq) ; Un Bal d'oiseaux (Lacome) ; March, Manhattan (Sousa).

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call FP (1,725m.), 12kw.—12.30 :—Gramophone Concert.—In the intervals at 1 :—Exchange Quotations and News, and at 1.20 :—Exchange Quotations. 2 :—Exchange ; Market Prices. 4.30 :—Exchange Quotations. 3.45 :—Concert dedicated to St. Omer ; Talk on Théroanne. 4.55 :—News and Exchange Quotations. 5.30 :—New York Exchange Rates. 6.30 :—Agricultural Report and Racing Results. 7 :—Talk on Horticulture. 7.15 :—Talk : The Academie Francaise. 7.45 :—Advanced Book-keeping Lesson, followed by Commercial Prices, Economic and Social Notes and News. 8 :—Twelfth Night—Play (Shakespeare), by M. Jacques Copeau and his Company. In the intervals at 8.30 :—Sport Review and at 8.15 :—Press Review, News and Time Signal. 9.30 :—Concert—Pianoforte solos : (a) Scherzo in B minor (Chopin), (b) Prelude in March Form (Rachmaninoff), (c) Two Etudes (Scriabine) ; Songs : (a) Georgian Song (Rachmaninoff), (b) Jota, and (c) Serenade (De Falla) ; Quartet for Flute, Violin, Clarinet and Harp (Migot).

PRAGUE (487m.)—5kw.—7.30 :—Talk and Slovakian Songs, relayed from Kosice (293m.). 8 :—Literary Reading. 8.30 :—International Concert. 10 :—Time, News, and Sports Notes. 10.20 :—Announcements, Theatre Review and Programme Notes. 10.25 :—Programme from Moravska Ostrava. 11 :—Time and News.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m.), 50kw.—9.15 :—Giornale radiato, News, Club Notes and Sports Notes. 9.30 :—Exchange Quotations, Weather, announcements, Press Review and Time Signal. 9.2 :—Concert of Light Music. In the intervals, L'Osteria della Posta—Comedy in One Act (Goldoni) and Film Review. After the Programme, News.

STOCKHOLM—Call SASA (436m.), 1.5kw., and MOTALA (1,346m.), 25kw., BODEN (1,268m.), GOTEBORG (322m.), HORBY (287m.), OSTERSUND (770m.), SUNDSVALL (442m.).—7 :—Elementary English Lesson relayed from Jönköping (262m.). 7.30 :—The Rösslig Chronicle. 8 :—Icelandic Programme—Talks and Icelandic Songs. 8.40 :—Pianoforte Recital : Three Miniatures (Grasonoff). 8.55 :—Agricultural Talk. 9.40 :—Orchestral Concert, relayed from Götaborg.

STUTTGART (Mühlacker), 2kw., and FREIBURG (576m.).—7 :—Time Signal. 7.5-9 :—Programme from Frankfurt. 9 :—Programme from Leipzig. 10-12 (midnight) :—Programme from Frankfurt. In the interval at 10.45 :—News.

TOULOUSE (Radiophonie du Midi) (331m.), 8kw.,—7 :—Selections by an Argentine Orchestra. 7.15 :—News. 7.30 :—Transmission of Pictures. 7.40 :—Song Recital. 8 :—Exchange Quotations. 8.15 :—Song Recital, followed by Military Band Music. 9 :—A Comedy (not yet announced). 10.15 :—North African News.

TURIN—Call ITO (291m.), 7kw.—7.15 :—Concert. 8 :—Report of the Geographical Society ; Announcements. 8.15 :—News ; Review of Reviews. 8.30 :—Time Signal. 8.32 :—Ladoletta—Opera (Mascagni), preceded by Short Introductory Talk. Talks in the Intervals. 11.30 :—News and Short Concert.

VIENNA (516.3m.), 15kw., and GRAZ (352.9m.), INNSBRUCK (283.5m.), KLAGENFURT (483.9m.), and LINZ (346.8m.).—7.15 :—Talk—Two Centuries of Women's Art in Austria. 7.30 :—Talk—The Wireless Experiment as a Means of National Education. 7.55 :—Time, Weather and Programme Announcements. 8 :—Recital of Songs and Arias. 8.30 :—International Programme from Prague. Light Music to follow.

OTHER FOREIGN STATIONS

The following stations will also broadcast varied programmes beginning at the times stated :—

KATOWICE (408.7m.), 16kw.—11.55 p.m.
KONIGSBERG (276m.), 2kw.—9.30 a.m.
LAUSANNE—Call HB2 (1,100m.), 1.5kw.—4.45 a.m.
LYONS (Radio Lyon) (290m.), 1.3kw.—12.30 a.m.
PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Call KDKA (306m.), 25kw.—11 p.m. :—Programme relayed at intervals on 25m. from 11 p.m.
SCHENECTADY, N.Y.—Call WGY (379.5m.), 30kw.—11.45 p.m. :—Relayed by 2XAF on 31.48m. from 10.30 p.m. (approx.) and by 2XAD on 19.56m. from 10.30 p.m.-5 a.m.
WARRAW (1,411m., 16kw.—11.30 a.m.
ZAGREB (307m., 0.7kw.—12.30 p.m.
ZURICH (459m., 0.65kw.—12.30 p.m.

FIVE MEN CHARGED WITH BLACKMAIL

The Grand Jury at the Cambridge Assizes on Saturday returned a true bill for felony against LEON VICTOR HABTARD (alias Albert Jones), 20, chauffeur-mechanic, JOHN HENRY WYLDE, 20, cook, THOMAS EDWARD PEARCE, 24, motor mechanic, TED LEWIS, 29, mechanic, and PATRICK QUIRK, 20, professional dancer. The prosecution was brought by an American research student, who was referred to at the police court as "Mr. H." He alleged that conspiracy money was obtained from him by conspiracy and menaces. Mr. JUSTICE MACNAGHTEN, in his charge, said the means that were used for the achievement of most crimes were force, fraud, and fear. Fraud and fear were, according to the prosecutor, the means whereby he was induced to draw a cheque and part with it. The Judge said it was a case of some seriousness, and he would take it on Monday.

WELSH SLATE QUARRIES CLOSED

Because of continued trade depression all the workmen at Penarth slate quarries, Merionethshire, were paid off on Saturday, and the works were closed down indefinitely. Work is also suspended at several quarries in Carnarvonshire, but Festiniog quarries are busy with extensive orders from New Zealand. The London Association of Slate Merchants on Saturday visited Bethesda quarries and the Dinorwic quarries.

ROAD ACCIDENTS

LONDON SURGEON INJURED

Sir Herbert Waterhouse, consulting surgeon, Charing Cross Hospital, who lives in Wimpole-street, W., was knocked down by a motor-car which mounted the pavement after a collision with another car at the junction of Harley-street and Cavendish-square, W., last night.

Besides suffering from concussion of the brain, Sir Herbert Waterho use was cut about the face and right leg. T passengers in the motor-cars, Mrs. Edith May Lantry, 68, and Mrs. Doris Edith Goodfellow, 40, visitors to London, were slightly injured and suffered from shock. Sir Herbert received medical attention locally, and was then taken home, while the two women were treated at Middlesex Hospital and afterwards allowed to leave.

A motor-cyclist and his pillion rider were killed in a collision with a motor-car in Thorne-road, Doncaster, on Saturday night. The cyclist was Fred Brough, 21, a miner, and his passenger was Eric Waterworth, 19. Both men lived at Woodlands, a mining village near Doncaster. Waterworth was dead on arrival at the infirmary and Brough died shortly after admission. In the motor-car were a man, his wife and two boys. They received a severe shaking, but escaped serious injuries.

David John Lacey, 21, described as of Barking-road, East Ham, will appear at the West Ham Police-court to-day charged with the manslaughter of Doris Gyngel, 20, of Ravenhill-road, Upton Park, who was thrown out of a car driven by Lacey, in Barking-road early yesterday morning and killed. The car was in collision with a corporation dust-cart and was overturned. In addition to the girl who was killed, Charles Alexander Coldham, 20, of Waddington-road, Stratford, and Elsie Parfitt, 20, of Denmark-street, Plaistow, were riding in the car, and both were injured.

Ambulance men applied oxygen in the street on Saturday to Sidney Anstey, aged about 16, of Emu-road, Battersea, S.W., who while riding a bicycle came into collision with an omnibus at the corner of Union-road and Clapham-road. Anstey was taken to St. Thomas's Hospital, where on arrival he was found to be dead.

James Moore, aged about 22, of Westminster-road, Kirkdale, Liverpool, who was driving a motor-cycle, and Miss Gladys Johnson, aged about 21, his pillion rider, of Humber-street, Kirkdale, were killed yesterday when the motor-cycle came into collision with a motor-car on the Shrewsbury-Holyhead road, near Oswestry. Mr. Stanley Rowlands, of Druids Cross-gardens, Liverpool, the driver of the motor-car, died later in Oswestry Cottage Hospital. The two occupants of the car had slight injuries, but were able to proceed home after treatment at the hospital. The collision occurred at a bend in the road. The pillion rider was flung over a hedge into a field and killed instantly. Mr. Moore died on his way to hospital.

Late on Friday, Percy Dearns, of St. Paul's-road, Stockingford, Nuneaton, was killed by a motor-omnibus, and a companion, Henry George Ley, of Westbury-road, Stockingford, was so seriously injured that he died in hospital. The men were on their way home and were crossing the road when the omnibus came upon them. The driver of the omnibus swerved to avoid them, but they kept on, and were knocked down. Dearns was killed outright.

Police-constable Hyatt, of the Herts Constabulary, was knocked down and killed by a steam wagon at Wormley, near Broxbourne, Herts, on Saturday. It is understood that the wagon skidded on the wet road. Hyatt had over 25 years' service, and could have retired on pension, but he was staying on for a time.

Kitty Duke, 19, who lived at Banstead Downs, died in Sutton Hospital on Saturday from injuries received in a road accident late on Friday night. She was riding pillion on a motor-cycle driven by Cyril Gardiner, of St. Barnabas-road, Sutton, which crashed into the rear of a cart on the Reigate road, near the arterial road, Belmont. She was thrown off the machine and received terrible injuries. Gardiner escaped with slight injuries.

While attempting to cross the road on Saturday Cornelius Francis Lloyd, aged 7, residing at Florestfach, Swansea, fell beneath the back wheel of a lorry and died shortly afterwards from head injuries.

As the result of his motor-cycle overturning while endeavouring to avoid a motor-coach which was turning round outside Windsor Hospital on Saturday evening, Mr. H. Smith, of Ascot, was killed and his son, who was in the sidecar, was seriously injured.

DOMESTIC BUDGETS FOR POOR FAMILIES

FOOD AND HEALTH

The importance of good feeding was emphasized by Professor Winifred Cullis in her opening address at the annual conference of the Association of Teachers of Domestic Subjects, which was held at University College on Saturday. Miss M. E. MARSDEN, chairman of the council, presided.

PROFESSOR CULLIS said she put good feeding first from the point of view of the health of the community, and good housing second. If people were well fed, it was amazing what very unfavourable circumstances they could contend with. There were many excellent illustrations of the results of good feeding in the nursery schools, where the importance of good feeding early in life was realized. Children who were really well fed were amazingly resistant to infectious disease, and once they were carried through the risks of infectious disease in early life they stood a good chance of building up strong, healthy lives.

In encouraging every phase of the work of making a healthy human being teachers of domestic subjects could reach many people who were not otherwise responsive to instruction. Referring to talks given by the British Broadcasting Company, she recalled how, after a reference to a certain recipe for making an Empire dish, the Empire Marketing Board received 4,000 postcards one morning asking to be supplied with the recipe. While some of the broadcast talks had dealt with food questions from the point of view of the family with an income of £3 a week, there were insistent replies from many families whose incomes were limited to 35s. a week. One working woman sent in her budget by which she provided food for herself, her husband, and two children for 15s. 9d. a week. Her menu was arranged to give one good meal a day, and less variety in the other meals, but dietically the proportions were remarkably well arranged. It would be helpful, PROFESSOR CULLIS thought, if a book of practical recipes for the everyday use of people of humble means could be prepared to help teachers in their work of educating people to make the best of the foods within their means. It might be possible to induce the Empire Marketing Board to issue such a book.

DR. P. B. BALLARD, divisional inspector, London County Council, spoke on the value of handicrafts in school training, and Mrs. HUBBACK, chairman of the Parliamentary Committee of the National Union of Societies for Equal Citizenship, appealed to women to take a more active part in local and national government.

ALLEGED MURDER AT CAMBERWELL

WOMAN RESCUED FROM THAMES CHARGED

In consequence of a statement made by a woman named GRACE MARTHA JACOBY, who had been rescued from the Thames late on Saturday night, the police went to her home in Boyson-road, Camberwell, where they found the dead body of William Lidstone, 37, whose head had been battered in, apparently with a hammer.

The woman was rescued by Police-constable Butler, who saw her struggling in the river at Vauxhall. He kept her afloat until the arrival of the River Fire Brigade with scaling ladders, and although she was taken to hospital and detained she seemed to be little the worse for her immersion. The woman, who is 49 years of age and married with four children, will be charged with murdering Lidstone. Divisional Detective-inspector Dodd is in charge of the investigations.

REFUSE DUMP IN KENT VILLAGE

Since an informal inquiry was held by a Ministry of Health inspector concerning the dumping of refuse at Green Street Green, Kent, 500 ratepayers have signed a petition to the Ministry protesting against the disposal of refuse on the site selected by the Bromley Rural District Council. The Parish Council, the Ministry of Pensions Hospital, St. Joseph's Orphanage, and other influential ratepayers have also joined in the protest.

The site chosen is the middle of a small common, crossed by several main roads, and already partly surrounded by houses. The petitioners ask that a public inquiry be held in the district, publicly advertised in the normal way. A protest meeting is to be held at Green Street Green on May 31.

THE WEATHER

UNSETTLED; THUNDERY

Meteorological Office, May 25

GENERAL INFERENCE FROM OBSERVATIONS AT 7 P.M.—An anticyclone is situated near the Azores, and an anticyclone north of Scotland is weakening. A complex and comparatively shallow low-pressure system is centred over Northern Germany. Pressure is falling generally over Western Europe and the distribution is becoming irregular over the British Isles. Weather will tend to be fairer in North and West than in the East. Local thunderstorms are probable.

Forecasts for To-day

LONDON, ENGLAND, S.E., E., MIDLANDS, E.—Wind northerly or variable, light or moderate; cloudy; some drizzle or rain; perhaps thunderstorms; coastal fog; moderate temperature.

ENGLAND, S.W., MIDLANDS, W., WALES, S., IRELAND, S.E., S.W.—Wind westerly or variable, light or moderate; cloudy, bright intervals; perhaps thunderstorms; moderate temperature.

ENGLAND, N.W., WALES, N., IRELAND, N.E., N.W.—Wind easterly or variable, light or moderate; cloudy; bright intervals; perhaps thunderstorms locally; moderate temperature.

ENGLAND, N.E., MIDLANDS, N., SCOTLAND, S.E., N.E., ORKNEYS AND SHETLANDS.—Wind northerly, moderate; cloudy; some drizz

Agriculture

EMPIRE FARMERS' TOUR

IMPRESSIONS OF NEW ZEALAND

REWARD OF UNITY

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

The Empire farmers, who during the last four months have been touring New Zealand and parts of Australia under the auspices of the British National Union, have returned to their homes. Several have elected to remain longer in the Commonwealth, and two at least are stopping for an indefinite period with an eye to future settlement. The total number of the combined party was 83, made up of 61 British, 18 South Africans, and four Canadians during the visit to New Zealand, and Australia was also represented. Apart from its educational and personal aspect, the visit has been of undoubted Empire value. The visitors wherever they went were received with enthusiasm not only by the farming community but by all classes of the population, and they have gained a new conception of Empire citizenship.

The combined party, individual contingents of which had travelled independently from their respective countries, met at Auckland on February 25, and during the following four or five weeks they travelled by easy stages as far as Invercargill, the most distant town in the Southern hemisphere. The programme of the tour had been jointly arranged by the Dominion authorities and the executive of the New Zealand Farmers' Union (representatives of both accompanied the party), and it proved a happy combination of sight-seeing and agricultural and industrial investigation. No important factor in the life of the Dominion was overlooked. At several points the party was joined by the New Zealand farmers who visited Great Britain in 1928, and who on that occasion were the guests of some of those whom they were now entertaining. The party visited every city and town of importance in the two islands.

The party came into contact with Maori life at one or two places in the North Island. At Rotorua, besides acting as guides in the thermal areas, a party of Maori men and women gave to the party a special performance of their native songs and dances in the local theatre. It was all of great interest, but nothing left so deep and lasting an impression as the wonderful beauty of New Zealand's alpine scenery, its snow-capped mountains and its valleys.

RICH PASTURE

From an agricultural point of view the tour was exceedingly instructive, and it is hoped in the course of a few weeks to issue a brief statement of the impressions gained during the visit. Two things, above all, impressed the party, as it must all visitors to the country—the remarkable fertility of the soil and the wonderful character of the climate. In these respects no country in the world has been more richly endowed by Nature. The settlers have been quick to respond to these advantages, and their industry and enterprise, and not least the spirit of unity and cooperation which permeate the whole social structure, have brought the reward which they so much deserve.

A matter which quite early in the tour aroused a good deal of interest was that of land values, of which remarkable figures were mentioned from time to time. The party were informed that immediately after the War as much as £160 per acre was paid for grazing land in the North Island, and that similar land to-day was probably within the region of £120. Prices, however, vary considerably even in the same district; it is all a question of stock-carrying capacity, and the visitors learned that, taking the stock-raising districts of the North Island generally, the price of land to-day varies from £50 to £70 per acre. This land would probably carry one cow to one and a half acres or four sheep to the acre. In considering these prices it must not be overlooked that in this particular portion of the Dominion grass grows practically all the year round, and on these rich pastures no hand-feeding of stock is needed during any part of the year. In the South Island, where climatic conditions are not quite the same and where arable farming is more in evidence, the price of land varies from £20 to £30. It follows from the above that farms for the most part are of reasonably limited size. The total number of occupied holdings in 1928 was 85,716, and of these 63,000 were of no larger extent than 320 acres, and 40,000 did not exceed 100 acres.

BETTER FARMHOUSES NEEDED

If one might venture a criticism of New Zealand farm life, it would be that the average farmer thinks too little of his personal comfort and is content with a residence in keeping with early pioneering days.

Even taking into consideration the risks from earthquakes, which, although of periodic occurrence, cause little or no anxiety to the resident population, a much higher type of farmhouse and buildings might be expected. A new era of farm architecture in New Zealand is much overdue.

A number of the more important freezing works and dairy factories were visited, and everyone was filled with admiration for the strikingly efficient lines on which these institutions were run. The widely extended system of grassland top dressing as a means of stimulating production proved of especial interest. The area under this treatment is being increased at the rate of many hundreds of thousands of acres annually, and, according to the Director-General of Agriculture, some 35,000 tons of phosphate fertilizers are now used in lengthening both the growth period and increasing the actual production of high protein grass.

Included in the touring party were several authorities on both sheep and cattle. In the opinion of the sheep experts, the soil and climate of New Zealand are well suited to sheep farming. The fact that such numbers are kept and so many lambs are sold fat when weaned, while others are easily made fat without artificial feeding, is considered to be proof of the value of the natural conditions. The Romneys, Corriedales, and Merinos are the principal ewe flocks, the Leicesters and South Downs being kept mainly to breed rams for crossing purposes.

CATTLE BREEDS

In cattle the little Jersey is popular throughout the dairying districts of the North Island, but is followed at no great distance by the Friesian, the Shorthorn, and the Ayrshire. The majority of the cattle of the Dominion, however, are blended with the best of the various breeds. Some of the experts were less impressed by the beef cattle. The majority of these cattle were four years old and from 10cwt. to 13cwt. live weight before they reached the freezing works. It is not assumed that the country cannot produce early matured animals—in fact, many fine bunches of yearlings and two-year-old cattle were seen, many of them fed entirely on grass—but at the moment beef cattle apparently occupy a secondary position among wealth-producing animals and are largely used to trample down the native bush fern and other growths as a preliminary to cleaner and better pasture for sheep which follow.

Opportunity was taken on several occasions to call attention to the existing restrictions in New Zealand on the importation of stud stock from Great Britain. It was pointed out that both Australia and South Africa had now lifted the embargo and were receiving, after quarantine, stud stock from the Old Country such as New Zealand evidently needed at the present time. It is to be feared that the suggestion that New Zealand should similarly admit stud stock from the Old Country met with little or no approval, although the need for fresh blood was generally admitted.

It only remains to state that the Empire Party after leaving New Zealand spent an interesting time in New South Wales and Victoria, where they were welcomed by the Government and civic and agricultural authorities.

Mr. S. R. Whitley, who conducted the party of British farmers to New Zealand, was entertained at Reading on Saturday by the Council of Social Welfare and many organizations with which Mr. and Mrs. Whitley are prominently associated. The MAYOR (Councillor R. J. Venner) presided over a representative assembly. Mr. WHITLEY said his greatest impressions of New Zealand were of the loyalty of the people and their love of the old home land; the wonderful climate, the hospitality of the people, and their efficiency.

FARMING NOTES AND COMMENTS

HEALTH OF BRITISH CATTLE

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

It seems a pity that so much prominence is given to the recent Order of the Ministry of Health, which does not seem so formidable after all, concerning exhibits at shows from herds licensed under the Ministry's T.T. Milk scheme. The effect of the numerous discussions will be to convey to stockowners in other countries a completely erroneous impression regarding the health of British herds. To British farmers this voluntary form of self-depreciation will certainly have detrimental consequences. It is particularly unfortunate that this subject should be so much in the limelight at present when export trade in pedigree animals promises to revive and gain appreciable importance. The country has been free from foot-and-mouth disease long enough to remove restrictions upon the exportation of British stock, and there are numerous evidences of returning prosperity to our owners of line-bred animals. There is no ground for supposing that there are healthier cattle or sheep anywhere in the world than those of Great Britain, and none approaches them for purity of blood or ability to reproduce true to type and utility value. The records of the live stock of all progressive countries testify to the truth of this claim.

LIVE STOCK EXPORTS

A detailed record of the purchases of pedigree stock for shipment to other countries would be long and instructive, but compression is necessary. Let it suffice to say that there has not been such convincing evidence of oversea appreciation of British live stock for many years past. Examples of buying for export meet one with gratifying frequency. All kinds of animals share in the buoyancy, although cattle and pigs are chiefly in demand, the trade for sheep coming into prominence later in the season. The Continent and South America have not been greatly hampered in the past by disease restrictions, as foot-and-mouth disease is strongly rooted in those countries, but the Dominions, South Africa, and the United States of America have been prevented from taking British stock as freely as they could have wished on account of the recurring outbreaks of disease here. At the moment we have a clean bill of health as regards scheduled diseases, and there is a promise of trade revival of substantial importance. Nothing would do more to put the live-stock industry on its feet again than a quickened export trade, just sufficient to take the surplus breeding stock and to encourage the enterprise that a business of the kind requires.

THE PIG INDUSTRY

Farmers who had considerable numbers of pigs to sell during the spring months have benefited from the buoyancy of the trade and prices. At markets it was common to hear a wish expressed that "cattle were pigs," the contrast in tone and terms in the different sections inspiring the remark. At the later spring markets the demand for pigs has eased slightly, and those who have studied the outlook closely predict that the downward tendency will extend and quicken. They base their prophecy chiefly on the Danish estimates. There has been a large increase in the total and output of pigs in Denmark, and the Danes themselves, it is said, are alarmed by the increase in the pigs in that country. Prophecies sometimes miscarry, but it is disquieting to learn that the British markets are likely to be congested with shipments of bacon and ham from Denmark next autumn. The pork trade, of course, may escape the worst effects. In the meantime British pig owners are still seriously hampered by the prevalence of swine fever and the apparent inability of the authorities to suppress the disease.

RED POLLS FOR THE HEBRIDES

The East Anglian Red Poll is to get a chance of proving itself in the Hebrides. The breed has already made a good impression in Scotland, and presumably it is on the strength of this experience that a number of animals have been procured for the Stornoway demonstration farm which has been started under the guidance of the East of Scotland Agricultural College, Edinburgh. The purchases made at the sale of Mrs. Foot's cattle at Hamberlins Farm, Berkhamsted, on May 13, were well suited for the purpose for which they were chosen, and the result of the enterprise will be watched with interest.

THE PIG BREEDERS' ANNUAL

The Pig Breeders' Annual for 1930-31 (92, Gower-street, W.C.1, 2s. 6d.) is a live publication and represents a great amount of effective work in the interests of the pig-keeping industry. Mr. Alex. Hobson, secretary and editor, has gone to many sources for information and for words of encouragement and help to owners and buyers of pigs and consumers of pig products. The result is a valuable guide on matters relating to pig husbandry. The volume is abundantly illustrated. The photographs of pigs reproduced include representations of many breeds, British and foreign. The annual is much more than a record of incidents and achievements in the pig world, for there are articles, plans, and illustrations covering a wide range of relevant subjects.

DAIRY CONFERENCE ABANDONED

The British Dairy Farmers' Association, for the second year in succession, has abandoned the conference and excursions planned, this year, for Suffolk and Cambridgeshire for May 30-June 6. Three or four decades ago the Dairy Conference was one of the outstanding events of the year. Different areas, at home or abroad, were visited in succession, and through these popular gatherings people interested in the comprehensive dairy industry were brought into direct contact and the range of knowledge affecting both production and distribution was extended. The old order continues no longer, and efforts to organize conferences and excursions having failed for the second time, it is improbable that the association will persist further. There may be something in the suggestion that easier means of transit renders organized excursions less attractive than formerly, but a more likely explanation of the lack of support is the scarcity of money and the consequent necessity for closer concentration upon the requirements of the farms and herds at home.

INTERNATIONAL VETERINARY CONGRESS

There is no subject of greater importance to farmers and stockowners in this country—so pre-eminently a live stock country—than veterinary science. It is appropriate, therefore, that London will this year be the centre for the 11th International Veterinary Congress. The meeting will be attended by representative veterinarians from many countries, and the pooling of knowledge and ideas that will result will be of advantage to stockowners in general and the progress of science in particular. The programme already published (General Secretary, 10, Red Lion-square, London, W.C.1) is comprehensive, and should ensure discussion of practically all diseases to which live stock are subject, and what has been attempted and achieved in suppressing them. The Ministry of Agriculture have manifested interest in the event in an appropriate manner. Mr. Noel Buxton, it is hoped, will declare the congress open in the Central Hall, Tothill-street, Westminster, on Monday, August 4, and the delegates will be the guests of the Government at an official banquet. The Lord Mayor of London will give a reception at Guildhall and the proceedings will be augmented by other meetings and functions that will be fitting interludes to the more serious business of the congress. Visits will also be paid to research institutes, colleges, herds, studs, and places of interest. The arrangements for the congress have been made by an influential committee, and the list of readers of papers includes many distinguished names. The countries represented, besides Great Britain, include Hungary, France, Holland, Germany, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Egypt, Italy, Norway, Rumania, South Africa, South America, Sweden, Switzerland, the United States, and Yugoslavia.

CROSSBRED EWES

The Border Leicester-Cheviot cross ewe—the Half-Bred of Southern Scotland—appears to be an exception for breeding purposes. There is no better mother than this halfbred, and yet some recent experiences with other crosses point to the unwisdom of keeping crossbred ewe lambs for adding to the breeding flock. A case in point is a Mountain Blackface-Suffolk cross. Lambs and tegs of this cross won high praise, but ewe lambs kept for breeding are said to have "proved bad mothers." Ewes sired by the Wiltshire or Western Horn ram are only moderate milkers and, therefore, are not to be recommended for breeding. Lambs of both sexes by this ram, on the other hand, sell readily and are usually numerous, especially when the ewe is the Border Leicester-Cheviot cross.

"DUSTING" FRUIT TREES

AN ALTERNATIVE TO WET SPRAYING

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

The spraying of fruit trees has been mentioned in many articles in *The Times*, and in all cases wet spraying has been cited. For this the poisonous chemicals are dissolved in water to provide a sufficient volume of material that may be sprayed on the trees, so that only small quantities of chemical are made to cover very large areas. Water, however, is a very heavy substance and much effort must be expended to spraying 100 gallons of water (1,000lb.) on to say 40 or 50 trees. The movement of such heavy material and the spraying occupy much time. There are districts too where water is scarce and difficult to spare in such large quantities for these purposes.

Many people therefore have tried to do without the water and to spray with dry chemicals—dusting, as it is called. The chemicals—the same as those used in wet spraying—are very finely powdered, then mixed with a neutral powder, such as Fuller's Earth, chalk, &c., to form a diluted powder. This is then put into a machine—the duster—which blows vast clouds into the air. If this dusting is done early in the morning when the dew is still on the foliage, the powder is caught by the moist leaves and held fast. Thus the "dusting" secures that much of the poisonous chemical is scattered all over the tree in dilute and small quantities.

Clouds of this dust can only be formed properly when the atmosphere is still or nearly so—thus dusting has its limitations. Its advantages lie in the ease and rapidity with which a large number of trees can be dealt with, and this being the case the process of dusting can be repeated at more frequent intervals than can "wet spraying." People with a few trees in private gardens can carry a small "duster" into the garden at any moment (when the weather is suitable) and give the trees a dusting, and to such people the method should be popular and widely used.

The "wet spray" is known to give rather better results than the "dusting" if the same number of applications are made. That is only to be expected, for in wet spraying the poisonous chemical certainly does get scattered much more evenly over the leaf surfaces and in consequence is more likely to come into contact with the spores of diseases. Owing to the labour of wet spraying the number of applications is limited to two or three, whereas with dusting the number of applications might easily exceed twice these—when it is expected that the result would not be very different.

This method of pest control, though not entirely new to this country, has not been much tried until recently, but is this year being tested out by quite a large number of people. By the end of the season the comparable value of the two systems may be appraised and the result published for all who care to read and study. Powders suitable for dusting may be purchased for controlling almost any form of pest and disease. For insect control there are nicotine or pyrethrum powders, and for fungi both Bordeaux mixture and sulphur compounds are available.

HEAVIER EGG IMPORTS

THE "SLUMP" IN PRICES OF HOME PRODUCE

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

English egg producers have been despondent during the last few weeks on account of prices having reached a lower level than at any time since the War, and it is complained that the National Mark scheme has done nothing to check the "slump." It is forgotten, however, that but for the steadying influence of the National Mark scheme and its new wholesale selling agency the situation might have been more serious, and at least one instance has occurred where the closing of a packing station was followed by an abnormal temporary drop in the local price of eggs.

It is characteristic of the English egg industry for prices to fall in spring, during the season of heavy production; but the comparatively low values touched this year may be attributed to heavy increases of imports during the past four months. To the end of April egg imports totalled 8,858,315 great hundreds, compared with 7,327,056 great hundreds in the corresponding period of 1929. Imports from Poland were more than four times as heavy as in the previous year, supplies from China were nearly doubled, and substantial increases were recorded from Denmark and Holland. These figures are important to English producers, and they emphasize the fact that further development of home production depends upon reducing working costs, with the assistance of scientific and practical research.

Further progress with egg-marketing reform awaits the decision of the Ministry of Agriculture upon technical points affecting the proposal for selling eggs by weight or by grade. In the meantime there appears to have been some misapprehension based upon the idea that proposals submitted to the National Farmers' Union from the Agricultural Conference—and rejected by the N.F.U.—foreshadowed a measure which would compel all producers to market eggs through the packing stations. While there has never been any ground for such an apprehension, it has given the poultry industry an opportunity to protest against interference with independence in marketing.

ROYAL JERSEY SHOW

The spring show of the Royal Jersey Agricultural Society, held on Thursday, was attended by buyers from Canada, the United States, New Zealand, and England. Some fine cattle were on view and competition was keen. J. A. Perree's bull Valiant of Oaklands won the Goddington Cup, the Sybilholme Cup, and the Bree Memorial prize. The same owner's bull Bravo won the Joseph Carson Memorial Cup for progeny and also the Peer Cup for the merits of five female progeny. C. P. Journeaux's Golden Bread Eighth was awarded the Theatre Trophy for the best cow or heifer in milk. The award for the best cow having calved 14 days before exhibition went to E. A. le Boutillier's Vellucid, which also took the Jersey Drag Hunt Cup. E. Queree's Majesty Ceres Fourth was awarded the Sutton Scarsdale Cup for the best milk recorded cow or heifer in milk. The Bellefaire Bowl for the junior female champion went to C. W. Renouf's Peggie's Sporting Lady, while John Perchard's Mayfields Whitie won the Ernest Matthers Cup for the best cow and two progeny. C. P. Journeaux's group of cattle won the Popham Challenge Cup, C. le Vesconte won the Pomfiet Cup for the cow producing the largest quantity of milk in the lactation completed last year, the yield being 14,531.50 pounds of milk.

HUNTINGDON SHOW

The awards at the Huntingdon County Show on Wednesday included the following:—

Shire Foal Challenge Cup.—G. R. C. Foster, Trumpington, Cambridge, who also won for the best Shire animal.

Saire Horse Society Medal.—Bernard Wood, Clapton, Kettering.

Hunters. Silver Medal.—Cecil Argles, Wansford; r., S. H. Brown, Godmanchester.

Cattle.—The cup for the best animal in the show was won by James Agger, Wistow, with Wistow Ruby, the only cow in the class for cow or heifer in milk or calf. Lincolnshire Red Shorthorn Herd Book. For the best animal from the county W. F. Ward, Witchford, Ely, took the cup.

Pigs.—Chivers and Sons, Histon, took the breeders' silver medal with Moreton Perfection, which also won the challenge cup for the best pig in the show.

At the luncheon the PRESIDENT, Lord Sandwich, deplored the depressing conditions in agriculture. He said he favoured protection as the solution, but recognized that the towns would not support it. Yet agriculture should be safeguarded as other trades were. Farmers were relieved of rates, but had to pay an extra 6d. in income-tax and more for coal for steam threshing. The Labour Government ought to adopt the policy of including a certain proportion of English wheat in milling. Ratio prices should be fixed to stop the ridiculous dumping of potatoes, eggs, and butter.

WORLD POULTRY CONGRESS

In view of the interest aroused by the announcement of a pageant in the grounds of the Crystal Palace on two evenings during the World Poultry Congress, in which military bands and contingents of the Army and the Royal Air Force will take part, the Congress authorities believe that a very large number of the general public will thereby be attracted to the Congress, affording a means of emphasizing the importance of the poultry industry among a section of the public that might otherwise not be brought in contact with it. In presenting a display of riding and athletics, with popular military bands, the promoters of the congress are following examples set at previous world poultry congresses.

BULL REGISTRATION SCHEME

A SUGGESTION TO CALF BUYERS

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

The proposed bull registration scheme has come into prominence again, and judging by reports the opposition seems to have lost ground. The keen advocates of the scheme are making the most of the severe depression to press their views, in the hope no doubt that they will convince the majority that matters cannot be worse. No one doubts that there is ample room for improvement or that it ought to be possible to improve the commercial cattle of the country. Believing, however, that no registration or licensing scheme can possibly attain the object in view, I wish to emphasize some aspects of the problem which, so far as I am aware, have been overlooked or ignored.

There are two questions to which one would like an answer. How big a part will "condition" play in determining whether an individual bull will be passed or condemned? What improvement in the progeny will be shown when a bull is used that has just managed to qualify as against what happens now? Alternatively, if the standard is raised sufficiently, will the calf breeder be guaranteed a price for his calves?

It can be taken for granted that the majority of breeders who rear their own calves are fully alive to the importance of having a good bull and buy the best they can afford. The men who have had to withstand the onslaught of criticism are the "milk sellers" and those who breed but do not rear. The majority of these use the cheapest bull they can buy or rear; the only qualification asked is that he be capable of reproducing his kind; and it would be better if the "kind" were never reproduced. They have been accused of being bad citizens and very short-sighted in their own interests. The explanation of their apparent lunacy is simple; it pays them individually to conduct their business on those lines.

As matters stand at present the greatest sinners are the calf buyers, not the breeders. One has often heard the boast of a cheap calf bought at 30s., but rarely of a good cheap one at £5. It is said that a people get the Government they deserve, and it is equally true that the calf buyer gets the calf he deserves. Until the breeder can be assured that the extra expense incurred in buying a good bull will be recovered in the enhanced price of the calves it would be economically unsound for him to spend the extra money and a crime to compel him to do so. Surely recent events have demonstrated that the only hope of the farmer saving himself is to go out of business altogether or to eliminate all expenditure unless immediate return is assured. Yet it is hoped to pass a Bill that will increase the overhead charge on many farms without any guarantee of a commensurate return. It savours of the Wages Board.

It will be instructive to consider who exactly are advocating the licensing scheme. The owners of pedigree herds naturally hope to reap some indirect benefit, even though there has never been any suggestion that only pedigree bulls would be approved. The farmers who buy and rear calves naturally wish to secure as good quality stock as possible, but are they prepared to pay the price? Many are; more are not. Then comes what may be termed the enthusiastic amateur class: the landlords, their agents, and those who farm for a hobby, drawing their incomes from other sources. To the majority of these the farmer has always been a "stick in the mud," and if education will not induce him to lose money then legislation ought to compel him to do so.

There is another small class, small but by no means unimportant. They are the men who have retired from farming, often on money made in other business, and, distance having lent enchantment to the view, they can easily cure all the ills that agriculture is heir to. The latter are important in that their leisure is often devoted to public service and their views are often heard. Lastly, the politician has to be considered. All parties are eager to pass some sort of legislation (provided the urban voter does not quite understand what is happening) that can ultimately be claimed to have put money into agriculture. If the Bill is passed the party responsible will claim that so many thousands have been spent in improving the cattle, without of course mentioning that most of it will have gone in salaries and lawsuits. It has happened before; so beware.

A SOLUTION SUGGESTED

Of the above the only class that merits serious consideration is the farmers who buy and rear calves. If they are honest in their protestations a scheme can be evolved to meet the situation without any outside interference. If the calf buyers would join together and say to the breeders: "If you are prepared to use a bull approved by us we in turn will guarantee you a price for all your calves," a solution would be found. It is quite possible to demonstrate that such a course would amply repay both parties, and that is the crux of the whole problem.

It is not suggested that there are no difficulties to be overcome before such schemes are got going properly. Many will occur to the mind, such as the difficulty of arranging the distribution of the calves among the members of the buying club, &c., but the difficulties are small compared with those that would arise under a licensing scheme. Such a scheme would have the great advantage that the buyers having a say in the choice of the bull can dictate what class of stock they require—*i.e.*, milk, beef, or dual purpose. Under a licensing scheme one ventures to prophesy that the dice would be loaded in favour of the beef type. Further, the competition of the veal buyer would be eliminated and the market fees saved. Will the calf buyers carefully consider such a scheme, bearing in mind that their fellow-men, the breeders, are struggling to make ends meet just like themselves?

There is another aspect of the problem that requires emphasis, and that is the disastrous effects of the widespread prevalence of contagious abortion. What incentive to keep a good bull can a breeder have when the chances are that the majority of the calves will be aborted? This scourge cannot be ignored in any discussion about improving the quality of the calves of the country.

Much more could be added, but it is hoped that enough has been said to demonstrate that the licensing scheme is crude and primitive and a little too obvious to be true. It is founded on the fallacy that men use inferior bulls out of sheer "cussedness" and ignorance.

AGRICULTURE IN 1929

DECLINE IN ARABLE ACREAGE AND LIVESTOCK

A report on the acreage and production of crops and the number of livestock in England and Wales, issued by the Ministry of Agriculture, is published by the Stationery Office (price 1s. 3d.). It states that the area of agricultural land covered by the returns made by occupiers in 1929 was 29,521,136 acres, and showed a reduction of 32,000 acres as compared with a reduction of 34,000 acres shown in 1928. The decrease in the arable acreage amounted to 101,000. The corn acreage showed a net decrease of about 17,000, the substantial reduction of the acreage under wheat and barley being largely counterbalanced by increases of the area under oats, mixed corn, rye, and peas.

Roots and fodder crops were again grown on reduced areas, turnips and swedes alone showing a decrease of 23,000 acres, or 3 per cent. The area under potatoes increased by 29,800 acres, or 6 per cent., while the sugar-beet acreage increased by 54,000, or over 30 per cent., and was the largest acreage recorded for this crop. The hay acreage was increased by 152,000, a decrease of 44,000 acres in the area of seeds hay being more than counterbalanced by the increase of 196,000 acres in the area of permanent grass for mowing.

The decline recorded in most classes of livestock in 1928 was continued in 1929. The reduction was heaviest in pigs, which in 1928 showed a large increase. Cattle were reduced in number by 69,000 (1.1 per cent.).

There was a further reduction in the total number of agricultural workers, which differs in character from the decrease shown in 1928, the reduction in the earlier year being in respect of casual workers, and in 1929 in respect of regular workers. Since 1927 the number of women and girl workers employed on farms has remained approximately constant, but the number of man and boy, regular and casual, workers has fallen by over 4,000.

Lord Stradbroke has been elected Chairman of the British Empire League in the place of Lord Southborough, retired; Sir Herbert Daw has been elected Vice-Chairman, and Lord Southborough has been appointed a Vice-President of the League.

AGRICULTURAL LABOUR

A SUBSIDY FOR WAGES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Mr. W. B. Taylor, M.P., the representative in Parliament of this constituency, South-West Norfolk, in the Labour interest, recently in some speeches he has made in this district addressed some very direct and very pertinent questions to the farmers of this county. Those questions were to the following effect:—Do the farmers want a standard price for home-grown cereals? Do they want an Import Board? Do they support a policy of guaranteed prices for wheat, barley, and oats based upon the cost of production?

It appears to me that the answers to those questions are of great national importance at the present time, and in consequence I, as a large and possibly somewhat influential farmer in this county, would like to answer them and answers which the insertion of them in *The Times* would give to them.

My answer to each of those questions is in the negative, and for this simple reason: that the adoption of any one or more of those proposals spells control, and if there is one thing more abhorrent to a business man than another, and more detrimental to the conduct of his business, it is that the management of that business should be interfered with by outsiders. Naturally I should be glad to accept any one or more of the proposals indicated in those questions if I could not get anything better, but I will attempt to point out a more excellent way by which the objects that might be attained by the adoption of any of those proposals could be secured.

Now by far the greatest item of expenditure in arable agriculture is that of labour, and the community has decreed that the statutory minimum wage of the agricultural labourer shall be fixed far above its present economic value, and in my opinion rightly so, too, in present circumstances; in other words, the community has decreed that the wage of the agricultural labourer shall be subsidized, but instead of bearing the cost of that subsidy on its own shoulders it has placed the burden of making it on one small class of that community—namely, the farmers. A more unfair and a more unjust arrangement cannot well be imagined.

It is generally allowed that the economic value of the minimum weekly wage of the agricultural labourer is equivalent to the price of one coomb (four bushels) of wheat, so that if the burden of subsidizing the wage of the agricultural labourer were shifted from the backs of the farmers on to those of the community at large all that would be required to be done would be that the farmers should receive a subsidy on their total wages bills in the proportionate difference between the price of a coomb of wheat and the statutory price of a coomb of wheat and the statutory minimum wage fixed for the agricultural labourer; that is to say, that if the price of wheat was 20s. a coomb and the statutory minimum wage 30s. a week the farmer would receive a subsidy of one-third of his wages bill. Again, if the price of a coomb of wheat was 27s. and the minimum wage 30s. he would receive a subsidy of one-tenth of his wages bill, and if the price of a coomb of wheat and the minimum wage were identical he would receive no subsidy at all. Of course, in that case the farmer would have to certify his labour costs, but that need be no stumbling-block, as he has already to certify such costs in order to effect his assurances under the Workmen's Compensation Acts.

Such an arrangement would be in no way a subsidy to the farmer, but merely the repayment to him of a subsidy which he had already advanced to the labourer. The adoption of the above-named proposal would be of great national benefit, as it would meet the difficulties which arable agriculture is now experiencing with the least possible alteration of present arrangements, fiscal or otherwise, would cause capital to flow into the cultivation of the soil, would largely increase the acreage of arable land and particularly that part of it under wheat, and in consequence would greatly increase employment in agriculture, would thereby diminish the huge amount of unemployment existing in this country at the present time, would promote the maintenance of a virile population in the rural districts, would create a large home market for our manufactured goods, would make this country much less dependent on oversea sources for the supply of the necessaries of life, and, last but by no means least, would do away with the main cause of contention between employer and employed in agriculture. I commend this proposal to the serious and careful consideration of the leaders of political thought in this country.

Yours truly,

DAVIS BROWN.

Marham Hall, King's Lynn, Norfolk.

SHEEP DIPPING

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The widespread prevalence of ticks on ewes and lambs, as mentioned in your Farming Notes, has once again focused attention on the desirability of dipping sheep. For some obscure reason sheep dipping is not as popular as it ought to be, probably because of the compulsion associated with it in some areas. Nothing can be more undesirable than for young lambs to be subjected to the irritation occasioned by ticks. Dipping the ewes in winter in an approved dip of the correct strength is the proper remedy, but there is some uncertainty as to the best time for this. A practice which finds support with many flockowners is to dip the ewes within a month of the commencement of lambing. My experience has shown that this is quite safe when ordinary care is exercised and a swim bath is used. It has been suggested that dipping after lambing is not a safe procedure. The flock of ewes on the College Farm was dipped on April 30 last, without any ill-effects, and with considerable advantage to both ewes and lambs. The average age of the lambs at the time was from five to six weeks.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

H. G. ROBINSON, Farm Director.

Midland Agricultural College, Sutton Bonington, Loughborough.

NATIONAL MARK FOR CANNED FRUIT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I am grateful to the Minister for so kindly correcting what he is advised are my errors, and he will pardon me if I do not share his Department's opinion as to the relative importance of the Canners' Section of the Food Manufacturers' Federation. I am accused of misleading "the casual reader." Here are indisputable facts.

I received the Ministry's draft scheme on April 7 with a covering letter dated April 4, but I cannot trace the receipt of any circular asking for an estimate of the number of labels that might be required. I should have thought that before this question could be answered the scheme itself ought to have had some consideration by any organization of any importance. I telegraphed instructions that a meeting of the Section should be called, and it was duly held on April 14. On the 16th I sent out a printed *questionnaire* to all members of the Section. On the 25th, while replies were still reaching me, the Ministry wrote to individual canners—

all necessary steps are being taken to bring the scheme into force for the 1930 canning season, including the printing of official National Mark labels (non-adhesive);

and enclosed an estimate form relating to labels, asking that it should be returned filled up *not later than April* 30 (underlined). On Saturday, May 3, I received from the Department, which, of course, has always been personally most courteous, a printed proof of the draft regulations differing materially from the proposals of a mere five weeks before—a fact that confirms me in my criticism of undue celerity.

Mr. Buxton says I shall "be interested to know that no fewer than 12 canners (several of whom are members of the Federation) have informed the Ministry of their intention to apply for authorization." I am interested, but not surprised, because canners who disbelieve in the mark told me that if it were introduced they would be forced to use it; and, as the Minister says, Sir William Lobjoit's Committee has intimated its support, although Sir William himself said only a few weeks ago that it was very much more important to make the mark where it has already been applied successful than to extend the number of varieties of produce under the mark. The statement that the scheme is wholly voluntary is only a figure of speech.

But the Minister declares that he intends, despite objections, to bring the scheme into operation as soon as he legally can, so I suppose the trade must submit. He is silent on one point. I have no special knowledge of tailors' materials, but my reference to trousers was not meant to be funny. Does the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act really apply to manufactured goods such as canned fruit? The Oxford English Dictionary describes "produce" as "agricultural or natural products collectively, as distinguished from manufactured goods."

Yours, &c.,

R. M. LEONARD,

Food Manufacturers' Federation, Incorporated.

22, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1.

LIVE STOCK SALES

MRS. BRUCE WARD'S HERD

850GS. FOR SHORTHORN BULL

The principal cattle sale of the past week, and one of the most important of the year, drew a large and very representative company of English, Scottish, Irish, Welsh, and foreign buyers to The Home Farm, Godinton Park, Ashford, Kent, on Thursday. The occasion was the dispersion of Mrs. Bruce Ward's noted herd of Scottish Shorthorns, and, with a fast trade throughout, the event proved very successful. The total offering of 64 head, sold by Mr. Frank P. Matthews, of Messrs. John Thornton and Co., realized £4,589 11s., making the all-round average of £71 14s. 3d.; six bulls accounted for £1,979 5s. of the total mentioned, and registered the great average of £329 17s. 6d. The outstanding animal was Golden Harvest 2nd, a 3½ years old bull, the sire of most of the grand young stock in the ring. The initial bid for this, one of the most valuable stock bulls of the present time (bred by the Bilsington Shorthorn Company), was 100 guineas, and after very speedy bidding the buyer, for 850 guineas, was Mr. E. N. Casares, of London, who exports to the Argentine. Mr. Casares also gave 460 guineas for Godinton Yeoman, the handsome red yearling son of Golden Harvest 2nd; Messrs. Wilson Bros., buyers from South America, secured two grand yearling bulls, sons of Cudham Cloudburst, paying 230 guineas for Godinton Orange Mist and 240 guineas for Godinton Whirlwind. The average for 58 cows and heifers was £45, and the top price 56 guineas, the final bid of Mr. W. R. Calvert, Wetmore, Craven Arms, Shropshire, for Godinton Orange Blossom 2nd, a five-year-old cow; Sir Bernard Greenwell, Bt., Marden Park, Surrey, was a great buyer of females, and paid up to 50 guineas for Blythesome 45th. Last, but by no means least, among the offering of cows and heifers was the red roan yearling Godinton Lady Tarves 7th, which was sold for 50 guineas to Lord Lovat, Beaufort Castle, Inverness-shire. Another good buyer was Colonel H. C. L. Howard, St. Asaph, Denbigh, his principal purchase, for 50 guineas, being the short-legged cow Cudham Princess Royal 14th and her 10 days old bull calf, Godinton Royal Marshall.

Messrs. R. B. Taylor and Sons held their eighth annual spring sale of pedigree Jersey cattle at Yeovil on Friday; trade was rather dull, except for the yearling heifers; one of these was Dovers Royal Widgeon, the property of the Duke of Somerset, who made 27 guineas when it went to Colonel W. J. Tatam, a South Devon breeder; a heifer with calf, from Mr. H. C. Curtis, was acquired with a bid of 27½ guineas by Mr. T. Isgar, who also purchased a heifer, due to calve in November, for 20 guineas. The cattle disposed of registered an average price of £24 5s. 6d.

By instruction of Captain H. S. Ware, a sale of milk-recorded cattle and other live-stock was conducted by Messrs. Ward and Chowen, at Parswell Farm, near Tavistock, Devon, on Wednesday last. Among the pigs a National Long White Lop-Eared sow in farrow realized 15 guineas to Mr. Frank Palmer, a maiden sow of the same breed making £8 12s. 6d. from Mr. H. R. Breem. The milk-recorded cattle were in good demand, and Mr. Westlake, of Plymstock, bought a cow for £29 10s.; Commander E. A. Nicholson, Burrator House, Sheepstor, gave £26 10s. for an in-calf heifer, and £25 15s. and £25 for milking cows, and among other prices were £29 7s. 6d., £29, and £25.

The annual Handford sheep and cattle fair at Ipswich attracted considerable entries on Tuesday; Messrs. Robert Bond and Sons' forty-seventh annual sale brought together 800 cattle, as well as 820 sheep, the numbers being considerably heavier than a year ago. Among the sheep Border-Leicester couples from Captain D. G. Wigan realized £6 4s., and other prices were as follows:—Suffolk couples from Mr. G. Wase, £5 18s.; Southdown couples from Mr. C. A. Wenden, £5 5s.; half-bred couples from Mr. F. Simpson, £4 18s.; and Dorset ewes from 79s. to 71s. A consignment of 70 Shorthorn steers, three years old, from Messrs. W. N. and G. Wear averaged about £20 each and made up to £21, with a very level and fast trade. At the special sale of dairy stock Shorthorn cows and calves sold up to £34 5s.

GOOD PRICES FOR PIGS

Out of 105 pure-bred Large White pigs, the property of Messrs. J. A. and K. A. Fox, sold by Messrs. Harry Dobson and Co., at Almholme, Arksey, Doncaster, on Wednesday, only 12 were over a year old; the all-round average of £13 9s. 7d. was therefore very satisfactory; the total sum realized was £1,415 8s., and 61 served gilts averaged £16 3s. 3d.; 35 young gilts, £9 7s. 2d.; and boars, £11 6s. 4d. The first pig to be offered was Roundhay Lady Topsie 14th, a two-year-old sow, which went at 33 guineas to Mr. C. Robinson, Normanton, Yorkshire; one of her sons, eight months old, made the best price for a boar, the buyer, at 16½ guineas, being Mr. W. Atkinson. Among the gilts born in 1929 the first offered was taken at 20

The List for Cash Applications will be closed on or before Wednesday, the 28th May, 1930, and for Conversion Applications on Monday, the 2nd June, 1930.

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Principal will be repaid at par on 1st June, 1970, the Port of London Authority having the option of redemption, in whole or in part, at par, on or after 1st June, 1950, on giving six months' notice.

This Stock is created by the Port of London Authority in accordance with the provisions of the Port of London Acts, 1920-1928, and Ministry of Transport Regulations with reference to the Issue, Transfer, &c., of Port of London Stock.

The Port of London Authority having given the necessary six months' notice to redeem the £2,000,000 Port of London 6% Inscribed Stock, 1930-1940, on the 1st July, 1930, **WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED** is authorised to offer to holders of that Stock, conversion, in whole or in part, into an equal nominal amount of the Stock now being issued, on the terms stated below.

The Stock now offered will rank as to security *pari passu* with the 3½ per cent., 4 per cent., 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. Inscribed Stocks, and the "B" Port Stock, and after the £9,243,438 "A" Port Stock, and will be inscribed in the books of the Stock to be kept by WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, and will be transferable without charge and free of stamp duty at that Bank, either by the Stockholders personally or by their attorneys. Interest will be payable half-yearly at the same Bank on 1st June and 1st December by Dividend Warrants, which will be forwarded by post at the Stockholders' risk.

All Port Stocks and the Interest thereon are charged on the Port Fund and all the revenues of the Port Authority.

Holders who convert will receive a cash payment on 1st July, 1930, of 10s. per cent., representing the difference between the nominal amount of the maturing Stock and the issue price of the new Stock. The half-year's interest, due 1st July, 1930, on the 6 per cent. Stock converted and unconverted, will be payable at WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED in the usual way. Five months' interest on the new 5 per cent. Stock will be payable by Dividend Warrant on 1st December, 1930.

Holders exercising their option to convert will receive preferential allotment, and must lodge their applications for conversion, on the prescribed form, at WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, Stock Transfer Office, 9, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.2. Any Stock not converted will be repaid on 1st July, 1930, at WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 41, Lothbury, London, E.C.2.

The trade of the Authority for the year ended 31st March, 1930, is indicated by the following figures :—

The net register and deck cargo tonnage of Shipping that entered and left the Port and paid River Tonnage Dues was 43,138,737 tons, an increase of 2,327,699 tons over the previous year.

The import and export tonnage of goods dealt with by the Authority was 3,007,877 tons, an increase of 212,674 tons over the previous year.

The Port of London Authority is required by Act of Parliament to create, by way of annual provisions, Stock Redemption Funds (which have to be invested in statutory securities) for the ultimate repayment of each of the Stocks issued by the Authority. The amount standing to the credit of the Stock Redemption Funds and Capital Redemption Accounts at 31st March, 1929, was £3,281,589.

The Authority's General Reserve Fund, which is invested in Trustee Securities, stands at the maximum figure provided by Act of Parliament, namely, £1,000,000.

WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED is further authorised to offer for subscription in cash Port of London 5 per cent. Inscribed Stock, 1950-1970, to an amount sufficient to make up, with the Stock converted, the above total of £2,000,000, payable as follows :—

£ 5	per cent. on application.	
£94 10s.	„	„ 1st July, 1930.
£99 10s.		

Cash applications on the form prescribed will be received at WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, Lothbury, London, E.C.2, and must be for even hundreds of Stock, and be accompanied by a deposit of £5 per cent. on the nominal amount applied for.

Interest will be payable half-yearly at WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED on the 1st June and 1st December. Five months' interest will be payable by Dividend Warrant on 1st December, 1930.

In case of partial allotment, the surplus of the amount paid as deposit will be returned to the applicant; default in the payment of the final instalment at its due date will render the amount previously paid liable to forfeiture.

Scrip Certificates to Bearer will be issued in exchange for Allotment Letters, and such Certificates, when fully paid, must be lodged at Westminster Bank Limited, Stock Transfer Office, 9, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.2, for conversion into Inscribed Stock.

A Commission of 5s. per £100 Stock will be allowed to Bankers and Stockbrokers on allotments made in respect of both cash and conversion applications bearing their stamp.

Prospectuses and Forms for conversion and cash applications can be obtained at Westminster Bank Limited, 41, Lothbury, London, E.C.2; 21, Lombard Street, London, E.C.3; 4, Bartholomew Lane, London, E.C.2, or at any of the Branches of the Bank; at the Ulster Bank Limited, Belfast, and Branches of that Bank; of Messrs. R. Nivison and Co., Bank Buildings, Princes Street, London, E.C.2, and Messrs. James Capel and Co., 10, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2.

WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED,
41, Lothbury, London, E.C.2.
23rd May, 1930.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED.

Application No. ..... Allotment No. .....

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR

PORT OF LONDON 5% INSCRIBED STOCK, 1950-1970.

ISSUE OF £2,000,000. (1)

To WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED,
Head Office, 41, Lothbury, London, E.C.2.

Gentlemen,
I/we hereby apply for £ .....

IN of Port of London 5% Inscribed Stock, 1950-1970, according to the Prospectus dated 23rd May, 1930, and undertake to pay £99 10s. for every £100 of Stock, and to accept the same or any less amount that may be allotted to me/us, and to pay for the same in conformity with the terms of the said Prospectus.

I/we enclose the required deposit of £ ..... being £5 per cent. on the nominal amount applied for.

SIGNATURE .....

NAME (in full) .....
(Block Letters.) (State if Mr., Mrs., or Miss.)

ADDRESS (in full) .....

.....

..... May, 1930.
PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY

N.B.—Applications must be for even hundreds of Stock, and must be accompanied by the amount of Deposit thereon. Cheques must be made payable to "BEARER" and should be crossed "Not Negotiable."

Westminster Bank
a/c Port of London Loan.

Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

PORT OF LONDON PROSPECTUS

The prospectus of the issue at 99½ of Port of London Five per Cent. Inscribed Stock, 1950-70, appears to-day. The main object of the issue is to substitute a lower interest bearing stock for the loan of £2,000,000 in Six per Cent. stock, 1930-40, issued in 1921, and holders of the latter stock are invited to convert into the new stock at 99½ per cent. Conversion applications will be given preferential allotment over cash subscriptions; while the list for cash applications will be closed on or before Wednesday, that for conversion applications will remain open until June 2. Holders who convert will receive a cash payment on July 1 next of 10s. per cent., representing the difference between the nominal amount of the maturing stock and the issue price of the new stock. The service of the Authority's stocks is a charge on the Port fund and all revenues of the Port Authority. During the 12 months ended March 31 the trade of the Authority showed further expansion. The net register and deck cargo tonnage of shipping that entered and left the Port and paid river tonnage dues was 43,138,737 tons, an increase of 2,327,699 tons over 1928-29, while the tonnage of goods dealt with by the Authority increased by 212,674 tons to a total of 3,007,877. The prospectus points out that the Authority is required by Act of Parliament to create by annual provisions stock redemption funds for the repayment of its stocks and that these have to be invested in statutory securities. At March 31, 1929, the amount standing to the credit of the stock redemption funds and capital redemption accounts was £3,281,589. The above figures give some idea of the great volume of shipping that uses the dock facilities provided by the Port of London Authority. Although the stock is not in the trustee list it is, of course, a high-class investment security, and as holders of the Six per Cent. stock who do not convert are to be paid off on July 1 next, conversion applications will probably be on a large scale and the amount available for cash applicants correspondingly limited.

John Brown and Company Scheme

Details are available of a scheme for the reorganization and reduction of the capital of John Brown and Co., the old-established shipbuilding, armament, steel and coal enterprise. For some years the company's annual reports have indicated that the company's fixed assets and investments were over-valued and the consideration of measures for the rationalization of its businesses either alone or with other firms has lately been constantly before the board. The directors, however, have hitherto not been able to accept proposals to this end made to the board for joining in amalgamations with other companies, and they have decided to proceed first with a capital reorganization scheme and to deal immediately thereafter with the position of the company's Atlas and Scunthorpe works with a view to their participation in a rationalization scheme with the object of effecting economies in the heavy forgings and casting trades. Accordingly power to deal with these works by sale or amalgamation is now asked from the Debenture holders. As regards the shipbuilding side of the company's operations its position will be affected by the steps which the shipbuilding industry is taking to deal with redundant building yards through the newly formed National Shipbuilders Security, Limited, of which John Brown and Co. are members.

A Drastic Capital Reduction

Under the scheme now proposed the issued and paid-up capital of John Brown and Co. will be reduced from £4,187,500 to £1,562,500, the 175,000 Five per Cent. Cumulative Preference shares of £10 each being converted into 875,000 "A" Seven per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preference shares of 12s. and 1,750,000 "B" Seven per Cent. Non-Cumulative Convertible Preference shares of 6s., and the 1,500,000 £1 fully paid Ordinary shares being reduced to 6s. each and the 1,250,000 £1 Ordinary shares with 15s. paid being converted into 6s. shares with 1s. paid up. Moreover, it will be necessary in order to meet future requirements to call up the 5s. per share uncalled Ordinary capital, and this will be payable in two equal calls, one on November 29 next and the other on May 30, 1931. If the scheme becomes effective the principal bankers of the company are willing to continue and extend financial facilities to the company on terms which the directors consider reasonable. To indicate the changes which will be effected by the scheme the balance-sheet of March 31 last may be compared with a *pro forma* balance-sheet showing the position if the scheme becomes effective :—

—	March 31	After giving effect to the scheme
	£	£
Capital and Liabilities—		
Issued share capital ..	4,187,500	1,562,500
Debentures ..	994,693	994,693
Owing to subsidiaries ..	80,470	80,470
Sundry creditors ..	1,856,301	1,856,301
Reserve ..	300,000	200,000
Contingency Account ..	325,000	—
Assets—		
Land, plant, works, &c. ..	2,247,478	2,178,887
Investments in subsidiaries	1,403,289	1,083,735
Investments in and advances to other companies	2,293,174	508,189
Stocks and work in progress	462,084	462,084
Amounts due by subsidiaries	75,680	75,680
Sundry debtors	347,927	347,927
Coal rents	28,942	28,942
Cash	10,519	10,519
Total of balance-sheet ..	7,850,074	4,900,944

The scheme has been drawn up by Sir Gilbert Garnsey and Mr. William Mackinnon, who recommend it to the approval of the Debenture and share holders, while in his circular letter to the Debenture and share holders Lord Aberconway, the chairman of the company, points out that the scheme will greatly improve the company's prospects of distributing dividends inasmuch as it will materially reduce the depreciation requirements.

Shrinkage in Armament Work

One of the best known warship builders and armament makers in the kingdom, John Brown and Co., has, of course, been severely hit by the great shrinkage in the world's requirements of these products, while it has of late years shared in the depression which has enveloped the heavy industries in this country. Its large colliery industries have suffered from the constant disturbances since the War in connexion with wages and working conditions. Therefore, although the company has developed new activities giving good results and had been able to maintain the payment of its Preference dividend up to June 30 last, the drastic writing down of many of the assets to present day values based on their earning capacity was considered essential to the restoration of the company's financial well-being. The report for the 12 months ended March 31 is a reminder that the company has a fine business which should ensure a recovery in its financial fortunes following the carrying out of the "rationalization" plans. It continues to build Atlantic liners of the largest type and to supply ships for the Royal Navy. Moreover, in spite of the large sum written off its interests in subsidiaries and in associated companies, certain of these, such as Thomas Firth and Sons, whose results were referred to in these columns on May 9, are working successfully, while under the altered conditions imposed by the Government's coal mining Bill the potentialities of its Yorkshire coal mining properties may be considered to have been enhanced. Up to 1925 the company paid dividends on its Ordinary capital, but from 1926, the year of the great coal dispute, onwards its net profits have not sufficed to cover Preference dividends.

Lancashire Electric Dividend

From the accounts of the Lancashire Electric Light and Power Company for the 12 months ended March 31 it would appear that the £600,000 of new capital issued last year has not yet become fully revenue producing. The trading profits of the working company increased from £238,515 to £257,525, and the net profits of the holding company from £150,885 to £173,109, but, as will be seen from the following table, a lower dividend required a larger sum of money owing to the increase in capital :—

	Year Ended March 31		
—	1930	1929	1928
	£	£	£
Net profit	173,109	150,885	143,621
Brought forward ..	3,308	3,109	10,174*
	176,417	153,994	153,795
Preference dividends	85,811	90,686	90,686
Ordinary dividend ..	86,800	60,000	60,000
	(7%)	(7⅛%)	(7⅛%)
Carried forward ..	3,806	3,308	3,109

* Includes £4,242 transferred from reserve.

The Kearsley Generating Station, for the erection of which part of the recently issued new capital was required, began to operate commercially last October. Operations of the working company further expanded, the units generated or purchased in 1929 having increased from 237,279,437 to 260,543,124. The controlling company's holding of debentures and shares in the working company is now £4,067,790.

Canadian Government Shipping Losses

Full accounts of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine, Limited, and subsidiary companies have now been received in this country and are given separately from those of the Canadian National West-Indies Steamships, Limited, and subsidiary companies, all of which represent the Canadian Government's shipping enterprises. The annual report of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine is the 11th. The accounts show a total revenue for the year ended December 31 last of $8,371,441 and total operating expenses of $9,250,348, leaving an operating loss for the year of $878,907, which compares with an operating loss for 1928 of $1,209,083. The charge for depreciation on vessels last year was $1,861,925, as against $2,431,315 in 1928, and interest on Government Notes and Advances amounted to $3,187,926, as compared with $3,905,126. The total loss was thus $5,928,758 (£1,185,751), as against $7,545,525 (£1,509,105) in the previous year. The report states that :—

On account of the impossibility of operating the London-Antwerp and Cardiff-Swansea services with the obsolete tonnage at our disposal in competition with the up-to-date tonnage of other lines the above services had to be cancelled, with a resultant reduction in operating revenue. Such revenue was further reduced because in 1928 there were included the West Indies services, which now form the subject of a separate report.

Seven vessels were sold during the year and the fleet now consists of 31 ships.

Competition in West Indian Services

Operating revenue for the year ended December 31 (the first) of the Canadian National West-Indies Steamships, Limited, and subsidiary companies amounted to $3,332,683, and operating expenses were $3,780,524, leaving a net operating loss of $447,841. After debiting $227,315 for depreciation and $442,739, representing interest on Notes and Advances, the total book loss for the year was $1,117,896 (£223,580). It is added that :—

On account of the unsettled condition of the sugar trade in the West Indies less revenue resulted from that source than was expected. This condition together with the heavy expenses necessary in inaugurating a new service, were mainly responsible for the deficit. Competition from services operated from United States ports has been somewhat heavier than was anticipated.

The amount of bananas carried to Montreal during the summer months is reported to have come up to expectations, and it is anticipated that, after the completion of one year's operations, the banana-carrying steamers will have landed in Canada approximately 2,000,000 bunches. Such a result would be achieved "notwithstanding strong competition by water and rail."

Marine Underwriting Criticized

The persistently bad results of most marine underwriting during the past few years will be discussed in the Insurance Number of *The Times* of to-morrow by a special correspondent, who writes that the losses indicate that there is something fundamentally wrong with the methods of assessing rates, quite apart from the under-cutting caused by the coincidence of increased numbers of insurers with a decreased volume of business. The author contends that the common method of assessing hull risks as a percentage of value is wrong from both practical and theoretical standpoints, and, after a careful examination of claims in three recent years due to total loss and other risks, he maintains that a premium which does not take into account the varying tonnages of the vessels can be right only by accident. A set of standard premiums for different classes of tonnage based on the experience of the years 1923, 1924, and 1925 has been prepared and has been applied to the business of 1926. The comparison shows that with the premiums suggested the 1926 account would have resulted in a small profit, instead of the heavy loss which actually occurred. The new premiums are also used to test the adequacy of the hardening which has lately taken place in hull rates, and conditions are shown to be still far from satisfactory. The article, with its detailed analyses, will deserve the careful study of underwriters, by those who year after year have had the unpleasant task of reporting to the shareholders the unfavourable working of the marine departments, and, indeed, by all who have any concern with marine insurance.

ALLIED IRONFOUNDERS

The directors of Allied Ironfounders, Limited, announce that the report and accounts will be forwarded to shareholders in about three weeks' time. They recommend the payment of the dividend on the Seven per Cent. Cumulative Preference shares for the year ended March 31 last, but no distribution will be made on the Ordinary shares.

NEW PORTUGUESE LOAN

LISBON, May 25.—The Government will issue very shortly a first portion of 100,000 contos of the new 500,000 contos loan which is being raised for the purpose of liquidating the floating debt. The issue will be in the form of shares of 500 escudos bearing interest at 6½ per cent. payable every quarter. The loan will mature in 35 years and will be guaranteed by Customs receipts. The underwriting will be undertaken by a group of credit establishments and the loan will be offered to the public at 96.—*Reuter.*

MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK EXCHANGE LOWER

DISCOUNTS MAINTAINED

Money was in plentiful supply in Lombard-street on Saturday, although it was usable up to the close of business. The general rate for fresh advances over the week-end was 1½ per cent., but before the close it had fallen to 1¼ per cent. The renewal of old day-to-day loans from lenders other than the clearing banks was usually arranged on the basis of 1½ per cent. General belief in the probability of dear money during the current week contributed to the maintenance of discount rates. 2 3-16 per cent. being the brokers' buying rate for three months fine bank bills. Dealings were reported in Saturday's Treasury Bills at 2 5-32 per cent. While business was on a small scale, there was some demand for July maturities from the clearing banks at 2¼ per cent. Only a moderate amount—£442,000—of South African bar gold will be available in the bullion market to-morrow, and it would seem most likely that the bulk will be secured by German buyers, the Berlin exchange remaining at the low level of 20.36½m. The chief movement in the Foreign Exchange market was a further decline in the New York rate, which closed at $4.85 15-16c.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent. and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1¼ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).			
Day to day.	For short periods.	60 days.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
1½	2	2⅛	2⅛	2¼—2⅛	2⅜—2⅛

Discount (Treasury Bills)		(Fine Trade Bills)		
2 Mths.	3 Mths.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
⅞—1	⅞—1	1—1⅛	1⅛—1⅛	1⅛—1

CALLS OF THE WEEK

Tuesday ..	Dublin Corpn., 5%, 1950-70	25%	£200,000
Wednesday	Belfast City and District Wtr. Com., 5%, 1950-60	40%	£200,000
Friday ..	Birmingham Cpn., 5%, 1946-56, "A" ..	40%	£2,000,000
Saturday ..	Com. Bk. of Australia, Ordy. shares ..	5/-	£125,000
„	Taylors (Cash Chemists), 7½% Prd. Ordy. shares ..	10/-	£125,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Business in the Foreign Exchange market was small. The New York rate again moved against sterling, closing at $4.85 15-16, compared with $4.86 1-32 on Friday. The discount on forward dollars also appreciated, the closing rate being $4.85⅞. Little or no change took place in the French, Belgian, Italian, Swiss, and German exchanges. The Dutch rate, however, was again lower at 12.08⅛. The Hungarian exchange also moved against sterling to 27.80½p. Spanish pesetas were more offered, the rate rising to 39.86p. Among South American currencies, the milreis was slightly cheaper at 5/27d.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported on Saturday :—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exch'nge	May 24	May 23
New York	$ to £	4.863	4.85²³/₃₂–85¹⁵/₁₆	4.86–4.85¹⅛
Montreal	$ to £	4.863	4.85¹³/₁₆–85⅞	4.86¼–85⅜
Paris ..	Fr. to £	124.21	123.90–123.95	123.92–123.95
Brussels ..	Bel. to £	35.00	34.82½–82¼	34.82–34.83
Milan ..	Lire to £	92.46	92.72–92.75	92.72–92.74
Zurich ..	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.12–25.12½	25.11¼–12½
Athens ..	Dr. to £	375	374¼–375¼	374¼–375¼
Helsingfors	M. to £	193.23	192⅞–193¼	192⅝–193¼
Madrid ..	Pts. to £	25.2215	39.79–39.87	39.80–39.90
Lisbon ..	Escu. to £	—	108¼–108⅝	108¼–108⅝
Amsterd'm	Fl. to £	12.107	12.08¼–08⅜	12.08⅛–08⅞
Berlin ..	M. to £	20.43	20.36½–20.37	20.36½–37¼
Vienna ..	Sch. to £	34.58½	34.45–34.48	34.45–34.48
Budapest	Pen. to £	27.82	27.80–27.84	27.80–27.84
Prague ..	Kr. to £	164.25	163⅞–164	163⅞–164
Warsaw ..	Zloty to £	43.38	43.33–43.38	43.33–43.38
Riga ..	Lats to £	25.2215	25.18–25.25	25.18–25.25
Bucharest	Lei to £	813.6	817–819	817½–818½
Const'ople	Pst. to £	110	1.0252	1.0252
Belgrade ..	Din. to £	25.2215	275–275½	275–275½
Kovno ..	Lit. to £	48.66	48¾–48⅞	48¾–48⅞
Athens ..	Lev. to £	672.650	668–673	668–673
Reval ..	K.Kr. to£	18.159	18.22–18.27	18.22–18.27
Oslo ..	Kr. to £	18.159	18.16–18.16½	18.16–18.16½
Stockholm	Kr. to £	18.159	18.11–18.11½	18.11½–12¼
Copenh'g'n	Kr. to £	18.159	18.16¼–16¾	18.16–18.16½
Alexandria	Pst. to £	97⅛	97⅛–97⅜	97⅛–97⅜
Bombay ..	Per rup.	1s6d.	1.5¹³/₁₆–1.5⁷/₃₂	1.5¹³/₁₆–7/₃₂
Calcutta ..	Per rup.	1s6d.	1.5¹³/₁₆–1.5⁷/₃₂	1.5¹³/₁₆–7/₃₂
Madras ..	Per rup.	1s6d.	1.5¹³/₁₆–1.5⁷/₃₂	1.5¹³/₁₆–7/₃₂
Hong-kong	Per dol.	—	1.5¼–1.5⅝	1.5⅝–1.5¾
Kobe ..	Per yen	24.58d.	2.01¹³/₁₆–2.01⅞	2.01¹³/₁₆–2.01⅞
Shanghai	Per tael	—	1.10¼–1.10¾	1.09¾–1.10¼
Singapore	Per dol.	2/4	2.3²¹/₃₂–2.3⁷/₃₂	2.3²¹/₃₂–7/₃₂
Batavia ..	Fl. to £	12.107	12.08⅛–08⅞	12.08⅛–08⅞
Manila ..	Per dol.	24.066d.	2.0⅛	2.0⅛
Rio de Jan.	Per mil.	5.890d.	5.55⁵⁴/₆₄–55⁵⁴	5.57³²/₆₄–57⅛
B. Aires ..	Per dol.	47.577d.	42.23¹⁵/₁₆–42.31¹⁵/₁₆	42.23¹⁵/₁₆–42.31¹⁵/₁₆
Valp'so	$ to £	40	39.94	39.94
M'video ..	Per dol.	51d.	44.7/16–45⅛	45–45⅛
Lima† ..	Soles to £	12.168	12.81¼	12.81¼
Mexico ..	Pesos to£	9.76	10.15–10.30	10.15–10.30

190 days. † Based on legal stabilization at $2.90-3.05 to 100kr. ‡ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

BUYING RATES PER £100

—	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
On :—				
Australia ..	92 12 0	92 1 10	91 19 10	91 18 0
New Zealand ..	93 17 6	93 6 8	93 2 5	92 18 3
Africa & Rhodesia	98 15 0	98 2 6	97 19 10	97 17 6

SELLING RATES

—	Cable Transfers	Demand
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
On :—		
Australia	93 17 6	93 10 0
New Zealand	93 7 6	93 0 0
South Africa	99 15 0	99 12 6
Rhodesia	99 16 3	99 13 9

No GOLD movements were announced at the Bank of England on Saturday. The net efflux since Wednesday last, therefore, remains at £113,691, as shown below :—

ARRIVALS		WITHDRAWALS	
	£		£
May 22— ..	Nil	May 22—	
		Sovs.	3,000
		Bar gold ..	195
May 23—		May 23—	
Bar gold ..	1,530	Sovs. set aside ..	100,000
		Bar gold ..	12,026
May 24— ..	Nil	May 24— ..	Nil
Net efflux ..	113,691		
Total ..	£115,221	Total ..	£115,221

Net influx for 1930 to date, £10,957,726; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,489.

The price of GOLD in the open market remained nominally at 84s. 11½d. per oz.

The SILVER market was quiet and the price fell ¼d. to 18d. per oz. for cash and 18⁹/₁₆d. per oz. for forward delivery. The Chinese banks both bought and sold the metal.

CONTINENTAL BOURSE QUOTATIONS

PARIS, May 24.—The Paris Bourse remained closed to-day.

AMSTERDAM, May 24.—Closing quotations :—6% Dutch, 1922, 102¹¹/₁₆ (previous 102¾); 5% Dutch, 102⅝ (102½); 2½% Dutch, 64⅝ (64⅛); 3% Dutch, 78½ (78¹⁵/₁₆); 4% Brazilian, 1889, 50⅛ (—); Peruvian, 10⅜ (10⅝); Peruvian 4% Cum. Pref., 51¼ (51⅜); United States Steel, 170½ (168⅝); Southern Pacific, 123⅛ (—); Union Pacific, — (225); Royal Dutch Petroleum, 406¾ (405½); Anaconda, 120 (118); Deli Batavia Rubber, 94½ (92½); Deli Batavia Tobacco, 357 (351); Senembah Mij. 386 (389¾); Amsterdam Rubber, 141¾ (140); Margarine Unie, 297 (294½); Philips Lamps, 406 (404½); exchange on Berlin, 59.53½ (59.54⅛); London, 12.08⅝ (12.08¹¹/₁₆); New York, 2.48¹¹/₁₆ (2.48¹¹/₁₆); Paris, 9.75 (9.75¼).

BERLIN, May 24.—Closing quotations :—Deutsche Erdoel, 94.75 (previous, 97.10); Dynamit Nobel, 89.25 (90.25); Kali Industrie Kassel, 210.50 (210); Salzdetfurth, 427 (428.50); Rheinbraunkohlen, 360 (358.50); Rhein. Westfael. Elekt., 180.50 (182).

Reuter's telegram contains the following closing quotations :—German Loan Liquidation Debt, 11 (previous, 11.12); Mexican Consols, 17.25 (17.37); Reichsbank, 298.62 (301.25); Berliner Handels Gesellschaft, 176.50 (176.50); Commerz und Privat Bank, 152.75 (153.50); Darmstadter and National Bank, 234 (235.10); Deutsche Bank and Disconto Gesellschaft, 141 (141.50); Dresdner Bank, 142.50 (143); Gelsenkirchen Bergwerke, 138.75 (139.75); Harpener, 125 (126); Allgemeine Elekt., 170 (171.50); Farbenindustrie, 148.25 (149.80); Farben-industrie 6% Debs., 114.25 (114.75); Hamburg Amerika, 112.50 (113.60); Norddeutsche Lloyd, 113 (114); A.E.G., 105 (106); Vereinigte Stahlwerke, 97 (97.60); Svenska Tandsticks, 327 (325.50); Polyphon, 297.50 (298.50); Siemens and Halske, 253.50 (257.25); Schuckert, 184.50 (187.50). Exchange on London, 20.36½ (20.36⅝); Paris, 16.43½ (16.43); Amsterdam, 168.53 (168.47); New York, 4.19¹¹/₁₆ (4.19¹¹/₁₆). Short term (30-55 days), 3¼% (3¼%); long term (55-90 days), 3¼% (3¼%); call money, 2%-4½% (2%-4%).

VIENNA, May 24.—Closing quotations :—Gar. Oest. Voelkerbundanl (Austrian Issue), 108.95 (previous, 108.25); Donau-Save-Adria-Bahn (formerly Sudbahn Pref.), 93 (93.10); Donau-Save-Adria-Bahn (formerly Sudbahn), 14.35 (14.35); Oest. Nationalbank, 321.50 (326.50); Wiener Bank-verein, 18.35 (18.30); Oest. Credit-Anstalt, 51 (51); Oest. Credit-Anstalt (New, 1929), 47.60 (47.60); Niederoest Eskompte, 161.50 (161.50); Zivnostenske Banka, — (97.10); Donau-Dampfschiffahrts, 30.25 (30.50); A.E.G. Union Elekt., 27.45 (—); Oest. Brown-Boveri, 179.50 (180.50); Oest. Siemens Schuckert, 214.40 (215.75); Salgo Tarjaer Steinkohlen, 49.90 (50); Ungar. Allg. Kohlen, — (75.5); Oest. Alpine-Montan, 27.90 (28.50); Berg and Huettenwerke, 780 (782); Felten and Guilleaume, 59 (59); Galiz Karpathen Petroleum, — (4.35); Nestomitzer Zuckerraff, — (144). Exchange on Amsterdam, 285.12 (285.02); London, 34.45 (34.45½); New York, 689 (689); Paris, 27.79¼ (27.79½).—*Reuter.*

MILAN, May 24.—Closing quotations :—Exchange on London, 92.75¾ (previous, 92.75); Consolidato 5%, 84.75 (84.50); Banca d'Italia, 2,005 (2,001); Banca Commerciale, 1,421 (1,422); Banca Nationale di Credito, 575 (575); Banco di Roma, 112 (112); Credito Italiano, 770 (770); Cusulich Navigazione, 89 (89); Meridionali, 1,380 (1,365); Navigazione Generale, 500⅛ (500¼); Cantoni Coats, 680 (680); Soie Chatillon, 250 (250); Snia Viscosa, 65¼ (65¼); Ilva, 201 (201); Montecatini, 245 (243½); Fiat, 592 (593½); Adriatica, 243½ (244½); Edison, 760 (760); Unione Esercizi Elettrici, 110 (109¼); Terni, 372 (373½); Consorzio Moldiferi Finanziario, 821 (823); Adamello, 314 (312).

(Continued at foot of next column)

Call money was nominal. Commercial paper remained at 3½ to 4½ per cent. for prime names. Open market discount rates were unchanged at 2½ to 2⅝ per cent. for 90-day bank bills, and 2⅝ to 2¾ per cent. for six-months' bills.

Sterling exchange was easier at 4.85 15-16 for cable transfers.

Silver fell ⅛c. to 40⅛c. for foreign bullion.

BONDS remained quiet but steady. Sales reached $4,190,000.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FIRM TONE

NEW YORK, May 24.—With one exception the week just ended has been the quietest experienced on the Stock Exchange this year, and there was but little sign of expanding business to-day, although some individual shares were active.

While the attendance on the floor was rather thin and little interest was noticeable the market opened steady, helped by the weekly trade reviews citing indications of betterment more distinct in some quarters though not representative of any broad revival in business. This helped to encourage "bullish" demonstrations on a moderate scale, chiefly in special stocks. General Motors maintained firmness on further "bullish" predictions of the second quarter earnings and a fair amount of animation was displayed by motor accessory stocks following reports of substantial gains in accessory sales.

After fluctuating narrowly under a small volume of trading the market developed a little more life. Reports that the New York Central has acquired 4.6 per cent. of the outstanding stock of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western stimulated speculative buying of eastern rails on the belief that a merger is indicated, since the remainder of the outstanding stock of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western is held by interests friendly to the New York Central Railroad. Week-end covering towards the end of the session put most stocks higher and made the close firm.

Sales were returned at 959,000 shares, making 12,975,000 shares for the week against 14,407,000 shares last week and 21,340,000 shares in the corresponding week last year.

The average price of 20 representative railroad stocks is 0.18 higher on the week at 145.11, the average of 30 leading industrials shows a decline of 1.08 at 271.33, and the average of 20 utilities is 2.16 lower at 99.92. A year ago the railroad and industrial averages were 149.73 and 304.33 respectively.

EXCHANGE	Method of Quoting	Parity	May 24	May 23
		$	$	$
MONTREAL on—				
London, cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.86¼	4.86⅓
NEW YORK on—				
London, sight	£1	—	4.85¹¹/₁₆	4.85¾
Cables ..	£1	4.86⅔	4.85¹⁵/₁₆	4.86
60 days' sight ..	£1	—	4.85⅝	4.85¹¹/₁₆
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.85⅝	4.85¹¹/₁₆
Seven days ..	£1	—	4.85¹⅛	4.85⅛
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¾	3.92⅛	3.92⅛
Rome, cables ..	100l.	5.26	5.24⅜	5.24⅛
Amsterdam, short sight	100fl.	40.20	40.16½	40.16½
Oslo, cables ..	100kr.	26.80	26.76	26.76½
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.85	26.85
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.76	26.76
Prague, cheques	100kr.	—	2.96⅜	2.96⅜
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.86	23.86½
Brussels, cables	100bel.	13.90	13.96	13.96
Berne, cables ..	100f.	19.30	19.34¼	19.35¼
Madrid, cables ..	100pe.	19.30	12.17⅜	12.21
Vienna, cables ..	100sch.	14.07	14.11¼	14.11¼
Budapest, cables	100pen.	17.49	17.49	17.49
Belgrade, cables	100din.	19.30	1.76⅝	1.76⅝
Athens, cables ..	100dr.	1.30	1.29⅞	1.29⅞
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	38.18	38.26
Rio, cables ..	1 mil.	32.45	11.81	11.85

RAILWAYS

	Closing Prices			Closing Prices		
—	May 24	May 23	—	May 24	May 23
Atchison ..	228	226½	Int.C.Amer	27½	27½
Atl. Coast.

JOHN BROWN SCHEME

HEAVY CAPITAL REDUCTION

Circulars have now been issued to Debenture and share holders in John Brown and Co., steel manufacturers, shipbuilders, &c., setting forth a scheme for the reorganization and reduction of the capital. A meeting to consider the scheme is called for June 18. Sir Gilbert Garnsey and Mr. William Mackinnon have collaborated in the preparation of the scheme, and they consider the terms are fair and equitable, and that it is in the interests of all parties to carry it into effect. They therefore recommend it for approval. John Brown and Co. is the last of the big armament firms to adjust its finances to post-War conditions by a capital reduction scheme.

Under the scheme the Debenture-holders are asked to consent to the postponement of the date of maturity of their Debentures until December 31, 1965. The rate of interest will be fixed at 6 per cent. per annum on the first Debentures, and 6½ per cent. per annum on the second Debentures. A cumulative yearly sinking-fund is to be established for the redemption of the Debentures by purchase in the market or by drawings commencing in the year 1935. The company will have power to redeem the Debentures on six months' notice at a premium of 3 per cent. if redeemed before January 1, 1932, at a premium of 2 per cent. if redeemed after 1931 and before January 1, 1933, at a premium of 1 per cent. if redeemed after 1932 and before January 1, 1934, and thereafter at par.

Debenture-holders will also be asked to consent to the transfer of the Atlas Works at Sheffield and the Scunthorpe Works at Scunthorpe to any other company or amalgamation of companies on the condition that the shares, securities, and/or other consideration received in exchange shall be charged in favour of the trustees for the Debenture-holders and become part of the security for the Debentures.

CAPITAL REDUCTION PROPOSALS

The issued share capital of the company is now £4,500,000, divided into 175,000 Five per Cent. Cumulative Preference shares of £10 each, which are to be sub-divided into shares of £1 each, and 2,750,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each. The Preference shares and 1,500,000 of the Ordinary shares are fully paid up, and to the extent of 15s. per share. It is proposed that the share capital shall be reduced to £2,375,000, divided into 1,750,000 Preference shares of 12s. each, fully paid, and 2,750,000 Ordinary shares of 6s. each (of which 1,500,000 will be fully paid, and 1,250,000 paid up to the extent of 1s. per share), by cancelling paid up capital which has been lost or is unrepresented by available assets to the extent of 8s. on each of the £1 Preference shares and 14s. on each of the issued Ordinary shares.

The arrears of Preference dividend will be cancelled from June 30, 1929, and each of the 1,750,000 Preference shares of 12s. will be sub-divided into one "A" Preference share of 6s. and one "B" Preference share of 6s. The "A" and "B" Preference shares will rank *pari passu* as regards dividend and capital and the holders will be entitled to a fixed non-cumulative preferential dividend of 7 per cent. per annum as from July 1, 1930, and in a winding-up to payment of a sum equal to 1s. 8d. for every 1s. of capital paid up before any return of capital to the holders of Ordinary shares. Every two "A" Preference shares of 6s. will be consolidated into one "A" Preference share of 12s. Each holder of a "B" Preference share will have the right until July 1, 1935, to convert such share into an Ordinary share.

The principal bankers of the company are willing, if the scheme becomes effective, to continue and extend financial facilities to the company on terms which the directors consider reasonable. It will, however, be necessary so as to meet the future requirements of the company to call up the 5s. per share now uncalled upon part of the Ordinary shares. Two calls will be made of 2s. 6d. per share each and will be made payable on November 29 next and May 30, 1931, respectively.

CHAMBER OF SHIPPING

There is now published in a bound volume the annual report of the Chamber of Shipping, which was presented at the annual meeting, on February 20. Extracts from the report appeared in *The Times* of that day.

UNILEVER N.V.

(Formerly N.V. Margarine Unie.)

ROTTERDAM.

London Office for Certificates issued by Nederlandsch Administratie-en Trustkantoor, Amsterdam:

"Union House," St. Martin's-le-Grand, London, E.C.1, 10th May, 1930.

BONUS ISSUE.

Notice is hereby given that a free bonus issue of Certificates of Ordinary Shares and Sub-Shares of the above Company will be made to existing holders of Certificates of Ordinary Shares and of Sub-Shares in the following proportions, namely :—

(a) CERTIFICATES OF ORDINARY SHARES.

An amount of Fl.100 nominal bonus Certificates of Ordinary Shares for every Fl.1,600 nominal now held.

In order not to lose any of the benefits to which they are entitled, holders of bearer Certificates which do not represent in total an exact multiple of Fl.1,600 should consult their Brokers or Bankers with a view to purchasing additional coupons to make up such multiple or to disposing of surplus coupons in Amsterdam.

(b) SUB-SHARE CERTIFICATES.

One Ordinary Sub-Share of Fl.12 for every 16 Ordinary Sub-Shares now held.

Bonus Certificates of Ordinary Shares and Sub-Shares carry the same right to dividend in respect of 1930 as the existing issued Certificates of Ordinary Shares and Sub-Shares.

INSTRUCTIONS TO HOLDERS OF BEARER CERTIFICATES.

In order to obtain bonus Certificates, holders should detach coupon No. 6 and surrender it on or after 2nd June, 1930, in London at the offices of :—

Midland Bank, Limited, Poultry, E.C.2.

IN HOLLAND AT THE OFFICES OF :—

ROTTERDAMSCHE BANKVEREENIGING, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM AND THE HAGUE.

NEDERLANDSCH HANDELSMAATSCHAPPIJ, ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM AND THE HAGUE.

MESSRS. PIERSON AND COMPANY, AMSTERDAM.

MESSRS. MENDELSSOHN AND COMPANY, AMSTERDAM.

These Coupons must be listed on a form which can be obtained from the above banks, and must represent an exact multiple of Fl.1,600. Provisional Scrip Certificates will be issued in due course.

INSTRUCTIONS TO HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF SUB-SHARES REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF THE MIDLAND BANK EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE COMPANY, LTD.

Provisional Scrip Certificates in respect of Bonus Sub-Share Certificates will be issued on and after 2nd June, 1930. In order to obtain these provisional scrip certificates holders must deposit their Sub-Share Certificates for marking at the offices of the MIDLAND BANK LIMITED, POULTRY, E.C.2. All Certificates must be listed on the special form provided by the Bank and must be left three clear days for examination. The provisional scrip certificates will be exchangeable for definitive Sub-Share Certificates on and after 5th August, 1930. No fractional Certificates will be issued, but arrangements have been made for the Sub-Share Certificates representing the aggregate of the fractions which may arise in calculating the exact bonus of one in sixteen to be vested in trustees for realization. Applicants will receive with their scrip certificates cheques for the value of fractions (if any) calculated at the approximate current market value of the Sub-Shares. As evidence of the issue of provisional scrip certificates for bonus Sub-Shares to holders of existing Sub-Share Certificates, dividend spaces No. 6 on the back of the Certificates will be cancelled by the Bank.

By Order of the Board,

H. DAVIS, L. V. FILDES,

D. HARDWICK, J. M. B. STUBBS, Secretaries.

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

COAL TRADE REPORTS

GRAIN AND FARM PRODUCE

LONDON (THE BALTIC EXCHANGE), May 24.—WHEAT.—The market had a quiet tone and with lower closing advices from America and Argentina quotations were occasionally 3d. per quarter easier. No. 2 hard winter, 60/61lb., May-June, was offered at 40s.; Pacific white, June and July, at 39s.; and Aug. at 39s. 3d. Roasfe, 62½lb. (new), June 15, was obtainable at 38s. 6d. For Australian sailer, arrived, 41s. 3d. was required; 41s. 6d. for steamer West Australian, shipping-shipped, and 40s. 3d. for choice white Karachi, June. Parcels were sold at 39s. 9d. to 34s., but offers of this quality were made less freely. No. 1 Northern Manitoba (May-June), was offered at 42s.

The wheat futures market opened dull at 4d. to 5d. decline, but although no business was reported the final tone was rather steadier at 4d. under yesterday.

	Per 480lb.	Open'g values	Noon values	Closing values	Prev. closing values
		MANITOBA GRADE			
		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
May	.. ..	39 5	39 5	39 5	39 9
July	.. ..	39 1	39 1	39 1	39 5
November	.. ..	39 10	39 10	39 10	40 2
		LONDON GRADE			
May	.. ..	36 4	36 4	36 5	36 9
July	.. ..	36 5	36 5	36 6	36 10

MAIZE was quiet and obtainable at 3d. per quarter decline. La Plata, on passage and loading-loaded, was offered at 25s.; for May-June, 25s. 6d.; and June-July at 24s. 6d. For Dan.-Gal.-Fox., June, 23s. 6d. was asked. Parcels were inactive at 3d. per quarter less money. La Plata, May-June, 24s.

BARLEY continued quiet. Danubian, May-June, 16s. 6d. and Black Sea, May 25-June, 17s.

OATS were inactive. For La Plata, June, shippers asked 12s. and 12s. 3d. for July. Danubian, May, were obtainable at 14s.

The following are farmers' deliveries from returns received in the week ended May 24 and for the season to date (40 weeks) :—

	Wheat	Barley	Oats
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
This week ..	138,801	21,393	19,452
Average price ..	8s 7d.	7s. 4d.	6s. 7d.
Same week last year ..	141,532	28,274	27,349
Average price ..	9s. 10d.	10s. 7d.	9s. 8d.
This season ..	8,784,798	10,972,664	1,805,748
Last season ..	9s. 3½d.	8s. 10d.	7s. 6½d.
Average price ..	9,193,130	11,887,902	2,691,406
	9s. 8d.	10s. 8½d.	9s. 4d.

LIVERPOOL, May 24.—WHEAT.—C.i.f. parcels were 3d. to 6d. per qr. lower, but there was little or no inquiry. Quotations :—No. 1 Northern Manitoba, May-half June, 41s. 6d.; No. 2, 40s. 7½d.; No. 3 Manitoba, May-June, 40s. 1½d.; No. 2 mixed durum, May-June, 35s. 6d.; No. 2 hard winter, June (Gulf), 38s. 9d.; Rosafe, 62½lb., June, 38s.; Barusso, 60½lb., June, 37s. 3d.; choice white Karachi, June, 40s.; Australian, afloat, 41s.; soft white Pacific, June, 38s. 9d. Spot parcels were quiet and generally 1d. per cental lower. Graded wheat futures opened 5d. to 1d. lower in sympathy with easy closing American-Canadian markets and further declined owing to an increasing movement of new American winter wheat, cheaper c.i.f. offers easy at 1½d. to 1½d. per cental decline. Sales, 100 loads.

GRADED WHEAT FUTURES

Per 100lb.	Opening values	Business covered Highest	Lowest	Closing values	Prev. closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
May ..	7 11	—	—	7 10½	7 11⅞
July* ..	7 11½	7 11¾	7 11¼	7 11⅞	8 0⅛
Sept. ..	8 0⅛	8 0⅛	7 11¾	7 11⅞	8 1¼
Dec.* ..	8 1⅛	8 1⅛	8 1⅛	8 0⅞	8 2⅜

* Net cash terms.

MAIZE.—C.i.f. parcels were neglected. La Plata was about unchanged. La Plata, afloat, 25s. 1½d. and 25s.; May-June, 24s.; June-July, 23s. 6d.; July-Aug., 23s. 7½d. Dan.-Gal.-Fox., June-July, 23s. Spot parcels were quiet without change.

OATS were very quiet. Chilean tawny, June July, 13s. 3d.; Aug., 13s. 6d.; La Plata, f.a.q., June, 12s. 6d.

FLOUR was quiet and unchanged.

CAMBRIDGE, May 24.—Wheat, 38s., delivered to mill. There was no trade in barley. Oats, 18s. to 19s.

ELY, May 24.—Wheat, 37s. to 38s.; oats, 18s. 6d. to 20s.; barley, 27s. to 36s.

GLOUCESTER, May 24.—English wheat was in poor demand with prices about easier. No barley, oats or beans were on offer and values were nominal.

NORTHAMPTON, May 24.—Very little corn was offering and prices were unchanged. The top price for wheat was 40s. in mill. Barley, 28s. to 30s. Oats, 20s. to 22s.

PETERBOROUGH, May 24.—Wheat, 37s. 6d. to 38s. 6d. Barley and oats were unaltered. Very little was offering.

LONDON, May 24.—POTATOES (THE BOROUGH).—Liberal supplies met a fair demand at declining prices. Best sample, silkland, King Edward was quoted £3 10s. to £4; second-grade, silkland, King Edward and Scotch King Edward, £2 10s. to £3; and light-soil, Majestic and saltland, King Edward, £2 5s. to £2 10s. per ton. New potatoes sold readily with Spanish, Majorc, quoted 10s. to 11s.; Cherbourg, 14s., and Jersey, at 16s. per box all ex-market. Home deliveries during the past week totalled 2,500 tons.

COVENT GARDEN.—There were plentiful supplies of fruit and greenstuff on offer and trade was brisk. Quotations :—Australian apples, 12s. to 15s.; Tasmanian apples, 10s. 6d. to 13s.; New Zealand apples, 12s. to 16s.; American Newtown apples, 11s. 6d. to 14s. per box; South African pears, 3s. to 9s. per box; Australian pears, 14s. to 18s. per case; New Zealand pears, 8s. per tray, English Hambro grapes, 2s. 6d. to 8s.; per tray, grapes, 3s. to 4s.; Belgian Colmar, 1s. per lb.; Belgian Royal grapes, 2s. to 3s. per lb.; Australian grapes, 14s. to 16s. per case; English hothouse peaches, 8s. to 36s.; Belgian peaches, 3s. to 21s.; green figs, 6s. to 18s. per dozen; English and Guernsey melons, 4s. to 9s.; St. Michael's pineapples, 2s. 9d. to 3s. 6d. each; Spanish oranges, 12s. to 40s.; Brazilian oranges, 16s. to 18s. per case; Californian oranges, 28s. to 32s. 6d. per box; Messina lemons, 8s. to 12s. per box; Naples lemons, 8s. to 25s. per case; Porto Rico grape fruit, 30s. to 36s.; South African grape fruit, 27s. 6d. to 30s. 6d.; Cuban grape fruit, 25s. to 35s. per box; gooseberries, 5s. to 6s. per 12lb.; rhubarb, 3s. 6d. to 5s. per dozen bundles; French cherries, 9s. to 10s. per half sieve; Canary bananas, 14s. to 24s. per crate; English and Guernsey tomatoes, 8s. to 11s. per 12lb.; cucumbers, 2s. to 4s. per tray; French asparagus, 9d. to 1s. 9d. per bundle; English asparagus, 1s. to 4s. per bundle; radishes, 1s. 6d. to 2s. per dozen bunches; spinach, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. per bushel; beans, 3s. to 3s. 6d. per dozen; French broad beans, 3s. to 3s. 6d. per cane; English lettuce, 2s. to 3s. 6d. per box.

COTTON

LIVERPOOL, May 24.—With business in Manchester almost at a standstill, spinners continue to purchase very sparingly of the raw material, but the sales were again augmented by fair buying for export. American growths were in limited request and quotations were reduced 4 points. Middling, 8.63d. per lb. Brazilians met with a moderate inquiry at a decline of 4 points; Peruvian was easier. Good fair and quotations were 4 points lower, 9.28d. Egyptians had a slow sale, but quotations of Sakellaridis were 5 points dearer. Fully good fair, 13.90d.; fair, 13.60d. Africans had a fair turnover, but were 4 points easier. Fully good fair, 9.18d. East Indians dull at previous rates; fine M.G. Broach, 6.30d., and fine No. 1 Oomras 5.65d. per lb. American futures had an extremely dull and apathetic session with no incentive to operate, and trading was chiefly professional. Sentiment is still bearish on the gloomy reports from Manchester, and forecasts of only a slight reduction in acreage, but fears of crop scares tend to check short selling. The market opened rather below parity at a decline of 5 to 6 points with local and Continental liquidation in evidence on forecasts for better weather in the Southwest, but presently values improved 12 to 18 points owing to trade calling and week-end covering, while there was no pressure to sell. The close was quiet 3 to 5 points down on the day.

Egyptian.—The Sakellaridis contract opened three points easier, and after a small trade the market closed idle, two points lower on the day. The Upper contract closed idle, three to four points down. Sakellaridis closing values :—May, 12.99; June, 12.73; July, 12.74; Aug., 12.74; Sept., 12.74; Oct., 12.45; Nov., 12.43; Dec., 12.44; Jan., 12.52; Feb., 12.65; March, 12.83; April, 12.68; May, 12.73. Upper and Pilion closing values :—May, 9.90; June, 9.88; July, 9.85; Aug., 9.80; Sept., 9.80; Oct., 9.30; Nov., 9.40; Dec., 9.47; Jan., 9.52; Feb., 9.57; March, 9.64; April, 9.69; May, 9.73.

The Empire and miscellaneous contract closed quiet at a decline of four to five points without any business being recorded. Closing values :—May, 7.96; June, 7.93; July, 7.90; Aug., 7.90; Sept., 7.88; Oct., 7.75; Nov., 7.74; Dec., 7.75; Jan., 7.76; Feb., 7.75; March, 7.78; April, 7.78; May, 7.78.

Description	Sales To-day	Sales So far this week	Export To-day	Export So far this week	Imports To-day	Imports So far this week
American	840	840	—	—	—	—
Brazilian, &c.	250	250	—	—	51	51
Peruvian, &c.	200	200	—	—	—	—
Egyptian, &c.	600	600	500	500	63	63
E. Indies, &c.	100	100	—	—	30	30
Totals— This week	2,000	2,000	500	500	144	144
Last week	2,000	2,000	100	100	4,086	4,086

Amer. Futures	To-day			Prev. day		
Delivery—	Hgh'st	L'west	Closing	Hgh'st	L'west	Closing
May	8.20	8.17	8.19	8.24	8.20	8.23
June	—	—	8.11	8.14	8.13	8.14
July	8.06	8.03	8.06	8.12	8.08	8.09
August	—	—	7.97	—	—	8.00
September	—	—	7.92	—	—	7.95
October	7.87	7.85	7.87	7.94	7.90	7.91
November	—	—	7.87	—	—	7.91
December	7.87	7.87	7.89	7.95	7.95	7.93
January	7.90	7.88	7.90	7.97	7.94	7.94
February	—	—	7.92	—	—	7.96
March	7.95	7.93	7.95	8.01	7.98	7.99
April	—	—	7.98	—	—	8.01
May	—	—	7.98	—	—	8.03
July	—	—	7.98	—	—	8.03
October	—	—	7.98	—	—	8.03
January, 1932 ..	—	—	7.98	—	—	8.03
	—	—	8.01	—	—	8.06

Stocks, &c., for week ended May 23, are given below :—

	Import	From'ded	Sales	Export	Stock
	Bales	Bales	Bales	Bales	Bales
American	5,803	22,564	5,300	32	320,550
Brazilian	1,973	4,285	2,330	71	139,500
Peruvian	650	1,780	1,450	621	58,700
Egyptian	9,982	3,768	1,000	85	25,010
Soudan	6,374	1,604	440	902	91,981
W. Indian	130	162	110	—	3,880
E. African	—	1,360	300	—	31,290
S. African	—	—	40	—	—
W. African	378	588	200	—	31,360
E. Indian	2,316	11,769	1,200	209	47,980
Total ..	27,484	47,880	13,110	1,516	749,530
So far this year ..	2,481,483	2,314,800	1,294,240	116,514	—
Last year ..	2,843,600	2,455,000	1,389,580	113,000	931,980

The Alexandria General Produce Association quote fully good fair futures (in 100ths. of a dollar per cantar of 99.05lb.), as follows :—

—	To-day 1st report	To-day Close	Previous close
Ashmouni, June ..	19.80	—	19.80
.. August ..	—	—	18.23
Sakellaridis, July ..	—	—	28.12
.. November ..	24.88	—	24.78
.. January ..	25.00	—	25.05

Receipts to-day, 1,174 bales.

ARTIFICIAL SILK

MANCHESTER, May 24.—Such improvement as is noticeable in the state of the artificial silk market is certainly very slight and is largely confined to demand for home consumption, which covers high-class dress goods, such as crêpes, voiles, and taffetas. Manufacturers of these are doing fairly well and are able to keep their machinery running full time. Trade with India has become practically to a standstill. There is no doubt that Calcutta would resume trading if dealers were not being intimidated. China continues to be hampered by the low rate of exchange. There has been rather less put through for Canada, but orders for New Zealand have been fairly numerous, and a rather better demand has sprung up from Egypt and Greater Africa. Java and Singapore are only taking small parcels. Mixture fabrics, high-class printed, and corset cloths have been booked to a moderate extent. There has also been a fair turnover in linings. The competition for orders is so keen that producers in the majority of instances find it difficult to secure prices that will cover the costs of production. It has been quiet all week in yarns, little activity being reported either for viscose or acetate qualities. The lower grades are still exceedingly difficult to move.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PRODUCE

LONDON, May 24.—SUGAR.—Home refined was in moderate request at unchanged rates. Tate's A. T. cubes, 25s. 6d.; No. 1, 25s. 3d.; H. S. S., 24s.; crushed No. 1, 26s.; ditto, B., 23s. 6d.; nibs, 23s. 6d.; coffee crystals, 24s.; ditto, B., 23s. 6d.; castor A., 25s.; ditto, 20s. 6d. No. 3 crystals, 22s. 6d.; Tate's London and Lyle's No. 2 granulated, month forward, 21s. 6d.; T. L. granulated, 21s. 3d. For export :—Tate's No. 1 cubes (in cartons), 23s. 1½d.; No. 3, 22s. 7½d. Home-grown granulated, prompt, ex Ely, Ipswich, and Chantley, quoted 20s. 6d. (3d. less ex London); Anglo-Scottish, 20s. 6d. to 21s., ex factory; T. L., ex refinery, quoted 20s. 4½d.; West Indian crystallised, spot, quoted 20s. 6d. to 22s. 9d.; white Java, July-Sept., quoted 9s.; Oct.-Dec., 9s. 0½d., c. and f., India. Czech granulated, prompt, quoted 8s. 3d.; Nov.-Dec., 8s. 4½d., f.o.b., Hamburg. Dutch granulated, prompt, 8s. 7½d., f.o.b., Rotterdam. Polish crystals, prompt, quoted 7s. 6d., f.o.b., Danzig. Raw Sugar was quiet; preferential, 96 per cent., May-June, quoted 10s. 9d., value; San Domingo and/or Cuban, 96 per cent., July, cargo, sold at 7s., c.i.f.

White Sugar futures were inactive. Call :—

10.30 a.m.

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
May ..	8 4½	8 6	Dec. ..	9 1½	8 9¼
Aug. ..	8 6¾	8 5¼			

Raw sugar futures were barely steady : Aug. delivery sold at 6s. 4½d.; Dec., at 6s. 9d. Calls (88 per cent. beet) :—

10.30 a.m.

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
May ..	6 3	6 1½	New Contract Basis 96 per cent., c.i.f.		
Aug. ..	6 5¼	6 3¼	Jan. ..	7 6	7 4½
Oct. ..	6 6¾	6 5¼	March ..	7 9¼	7 9
Dec. ..	6 9	6 8¼	May ..	7 0	7 11¼

Visible supplies of sugar are given by C. Czarnikow, Ltd., as follows :—

Date	1930	1929
United Kingdom	May 1 232,000	244,000
France	Do. 490,000	393,000
Germany	Do. 1,102,000	988,000
Czechoslovakia	Do. 431,000	396,000
Holland	Do.	229,000
Belgium	April 1 220,000	171,000
Poland	Do. 160,000	281,000
	May 1 347,000	
Europe		2,982,000 2,705,000
U. States—Atlantic Ports ..	Mar. 29 578,000	560,000
Cuba—all ports ..	Do. 1,412,000	1,298,000
Cuba—Interior ..	Do. 1,560,000	1,260,000
Total tons ..		6,532,000 5,823,000
Previous total ..		6,812,000 6,12 7,000 0

COCOA.—Accra steady; fair fermented, May-July, quoted 32s. 6d. per cwt.; mid-crop, 30s.; new crop, Oct.-Dec., 35s., sellers, f.o.b., Liverpool contract. Peitures were quiet and easier; no business being reported. Call (Accra cocoa) :—

11 a.m.

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
June ..	36 0	34 6	Sept. ..	36 6	35 7½
July ..	35 9	35 3	Dec. ..	36 6	35 9
Aug. ..	36 0	34 9			

RICE was quiet. Burmas No. 2, cleaned, spot, quoted 13s. 6d. per cwt.; May-June, in singles to Continent and U.K., 12s. 11½d.; No. 3, doubles to Levant, May-June, 12s. 1½d.; S.Q., doubles, June-July, Cuba (main ports), 12s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f. Brokens, Burma No. 1, May-June, 10s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f. Siam Glaes, No. 1, May-June, dominant quoted 15s. 9d., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent. Saigon No. 1, May-June, singles, quoted 12s. 7½d., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent.

SAGO AND TAPIOCA.—Brands, handpicked white, spot, quoted 10s. 6d. per cwt.; May-June, 11s., c.i.f., U.K.

SAGO FLOUR was quiet. May-June quoted 10s. 9d. per cwt., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.

TAPIOCA was quiet. Fine Java, spot, quoted 27s.; May-June, 25s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f. Fair flake Singapore, May-June, 12s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f., Havre. Seed pearl, May-June, 13s. 6d., value, c.i.f. Fine Java, spot, quoted 25s.; June, 24s., value, c.i.f.

SPICES.—Pepper was quietly steady. Black Singapore spot, quoted 11d. per lb.; Lampong, 10½d.; Tellicherry, 11¾d.; Alleppy, 11d.; white Muntok, 1s. 6½d., sellers. To arrive, black Singapore, f.a.q., May-July, quoted 9¾d., value; Lampong, May-July, quoted 9¼d., sellers; Aug.-Oct., 8¾d., sellers; white Muntok, May-July, quoted 11¾d., value; Aug.-Oct., 11¼d., buyers. Cloves quiet; Zanzibar, spot, quoted delivered weight, 11¾d., sellers, c.i.f. Pimento steady; spot, quoted 7½d.; July-Aug., 6⅝d. per cwt., buyers, c.i.f.

RUBBER.—Plantation grades were quiet but steady. Smoked sheet, spot, and May and June sold from 6¹⁵⁄₁₆d. to 7d. and sellers, per lb.; June at 7d. and sellers; July-Sept. at 7⅛d. and value; Oct.-Dec. at 7¼d. and value; Jan.-March at 7⅜d. and value; crêpe, spot, quoted 6¾d., value; Para grades unchanged; hard fine, spot, quoted 7¼d., sellers.

GAMBIER was quiet. Good marks, May-June, quoted 25s. 6d. per cwt., sellers, c.i.f.

SHELLAC.—The spot market was quiet. T N Orange basis fair, quoted 157s. 6d. per cwt.; A C, 145s.; pure button, 170s.; fine orange from 156s. to 250s., sellers. Futures were quiet; T N, Aug.-delivery, quoted 122s., sellers; Oct. delivery, 125s. 6d., sellers. Subsequent market quiet; 73 bags, May-June, quoted 115s., sellers, c.i.f. Calcutta cable dated May 24 gives :—Spot quoted Rs.55, sellers; June and July, Rs.55, nominal.

HEMP.—Manila grades were quiet and easier; Grade J, May-July, quoted £25 per ton, sellers; K, £24, value; July-Oct. sold at £24 1/-, No. 1, £23 15s.; No. 2, £22 10s.; M, No. 1, £22 15s., sellers; No. 2, £22 10s., sellers, c.i.f. African sisal quiet; Tanganyika and Kenya No. 1, good marks, May-July, quoted £20 10s., f.a.q., £20, sellers, c.i.f. Mexican sisal unaltered.

JUTE.—The market was closed and will remain closed on all Saturdays during May and June.

COPRA was quiet; spot, Singapore, f.m.s., May-June, quoted £21 2s. 6d. per ton, sellers, c.i.f., Rotterdam. Ceylon, f.m.s., May-June, quoted £21 5s., sellers, c.i.f., usual ports. Dutch East Indies, f.m.s., May-June, quoted £21 2s. 6d., sellers, value, c.i.f., one port. Mixed (no Pad.), May-June, quoted £20 2s. 6d., sellers; South Sea, kiln-dried, £20, sellers, c.i.f., Marseilles.

LIVERPOOL, May 24.—SUGAR EXCHANGE.—The market opened with values unchanged to 1½d. lower, and remained quietly steady throughout the session, with trading confined to May (1931) at 8s. 5d. The close was steady, and unchanged to 1½d. per cwt. lower than the opening rates.

Month	Opening Call	Closing Call
May	7/3½s.-7/3½d.	7/3s.-7/3½d.
June	7/4s.-7/3d.	7/4s.-7/3d.
July	7/5s.-7/4d.	7/4½s.-7/4d.
August	7/5½s.-7/4½d.	7/4½s.-7/4d.
October	7/7s. paid	7/7s. paid
December	7/7½s.-7/6½d.	7/7s.-7/6½d.
January	7/10½ paid	7/10½s.-7/10d.
March	7/11½ paid	8/0s.-7/11½d.
May	8/3s.-8/2½d.	8/3½s.-8/3d.
	8/3½s.-8/4½d.	8/5½s.-8/5d.

SEEDS AND OILS

LONDON, May 24.—THE BALTIC EXCHANGE.—LINSEED was quiet and inactive. Calcutta to London, April-May new, £18 15s., sellers; bold, Bombay to London, May-June, June-July and July-Aug., £19 15s., sellers; La Plata to Hull, afloat and June-July, £17 7s. 6d., sellers. RAPESEED was steady. Toria, May-June, and June-July, to Hull-Continent, £15 10s., and Jamba, May-June, £10 17s. 6d., sellers. COTTONSEED was quiet and unchanged. Bombay to Hull, May-June, £8 10s., nominal; Egyptian, black, afloat, £7 1s. 3d., May, £7 6s. 6d., sellers; Sakellaridis, May, £6 13s. 9d., and June, £6 15s., sellers. GROUNDNUTS were easier; Coromandel, machined, May-June and June-July, £15 10s., and July-Aug., £15 12s. 6d., sellers. CASTORSEED was steady. Bombay to Hull-Antwerp, £15, sellers. PALM KERNELS were quiet; June-July, to Hull, £14 13s. 9d., sellers. LINSEED OIL was in slow request. Spot La Plata quoted £41 10s.; June, £39 10s.; June-Aug., £38 15s., and Sept.-Dec., £37 2s. 6d. per ton. RAPE OIL was dull. Crude extracted, £37, and technical refined, £38 10s., naked, ex-wharf. COTTON OIL was quiet. Egyptian, crude, £29; refined common edible, £34; deodorized, £36, naked, ex-mill.

HULL, May 24.—LINSEED OIL was quiet and unchanged. Spot, £42 10s.; May, £41 15s.; June-Aug., £39 12s. 6d.; Sept.-Dec., £38 7s. 6d., naked, ex-mill. COTTON OIL was quiet. Egyptian, crude, spot, £28 15s.; edible refined, spot, £31 10s.; technical, spot, £31 5s.; deodorized, spot, £33 10s. PALM KERNEL OIL.—Crude naked, 5½ per cent., spot, £31 10s. GROUNDNUT OIL.—Crushed-extracted, spot, £32; deodorized, £36. SOYA spot, £33 5s. RAPE OIL.—Crushed-extracted, spot, £36 10s.; refined, spot, £38 10s. per ton. CASTOR OIL and Con OIL remained quiet and unchanged. TURPENTINE.—Spot, 41s. 9d. per cwt.

METALS AND MINERALS

GLASGOW, May 24.—COAL.—In some directions business has been a little better this week, but generally speaking the trade continues to be unsatisfactory. There is still considerable short-time working in all the districts, and, even so, supplies of some qualities, especially large coal, continue to accumulate, and the collieries are up against the difficulty of keeping their outputs moving without offering material at lower prices. The falling off in the home trade is throwing extra coal on to the shipping market, and while business in the latter has been better during the week it has not been sufficient to take care of these extra supplies except in the case of nuts, which have been in demand again on London account as well as for the usual export markets.

Shippers, generally, however, are still experiencing their Polish competition, especially in the Scandinavian trade, and handicapped as they are by the need for caution in view of the possible effects of Government legislation, they are not doing as well as could be desired, although it is satisfactory to note that the tonnages being shipped are now being maintained at a fairly steady level. Tenders were forwarded a day or two ago for a Finnish State Railways order for 20,000 tons of steam coal, shipment June-August, and it may be hoped that the result will be more satisfactory to the Scottish trade than have some other important contracts this year.

The firm features in the market at the moment are trebles and nuts, particularly the former. Prices of these have become firmer in all districts, and ripe trebles are in rather short supply now. Round coals generally remain easy, and even steam qualities and Lanarkshire splint material, which have been in fairly good demand for some time, are now readily obtainable on easier terms.

Current prices for shipment are approximately as follows :—

Lanarkshire.—Ell best, 14s.; splint best, 15s. 6d. to 16s.; splint second, 14s. 6d. to 15s.; navigation, 16s.; navigation second, 14s. 6d.; Hartley, 16s.—all per ton, f.o.b. Glasgow. Steam, 12s. 6d.; trebles, 12s. to 12s. 6d.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; singles, 10s. 6d.; pearls, 10s.; dross, 9s. 6d.—all per ton, f.o.b. Grangemouth.

Fife.—Screened navigation, 16s. 6d. to 17s. 6d.; first-class steam, 12s. 9d.; third-class steam, 10s. 3d.; trebles, 13s. to 14s.; doubles, 11s. 6d. to 11s. 9d.; singles, 10s. 9d.; pearls, 10s. 6d.—all per ton f.o.b. Burntisland or Methil.

Lothians.—Prime steam, 12s.; secondary steam, 11s. 6d.; trebles, 13s.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; singles, 10s. 6d.; pearls, 10s. 6d.—all per ton f.o.b. Leith.

Ayrshire.—Unscreened navigation, 16s.; jewel, 16s.; steam, 13s. 3d.; trebles, 12s. 6d.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; singles, 10s. 9d.; pearls, 10s. 9d.; dross, 10s. 6d.—all per ton f.o.b. AYR or TROON.

ISAON AND FIFEL.—It is still impossible to speak hopefully of the iron and steel trades. The majority of the works are very irregularly employed, and neither the new business being booked nor the volume of inquiry encourages the hope that conditions may improve before very long. The falling off in shipbuilding work is a depressing influence, which is not offset by a slightly better demand from some of the engineering establishments. The shipyards are still a very important outlet for the Clydeside iron and steel makers, and all the signs are that it will remain a poor one for some time yet. There have been no important orders for new ships reported lately, and the number of empty berths at the docks is steadily increasing.

A substantial amount of Continental and English iron and steel is still coming to the Clydeside, although this week's arrivals were probably not so extensive as those of some recent weeks. Pig iron from India is also being imported at large quantities, some 4,500 tons having been discharged in the docks this week, and lots, of course, of local-made iron. In fact, it is fre

Mails and Shipping

OUTWARD MAILS

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES

Mails will be dispatched from London to the destinations shown.

The times given are the latest hours for posting at the General Post Office, King Edward-street, London, E.C.1. In some of the district offices collections will be closed earlier.

NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.

6 P.M.—To Argentina, Bolivia, Chile (exc. North), Paraguay and Uruguay; Brazil (Rio and Santos), West Coast of Africa (French Equatorial Africa (Gabon), French Senegal and Sudan).

8 P.M.—To Canary Islands (all parts).

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY)

NOON.—To China (all parts)*, Japan*.

6 P.M.—To China (all parts)*, Dutch East Indies, Egypt, Palestine and Syria, Straits Settlements*, West Coast of Africa (French Senegal and Sudan, French Equatorial Africa (Gabon).

FULL LIST OF DISPATCHES

In the following table are shown the main overseas mails, other than daily, including those set out above, to be dispatched shortly from London :—

Destination	Posting at G.P.O., London	
ARGENTINA, BOLIVIA, CHILE (exc. North), PARAGUAY AND URUGUAY : Ital. pkt. (Conte Rosso)	May 26	6 p.m.
R. Star (Stuart Star)	May 29	7.30 a.m.
Nelson (Highland Princess)	May 31	7.30 a.m.
Nelson† (Highland Princess)	May 31	6 p.m.
Ital. pkt. (Giulio Cesare)	June 4	6 p.m.
ASCENSION AND ST. HELENA : U.-Castle (Llandovery Castle)	May 29	6 p.m.
AUSTRALIA : Orient (Oronsay)	May 29	7.30 a.m.
P. & O. (Narkunda)	May 29	6 p.m.
AUSTRALIA (Adelaide, &c.) AND ALL EASTERN STATE CITIES : Ait Malta	May 31	6 p.m.
BAHAMAS, BERMUDA, PERU (exc. Iquitos) : Via N.Y. (Majestic)	May 28	2 a.m.
BRAZIL : (Rio, Santos) : Ital. pkt. (Conte Rosso)	May 26	6 p.m.
(exc. Rio, Santos) : Du. pkt.† (Flandria)	May 28	8 p.m.
(exc. Rio, Santos) : Nelson (Highland Princess)	May 30	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos) : Nelson† (Highland Princess)	May 31	7.30 a.m.
(Cura, Maranhao) : Booth (Benedict)	May 31	6 p.m.
(Rio, Santos) : R.M.S.P. (Asturias)	June 5	8 p.m.
CANADA (all parts) : Via N.Y. (Majestic)	June 3	8 p.m.
(all parts) : Direct (Duchess of York) (Quebec, City, &c.) : Direct (Emp. of Australia)	May 28	2 a.m.
(exc. Quebec (City, &c.) : Via N.Y. (Mauretania)	May 30	2 a.m.
(all parts) : Via N.Y. (Adriatic)	May 31	2 a.m.
(Maz. Post) (all parts) : Direct (Emp. of Australia)	May 31	6 p.m.
CANARY ISLANDS (all parts) : E. & F. (Teide)	May 30	5.30 p.m.
(Las Palmas) : Du. pkt. (Flandria)	May 28	8 p.m.
(Las Palmas) : U.-Castle† (Llandovery Castle)	May 28	8 p.m.
(Tenerife) : U.-Castle (Llandovery Castle)	May 29	6 a.m.
(all parts) : Du. pkt.† (Flandria)	May 29	7.30 a.m.
(Tenerife) : R.D. (Dasrenba)	May 30	6 p.m.
(all parts) : Nelson (Highland Princess)	May 31	2 a.m.
(all parts) : Nelson† (Highland Princess)	May 31	7.30 a.m.
CAPE VERD Is. : Via Lisbon	May 31	6 p.m.
CENTRAL AMERICA (B. Honduras, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), CUBA AND MEXICO : Via N.Y. (Majestic)	June 7	6 p.m.
CEYLON : Orient (Oronsay)	May 28	2 a.m.
P. & O. (Narkunda and Kalyan)	May 29	6 p.m.
CHINA (all parts) : Via Siberia*	June 5	6 p.m.
(all parts) : Holt* (Armagh)	Daily	Noon
(Hong-kong, & China) : Via Suez and Bombay (Zamzak)	May 29	6 p.m.
(all parts) : Via Vancouver (Emp. of Australia and Emp. of Canada)	May 31	2 a.m.
COLOMBIA (exc. S. Marta), CHILE (N.) : Via N.Y. (Majestic)	May 28	2 a.m.
(S. Marta) : E. & F. (Camito)	May 30	7.30 a.m.
COOK AND SOUTHERN Is. : Via 'Frisco (Majestic and Makura)	May 28	2 a.m.
Via 'Frisco (Mauretania and Makura)	May 31	2 a.m.
COSTA RICA : Via N.Y. (Majestic)	May 28	2 a.m.
E. & F. (Caraca)	May 31	7.30 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Adriatic)	May 31	6 p.m.
DUTCH EAST INDIES : Du. pkt. (Johan de Wit)	May 27	6 p.m.
P. & O. (Razmak)	May 28	1.30 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika) : P. & O. (Razmak)	May 29	6 p.m.
ECUADOR : Via N.Y. (Majestic)	May 29	6 p.m.
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND SYRIA : Ital. pkt. (Esperia)	May 28	2 a.m.
Ital. pkt. (Esperia)	May 27	6 p.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) AND SUDAN : Ital. pkt. (Vienna)	May 28	9 a.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) : Ital. pkt. (Vienna)	May 28	6 p.m.
EGYPT, CYPRUS, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &C. : P. & O. (Razmak)	May 29	6 p.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c. : Air Mails	May 31	6 a.m.
FALKLAND Is. : Via M'video (Highland Princess)	May 31	6 p.m.
FIJI : Via 'Frisco and N.Z. (Majestic, Makura, and Aorangi)	May 31	7.30 a.m.
Via 'Frisco and N.Z. (Mauretania, Makura, and Aorangi)	May 28	2 a.m.
GUIANA (Br.) : Harrison (Auditor)	May 31	2 a.m.
GUIANAS (Br., Fr., and Du.) : E. & F. (Caraca)	May 29	6 p.m.
INDIA, ADEN, PERSIA (exc. North), (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah) AND SEYCHELLES : P. & O. (Razmak)	May 29	6 p.m.
INDIA, IRAQ, PERSIA AND PERSIAN GULF : Air Mails†	May 31	6 a.m.
IRAQ, PERSIA (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah) : P. & O. (Razmak)	May 29	6 p.m.
JAMAICA : Via N.Y. (Majestic)	May 29	6 p.m.
E. & F. (Caribbee)	May 30	2 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Mauretania)	May 30	7.30 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Adriatic)	May 31	2 a.m.
JAPAN : Via Siberia*	May 31	6 p.m.
Via Vancouver (Emp. of Australia and Emp. of Canada)	Daily	Noon
MADEIRA : U.-Castle (Armadale Castle)	May 31	2 a.m.
E.D. (Dagomba)	May 30	11.30a.m.
MAURITIUS : Via Durban (Armadale Castle)	May 31	2 a.m.
NEWFOUNDLAND : Via N.Y. (Majestic)	May 30	11.30a.m.
Via Canada (Duchess of York)	May 28	2 a.m.
Via Canada (Emp. of Australia)	May 31	2 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Adriatic)	May 31	2 a.m.
(Maz. Post) : Via Canada (Emp. of Australia)	May 31	6 p.m.
NEW ZEALAND : Via 'Frisco (Majestic and Makura)	May 30	5.30 p.m.
Via 'Frisco (Mauretania and Makura)	May 28	2 a.m.
P.SS. (Iquitos) : Du. pkt. (Flandria)	May 31	2 a.m.
: Du. pkt.† (Flandria)	May 28	8 p.m.
POSTHUMUS EAST AFRICA : U.-Castle (Armadale Castle)	May 29	6 p.m.
SOUTH AFRICA (Port Elizabeth, East London, Durban, &c.) : Ait Malta†	May 30	11.30a.m.
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST AFRICA (Union Provinces, Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Bechuanaland, &c.) : U.-Castle (Armadale Castle)	May 30	11.30a.m.
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS : Holt* (Aeneas)	May 27	6 p.m.
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SIAM, FRENCH INDO-CHINA, NORTH BORNEO, &c. : P. & O. (Razmak)	May 29	6 p.m.
UNITED STATES : W. Star (Majestic)	May 28	2 a.m.
Ft. pkt.* (Ile de France)	May 28	2 a.m.
Canad. (Mauretania)	May 30	Noon
W. Star (Adriatic)	May 31	6 a.m.
Ger. pkt.* (Bremen)	May 31	6 p.m.
VENEZUELA : Via N.Y. (Majestic)	May 31	6 p.m.
Via N.Y. (Mauretania)	May 28	2 a.m.
WEST COAST OF AFRICA : Belgian Congo (exc. Katanga) and French Middle Congo : Bel. pkt. (Chevrille)	May 31	6 p.m.
Ft. Botanical Africa (Gabon), Fr. Senegal and Sudan : Fr. pkt. (Ile de France)	May 28	6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Lyon)	May 29	6 p.m.
Fr. Ex. (Kerguelen)	May 27	6 p.m.
Sierra Leone : E.D. (Bonsa)	May 28	9 a.m.
Sierra Leone, Liberia, Gold Coast, Nigeria, Ivory Coast, Dahomey, Togoland, Br. Cameroons : E.D. (Accra)		
Fernando Po and Spanish Guinea : Ger. pkt. (Wadai)	June 4	2 a.m.
WEST INDIES (Leeward) : Via N.Y. (Majestic)	June 6	8 p.m.
(Trinidad, &c.) : E. & F. (Caraca)	May 28	2 a.m.
(Trinidad, &c.) : E. & F. (Caraca)	May 31	7.30 a.m.
(Trinidad, &c.) : Fr. pkt. (Macoris)	May 31	7.30 a.m.
(Trinidad, &c.) : Fr. pkt. (Macoris)	June 2	6 p.m.
(Trinidad, &c.) : Fr. pkt. (Macoris)	June 5	6 p.m.

* Correspondence to be forwarded by this route must be specially so addressed.

† Air fee is 1d. per oz. in addition to the ordinary postage.

‡ Air fee is 2d. per half oz. in addition to the ordinary postage.

§ Air fees, to be prepaid by ordinary postage stamps in addition to the ordinary postage and registration fee, are as follows :—

To Egypt and Palestine, &c. .. .. .. 2d. per half oz.
" Persia and India (Karachi) .. .. .. 3½d. "
" India (Delhi) .. .. 4d. "

Air Mail label should be attached.

Letters and post-cards only.

Printed papers, letters and post-cards will be sent by this dispatch only when addressed accordingly.

DISPATCHES OF PARCEL MAILS

Parcel mails will be dispatched to the destinations named, the times given being the hours for posting at the General Post Office, King Edward-street, London, E.C.1 :—

TO-DAY, 11 A.M.—To Canary Islands, Ivory Coast, Mexico (direct), Sierra Leone, Dahomey, Togoland and Br. Cameroons.

6 P.M.—To Bahamas and Bermuda, Bolivia (via U.S.A.), British Honduras (via U.S.A.), Chile (all parts) (via U.S.A.), Honduras Republic (via U.S.A.), Mexico (via U.S.A.), West Indies (Leeward Islands).

TO-MORROW, 9 A.M.—To Bolivia (by direct ship to Arica), Chile (all parts) (sea direct), China (via U.S.A.), Cuba (via U.S.A.), Guatemala, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama, Salvador), Cuba and Mexico : Via N.Y. (Majestic)

CEYLON : Orient (Oronsay) .. .. .. May 28 2 a.m.
P. & O. (Narkunda and Kalyan) .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
CHINA (all parts)* : Via Siberia* .. .. June 5 6 p.m.
(all parts) : Holt* (Armagh) .. .. .. Daily Noon
(Hong-kong, & China) : Via Suez and Bombay (Zamzak) .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
(all parts) : Via Vancouver (Emp. of Australia and Emp. of Canada) .. .. May 31 2 a.m.
COLOMBIA (exc. S. Marta), CHILE (N.) : Via N.Y. (Majestic) .. .. May 28 2 a.m.
(S. Marta) : E. & F. (Camito) .. .. May 30 7.30 a.m.
COOK AND SOUTHERN Is. : Via 'Frisco (Majestic and Makura) .. .. .. May 28 2 a.m.
Via 'Frisco (Mauretania and Makura) May 31 2 a.m.
COSTA RICA : Via N.Y. (Majestic) .. May 28 2 a.m.
E. & F. (Caraca) .. .. May 31 7.30 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Adriatic) .. .. May 31 6 p.m.
DUTCH EAST INDIES : Du. pkt. (Johan de Wit) .. .. May 27 6 p.m.
P. & O. (Razmak) .. .. May 28 1.30 p.m.
EAST AFRICA (Kenya, Uganda, Zanzibar and Tanganyika) : P. & O. (Razmak) .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
ECUADOR : Via N.Y. (Majestic) .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND SYRIA : Ital. pkt. (Esperia) .. .. May 28 2 a.m.
Ital. pkt. (Esperia) .. .. May 27 6 p.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) AND SUDAN : Ital. pkt. (Vienna) .. .. May 28 9 a.m.
EGYPT (exc. Port Said) : Ital. pkt. (Vienna) .. .. May 28 6 p.m.
EGYPT, CYPRUS, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &C. : P. & O. (Razmak) .. .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
EGYPT, SUDAN, PALESTINE, &c. : Air Mails .. .. May 31 6 a.m.
FALKLAND Is. : Via M'video (Highland Princess) .. .. May 31 6 p.m.
FIJI : Via 'Frisco and N.Z. (Majestic, Makura, and Aorangi) .. .. May 31 7.30 a.m.
Via 'Frisco and N.Z. (Mauretania, Makura, and Aorangi) .. .. .. May 28 2 a.m.
GUIANA (Br.) : Harrison (Auditor) .. May 31 2 a.m.
GUIANAS (Br., Fr., and Du.) : E. & F. (Caraca) .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
INDIA, ADEN, PERSIA (exc. North), (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah) AND SEYCHELLES : P. & O. (Razmak) .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
INDIA, IRAQ, PERSIA AND PERSIAN GULF : Air Mails† .. .. .. May 31 6 a.m.
IRAQ, PERSIA (Abadan, Bushire and Mohammerah) : P. & O. (Razmak) .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
JAMAICA : Via N.Y. (Majestic) .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
E. & F. (Caribbee) .. .. May 30 2 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Mauretania) .. .. .. May 30 7.30 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Adriatic) .. .. May 31 2 a.m.
JAPAN : Via Siberia* .. .. May 31 6 p.m.
Via Vancouver (Emp. of Australia and Emp. of Canada) .. .. .. Daily Noon
MADEIRA : U.-Castle (Armadale Castle) .. .. May 31 2 a.m.
E.D. (Dagomba) .. .. May 30 11.30a.m.
MAURITIUS : Via Durban (Armadale Castle) .. .. May 31 2 a.m.
NEWFOUNDLAND : Via N.Y. (Majestic) May 30 11.30a.m.
Via Canada (Duchess of York) .. May 28 2 a.m.
Via Canada (Emp. of Australia) .. May 31 2 a.m.
Via N.Y. (Adriatic) .. .. May 31 2 a.m.
(Maz. Post) : Via Canada (Emp. of Australia) .. .. May 31 6 p.m.
NEW ZEALAND : Via 'Frisco (Majestic and Makura) .. .. May 30 5.30 p.m.
Via 'Frisco (Mauretania and Makura) May 28 2 a.m.
P.SS. (Iquitos) : Du. pkt. (Flandria) .. May 31 2 a.m.
: Du. pkt.† (Flandria) .. .. May 28 8 p.m.
POSTHUMUS EAST AFRICA : U.-Castle (Armadale Castle) .. .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
SOUTH AFRICA (Port Elizabeth, East London, Durban, &c.) : Ait Malta† .. .. May 30 11.30a.m.
SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST AFRICA (Union Provinces, Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Bechuanaland, &c.) : U.-Castle (Armadale Castle) .. .. May 30 11.30a.m.
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS : Holt* (Aeneas) May 27 6 p.m.
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SIAM, FRENCH INDO-CHINA, NORTH BORNEO, &c. : P. & O. (Razmak) .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
UNITED STATES : W. Star (Majestic) .. May 28 2 a.m.
Ft. pkt.* (Ile de France) .. .. .. May 28 2 a.m.
Canad. (Mauretania) .. .. .. May 30 Noon
W. Star (Adriatic) .. .. May 31 6 a.m.
Ger. pkt.* (Bremen) .. .. May 31 6 p.m.
VENEZUELA : Via N.Y. (Majestic) .. .. May 31 6 p.m.
Via N.Y. (Mauretania) .. .. .. May 28 2 a.m.
WEST COAST OF AFRICA : Belgian Congo (exc. Katanga) and French Middle Congo : Bel. pkt. (Chevrille) .. .. May 31 6 p.m.
Ft. Botanical Africa (Gabon), Fr. Senegal and Sudan : Fr. pkt. (Ile de France) .. .. May 28 6 p.m.
Fr. pkt. (Lyon) .. .. May 29 6 p.m.
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Sierra Leone : E.D. (Bonsa) .. .. May 28 9 a.m.
Sierra Leone, Liberia, Gold Coast, Nigeria, Ivory Coast, Dahomey, Togoland, Br. Cameroons : E.D. (Accra)
Fernando Po and Spanish Guinea : Ger. pkt. (Wadai) .. .. June 4 2 a.m.
WEST INDIES (Leeward) : Via N.Y. (Majestic) .. .. June 6 8 p.m.
(Trinidad, &c.) : E. & F. (Caraca) .. May 28 2 a.m.
(Trinidad, &c.) : E. & F. (Caraca) .. May 31 7.30 a.m.
(Trinidad, &c.) : Fr. pkt. (Macoris) .. May 31 7.30 a.m.
(Trinidad, &c.) : Fr. pkt. (Macoris) .. June 2 6 p.m.
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INWARD MAILS DUE

Letter mails are expected from the following countries and will probably be delivered in London as shown :—

TO-DAY.—U.S.A., Canada, Australia, Japan, Shanghai, Hong-kong, Singapore, Ceylon, Malta, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Italy, Switzerland, Egypt, Palestine, Syria, Mesopotamia, Persia, India, Burma, Straits Settlements, Siam, Fiji, Mexico, Central America, West Coast of South America, Leeward Islands, Jamaica, Trinidad, Windward Islands and Guianas, Sierra Leone, Gold Coast and Nigeria, Canary Islands, Madeira, Azores, South Africa and Rhodesia, by ss. Carnarvon Castle, U.S.A., Bermuda, Mexico, Central America, Panama, West Coast of South America, Leeward Islands and Windward Islands, by ss. Reliance. Canada and Newfoundland, by ss. Newfoundland. Dutch East Indies, by ss. Koningin der Nederlanden. Jamaica, by ss. Caribbee. Barbados, Trinidad, Windward Islands and Guianas, by ss. Stuyvesant. Sierra Leone, Gold Coast and Nigeria, by ss. Accra. U.S.A., Canada, Bahamas, Jamaica, Mexico and Central America, by ss. Maoretania.

TO-MORROW.—Australia, New Zealand, Fiji, Tonga, Cook Islands, Samoa, Hawaii, Japan, China, Straits Settlements, Siam, Dutch East Indies, Egypt, Palestine and Syria, Mesopotamia, Persia, India, Burma, Ceylon, Malta, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Italy, Switzerland, Egypt, Sudan, Palestine, Syria (via France), Egypt, Sudan, Palestine and Desert Motor Service, Portugal, Portuguese East Africa, Rhodesia (via Beira), Angola (exc. Mossamedes) (via Augustino).

LINERS EXPECTED

The following table shows the approximate times at which, according to the latest information available, incoming liners are expected at home ports :—

TO-DAY

ACCRA (E.D.), from West Africa ; Plymouth, p.m.
ADRIATIC (W. Star), from New York ; Liverpool, 8 a.m.
ATHUTA MARU (N.Y.K.), from Yokohama ; London, 9 a.m.
BERMEN (N.D.L.), from New York ; Southampton, noon.
CARNARVON CASTLE (U.-Castle), from South Africa ; Southampton, 6 a.m.
STUYVESANT (R.N.S.), from Port Limon ; Plymouth, p.m.

TO-MORROW

MAURETANIA (Cunard), from New York ; Plymouth, 5 a.m. Due Southampton, 5 p.m.
MEXIQUE (C.G.T.), from Vera Cruz ; Plymouth.
OTAKI (N.Z.S.), from New Zealand ; Manchester, a.m.
RANGITIKI (N.Z.S.), from New Zealand ; Southampton, 2 p.m.

FORTHCOMING SAILINGS

Particulars of forthcoming sailings of liners from this country will be found in the companies' announcements on page 2.

MOVEMENTS OF LINERS

(FROM OWNERS AND LLOYD'S)

ABERDEEN

EURIPIDES .. For Brisbane, left L'pool 23rd.

ABERDEEN AND COMMONWEALTH LINE

ESPERANCE BAY .. Fm. Brisbane, arr. Malta 24th.

AFRICAN

NEW COLUMBIA .. For W. Africa, left Norfolk 24th.
NEW MEXICO .. For Duala, left Gravesend 24th.

AMERICA-LEVANT LINE

BACTRIA .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Gib. 21st.
BANTRIA .. For Naples, left Torre Annunziata 22nd.
BOSNIA .. For Naples, left Patras 21st.
BOTHNIA .. Fm. L'pool, arr. M'chester 22nd.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT

.. For Ldn., left N.Y. 24th.
.. For N.Y., left Gravesend 24th.
.. For Ldn., left Boston 24th.

BLUE FUNNEL

.. Fm. Philippines, arr. Singapore 21st.
.. Fm. Australia, arr. Dunkirk 23rd.
.. For Ldn., left Colombo 21st.
.. For Boston, left Pt. Said 22nd.
.. For Japan, arr. Suez 23rd.
.. For Ldn., arr. Yokohama 21st.
.. For Ldn., left Penang 21st.
.. For Japan, left Shanghai 22nd.
.. For Seattle, arr. Hong-kong 21st.
.. Fm. L'pool, arr. Kobe 20th.
.. For Seattle, left Yokohama 21st.
.. For Ldn., left Durban 23rd.

BLUE STAR

ANDALUCIA STAR .. Fm. B. Aires, arr. Madeira 24th.
AVELONA STAR .. For Ldn., left M'video 22nd.
RODNEY STAR .. Fm. R. Plate, arr. Ldn. 23rd.

BOOTH

BASIL .. For Para, left Manaos 22nd.
STEPHEN .. For Madeira, left Para 22nd.

BRITISH AND AFRICAN

ABA .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Lagos 21st.
APPAM .. For L'pool, cld. Plymouth 24th.
BOMA .. For W. Africa, left L'pool 24th.
NEW TORONTO .. For Lagos, left Cotonou 22nd.

BULLARD, KING

UMKUHI .. For Pt. Natal, left Beira 23rd.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

BEAVERHILL .. For Montreal, left Havre 23rd.
DUCHESS OF ATHOLL .. For Clyde, left Montreal 23rd.
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD .. For Montreal, left Belfast 24th.
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Montreal 24th.
EMP. OF FRANCE .. For Quebec, left Sthmtn. 24th.
MINNEDOSA .. For Clyde, arr. Montreal 24th.
MONTCALM .. Fm. Montreal, arr. Sthmtn. 23rd.

CHARGEURS REUNIS

BELLE ISLE .. Fm. Hamburg, cld. Dakar 24th.
KRAKUR .. Fm. Gdynia, arr. Rio Janeiro 24th.

CLAN LINE

CLAN CHATTAN .. Fm. Calcutta, arr. Bimlipatam 23rd.
CLAN MACBEAN .. Fm. N.Y., arr. L. Marques 24th.
CLAN MACKAB .. For Bombay, left L'pool 24th.
CLAN MACPHEE .. Fm. E. Africa, arr. L'pool 24th.
CLAN MURDOCH .. For R. Plate, left M'video 23rd.
CLAN MUNRO .. For Chittagong, left L'pool 24th.
CLAN MONROE .. Fm. Calcutta, arr. B. Aires 23rd.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE

ESPAGNE .. For Havana, left Corunna 23rd.
GEORGIE .. For Antwerp, left Takshuano 24th.
LA BOURDONNAIS .. Fm. Bordeaux, arr. Halifax 24th.
MINNEHAHA .. Fm. Philadel., arr. Baltimore 23rd.
NIAGARA .. For Havre, left N. Orleans 23rd.
PARIS .. For Havre, left N.Y. 23rd.

CUNARD AND ASSOCIATED LINES

CUNARD

ALAUNIA .. For Montreal, left Sthmtn. 24th.
ANTONIA .. For Ldn., cld. Plymouth 24th.
BERENGARIA .. For N.Y., left Sthmtn. 24th.
CARONIA .. For N.Y., left Sthmtn. 24th.
LACONIA .. For N.Y., left Sthmtn. 24th.
SCYTHIA .. For N.Y., left L'pool 24th.
TUSCANIA .. Fm. N.Y., arr. L'pool 24th.
For Ldn., cld. Plymouth 24th.

ANCHOR

BRITANNIA .. For L'pool, cld. Gibraltar 24th.
CAMERONIA .. For Ldn., left Moville 24th.
TARANTIA .. Left Bombay 22nd.
TRANSYLVANIA .. Fm. N.Y., arr. Moville 25th.

ANCHOR-DONALDSON

ATHENIA .. For Montreal, 350 miles fm. Cape Race 3 p.m. 22nd.
LETITIA .. For Clyde, cld. L'pool 24th.

COMMONWEALTH AND DOMINION

PORT CAMPBELL .. For Ldn., left Brisbane 24th.
PORT DARWIN .. For Ldn., left Brisbane 24th.
PORT FAIRY .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Brisbane 23rd.
PORT HUNTER .. Fm. Sydney, arr. Fremantle 23rd.
PORT HOBART .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Falmouth 24th.
PORT NAPIER .. For N.Y., left Colombo 24th.
PORT NICHOLSON .. For Ldn., left M'video 22nd.
For Hull, left Newcastle 24th.

ELDERS AND FYFFES

CORRALES .. Fm. Kingston, arr. L'pool 24th.

ELLERMAN AND BUCKNALL

BLOEMFONTEIN .. Fm. Hull, arr. Rangoon 23rd.
CITY OF KHARTOUM .. Fm. Calcutta, arr. Baltimore 23rd.
CITY OF MOBILE .. For Baltimore, left Pt. Sudan 23rd.
KASENGA .. For N.Y., left Leith 23rd.

ELLERMAN'S CITY AND HALL

CITY OF BENARES .. For Ldn., left Madras 22nd.
CITY OF CHRISTIANIA .. For Sydney, left Westport 23rd.
CITY OF DURHAM .. Fm. Tyne, arr. Norfolk 23rd.
CITY OF FLORENCE .. For Ldn., left Bombay 23rd.
CITY OF GUILDFORD .. Fm. Philadel., arr. Colon 24th.
CITY OF KOFU .. Fm. Philadel., arr. Aden 24th.
CITY OF MANILA .. For N.Y., left Baltimore 24th.
CITY OF PARIS .. Fm. Karachi, arr. Antwerp 23rd.
CITY OF WINCHESTER .. Fm. Melbourne, arr. Adelaide 24th.
KIOTO .. Fm. Bombay, arr. Karachi 22nd.
WALTON HALL .. Fm. Clyde, arr. E. Ldn. 23rd.

FURNESS LINES

EL ARGENTINA .. For B. Aires, left Gravesend 24th.
INCEMORE .. For N.Y., left Gravesend 23rd.
PACIFIC RELIANCE .. Fm. Vancouver, arr. Mchstr. 24th.

GLEN

GLENIFFER .. For Vladivostock, arr. Yokohama 24th.
GLENGOYLE .. For Vladivostock, arr. Shangha I 24th.
GLENSHIEL .. Fm. Far East, arr. Hamburg 22nd.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA

GEN. OSORIO .. For Hamburg, left Las Palmas 23rd.
HANNOVER .. For Colombo, left Padang 23rd.
LEB. .. For Hamburg, left Singapore 24th.
KARNAK .. For Penascola, left Tampa 23rd.
NEW YORK .. For N.Y., left Sthmtn. 24th.
OLIVA .. For Vladivostok, arr. Cebu 24th.
RUHR .. For Vparaiso, left Callao 24th.
SCHWABENWALD .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. Vparaiso 23rd

HAMBURG SUD AMERIKA

ANTONIO DELFINO .. For Hamburg, left Boulogne 24th.
CAP ANCONA .. For B. Aires, left Lisbon 24th.
CAP POLONIO .. For Hamburg, left Rio de Janeiro 24th.

HARRISON

ACTOR .. For Ldn., left St. Lucia 22nd.
ASTRONOMER .. For Ldn., left L'pool 24th.
COLLINGHAM .. For Dar es Salaam, left Kilindini 23rd.
INGOMA .. For Ldn., left St. Lucia 23rd.
NAVIGATOR .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Pernambuco 23rd.
SENATOR .. Fm. Pernambuco, arr. L'pool 24th.

HENDERSON

AMARAPOORA .. For Basrah, left L'pool 23rd.
ARAGUAN .. For Rangoon, left Rangoon 23rd.
MANDALAY .. Fm. Torrevieja, arr. Rangoon 23rd.
SITTANG .. For U.K., left Pt. Natal 23rd.
Fm. Hong-kong, arr. Calcutta 22nd.

HOULDER

EL PARAGUAYO .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Montevideo 23rd.
ORANSAY RIVER .. For Mchstr., left B. Aires 23rd.

JAMES

BALZAC .. For Basrah, left Clyde 24th.
LIONELL .. For R. Plate, left Clyde 24th.
Fm. Villa Constitucion, arr. Middlesbrough 24th.
SHERIDAN .. For Boston, left Bahia 23rd.
SWINBURNE .. For Brasil, left Norfolk 22nd.

LEYLAND

DAVISIAN .. For Barbados, left L'pool 24th.
DELILIAN .. Fm. Jacksonville, arr. Savannah 22nd.
MERCIAN .. Fm. L'pool, arr. Colon 22nd.
NOVIAN .. For Boston, left L'pool 24th.

MANCHESTER LINERS

MCHSTR. CITIZEN .. Fm. Mchstr., arr. Montreal 23rd.
MCHSTR. COMMERCE .. For Mchstr., left Montreal 22nd.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

ERIDAN .. For Sydney, left Lisbon 22nd.
LTE. DE LISLE .. Fm. Reunion, arr. Suez 24th.

NELSON

HIGHLAND BRIGADE .. For Ldn., left Las Palmas 23rd.
HIGHLAND CHIEFTAIN .. For B. Aires, left Las Palmas 23rd.
HIGHLAND HOPE .. For Ldn., left La Plata 22nd.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

ASUWA MARU .. For Boston, left Iloilo 22nd.
AWA MARU .. For Kobe, left Singapore 24th.
BINGO MARU .. Fm. B. Aires, arr. Killindini 24th.
CALCUTTA MARU .. For Bombay, left Shanghai 22nd.
CEYLON MARU .. For Calcutta, left Singapore 23rd.
DURBAN MARU .. For Yokohama, left Hong-kong 22nd.
HEITO MARU .. For Yokohama, left Hong-kong 23rd.
KAWACHI MARU .. For Valparaiso, left Honolulu 23rd.
TAKETOYO MARU .. For Yokohama, left Rio Janeiro 24th
TANGO MARU .. Fm. Boston, arr. Philadel. 24th.
TATSUTA MARU .. For Yokohama, left Hong-kong 23rd.
TOYOOKA MARU .. For 'Frisco, left Honolulu 22nd.
Fm. Yokohama, arr. Singapore 23rd

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

AACHEN .. For Hamburg, left Valparaiso 23rd.
ATTIKA .. Fm. Bremen, left Bahia 24th.
GOTTINGEN .. For Hamburg, left Takshuano 23rd.
MUSALA .. Fm. San Antonio, arr. Panama 23rd.
PFALZ .. For Bremen, left Kobe 23rd.
RHEINFELS .. For Bremen, left Singapore 23rd.
SAARBRUCKEN .. Fm. Dalren, arr. Shanghai 24th.
SIERRA MORENA .. For Hamburg, left Las Palmas 23rd.
TARGIS .. Fm. Hamburg, arr. Guayaquil 23rd
WERRA .. For B. Aires, cld. Rio Grande 24th.

ORIENT

ORAMA .. For Ldn., left Suez 24th.
ORONSAY .. For Brisbane, left Gravesend 24th.
ORVIETO .. For Med. cruise, left Sthmtn. 24th.

PACIFIC STEAM

ESSEQUIBO .. Fm. N.Y., arr. Colon 24th.

P. & O. AND ASSOCIATED LINES

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL

ALDUNE .. Fm. Bombay, arr. Kobe 24th.
BARRALONG .. For Ldn., left Colombo 24th.
BARRASCOUL .. Fm. Ldn., arr. Aden 24th.

RIFLE SHOOTING

LONDON DISTRICT MEETING

DEATH ON FIRING POINT

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

PIRBRIGHT, MAY 25

At the London District Rifle Meeting held here to-day the H.A.C. won the *Daily Telegraph* Cup, a trophy which in the course of years they now have won on nine occasions. Enjoyment of what otherwise would have been the most successful of the London District's post-War Spring Meetings was marred by the sudden death on the firing point of a member of the London Rifle Brigade's *Telegraph* team, Rifleman P. C. Morris, of "A" Company.

Morris had practised for many weeks with the team and was regarded as a well-trained athlete. The advance of 1,400 yards in 10 minutes which preceded the shoot on the ranges was not unduly arduous, and Morris covered the distance apparently without unusual effort. He marched then from the reporting station to the firing-point, lay down with his team, and fired two rounds, after which he seemed to faint. As he did not recover immediately, he was carried clear of the mound, and, when examined by a medical officer, was found to be dead. His body was removed to the Military Hospital at Aldershot.

The 2nd Grenadier Guards won the Dewar trophy after a tie shoot, and the same battalion's Sergeants' Mess team

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE
(Continued from Page 25)

28, PEMBRIDGE-GARDENS, W.2. ATTRACTIVE RESIDENTIAL run by experienced owners; exceptional food and service; close Olympia, Kensington Gardens, and Tube; from 2½gns.

ATTRACTIVE Bed-Sitting Rooms, breakfast, bath, attendance; dinner optional; clean, quiet, select; 2 minute Kensington Gardens; moderate.—14, Prince of Wales-terrace, W.8 (next De Vere-gardens). Kelvin 8783.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Single 29s., double 35s., including service, hot water, electric light, and hot baths; divan beds, gas fires central heating.—8, Grenville-place, S.W.7 (Western 1250 (close Gloucester-road Tube); and 14, Emperor's-gate (adjoining). Western 0256.

WHITE HOUSE CHAMBERS.
AT Randolph-crescent, Maida Vale, W.9.—20 well-furnished SUITES and BED-SITTING ROOMS; gas fires; on pension from 42 17s. 6d.; handsome lounge restaurant; large grounds, eight TENNIS COURTS; bridge; five minutes' walk Lord's Cricket Ground, Zoo, Warwick-avenue Tube, Virgin's Piccadilly; bus service all parts.—Mrs. Holt. Abercorn 2182.

THE EMERALD. (Park 9363.)
AT 30 and 31, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Newly opened. Gas fires. From 2gns.

THE QUEENS.
AT 56-58, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Direct entrance to garden; billiards, full-size Thurston table; personally owned, supervised by ex-Highland officer. Something out of the ordinary. From 6s. 6d. daily.

AT SELWYN HOUSE, 43, Cambridge-terrace, W.2. Just opened.—Richly FURNISHED ROOMS, fitted hot and cold basins, divans, &c.; every comfort. From 25s.; meals optional.—Padd. 4981.

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LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.
AT 20, CRAVEN HILL-GARDENS.—Highly recommended for excellent table and service; passenger lift, constant hot water. Terms moderate.—Padd. 4022.

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AT 44, QUEENSBOROUGH-TERRACE, HYDE PARK, W.2.—Most comfortable; under personal supervision; constant hot water; good food, well cooked. From 3gns. Bed, breakfast, and bath, 7s. 6d.—Proprietress, Mrs. M. Jones. Park 2527.

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AT 38 to 40, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Board-residence from 3½gns.; partial board from 35s.; excellent cooking and service. Park 1982.

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AT KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. 42 BED ROOMS (all gas fires); full board from 5½ to 6d. Two large first-floor double, with balcony. Park 3801.

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A Bare Minute Tubes. Hyde Park. Stay one day at a time; you will linger on. From 3gns. weekly; special terms for families. Padd. 8858.

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NO EXTRAS
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COLEHERNE CHAMBERS,
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COMFORTABLE ROOMS, KENSINGTON GARDENS, Queen's-road Tube. From 22s. 6d. Gas fires. Meals served.—28, St. Petersburgh-place, W.2. Park 5296.

CONVENIENT UNFURNISHED ROOMS just opened for gentlewomen; constant hot water; butlers' sinks and bath rooms for each floor; gas fires and rings; single and double rooms from one to two guineas, including electric light and baths; breakfast and service optional; resident porter.—98, Redcliffe-gardens, Earl's Court, S.W. (near Station).

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EVERY year finds an increasing number of women of advanced thought giving up the responsibility of housekeeping and becoming free to go and come at will. These are always glad to know of houses where they can find congenial company and be sure of the essentials of refined living.

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EXCLUSIVE BACHELOR ROOMS, bath, service, fitted lounge from 21s.; gas fires; ample bath rooms; minute stations.—11, Queensberry-place. Western 4596.

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74-80, GOWER STREET, W.C.
JUST OPENED.
Charmingly decorated and furnished as lounge bed rooms; running hot and cold water; gas fires; delightful restaurant and lounge; superior cooking and service; bed room and breakfast from 35s. per week, bed room and breakfast and dinner from 2½gns. per week, bed room and breakfast 7s. 6d.—Museum 3941.

HARRINGTON HALL,
11, HARRINGTON-GARDENS, S. KENSINGTON. Terms, 3-4gns.; and at 42-44, Harrington-gardens, from 2½gns. See also Hotel Column on Page Two.

HYDE PARK CHAMBERS: Unfurnished newly decorated BED-SITTING ROOMS; running hot and cold water; meals optional.—Apply Secretary, 19, Inverness-terrace, W.2. Close Park. Park 5296.

HYDE PARK.—Exceptionally well FURNISHED SITTING ROOM, double BED ROOM and kitchen; bath adjoining; electric, gas. Also Bed-Sitting Room.—24, Cleveland-gardens (0467 Padd.), or 146, Gloucester-terrace. Phone, Padd. 8197.

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KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—A perfectly equipped and beautiful First-Floor SUITE facing Gardens; also Bed-Sitting Rooms; near Park, Tube, and Oratory.—Kens. 8754.

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MODERN BED-SITTING ROOMS, 2gns. each, including breakfast, attendance, baths; dining room optional.—88, Redcliffe-gardens, Earl's Court. Flax. 5228.

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Highest elevation, bracing air. Every home comfort. Present party 50. House 52a. 6d., Annexe from 42s. Board-Residence inclusive. Grass, also hard tennis courts. Garages.

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FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL ESTABLISHMENT, overlooking beautiful Kensington Gardens. Central for all parts of London. Gas and electric fires. Hot and cold running water in every bed room. Nothing but the best English food served. Special terms for families. FULL BOARD from £2 12s. 6d. weekly for 10s. 6d. daily). Bed room, table d'hôte breakfast, bath, boots, and attendance, 7s. 6d. per day. Telephone, Paddington 1008.

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17-21. PORCHESTER-GARDENS, W.2.—Three minutes Tubes and Met.; 45 rooms; constant hot water; best English food; billiards, bridge, dancing, &c. From 2gns.; room, bath, breakfast, 6s. 6d.

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GLOUCESTER-ROAD STATION.
REALLY EXCELLENT UNFURNISHED SERVICE CHAMBERS for LADIES or GENTLEMEN; every convenience; meals optional; 17s. 6d. to 30s. per week, including efficient service; very superior house; big bath rooms, constant hot water, phone.—Housekeeper, 40, Harrington-gardens (or 'phone Welbeck 2257).

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE
(continued)

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MANSON HOUSE, 12, Manson-place, near S. Kensington Station. Partial from 2½gns.; large lounge; gas fires; separate tables; constant hot water. (Kens. 0961.)

RUSSELL-SQUARE TUBE two minutes.—UNFURNISHED and FURNISHED ROOMS; running water; attendance; access gardens; tennis.—21, Brunswick-square.—Terminus 3803.

ST. EMPEROR'S-GATE.
SOUTH KENSINGTON, close Gloucester-road Station; large lounge and dining room; excellent cuisine; no noise, no trade; gas fires; single 2½gns.-3gns., double 4½gns.-5gns. Western 3746.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Large, cheerful, DOUBLE ROOM, well furnished; excellent food; constant hot water; 3 guineas for two; also single room, 48s. 6d.; young society.—20, Wetherby-place, close Gloster-road Station.

DOCTOR'S CONSULTING ROOM.
SPACIOUS, FURNISHED, attendance, private 'phone, lights; aristocratic street, just off PORTMAN SQUARE; £225 p.a.—'PHONE WELBECK 2934.

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SURBITON.—From 2½gns. GENTLEMEN ONLY. A Combination of Home and Club Life. Best ENGLISH FOOD; billiards; en-tout-cas courts; garage; spacious lounge, &c.; gas fires; shower and needle spray baths; personal linen repaired gratis. Brochure on application. (Kingston 0396.)

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TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, with bath room and box room, top floor; hot and cold running water; 22 weekly. Also very pleasant first-floor Bed-sitting; hot and cold running water; 35s. weekly.—Call or write, 209, Gloucester-terrace, W.2.

THE ASTOR,
43-45, PRINCES-SQUARE, W.2.
Two minutes' Tubes, Omnibuses, Kensington Gardens. Excellent cuisine. Gas fires all rooms.
Dancing. Table Tennis, &c. Terms moderate. Park 0385.

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32, 34, and 36, WESTBOURNE-TERRACE, W.2.
Within three minutes of Kensington Gardens. Buses and Tube Railways to all parts of London. A homely, comfortable establishment of exceptional merit. An ideal establishment for residence where every attention to individual requirements and prompt service are rendered. Fortnightly dances.
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SEVEN LARGE PUBLIC ROOMS.
BED ROOMS FITTED WITH HOT AND COLD WATER AND GAS FIRES.
BILLIARDS, BRIDGE, TABLE TENNIS.
LIFT TO ALL FLOORS.
INCLUSIVE MODERATE TERMS. NO EXTRAS.
Full board-residence, light, attendance, and baths. Single from 3½gns., double from 6½gns. per week.
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FIVE MINUTES.
UNFURNISHED RESIDENTIAL CHAMBERS: either sex; very superior house; fine rooms; every convenience; meals optional; reasonable; moderate terms. —63, Gloucester-gardens, Bishop's-road, Hyde Park, W.

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W.1. NEW CAVENDISH-STREET.—Attractive BED-SITTING ROOM to be LET to gentleman; 2½gns. per week.—'Phone Welbeck 5753.

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168, SUTHERLAND-AVENUE,
MAIDA VALE, W.9.—Room or breakfast or partial board; young society, tennis, bridge, dancing. Abercorn 2457.

6, COURTFIELD-GARDENS,
SOUTH KENSINGTON, S.W.5.
A newly opened GUEST HOUSE, redecorated, all rooms with hot and cold running water, gas or electric fires, central heating; near Gloucester-road, overlooking Gardens. Partial board. Terms moderate. Prom. 2401.

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TWO Unfurnished ROOMS WANTED near Victoria, with occasional service, by advertiser who lives in the country.—Write Box A.1143, The Times, E.C.4.

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CHILTERN HILLS.
A COUNTRY RESIDENTIAL of charm and distinction, surrounded by 20 acres of delightful grounds; own tennis, produce; tennis, croquet. From 3gns.—Prestwood Park, Gt. Missenden. 'Phone 189.—Mrs. Layman.

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BOURNEMOUTH. "NEWLANDS." Frances-road. BOARD-RESIDENCE; separate tables; few minutes sea, amusements; terms from 3gns. 'Ph. 6235.

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BOURNEMOUTH. MADEIRA-ROAD, near sea; ideal position; sun lounge; excellent cuisine; reduced terms May, June; farm produce. Telephone 3687.

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BOURNEMOUTH. Bath-road.—High-class boarding establishment, in an acre beautiful grounds; central all amusements, three minutes Pier, Pavilion; hard tennis court; hot and cold water; garage; from 3½gns. Tariff on application.

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OPENING SHORTLY as a FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL, "HARCOURT HOUSE," FRIMLEY ROAD, beautifully situated, 2½ acres grounds, every convenience, moderate; garages. Resident Proprietress.

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DARTMOOR, lovely surroundings, no trippers.—ONE SITTING, TWO BED ROOMS; board optional; adults.—Spalding, Harford, Ivybridge, Devon.

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Finest position in town. Terms moderate and personal supervision. Lift. Tariff sent immediately.

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Ideal situation. Tennis, croquet, clock golf. Extensive grounds. Billiards. Dances, Bridge. Chef catering. Present party 30. Every home comfort. Popular charges. Garages. 'Phone, Staines 28.

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A Bright, refined HOME offered in lady's private house; every care and comfort; beautiful garden; nursing if required.—Miss Hawkins, 5, Ascott-avenue, Ealing. 'Phone 5618.

AN experienced DOCTOR RECEIVES PATIENTS, nerve cases, rest cures, convalescent; a special treatment; care, comfort; delightfully situated house facing sea, sunshine.—9, Grosvenor-crescent, St. Leonards, Sussex.

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PUBLIC NOTICES
4 lines 16s. (minimum)

SOCIETY for the BENEFIT of the SONS of the CLERGY of the CHURCH of SCOTLAND, EDINBURGH.
Notice is hereby given, that all APPLICATIONS for EDUCATIONAL ASSISTANCE from the SONS and DAUGHTERS' FUNDS, and for ALIMENTARY ASSISTANCE from the ROBERTSON CHAPLIN FUND of this Society, for the ensuing year, must be lodged with the Secretary, on or before the 14th June, 1930 (after which date no applications can be considered). Applications will also be received for a Free Infirmary Ticket to a Student of Medicine at the University of Edinburgh, and also for the Bayne and Penman Bursaries, if vacant. —Schedules of Application and all necessary information may be obtained from the Secretary, P. H. Cosens, M.B.E., W.S., 117, Hanover-street, Edinburgh.

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SPECIAL CELLAR-FILLING PRICES.—Good coal from 38s. 6d. Prompt booking advised.—Stevens, 177, Kensington High-street, W.8. Western 6412.

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ADVERTISER desires to PURCHASE direct from owner, a COUNTRY HOUSE of medium size, with about eight-ten bed rooms, in a good position, not Midland or Eastern Counties. Preference for Hampshire, Sussex, Devon, and Wiltshire. Must have established gardens and land of at least TEN ACRES, but up to 40 or 50 Acres would be taken, providing can be let. Moderate convenience only. Particulars to Secretary, Mr. Stiedl, Osborne House, Paradise-street, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. No callers interviewed.

£6,000-£7,500 WILL BE PAID.
A Pleasant RESIDENCE on two floors only, which can be run with minimum labour, REQUIRED to PURCHASE, about 30-40 miles from London (S.E. or S.W. with seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, (or room for), three-four reception rooms, preferably with central heating, electric light, &c.; nice grounds, secluded but open position and near golf course. Photos will be returned.—"M. W.," care of NICHOLAS, Surveyors, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

COTTAGE; four bed rooms; good garden; WANTED at Maidenhead, Sunningdale preferred.—Write Box K.123, The Times, E.C.4.

REQUIRED from September 29, for three to four months, FURNISHED HOUSE, five-six bed rooms; London requirements; any district within 15 miles south of London considered. Write Box 717, Reynells', 44, Chancery-lane, W.C.2.

Wanted to Purchase within 15 miles of
TUNBRIDGE WELLS.
In a retired position, away from main roads and noisy neighbours, a small warm HOUSE or BUNGALOW; garage; modern conveniences; up to £1,500 will be paid or would rent. Close proximity to large stretch of unspoilt woodland an advantage.
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WANTED to RENT on lease, an unfurnished detached MODERN HOUSE, three or two floors, with not less than one acre of gardens; double garage; six bed rooms, and two bath rooms; must be in Hampstead or St. John's Wood, Richmond or Wimbledon, or any N.W. district. No agents or builders.—Write Box V.813, Willings, 86, Strand, W.C.2.

WANTED on lease, July-September, a SMALL, modern, FURNISHED HOUSE or COTTAGE, Surrey or Sussex; three or four bed rooms, one or two baths, hot and cold, one or two sitting rooms, servants' bath separate; company's water, electricity, telephone; attractive garden and grounds (tennis preferred); 90 to 100 minutes from town and near golf.—Write, Box G.1911, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED for an APPLICANT.—SOMERSET or DEVON.—A PROPERTY of about 20 ACRES PASTURE, with RESIDENCE containing three reception rooms, seven bed rooms; modern conveniences. Must be within easy reach of hunting. Open country. Isolated district no drawback. Price £2,000 to £3,000. Usual commission required.—SAVAGE and WELLER, Estate Agents, Winchester.

WANTED, FURNISHED COTTAGE, South Devon or Cornwall, August 16-September 20; three-four bed rooms; garage; unfrequented district, sea bathing; fishing from own boat; about 5 guineas.—Write Box K.111, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED to BUY East of HATFIELD and not North of HERTFORD, COUNTRY PERIOD RESIDENCE, seven to three bed rooms; two bathrooms; 15-50 Acres of pasture. Rural district. Good price for suitable property.—Write Box G.1892, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, HOUSE; four bed, two or three reception; electric light, main water, &c., and about 10 Acres for rest, but will consider purchase; not exceeding £1,500.—Write Box K.120, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED by schoolmaster (eight pupils), FURNISHED HOUSE South Coast, summer holidays; modern; not over 6 school house would do.—Stephens, 30, Manor-road, Barnet, Herts.

£7,000 will be PAID by a lady of title who URGENTLY REQUIRES for early occupation a large FAMILY HOUSE; 9-10 bed rooms. A good garden and rooms absolutely essential. Open position in Belgravia preferred.—Details to PETER JONES, Ltd., Sloane-square, S.W.1. Sloane 3434.

PROPERTY INVESTMENTS
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

FREEHOLD GROUND-RENT of £400 PER ANNUM, amply secured on FOUR BLOCKS of pre-War MANSION FLATS, reversion 50 years. Gross income £1,500 per annum. PRICE £7,900 for quick sale.—HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

MAGNIFICENT BLOCK of FREEHOLD PROPERTY, comprising bank premises and high-class residential FLATS in S.W. LONDON. Let on leases and producing rental of £3,500 per annum. Mortgage £20,000 at 6 per cent. remain. Price of equity £16,000 yielding 11 per cent. Recommended.—Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

HACKNEY, MARE-STREET.—An ideal investment for a family or private fund. Secured on long LEASE at £125 per annum. Shop premises, in choice position opposite Messrs. Woolworths, let to an old-established manufacturing firm for 21 years, without break at £400 per annum. Ground Rent £25 per annum. An offer of £4,400 would be submitted.—Apply
HILLIER, PARKER, MAY and ROWDEN,
27, Maddox-street, W.1. Tele., Mayfair 0710.

A VALUABLE LEASEHOLD INVESTMENT arising from
No. 9, WEYMOUTH-STREET, PORTLAND-PLACE, W.1.
A Modern Building, containing
NINETEEN RESIDENTIAL SERVICE FLATS and FOURTEEN CONSULTING ROOMS.
ACTUAL and ESTIMATED GROSS INCOME:
£13,820 PER ANNUM.
To be offered for SALE by AUCTION by Messrs.
KNIGHT, FRANK & RUTLEY,
in the Hanover-square Estate Room on Wednesday, 11th June, 1930, at 2.30 p.m. (unless previously sold privately).
Solicitors:—Messrs. Trower, Still, and Keelings, 5, Newsquare, W.C.2.
Auctioneers:—Messrs. KNIGHT, FRANK and RUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1.

A SOUND AND LUCRATIVE INVESTMENT.
QUEEN'S-GATE (close to Park).—FREEHOLD BLOCK OF EIGHT high-class SERVICE FLATS; total rents £1,581 per annum. PRICE £12,500. Mortgage £7,000 if required.—Sole Agents, MASON and MASON, 2a, Kensington High-street, W.8.

BUILDING LAND AND SITES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY.
Under three miles of the City,
with a long frontage to one of the most important Northern arteries,
A FREEHOLD UNRESTRICTED SITE
of over 6½ ACRES in extent is for SALE, affording unequalled opportunities for development.
VACANT POSSESSION of the WHOLE.
Particulars will only be given to bona fide buyers.—Sole Agents, Messrs. NICHOLAS,
4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

CINEMA SITE
LONG LEASE for DISPOSAL of CINEMA SITE in rapidly growing Northern Suburb of London; no opposition. No agents.—Write Box 09557, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

TO MULTIPLE SHOP COMPANIES and OTHERS.—One of the finest SITES in the centre of Worthing for SALE FREEHOLD, suitable for super. For particulars apply to H. P. NYE and Co., Chartered Surveyors, 52, Chapel-road, Worthing.

NOTE.—For particulars of small shop properties apply H. P. Nye, as above.

WESTMINSTER.
VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY (close to Buckingham Palace).—Ground area about 10,750ft., suitable for flats, offices, or public buildings. Vacant possession.—Particulars of Messrs. GEO. TROLLOPE and SONS, 45, Parliament-street, S.W.1.

FACTORIES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

FIVE Minutes Aldgate Station, just off Brick-lane. FREEHOLD PROPERTY. Site area 7,500ft. Frontage 148ft. Various substantial buildings. Three gateway entrances. Suit firms requiring warehouse and storage. PRICE £5,000.—Princelett-street, late Alma Brewery.

WHY
PURCHASE?
NEWLY ERECTED FACTORIES TO BE
LET ON LEASE
(within 25 minutes of London).
2,000 to 32,000 square feet.
Extract from Chairman's speech at Annual Meeting: "As to the general policy of your Company to let Factories on a rental basis enables Manufacturers to employ the whole of their capital in developing their business, instead of sinking a substantial proportion thereof in bricks and mortar."
SLOUGH ESTATES, LTD.,
TRADING ESTATE,
SLOUGH.
Telephones: Slough 240.
OVER 120 FIRMS ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

TOWN HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

CHELSEA FREEHOLD.
Six bed rooms, three bath rooms, three reception rooms.
£4,500. WILL PURCHASE a FREEHOLD modern RESIDENCE with above accommodation; independent hot water and other conveniences.—Owner's Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

RUSSELL-SQUARE (just off).
UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY to SECURE a PERFECT FREEHOLD RESIDENCE.
£6,000 Would be ACCEPTED for a delightful modern RESIDENCE with seven or eight bed rooms, three bath rooms, three reception rooms, lounge hall; and excellent offices.—Owner's Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

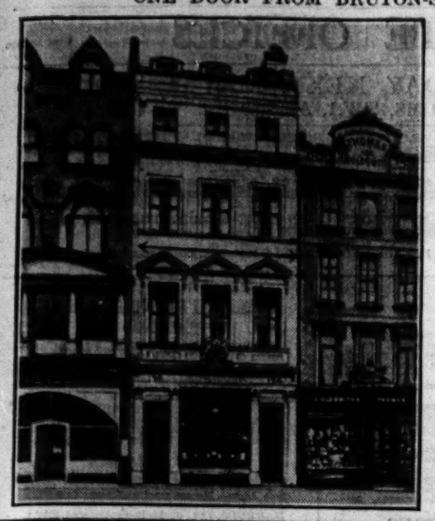
Furnished, for a year from now or after Season,
8 GUINEAS a WEEK would be accepted for an attractive RESIDENCE, with five bed rooms, bath, three reception rooms, and offices; all modern conveniences.—Owner's Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

CHELSEA.
In a quiet Square overlooking gardens.
£135 PER ANNUM secures an attractive RESIDENCE, with four bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, and offices; moderate premium for lease, fixtures, and modern improvements.—Owner's Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

FREEHOLD HOUSES.

KENSINGTON	.. .. ..	£3,250
REGENT'S PARK

154, NEW BOND-STREET, W.
ONE DOOR FROM BRUTON-STREET.



MAGNIFICENT BUSINESS PREMISES
TO BE LET ON LEASE.
FRONTAGE 22FT.
DEPTH 78FT.
ACCOMMODATION:
TOP-LIGHTED SHOP.
LOFTY BASEMENT AND 4 UPPER FLOORS, SEPARATE ENTRANCE AND PASSENGER LIFT.
IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE.
AGENTS,
GARRETT, WHITE & POLAND,
17, HANOVER-STREET, REGENT-STREET, W.1.

54, PALL MALL, LONDON, S.W.1.
MESSRS. FOSTER
Telephone: REGENT 0909.

Respectfully announce the following Sales by Auction, at their Galleries, 54, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 28th.
OLD DUTCH and ITALIAN PICTURES, old English landscapes and portraits, modern pictures and engravings, at one o'clock precisely. May be viewed and catalogues had.

ON THURSDAY, MAY 29th.
ORIENTAL, CONTINENTAL, and OLD ENGLISH CHINA, including Flight Barr and Barr, Rockingham, and Davenport tea services, Staffordshire, Delft, Majolica and other pottery, silver and old Sheffield plate, Chinese hardstone carvings in jade, pink, green and clear crystal, agate, amethyst and lapis lazuli, amber carvings, ivory figures, snuff bottles, &c., old English bracket clocks, cut glass, bronzes, miniatures and cabinet objects, Persian rugs, and a carpet; also DECORATIVE FURNITURE, including an old English burcau bookcase and double chest of drawers, an Italian walnut marriage chest, mahogany bow front and other chests of drawers, oak refectory table, chests and cabinets, a pair of Dutch parqueterie commodes, a pair of Sheraton mahogany and inlaid vase-shaped knife boxes, &c., removed from St. George's-road, Bickley (the property of a Gentleman), removed from 62, Weymouth-street, Portland-place (the stock of an antique dealer who is giving up business), consigned from Shanghai and from various other sources. At one o'clock precisely.

May be viewed to-morrow and Wednesday and catalogues had.

SUNNY SOUTH AFRICA.

1.—A GENTLEMAN'S FREEHOLD ESTATE, 6,000 ACRES in extent, two hours' motor run from Cape Town.
2.—A charming historic HOMESTEAD, with the usual outbuildings—manager's house, servants' cottages—all in excellent repair.
3.—Excellent fishing, boating, and sea bathing, also unlimited shooting.
4.—Good grazing for sheep, cattle, horses, turkeys and poultry—lucerne field and grain lands.
5.—This Estate is self-supporting; in other words, the Estate will keep the owner, not the owner keep the Estate. Large bond if necessary.
6.—Further details and book of photographs may be had from T. M. DAVISON and SON, 136, Adderley-street, Cape Town. 'Phone 2842.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(Continued from Page 26)

HAMPTON & SONS,
20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1.
Telephone: Regent 7500.
Telegrams: "Selanlet, Piccy, London.
Branches: { Wimbledon: 'Phone 0080. / Hampstead. 'Phone 3737.

CORNWALL.
ON THE S.E. COAST IN A GRAND POSITION FACING THE SEA.
To be SOLD, a most attractive, well-planned and charmingly appointed RESIDENCE, containing two large reception rooms, good offices, bath room, five (or more) principal bed rooms, maids' accommodation over garage for two cars, play or box room, &c.
Gravitation water. Electric lighting.
Tastefully laid out grounds of 1½ ACRE. If desired the furniture (genuine old oak pieces), beds by *Hemle, Grimes, &c., by Goodes, &c.*, can also be purchased.
Price and particulars from Owner's Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (C.41214.)

PRICE £4,000, or near offer.
SOUTH DEVON COAST.
Glorious views. Delightful climate.
Close to Golf Course.
High up, overlooking beautiful river valley and sea.
DELIGHTFUL and WELL-BUILT COUNTRY HOUSE in first-class condition.
Ready for immediate occupation.
The accommodation is most conveniently planned, and includes lounge hall, cloak room, drawing, dining and morning rooms, sun parlour, seven bed rooms, bath room, offices.
Central heating. Electric Light. Gravitation water.
GARAGE FOR TWO CARS.
Very attractive gardens and grounds. Tennis lawn. Orchard. Grassland.
ABOUT 4 ACRES.
Inspected and strongly recommended by Sole Agents,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (C.22927.)

SUSSEX COAST.
Glorious situation, actually on the shore, protected and insured against any encroachment by the sea.
FAST TRAINS UNDER 1½ HOUR.
FOR SALE,
A CHARMING LITTLE SEASHORE HOUSE, with its reception rooms overlooking sea.
Lavatory basins with hot and cold in all bed rooms.
Central heating. Electric light. Company's water.
Four double bed rooms, two bath rooms.
LOUNGE, DINING ROOM, COCKTAIL ROOM.
LARGE GARAGE. BOATHOUSE.
Two Bathing Huts.
Immediate Possession, with or without the Furniture.
UNIQUE IN EVERY WAY.
Apply (C.41582A.)
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

A RELIC OF OLD BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.
EARLY JACOBEAN PERIOD.
TO BE SOLD.
A WONDERFUL OLD HOUSE,
in a completely rural position, and in which THE FULL SENSE OF ANTIQUITY IS COMPLETELY PRESERVED.
Fine old hall with beamed and raftered ceiling, open fireplace, and oak floor, dining room with oak floor and open fireplace, drawing room with panelled walls, old oak staircase to lounge with raftered and beamed ceiling, eight bed and dressing rooms, bath room, cloak room and offices; electric light and good water supply, radiators on ground floor; telephone; modern drainage; two garages for two cars; garden with lawns, flower beds, kitchen garden, &c., and field, in all about
FIVE ACRES.
Golf, hunting, polo, &c.
Strongly recommended by
HAMPTON & SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (B.38040.)

FOR SALE.
UNIQUE PROPERTY. FINE SITUATION.
MAGNIFICENT VIEWS.
Excellent Sporting District.
SUSSEX.
AMIDST LOVELY COUNTRY.
between Petworth and Sternine.
Two reception rooms, five bed and dressing rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c.
Main drainage; company's gas; water; electric light; garage.
Central heating installed. Electric light. Company's water. Telephone available.
Garage and other outbuildings.
Flower and kitchen garden, paddock, &c., in all about
2½ ACRES.
More land and a cottage if required.
HAMPTON & SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (X.4465.)

UNDER
10 MILES FROM TOWN.
In countried position, 200ft. up.
Edgware, on borders of Middlesex and Herts.
For Sale, an attractive Residence removed from main road traffic, approached by drive, and containing on only two floors large hall, three reception rooms, eight bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, and complete offices.
Co-ntent hot water. Radiators.
Mahogany doors and parquetry floors.
Garages. Two Cottages. Greenhouses. Beautifully timbered gardens and dell, in all
OVER 5½ ACRES,
WITH POTENTIAL BUILDING VALUE.
Sole Agents,
HAMPTON & SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (M.34149.)

WIMBLEDON COMMON.
WITHIN A MINUTE'S WALK.
For SALE, FREEHOLD, a well-built RESIDENCE, designed by an eminent architect, occupying one of the best positions in the district.
Lounge hall, three reception, sun lounge, eight bed rooms, two baths, servants' hall.
Charming garden, well stocked with fruit trees, kitchen garden, greenhouse, rock garden.
Valuable BUILDING FRONTAGE.
Apply HAMPTON and SONS, High-street, Wimbledon Common, and 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (D.3931.)

BERKS.—Pretty FARMHOUSE: three reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath; conservatory; garage; stable; about 10 ACRES; *meadow*; rent £95.—H. E. HALL and SONS, Auctioneers, Wokingham.

WHY NOT BUILD
a House to meet your exact requirements in the district of your choice? Our complete and exclusive building Scheme obtainable in all districts.—Write for brochure "A."—Messrs. Garrard Estates, Ltd., Estate Offices, Universal Houses, Co.'s Estate, Rickmansworth.

£4,750 will PURCHASE the Ideal HOME fitted with all labour-saving devices and with the most beautiful but inexpensive gardens to be found within 50 minutes of London; seven bed rooms, two bathrooms, two reception rooms, three tiled bed- and cold running water in nearly all bed rooms, four reception rooms; pantries; electric light; garage; tennis and croquet lawns, lovely stocked gardens falling to ornamental water, prolific fruit garden, orchard, and paddock, 4½ ACRES. FREEHOLD.
Particulars of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(continued)

EAST KENT.
CANTERBURY District (in a pretty village).—Attractive, old-fashioned 18th-CENTURY RECTORY, with hall, three reception, eight bed rooms, bath room, day nursery, &c.; charming old walled-in garden, 1¼ Acre; garage and outbuildings; electric light, radiators, main gas, water; good repair. PRICE £2,500.
CANTERBURY and MARGATE (between).—Convenient SMALL RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY containing hall, two sitting rooms, four bed rooms (all with hand basins, hot and cold), bath room, &c.; outbuildings; garden and orchard 1¼ Acre; main water. PRICE £1,950.
Full particulars of the above from AMOS and DAWTON, F.S.I., Estate Agents, Canterbury.

CHARMING COTTAGE in beautiful wood, with view over extensive parkland, to be LET, suitable for week-end.—Apply FINDLAY, Stansted Hall, Stansted, Essex.

EASTBOURNE, sunny position, near station, good views.—Detached RESIDENCE; seven bed rooms (hot and cold supplies), bath, three reception rooms; good garden, conservatory; room for garage; £3,250 FREEHOLD.—Sole Agents, Messrs. KILLICK and DAVIES, 9a, Terminus-road, Eastbourne.

EPPING FOREST.—A delightfully placed, well-kept, medium-sized MANSION situate in park and woodlands of 127 acres, midway between Loughton and Waltham Cross Stations and close to High Beech; specially suitable for residential hotel, country club, or for institutional purposes; further lands if required.—For SALE by REMSLEYS, Chartered Surveyors, 164, Bishopsgate, E.C.2.

UNSOLD AT RECENT AUCTION.
GALLEY HALL, NEAR CHELMSFORD, ESSEX.
FREEHOLD ELIZABETHAN FARMHOUSE RESIDENCE.
Lounge hall, three reception, eight bed (two with basins), two bath rooms, good offices; electric light, central heating; good water, modern drainage; useful buildings; three capital paddocks, 18½ ACRES. VERY LOW PRICE.
IDEAL FOR A CITY MAN.
Particulars of
GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1.

EASTBOURNE HOUSE AGENTS,
ROSS and DENNIS. 'Phone 1397.

ESSEX.—Unspoilt country, 27 miles London, one hour by train to Liverpool-street, six miles Chelmsford.—Well-appointed and comfortable COUNTRY HOUSE; electric light, radiators, telephone, &c.; six bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms; two garages; tennis courts, kitchen garden, &c.; in all about 27 ACRES; available furnished six-twelve months. Rent 5-6 guineas per week.—Agents, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

SUSSEX.
FOR CROWBOROUGH and ASHDOWN FOREST Properties apply to Messrs. CHARLES J. PARRIS, Auctioneers and Chartered Surveyors, Crowborough.

PRIVATE TROUT FISHING.
HANTS-WILTS Borders.—Gentleman's RESIDENCE; 12 bed rooms, three bath rooms, four reception rooms; modern comforts; 20 ACRES beautiful grounds.—NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

HERTFORDSHIRE.—In one of the most beautiful positions only 45 minutes from Town. Handsome ELIZABETHAN RESIDENCE; eight bed rooms, beautiful reception rooms, two bath rooms; lovely old-world gardens and paddock of four acres. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. In perfect order. Personally inspected by COCKETT and HENDERSON, 116, Jermyn-street, S.W.1.

CLOSE TO 18-HOLE GOLF COURSE.
Three miles from Royal St. George's and Prince's.
KENT COAST.—To be SOLD, a very delightful HOUSE, in quiet position, facing sea, beautifully fitted and equipped, and subject of large expenditure in achieving every comfort and convenience; seven bed rooms (including rooms 24ft. and 22ft.), two bath rooms, lavatory basins, large sitting hall, three fine reception rooms; balcony overlooking sea; pleasant garden; huge garage. Easy upkeep inside and out.
IDEAL SEASIDE RETREAT FOR WEEK-END OR PERMANENT OCCUPATION.
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

NEAR LIMPSFIELD
or
TANDRIDGE GOLF.
AN ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE,
facing South, containing dining and drawing rooms, five bed and dressing rooms, bath room, usual offices.
Main drainage; company's gas; water; electric light; garage.
Pleasure grounds laid out with lawn, flower borders, and small orchard.
LOW PRICE FOR QUICK SALE.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

ON the SURREY HILLS between MERSTHAM and CATERHAM, 600 feet above sea level; for quiet enjoyment.—TWO MODERN splendidly constructed HOUSES in about 14¼ ACRES; garage, outbuildings, greenhouse; tennis and other lawns; company's water, electric light and power; land appreciating property. Reasonable price for quick SALE. View any time by appointment.—A. W. C., 32, Borough, London, S.E.1.

FOR SALE.
DELIGHTFUL SMALL COUNTRY HOME.
PERFECTLY FURNISHED THROUGHOUT.
SOMERSET (in a delightful small Town).—Old-Fashioned RESIDENCE, lounge hall, two reception, four bed rooms, bath room, &c. Every possible convenience with all main services; perfect miniature garden with two garages; beautifully furnished with antique and best modern furniture. Rates £5. Inclusive price for Freehold and Furnishings £4,000 only. Apply JAYLOR and SON, Estate Agents, West of England, Yeovil.

SONNING-ON-THAMES.—Offers are invited for FREEHOLD of tiny labour-saving BUNGALOW, substantially built above flood level; central heating, phone; tennis court, kitchen garden; garage, &c.; close river, golf course, and 45 minutes from Waterloo; eight bed rooms; two bathrooms; modern drainage; main water, and telephone. 55 Twyford, Berks, for appointment to view. No agents.

SONNING-ON-THAMES. In the high part of this beautiful old village.—For SALE, the delightful old TUDOR COTTAGE-STYLE RESIDENCE, known as "The Pippin," with charming tall-beamed lounge and dining room, four bed rooms with half-timbered walls, hot and cold lavatory basins, bath, labour-saving offices, small formal garden. Will be sold with or without an elaborate garage for seven cars, with apartments over.—Photos and particulars of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

QUAINT COTTAGE RESIDENCE, FULL of OLD OAK.
With or without Elaborate Garage Accommodation and Guests' Rooms.

STOWE SCHOOL, 5½ miles, BUCKINGHAM one mile.—COUNTRY RESIDENCE; four reception, 13 bed rooms; electric light, central heating; two lodges; 18 ACRES. Open views. £7,700 only.—Write Box G.1693, The Times, E.C.4.

SUITABLE CLUB, INSTITUTION, HOTEL, SCHOOL, &c.—BERKS (45 minutes London), near Ascot; Pembroke, Freehold £7,000.—HOLMES, 496, Oxford-street, marble Arch.

SURREY, near SHERE.—Charming COTTAGE RESIDENCE, off main road; 10 minutes station; four bed rooms (fitted basins), bath room, three reception, usual offices; pretty garden about one acre; hard tennis court; gas, main water, and drainage; moderate premium for remainder of lease and improvements.—Estate Dept., ARMY and NAVY STORES, 105, Victoria-street, S.W.1.
RENT £100 P.A.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
(continued)

A SPECIAL PAGE
of PROPERTIES in
SURREY
and
SUSSEX
will appear in
The Times
on
SATURDAY NEXT, MAY 31.
For rates and further particulars apply
The Classified Advertisement Dept.,
The Times,
Printing House Square, London, E.C.4.

SURREY FREEHOLD for SALE.—OLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, close to village and shops, one mile from station and river, on sandy soil, in 2½ acres well wooded grounds, not overlooked; with hard tennis court; 5-9 bed rooms, two baths, three reception rooms, and play room; garage with rooms over, &c.; electric light, gas, main water, and drainage.—Particulars from Box G.1908, The Times, E.C.4.

SURREY.—Close to St. George's Hill Golf Course and about 10 minutes from station.—A well-arranged RESIDENCE in delightful grounds of about an acre, containing three reception, billiard room, eight bed, two fitted bath rooms, &c.; electric light and every convenience; garage; VACANT POSSESSION; owner going abroad, will accept £3,400.—Full particulars may be had of Messrs. WARING and Co., Estate Agents, Weybridge.

SURREY HILLS.—COTTAGE for SALE; ½ acre or more; four rooms, kitchen, bath room, &c.; close omnibus, off main road, lovely views.—Write Box G.1904, The Times, E.C.4.

TO BE LET, UNFURNISHED.
SURREY.—Charming MODERN COTTAGE, standing in an acre of beautifully secluded woodlands; two reception, kitchen, five bed, bath room, &c.; central heating, electric light, gas; five minutes station and golf; £190 per annum. Immediate possession.—Write Box A.1142, The Times, E.C.4.

SUSSEX WOODLANDS (Borner 4½ miles, main station two).—A perfect little COUNTRY HOME, secluded in TWO ACRES of delightful coppice (with nightingales); three bed, two sitting, bath, three lavatories, offices; main water, gas; gravel soil. FREEHOLD £2,000.—B., Ashgrove, West Wickham, Kent.

ON THE WILTSHIRE DOWNS.
THE GRANGE, WARMINSTER.
THIS excellent TUDOR-STYLE RESIDENCE, standing in beautifully laid-out grounds of about 4½ acres and comprising nine bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, lounge hall, and spacious domestic offices; stables, garages, outhouses; electric light, company's water. For SALE Privately or by Auction on July 14th. Auctioneers.
DEACON & ALLEN,
37, Connaught-street, Hyde Park-square, W.2.
Telephones: Ambassador 1066-7-8.

KIRBY BELLARS, LEICESTERSHIRE.
Three miles from Melton Mowbray, on main road
Picturesque and Secluded Position.
To be SOLD by Private Treaty, a well-appointed HUNTING RESIDENCE known as KIRBY COTTAGE, with excellent stabling for 12 horses, three good cottages, garages, &c., and 27 ACRES SOUND PASTURE LAND.
Apply ESCRITT and BARRELL, Estate Agents, Elmer House, Grantham.

THIS STUPENDOUS BARGAIN is situate at SHIPLAKE, near Henley, and comprises a good modern type of RESIDENCE in splendid structural repair, containing three reception rooms, 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms (hot and cold), day and night nurseries; good grounds, with orchard, two park-like meadows, in all SEVEN ACRES.
PRICE £3,250. COST £14,000.
—Full details of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

VERY attractive BIJOU RESIDENCE at BROADSTONE, DORSET, to be SOLD; near golf links and station; two reception rooms, two sitting rooms, bath room, kitchen and offices; main drainage, gas and water. PRICE £850 FREEHOLD.—FOX and SONS, Estate Agents, Bournemouth.

WARWICKSHIRE.—To be LET, charming HOUSE, standing in 14 acres, orchards, &c.; seven bed rooms, three reception; excellent outbuildings and stabling, garages; close Rugby Hill; Rent £100 per annum, small premium.—Write Box S.1382, The Times, E.C.4.

HOUSEBOATS

HOUSEBOAT "SOUVENIR," at HENLEY-on-THAMES,
TO BE SOLD FULLY FURNISHED, together with
TWO FREEHOLD ISLANDS.
A thoroughly sound, modern boat, containing:—Five bed rooms, bath, cabin, dining room, offices; electric light.
Price complete only £1,100.
A GENUINE BARGAIN.
Or would be Let for the Summer.
Full particulars and specification from SIMMONS and SONS, Henley-on-Thames, who know the boat well.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

TO BE LET, FURNISHED,
for July, August, and September, 18 guineas p.w., or for longer period at lower rent.
BEXHILL-ON-SEA (Near).
Wonderful situation near Cooden Beach, with glorious uninterrupted views.
WELL-APPOINTED MODERN RESIDENCE, replete with every convenience and exceptionally well furnished.
Hall, three reception, sun lounge, eight bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, and offices.
Electric light and radiators; gas fires; constant hot water; garage, stabling.
WELL-STOCKED GARDENS,
with full-sized tennis lawn, fruit trees, &c.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BEXHILL & COODEN BEACH.
Furnished and Unfurnished Houses.
STAINES and Co., 28, Devonshire-road. 'Phone 349.

BEXHILL & COODEN AGENTS.
GORDON GREEN & WEBBER, 3, Sea-road. Tele. 410.

CHARMING Old HOUSE near NORWICH, to be LET, FURNISHED; seven bed rooms; delightful surroundings and garden; modern conveniences.—Long, Dunston, Norwich.

DEVON, with 3½ miles PRIVATE SALMON and TROUT FISHING.—Delightful COUNTRY HOUSE, 500ft. altitude, 3½ miles from Dulverton; four reception, billiards room, 14 bed rooms, four bath rooms; electric light, central heating; garage; tennis and squash rackets court; 25 guineas per week from June 8th to July 23rd.—Particulars from the Sole Agents, CONSTABLE, RICKEARD and GREEN, Queen-street, Exeter.

CLOSE to SEA and DOWNS.
EASTBOURNE.—A luxury detached HOUSE to be LET FURNISHED for July, August, and part September; three reception rooms, six bed rooms, dressing room, two bath rooms; garage; rent 15 guineas per week.
Apply OAKDEN and Co., Estate Agents, Eastbourne.

EASTBOURNE.—All FURNISHED and UNFURNISHED HOUSES and FLATS. 'Phone 1234. OAKDENS, 24, Cornfield-road. (Estab. 1879.)

EASTBOURNE HOUSES.
KILLICK & DAVIES. 'Phone 229.

FOLKESTONE, SANDGATE, HYTHE, and DYMCHURCH.—For FURNISHED HOUSES apply SHERWOODS, Agents, at any of the above. Head Office, Folkestone.

FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE to be LET, four or five weeks from August 1st; four reception, 15 bed rooms, three bath rooms (hot), two garages; central heating, acetylene light; large gardens and grounds; two tennis courts; 1½ mile TROUT FISHING, rough shooting, golf course four miles off.—Apply Green, Whittern, Lyonshall, Herefordshire.

BORDERS OF HERTS AND ESSEX.
TO be LET FURNISHED for three months from end of June, HOUSE, four bed, three sitting rooms, bath; telephone; two indoor lavatories; plate, linen, and two servants left; good gardens.—Apply A., Benfield Cottage, Stansted, Essex.

NEAR WARGRAVE.
WELL-FURNISHED six-room BUNGALOW to be LET, 8-10 weeks from mid-June, all conveniences; garage; telephone; wireless; golf and tennis near; 3½gns.—Write Box G.1895, The Times, E.C.4.

WOKING.—Comfortably FURNISHED detached RESIDENCE to be LET for three or four months; two reception, four bed, nursery, &c.; garage and hard tennis court. Rent, only 5gns. per week.—FREDK. HAZELL and Co., 121, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

BUSINESS PREMISES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

BAKER-STREET, MAYFAIR, &c.—Principal Agent for all available SHOPS, &c., and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 2975.

BEDFORD-ROW (just off).
TO SOLICITORS, ARCHITECTS and OTHERS.
EARLY GEORGIAN FREEHOLD for SALE, possessing old staircase, panelled rooms with Adam mantelpieces and all amenities of this interesting period. Accommodation of 19 rooms, some of which are most spacious; garden in rear which could be built over.—Full particulars of Messrs. SUMMERSELL and WADSWORTH, Surveyors, 11, Sackville-street, London, W.1. Regent 7783.

HOUSE and SHOP to be LET, handsome terrace of three, imposing position in N.W. London; preference given to traders in Fancy Goods and Stationery, Furnishing Ironmongery, 52, China and Glass.—Apply WALKER and Co., 20, John-street, Adelphi, London, W.C.2.

KINGSTON-ON-THAMES.—Spacious SHOPS to be LET, with flat above, suitable for Grocer.—Write Box A.1149, The Times, E.C.4.

KINGSWAY.—To be LET, a magnificent and exceptionally well-lighted SUITE of OFFICES in one of the best buildings. Area about 3,500ft. Very low rent of about 9s. per foot inclusive would be accepted for a quick letting.—Apply ROGERS and COATES, "Windsor House," 83, Kingsway, W.C.2.

BOND-STREET, W.
MAGNIFICENT FIRST-FLOOR SUITE of SHOWROOMS or OFFICES to be LET. Beautifully decorated and fitted for use of a court dressmaker, but suitable for many other purposes. Front and rear entrance and passenger lift. About 5,000 sq. ft., at £1,500 per annum. No premium.—Inspected and strongly recommended by HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

SHOPS to be LET in COCKSPUR-STREET, Haymarket, Jermyn-street, Regent-street, Piccadilly, Oxford-street, Charing Cross, and neighbouring thoroughfares, at all rentals.—Applicants are invited to state requirements to Mr. H. Sharman, 10, Norris-street, Haymarket.

DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
26, KING-STREET, COVENT GARDEN, W.C.2.

FINE EMERALDS, DIAMONDS, & PEARLS,
mounted as rings, a fine Brilliant, cross, an important pearl necklace, diamond ornaments, SILVER and Plated Ware, Watches, &c., which will be SOLD by AUCTION by
DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
at 26, King-street, Covent Garden, W.C.2, TO-MORROW (Tuesday), at 12.
Catalogues post free. *NOTE.*—Similar property can be included in FORTHCOMING SALES.

FURS, LACE,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wardrobes, underwear, silks, appliances, furniture, guns, bicycles, and miscellaneous effects SOLD by AUCTION FOUR DAYS EACH WEEK by
DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
at 26, King-street, Covent Garden, W.C.2, at 12. Catalogues post free.
NOTE.—Similar property from private owners can be included in FORTHCOMING SALES.

AN IMPORTANT TWO DAYS' SALE OF
COSTLY JEWELS, FINE PEARLS & COLOURED PRECIOUS STONES,
choice Brilliant necklaces, hair ornaments, brooches, tiaras-ceste, pendants, crescents, stars, earrings and rings, gold and platinum bags, vanity and cigarette cases, diamond and platinum wrist watches, pearl rings, pins, and studs,
20 PEARL NECKLACES, 3,000ozs. OF SILVER PLATE,
60 CARATS OF UNSET BRILLIANTS,
Watches, &c., which will be SOLD by AUCTION by
DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
at 26, King-street, Covent Garden, W.C.2, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY next at 12. Catalogues post free.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
comprising drawing and dining room appointments, cabinets, bookcases, paintings, drawings, two upright grand pianofortes, a boudoir grand pianoforte, carved pearwood furniture, decorative china, bed-room suites, linen, carpets, curtains, sporting guns, &c., which will be SOLD by AUCTION by
DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
at 26, King-street, Covent Garden, W.C.2, on FRIDAY NEXT, at 12. Catalogues post free.

JEWELLERY,
SILVER PLATE, PLATED GOODS, WATCHES,
and other valuables, which will be SOLD by AUCTION by
DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, LTD.,
at 26, KING-STREET, COVENT GARDEN, W.C.2,
on TUESDAY, 3rd, and THURSDAY, 5th June, at 12. Catalogues post free.
NOTE.—Similar property can be included in forthcoming sales.

DEBENHAM, STORR & SONS, Ltd., will be happy to advise private purchasers as to values and to undertake commissions free of charge.
Telephone: Temple Bar 1181-2. Telegrams: "Viewing, London." Established 1813.

TELEPHONES, GERRARD 3716 AND 3717. ESTABLISHED 1794.
PUTTICK & SIMPSON
WILL HOLD THE FOLLOWING SALES BY AUCTION AT THEIR REYNOLDS GALLERIES 47, LEICESTER-SQUARE, LONDON, W.C.2.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 28th.
VALUABLE PICTURES BY OLD MASTERS, including portraits of Earl and Countess MacCartney, by FRANCIS COTES, R.A., the property of the late MRS. M. C. BEAUMONT, of 14, Royal-crescent, W. Pictures by G. MORLAND, R.A., and JOHN CONSTABLE, R.A., from the Sir Walter Gilbey collection, the property of the late MT. HON. LORD DEWAR, removed from Savoy Court; Cattle and Herdsmen, a charming work by A. CUYP, the property of DR. VAN BALEN BLANKEN, of Amsterdam; a portrait group of the Proctor Family, by R. COSWAY, R.A., the property of MRS. UPTON PRIOR. Portrait of a gentleman at a window, by F. VAN MIERIS, fancy portrait of a girl by ZOFFANY, R.A., a charming early view of the City of Montreal, by T. L. HORNBROOK; an interesting conversation piece, the Duke of Cumberland and party in a park scene, after the battle of Culloden, by J. HIGHMORE, subjects of the early English, Dutch, Italian, and Modern Schools.
Including examples by or attributed to:

Sir L. Alma-Tadema, R.A.	J. B. Greuze	Sir Joshua Reynolds, P.R.A.
R. P. Bonington	J. van Auchtenberg	Gilbert Stuart
Lucas Cranach	P. Longhi	F. Wheatley.
A. Canaletto	Sir D. Murray, R.A.	Richard Wilson, R.A.
T. Gainsborough, R.A.	N. Poussin	

Illustrated Catalogues may be had.

THURSDAY, MAY 29th.
FINE OLD ITALIAN VIOLINS, VIOLAS, and VIOLONCELLOS, including examples by or ascribed to:

Albani, M.	Pagnolo, H.	Pancorino,
Amati	Forster, S. A.	Pique, F. L.
Banks	Gagliano	Pressenda, J. F.
Balestrieri	Gragnani, A.	Rogerius, J. B.
Bernardel	Guadagnini, J.	Silvestre
Carcass	Guiller, M.	Ventapane, L.
Duke, R.	Kennedy, T.	Vuillaume, J. B.

Gold and silver mounted bows by F. Tourte, Tubbs, Vuillaume, Peccatte, Dodd, Voirin, W. E. Hill and Sons, &c.

FRIDAY, MAY 30th.
Part of the stock of Messrs. ANDREW RUSSELL, Ltd., of 6, Clifford-street, W., &c.,
ANTIQUE TEXTILES, comprising Queen Anne and Georgian needlework, Spanish and Italian damasks and brocades of the 17th and 18th Centuries, being altar frontals, tabernacles, and vestments; panels of Italian and Genoese cut velvet, old Persian embroideries, Chinese silk shawls and hangings. OLD TAPESTRY, comprising panels of Flemish and Brussels XVIIth Century, woven with Scriptural, and mythological subjects, verdure, &c., and EASTERN RUGS.

FORTHCOMING SALES.
POSTAGE STAMPS, the property of MRS. POTT, of Florence, of the late DR. WISE, of Leamington, &c. June 3rd and 4th
BOOKS and MANUSCRIPTS, the property of a Lady, &c. June 6th
BAXTER and LE BLOND COLOUR PRINTS, &c. June 6th
OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE, PORCELAIN, and OBJECTS OF ART, the property of Miss BEHRENS, of Ripple Hall, Tewkesbury, &c. June 6th
OLD ITALIAN VIOLINS and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. June 12th
OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE, OLD CHINESE PORCELAIN and POTTERY, PERSIAN CARPETS and RUGS. June 13th
POSTAGE STAMPS, the property of Capt. J. JEFFERSON, of Ripon. June 17th and 18th
OLD ENGLISH SILVER, SHEFFIELD PLATE and JEWELLERY. June 19th
COINS and MEDALS. June 20th
OLD ENGRAVINGS and COLOUR PRINTS, MODERN ETCHINGS, &c. June 20th
OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE, OLD CHINESE ARMORIAL PORCELAIN, JACOBITE RELICS, GLASS, &c., the property of PATRICK GORDON SHEE, Esq., of Letterfourie, Banffshire, N.B., of W. R. C. ROSSIE, Esq., of The Plaistones, Stromness, Shetland, &c. June 20th

The sales may be viewed and will take place at half-past one o'clock each day.

BUSINESS PREMISES (continued)

SHOP PROPERTY (rent-class).—To be LET, central position in important County and Manufacturing Town of Chelmsford, Essex. The shop possesses modern double front with excellent warehouse or living accommodation over, and back entrance. Premium required for unexpired term of lease, about 17½ years, £1,000. Rent £500 per annum.—Apply ALFRED DARBY and Co., Auctioneers and Estate Agents, 97, High-street, Chelmsford. (Tele. No. 2).

STRAND.
TO MULTIPLE FIRMS AND OTHERS.
SPACIOUS SHOP and BASEMENT to be LET on Lease, in excellent position. Frontage 16ft., extending in rear depth 63ft.; ground-floor area 1,000 sq. ft.—Further particulars of Messrs. SUMMERSELL and WADSWORTH, Surveyors, 11, Sackville-street, London, W.1.

STRAND and KINGSWAY (close to).—The Long LEASE (79 years at £105 per annum) of modern, well-lighted BUSINESS PREMISES, containing about 3,400 sq. ft. with fine entrance. For DISPOSAL.—Full particulars from E. A. SHAW, 4, Broad Court-chambers, Covent Garden, W.C.2.

TWO LIGHT COMMUNICATING OFFICES, overlooking Norfolk House garden, each 13ft. by 12ft., fitted rubber floor covering, telephone, electric pendants, two radiators. Low rent £325 (or near), inclusive heating, cleaning. Rates and taxes.—Apply Mr. Skinner, 14, Waterloo-place, S.W.1. Regent 1655.

BEDFORD-SQUARE, W.C.1.
THE LEASE of a really fine CORNER HOUSE, facing South and occupying the best position in this premier Square. Ideal premises for Executive Headquarters of a Company. Solicitors, Architects, &c.—Full details and price from Owner's Agents, J. W. COADE, SON and BUDGEN, 107, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

WANTED

BUSINESS PREMISES.—WANTED, WELL-LIGHTED OFFICE ACCOMMODATION, comprising 10 or 11 rooms, with total area of approximately 5,000ft. super on one floor, required on lease in the City in or near the Broad-street, Bishopsgate-street, and Whitechapel Wards.
Write full particulars and rent required to "T. C." care of CHARLES BARKER and SONS, Ltd., 31, Budge-row, E.C.4.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PROPERTIES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

WENGEN—SWITZERLAND.
FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE VILLA, very comfortable, fully equipped with all household utensils, beautifully situated, to be LET for two years.—Offers to A. 10260, Rudolf Mosse, Berlin, S.W.100, Germany.

SAUMUR.
TOURAINE (FRANCE). 250,000Frs. Lovely PROPERTY, nine rooms; modern comfort; garage; garden; fine view.—Details, Gautier, Notary.

HOUSE RENOVATION AND DECORATION
4 lines 9s. (minimum)

WILLETT,
BUILDERS AND DECORATORS.
Estimates given for internal and external decorations, repairs, alterations, reconstructions. Best materials and workmanship at competitive prices. Houses and garages built to order.
WILLIAM WILLETT, Ltd., Sloane-square, S.W.1.
Telephone: Sloane 8141.
And at 88, GLOUCESTER-ROAD, S.W.7, 137a, FINCHLEY-ROAD, N.W.3, South Lodge, Putney Heath, Roehampton, S.W.15, and 12, Grand-avenue, Hove.
Joinery Workshops, Parsons Green, S.W.6.

SALES BY AUCTION
4 lines 9s. (minimum)

Following the Sale of the property, SOUTHFIELD HOUSE, Victoria-road, WIMBLEDON PARK, within 5 minutes' walk of Southfields Station, and Wimbledon Park Side,

WEATHERALL & GREEN
will SELL by AUCTION, at the Residence, on Thursday, 12th June, 1930, at 1 o'clock precisely, the remaining
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS,
comprising brass bedsteads and bedding

GEORGE TROLLOPE & SONS.

HAMPSHIRE.

Within daily reach of London in a beautiful district providing all-round sporting facilities. Three miles from a town and main line station.

A GEORGIAN HOUSE IN OLD-WORLD GARDENS.

On which a large sum has been spent on permanent improvements, the whole now being in first-class order.

STANDING ON HIGH GROUND FACING SOUTH-EAST.

15 bed, three bath, lounge hall. Billiard, four reception rooms. Electric light. Central heating. Stabling, garage. Farmery. Two cottages.

WIDE SPREADING LAWNS AND YEW HEDGES FORM A PERFECT SETTING FOR THE HOUSE.

FOR SALE WITH 93 ACRES, ALL IN SPLENDID ORDER.

Recommended by GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1. (3554.)

CLOSE TO SURREY'S COMMONS AND PINEWOODS

"NYEWOOD," WEST BYFLEET.

One mile of Station. Near two Golf Courses.

PICTURESQUE REPLICA OF OLD SUSSEX FARM-HOUSE, with Oak doors, Floors, and Staircase.

Seven bed, bath, lounge hall, three reception rooms; electric light, gas, main water and drainage; garage.

WELL-MATURED GARDENS, tennis lawn, &c.

1½ ACRES. FREEHOLD.

To be SOLD by AUCTION, at the London Mart, on Tuesday, June 17th.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Metcalfe, Hussey and Hulbert, 10, New-square, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.2. Auctioneers:—Messrs. WATERER and POWLEY, West Byfleet, in conjunction with GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1.

RURAL HERTFORDSHIRE.

32 miles from London. 350 feet above sea. ¼ mile of station.

A DELIGHTFUL MEDIUM-SIZED QUEEN ANNE RESIDENCE with every modern comfort.

Three reception rooms, 10-11 bed rooms, three bath rooms, excellent offices; electric light, central heating, company's water, main drainage; cottage, bungalow, stabling, garage.

Pretty gardens, tennis court, rose garden, excellent kitchen garden; several enclosures of pasture with Dutch barn. In all about 30 acres.

Intersected by a River.

FOR SALE, FREEHOLD, £7,500.

Further particulars of the Agents, GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1, or at their other offices. (C.4547.)

BETWEEN WINCHESTER AND SALISBURY,

IN THE BEAUTIFUL VALLEY OF THE TEST.

THIS CHARMING QUEEN ANNE RESIDENCE.

Approached by long drive. Lounge hall, three reception, 10 bed two dressing, four baths, compact offices, servants' hall, &c.

Containing many interesting characteristic features, old beams, panelling, fireplaces, &c. Entirely modernized and up-to-date. Electric light, good water; central heating; modern drainage; telephone, &c.

LOVELY OLD GARDENS, with hard court and park-like pasture.

Intersected by a tributary of the Test, with private trout fishing. Small farmery, excellent small residence, five cottages, garages, &c.

IN ALL ABOUT 26 ACRES.

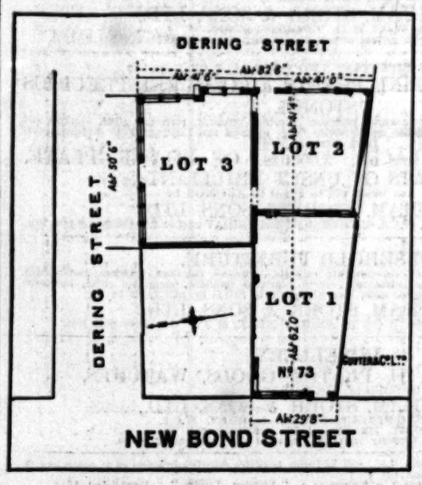
For SALE, FREEHOLD, by the Sole Agents, GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1. (or at their other offices). (A.3088.)

HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN,

SHOP & BUSINESS PROPERTY SPECIALISTS, LONDON & MANCHESTER.

73, NEW BOND-STREET, W.

POSSESSION ON 29th SEPTEMBER NEXT.



FEW YARDS FROM OXFORD-STREET.

VISIBLE FROM HANOVER-SQUARE.

THREE FRONTAGES: NEW BOND STREET, 29ft., DERING STREET, NORTH, 50ft., DERING STREET, EAST, 82ft.

SITE AREA, SQ. 5745 FT.

ONE OF THE FEW LARGE PROPERTIES OBTAINABLE IN THIS EXCLUSIVE STREET.

AS A WHOLE OR IN THREE LOTS. PARTICULARS WITH PLAN NOW READY.

LEASEHOLD FOR 80 YEARS FROM MICHAELMAS NEXT.

BY AUCTION AT THE LONDON AUCTION MART, E.C., ON THURSDAY, JUNE 26th, 1930.

SHEFFIELD'S COMMERCIAL CENTRE,

FITZALAN MARKET SITE, HIGH-STREET.

REMAINING PORTIONS OF THIS FINE SITE

SUITABLE FOR

LARGEST DEPARTMENTAL STORE OR SMALLER CONCERNS,

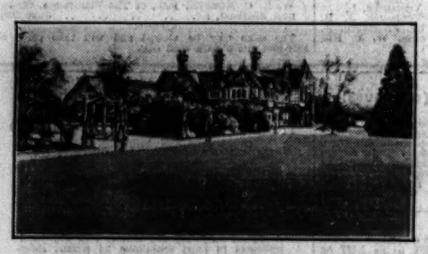
TO BE LET ON BUILDING LEASE.

Full particulars of the above may be had from Messrs. HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN, at their

OFFICES: 27, MADDOX-STREET, LONDON, W.1,

and 44, BRAZENNOSE-STREET, MANCHESTER.

Mayfair 6710 (12 lines). Manchester Central 0794.



BEAUTIFUL COMMON, 500 FEET ABOVE SEA.

Hour London, three miles Newbury, Race and Golf Courses.

Unique Country House. NINE BED ROOMS (MORE EASILY ADDED), TWO BATH ROOMS, FOUR RECEPTION ROOMS, OAK FLOORS.

Electric light and power. Good Drainage and Water. *Beautiful old Grounds, Woods, and Lands.*

56 ACRES.

Two Cottages, Stabling, Garage and Buildings.

For Sale Freehold.

Recommended by Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London." Surrey Office, West Byfleet.

ORDER OF SALE ON TUESDAY NEXT, MAY 27th,

AT HARRODS ESTATE SALE ROOMS, S.W.1, AT 2.30 P.M.

1. "LITTLESTONE HOUSE," HASLEMERE, SURREY. FREEHOLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, two garages, cottage, five acres. (In conjunction with Mr. R. C. S. Evennett, F.A.I., of Haslemere.)
2. "FELIXHOLME," VICTORIA-ROAD, WIMBLEDON. FREEHOLD MODERN RESIDENCE, garage with rooms, charming gardens of about ¼ Acre.
3. "FLESK," BURNHAM-ON-SEA, SOMERSET. WELL APPOINTED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE; garage and one acre also extra land or building sites. (In conjunction with Messrs. J. H. PALMER and SONS, Burnham-on-Sea.)
4. "BRAMBLETYE," HORSELL, WOKING. FREEHOLD RESIDENCE with garage and about three-quarters of an acre. (In conjunction with Messrs. ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, of Woking.)
5. "MEROK," NORTH PARK, GERRARDS CROSS, BUCKS. FREEHOLD modern RESIDENCE and inexpensive gardens of about one acre.
6. "AMBLESIDE," CARSHALTON, SURREY. FREEHOLD, detached RESIDENCE, with delightful gardens.
7. "DANFORD HOUSE," DULWICH, S.E., SOLD prior to Auction.

WONDERFUL SITUATION. DISTANT VIEW OF THE ISLAND.

FRINGE OF NEW FOREST.

GOLF. HUNTING. FISHING. SHOOTING.

One of the most interesting and fascinating old HOUSES in this part of the county; recently the subject of enormous expenditure, luxuriously equipped and in perfect order.

Hall, four reception, 11 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms (lavatory basins in bed rooms).

Central heating; electric light; company's water; telephone.

Lodge; garage with chauffeur's accommodation. Beautifully-timbered grounds, in all about

26 ACRES. FREEHOLD £10,000

Might be let furnished for summer months. HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

GLORIOUS FRENSHAM AND HINDHEAD.

Near Common lands, Frensham Pond, and other well-known beauty spots.

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE. *Four reception, 11 bed and dressing rooms (lavatory basins h. and c. in principal bed rooms), three bath rooms; electric light, central heating.* Stabling. Garage. Gardener's Cottage.

MATURED GROUNDS, shady trees, hard tennis court, croquet lawn, rockery, kitchen garden, meadow land, about SIX ACRES.

Golf, Hankley Common and Hindhead.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

£5,950.

OR NEAR OFFER.

Strongly recommended by Agents, HARRODS, LTD., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

REIGATE AND CRAWLEY.

Charming XVIth CENTURY HOUSE, with wealth of oak beams and other characteristics.

Four sitting rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, usual offices.

Modern drainage, electric light, Co.'s water.

DOUBLE GARAGE.

Picturesque pleasure grounds, tennis and other lawns, rockery, meadowland, fruit trees, productive kitchen garden, in all about

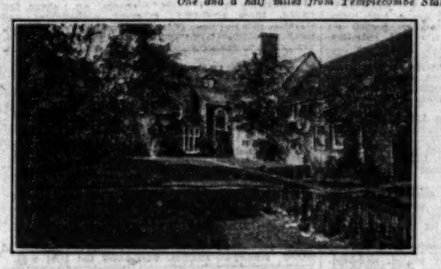
17 ACRES.

MODERATE PRICE.

Full particulars of the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

CENTRE OF BLACKMORE VALE.

One and a half miles from Templecombe Station.



STONE-BUILT HUNTING BOX.

Containing three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, servants' hall, and complete offices.

Electric light. Central heating. Co.'s water, main drainage. Garage; seven loose boxes and other useful outbuildings. Charming Gardens of about

THREE ACRES

with hard and grass tennis courts.

PRICE £3,500 FREEHOLD.

Full details of the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1, or Messrs. RAWLENCE and SQUAREY, Land Agents, Sherborne.

"MANOR FARM," WORMSHILL.

NEAR SITTINGBOURNE, KENT.

FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PLEASURE FARM,

including a medium-sized residence, containing three reception, six bed rooms, dressing room, bath and offices; co.'s water, modern drainage, telephone.

DELIGHTFUL GROUNDS.

Tennis and other lawns, sunk rock garden, walled kitchen garden; garage for three cars; two cottages, model farmery, and good pasture-land.

41 OR 62 ACRES.

For SALE Privately; if unsold, Auction later. Inspected and strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, Messrs. GREEING and COLYER, Ashford, Kent; and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"LAYER COTTAGE," STOKE-BY-CLARE, SUFFOLK.

Outskirts of quaint village; five minutes from station; 2½ miles from Clare.

Charming Old-world FREEHOLD COTTAGE, restored and modernized; wealth of old oak beams; electric light, hot water supply, radiators, company's water; three fine reception, seven bed rooms, bath room, modernized offices; garage, stabling, outhouses.

MATURED OLD-WORLD GARDEN

of about one acre; thatched roofed five-roomed cottage, stabling, and about one acre can be had in addition.

For SALE Privately; if unsold, Auction in June.—Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

COTSWOLD HILLS.

Best residential part of Inland Spa of Cheltenham.

CHOICE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE.

Hall, four reception rooms, 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, excellent offices, including servants' hall.

Central heating. Lavatory basins in principal bed rooms. Independent hot water.

Ample stabling and garage accommodation.

BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS, lawns, herbaceous borders, well-stocked kitchen garden, in all

ABOUT TWO ACRES.

Low price for quick sale.

Further details of the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

HAYWARDS HEATH AND BRIGHTON.

Commanding glorious views in all directions and embracing the South Downs.

COMPACT FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, containing hall, three reception, eight bed and dressing rooms, bath room, excellent offices; central heating, telephone, gas, company's water; electric light shortly available; good garage and outbuildings.

Charmingly-arranged grounds, croquet lawn, herbaceous borders, well-stocked kitchen garden, paddock, in all

ABOUT ONE ACRE.

PRICE FREEHOLD £3,250.

Inspected and recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BETWEEN

EPSOM AND REIGATE.

Adjoining and overlooking favourite Golf Course.

CHARMING COTTAGE-STYLE RESIDENCE,

occupying a beautiful situation 500ft. up, enjoying panoramic views of the Downs.

Quaint entrance and lounge hall, two reception, five or six bed rooms, bath room, maids' sitting room and offices.

Co.'s gas and water; electric light available; modern drainage.

Delightful pleasure garden with exceptionally good tennis court, pretty courtyard, vegetable garden, rose beds, and small spinney, in all

ABOUT ½ ACRE.

LOW PRICE, £2,950 FREEHOLD.

Inspected and highly recommended by the Sole London Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

MESSRS. JACKSON STOPS & STAFF.

PARTNERS: H. JACKSON STOPS; O. C. SEBAG-MONTEFIORE.

LONDON. NORTHAMPTON. CIRENCESTER.

TELEPHONE: GROSVENOR 3344.

BY DIRECTION OF W. DOCKAR DRYSDALE, M.A., J.P.

Between the City of Oxford, four miles, and the Borough of Abingdon, one mile.

THE WICK HALL ESTATE, EXTENDING TO 1911 ACRES.

Situated in the most beautiful part of the Thames Valley, and including ABOUT THREE MILES OF RIVER FRONTAGE, partly opposite the famous Nuneham Woods.

LONG ROAD FRONTAGES and LOVELY WOODLANDS, eminently suitable for development.

Seven Delightful FARM RESIDENCES in enviable positions.

FERTILE FARMS AND ACCOMMODATION LANDS, close to increasing centres.

VALUABLE GRAVEL BEDS OF HIGH QUALITY, well situated to road, rail or water.

53 PICTURESQUE COTTAGES,

including the old-world village of Radley.

A MANSION HOUSE OF GEORGIAN AND EARLIER DESIGN, containing panelling of great value and historic interest.

To be SOLD by AUCTION (unless previously disposed of by private treaty), at the Carfax Assembly Rooms, Cornmarket-street, Oxford, on Wednesday, July 16th, 1930, at 2 o'clock.

Particulars may be obtained from the Auctioneers or Solicitors as under:—Solicitors—Messrs. Darley, Cumberland and Co., 35, John-street, Bedford-row, W.C.1 (Tel.: Holborn 9007—two lines). Auctioneers:—Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Estate House, Bridge-street, Northampton (Tel.: 610).

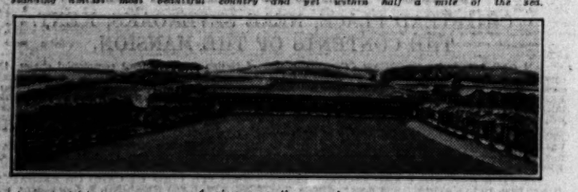
BY DIRECTION OF T. UPCHER, ESQ.

Occupying one of the most gorgeous positions

ON THE EAST COAST.

HILBRE, NEAR SHERINGHAM, NORFOLK,

standing amidst most beautiful country and yet within half a mile of the sea.



A view over the grounds.

Three reception, nine bed rooms, capital offices; central heating; electric light; company's water and gas; garages; married man's quarters; gardens altogether surpassing description.

3 ACRES IN ALL.

The whole internally and externally in absolutely perfect condition.

For SALE privately now, at a low reserve, or by AUCTION, on JUNE 14th. Illustrated particulars of the Auctioneers:—Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Stops House, Queen-street, Mayfair, W.1. Solicitors:—Messrs. Hunsells, Hales and Bridgwater, St. Peter's-road, Sheringham, Norfolk.

BY DIRECTION OF CAPTAIN MARCUS BERESFORD.

CHURCH HAYES, LEA, MALMESBURY.

Two miles from Malmesbury, seven miles from Kemble Junction. Splendid situation for Hunting with V.W.H. and Beaufort.

Attractive stone-built stone-tiled residence of character. Three reception, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, central heating; electric light. Good range of stabling.

14 ACRES

rich pasture.

To be SOLD by AUCTION, unless sold privately, at the KING'S ARMS, MALMESBURY, on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 25th, 1930. Illustrated particulars of the Auctioneers, Messrs. JACKSON STOPS, Council Chambers, Cirencester. (Tel. 33.)

Solicitors: Messrs. Clark and Smith, Malmesbury.

ELMCROFT FARM, MALMESBURY,

comprising a COTSWOLD RESIDENCE OF GREAT CHARACTER (easily convertible into Gentleman's Residence). Four sitting rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, electric light. Stabling.

CLOSE TO NORTON GOLF GROUNDS.

ONE MILE TROUT FISHING IN AVON.

130 ACRES.

To be SOLD by AUCTION as a whole or in 5 lots, at the same time and place as the above (unless previously sold privately). Auctioneers' Houses, JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Council Chambers, Cirencester. Solicitors: Messrs. Clark and Smith, Malmesbury.

HOME-GROWN TIMBER—AN UNSURPASSED RECORD.

Acting for some of the principal Estate Owners in the Kingdom, Messrs. Jackson Stops have during the last two seasons realized

OVER £387,000 WORTH OF STANDING TIMBER.

In timber many landowners possess capital of unthought-of value, but much of the timber in this country has been allowed to die and decay instead of being harvested at its prime to the advantage of the owner.

Landlords of vision are, however, realizing that ripe timber can be sold for large sums without in any way interfering with the amenities of the country or sporting rights, provided that their interests are carefully guarded by experts specializing in the sale and lotting of timber. Grants for replanting are obtainable, or the woodlands can be leased to the Forestry Commission, with the sporting rights reserved.

Beech standing on the Goodwood Estate included in the record sale conducted by Messrs. Jackson Stops, acting on instructions from His Grace the Duke of Richmond and Gordon, D.S.O., M.V.O.

There is an unprecedented demand for English Oak at the present time. Upon the late Sir John Robinson's worksop Manor Estate, Messrs. Jackson Stops sold by auction 1,000 oak trees for approximately £10,000—individual trees making up to £55. On Commander C. G. Vyner's Studley Royal Estate the highest individual price was £35; equally good prices for oak were made on the Knebworth Estate, Herts, upon instructions received from the Earl of Lytton, P.C., G.C.I.E. On Mr. E. T. Tyrwhitt Drake's, M.F.H., Shardeloes Estate, Amersham, Messrs. Jackson Stops sold by auction 200,000 cubic feet of Beech at prices up to 1s. 11½d. per foot. On the late Sir Edward Curre's Itton Court Estate high prices were made of larch of from 25-30 years' growth.

IT COSTS NOTHING TO ASCERTAIN THE TRUE VALUE OF YOUR TIMBER

For Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF are prepared to survey, value and report as to care of Woodlands and the best means of disposal absolutely free of charge. With their intimate knowledge of the timber trade, they are able to grade and lot parcels to the best advantage and to market them to that section of the trade to which they are most suited thus eliminating the profits of the middleman. Owners are invited to communicate with the Timber Surveyors' Department, Estate House, Northampton (Tele.: 610).

WANTED.

COUNTRY ESTATES.

AGRICULTURAL ESTATES which would be sold to show on present rentals not less than 6½%. Acreage immaterial—essential that tenants should be old-established and satisfied. The same Concern have another large fund for investment in blocks of ground-rents and reversions.

BY AN M.P.—Character HOUSE with 15 beds; standing in Park (with lake if possible). Hunting (provincial pack not objected to). Shooting and Fishing essential. Up to 1,000 ACRES, but not more than 150 (at most) in hand.

BY A GENTLEMAN WITH AN AMERICAN WIFE.—WEST or SOUTH WEST OF LONDON, or POSSIBLY HERTFORDSHIRE.—A historic RESIDENCE within motoring distance of London, for week-ends; 20 beds, "plenty of bath rooms"; near Golf. Would expend up to £40,000 on purchase and improvements.

BY KEEN SPORTSMAN.—A comfortable HOUSE, 10-11 beds. Rough Shooting essential. Go almost anywhere other than a hunting country.

PEER'S DAUGHTER REQUIRES RESIDENCE and small quantity land in S. Shropshire, Worcs., or Herefordshire. Price about £12,000.

HOUSES.

IN DORSET or ADJOINING COUNTIES or HEYTHROP COUNTRY, for retired officer, a keen buyer of a small RESIDENCE with good stabling and up to 45 ACRES of land. Not more than £7,500 FREEHOLD.

WANTED by an ARTIST, a picturesque RESIDENCE (six-seven beds), standing in own grounds, if possible with stream running through; £3,500. Any district south of Trent.

WANTED by a STOCKBROKER, in centre of either Beaufort, V.W.H., Heythrop, Bicester, Grafton, Warwickshire or Pytchley Countries, a compact HUNTING BOX with central heating, electric light, six-nine beds. Must be off road. Price about £5,000.

BY a WOLVERHAMPTON BUSINESS MAN.—HOUSE with not less than ten beds. Must be within 25 miles Wolverhampton (Salop side preferred). Must be secluded, face South, and not on clay soil.

FARM 200 ACRES REQUIRED. Superior house. Suitable bloodstock.

INVESTMENTS, SHOPS, &c.

NOBLEMAN, who is realizing part of his London Estate, wishes to invest proceeds in GROUND-RENTS with reversions in about 20 years.

PROFESSIONAL MAN, wishing to interest himself in REAL ESTATE, has £50,000 to invest, would be interested to receive particulars of BUILDING SITES ripe for development, or property in Central London suitable for conversion.

WELL-known Commercial Concern have £150,000 to invest in REAL ESTATE, either reversions or rack rentals to show 7½ per cent. Provincial property not objected to.

WANTED, by a Manufacturing Business who have decided to commence retailing their goods, SHOPS in the principal streets of towns with a population of over 8,000. A good price will be paid for FREEHOLD, or leases will be entertained, provided term offered not less than 28 years.

The above list is prompted by absolutely genuine inquiries from applicants and clients of sound standing and social repute. Replies, which will be treated in the strictest confidence, to Messrs. JACKSON STOPS & STAFF, Stops House, Queen-street, W.1. (Gros. 3344/5.)

FOUR MILES FISHING

on a famous Hants trouting stream.

Excellent duck and wild pheasant shooting.

Easily-worked HOUSE, commanding glorious sylvan views; four reception, nine bed and dressing rooms. Central heating; electric light, &c.; delightful gardens; stabling; three cottages.

50 ACRES.

Actual and Estimated Rental Values £601.

Price FREEHOLD with Possession £8,500.

Full particulars of Sole Agents, Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Stops House, Queen-street, Mayfair, W.1. (Gros. 3344.)

BICESTER AND GRAFTON.

DELIGHTFUL GEORGIAN HOUSE containing inner hall, three reception, eight beds, bath room. Stabling for 12; two garages; groom's quarters; gardens.

PRICE £2,250.

Three cottages available.

Particulars of the Sole Agents, Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Estate House, Northampton. (Tel.: 610.)

SUNNY SOUTH DEVON.

A pleasant old stone-built JACOBEAN MANSION; four reception, 16 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms. Garage for three. Good stabling. Electric light. Central heating. Two tennis courts, five farms, eight cottages.

1,060 ACRES.

HUNTING. FISHING. SHOOTING.

To be SOLD at Agricultural Price.

Full particulars from JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Estate House, Northampton. (Tel., 610.)

By direction of Lord Mostyn.

CREAM OF BEAUFORTSHIRE.

Badminton polo ground five miles.

BEAUTIFUL OLD MANOR HOUSE, standing in a dimpled park, recently the subject of great expenditure and now in perfect order. Lounge hall, three reception, billiard room, 16 bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms; electric light; central heating. One of the finest ranges of stabling in the country (20 boxes). Squash racquet court; four cottages.

45 ACRES.

Might let furnished for one or more years with option purchase.

AT AN UPSET PRICE.

Full particulars of Sole Agents:—Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Council-chambers, Cirencester. (Tele., 33).

By direction of the Most Noble the Marquis of Bute.

Beautiful stone-built RESIDENCE, situated in the heart of the

COTTESMORE COUNTRY,

and containing:—Four reception, 21 bed and dressing rooms, seven bath rooms, stabling for 20; two cottages, garage, &c. Recently reconstructed throughout with the best materials obtainable. Electric Light. Central Heating. Modern Drainage.

PRICE £20,000.

Further particulars and photos from JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Estate House, Northampton. (Tel.: 610.)

UNSOLD AT AUCTION.

By direction of Lady Blanche Scott-Douglas.

£3,000 FOR RESIDENCE.

"CLAREMONT," LUCKINGTON.

Two miles from the Kennels of the Duke of Beaufort's and commanding views over Badminton Park. QUEEN ANNE RESIDENCE, with three reception, seven bed and dressing rooms; electric light; central heating; stabling for six. Also 36½ acres of good pasture.

Sole Agents, Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Council Chambers, Cirencester (Tel. 33).

UNSOLD AT AUCTION.

THE RODDIMORE ESTATE, WINSLOW.

The RESIDENCE, with 10 loose boxes and substantially constructed Riding School, farmhouse and about 295 acres of land, also a house in Great Horwood.

For SALE by Private Treaty either as a whole or would be divided.—JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Bridge-street, Northampton (Tel. 610).

By direction of Sir Edward Anson, Bart.

GILT-EDGED INVESTMENT.

FREEHOLD GROUND-RENTS and CHIEF RENTS amply secured on valuable residential and business properties in and around Victoria Park, Manchester.

PRODUCING £3,050 PER ANNUM

An offer in the region of 17 years' purchase would be accepted.

Particulars of Sole London Agents:—Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Stops House, Queen-street, Mayfair, W.1. (Gros. 3344).

BY DIRECTION OF COL. C. E. ST. J. HARRIS-ST. JOHN, D.S.O.

Only once previously offered for sale since the time of William the Conqueror.

THE WEST COURT ESTATE, FINCHAMPSTEAD, BERKSHIRE

Seven miles Reading. Three miles Wellington College. Eleven miles Windsor and Ascot.

A CHARMING ELIZABETHAN COUNTY SEAT,

partly reconstructed during the reign of Queen Anne.

Five reception rooms, 18 bed rooms, three bath rooms. Original XVIIth-Century Panellings and Mantelpieces. Well-matured gardens and grounds. Stately Parklands.

A SECONDARY HISTORIC XVIth-CENTURY RESIDENCE,

known as "BANISTERS." Three reception rooms, six bed rooms, two bath rooms. Two farmhouses. Three sets of Farm Buildings. 17 Cottages, and heavily timbered Woodlands, extending in all to

528 ACRES.

To be offered by AUCTION as a whole or in 15 Lots, at the Great Western Hotel, Reading, on Saturday, June 28th, 1930, at 3 o'clock (unless previously sold by private treaty). Solicitors:—Messrs. Rider, Heaton, Meredith and Mills, 5, New-square, W.C.2. Auctioneers:—Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Stops House, Queen-street, W.1. (Grosvenor 3344/5).

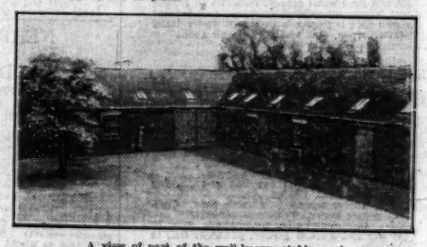
BY DIRECTION OF OLIVER P. BEHRENS, Esq.

WORLESTON GRANGE ESTATE.

IN THE CENTRE OF THE CHESHIRE HUNT.

¼ mile station whence Manchester can be reached in 40 minutes; 7 miles of Crewe, with express trains to London, Liverpool, and all parts.

Really comfortable RESIDENCE, charmingly situated amidst picturesque old-world pleasure grounds and timbered parklands, contains, all on two floors, billiard room, four reception rooms, 14 bed rooms, six bath rooms, model domestic offices; own lighting plant; central heating; Co.'s water.



A view of part of the well-known stable yard.

Magnificent range of stabling acknowledged to be the finest in the county. Three cottages in hand. Ornamental water.

The Estate (lying in a ring fence) extends to

80 ACRES

all rich pasture and accommodation lands, let at £172 per annum.

The whole in perfect order, vast sums having been expended.

To be SOLD at a strictly reasonable price as a whole, or the House and Grounds would be sold with reduced acreage.

Full details of the Land Agents, Messrs. F. GANDY and SON, NORTHWICH, or of the Agents, Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Stops House, Queen-street, Mayfair, W.1. (Tel.: Gros. 3344.)

IRISH SPORTING PROPERTIES

Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, in conjunction with their local Agents, Messrs. Joyce Mackie and Co., of Eyre-square, Galway, have prepared an amply illustrated booklet with descriptions of every sporting property available at the present time in the West of Ireland—copies free on application.

Ireland, with cheap living, endless facilities for sport of every description at low cost, low taxation and a stable Government, offers a hearty welcome to all sportsmen.

BY DIRECTION OF R. BERRIDGE, ESQ.

TO BE LET FULLY FURNISHED FOR SEASON

with complement of servants, with option to purchase Freehold at a strictly reasonable price.

THE WIDELY FAMED "INVER FISHERY," CONNEMARA.

REPUTED TO AFFORD THE BEST TROUT FISHING IN THE BRITISH ISLES.

The Lodge, which is beautifully fitted, stands upon a lovely inland enjoying most gorgeous scenery altogether surpassing description.

Three reception, six principal bed rooms, bath room, &c. Accommodation for large staff of servants on mainland close by.

Gardener's and Keeper's cottages. Garage.

Season's catch:

2,000 TROUT, 50 SALMON.

Being close to the sea, the fishing is practically unaffected by floods and rainfall, and further, the possibilities for yachting, sea fishing, and bathing are unlimited.

"16 fish weighing 153lb. caught in 4 hours by a boy aged 17—his first attempt at Trout Fishing."

16,949 ACRES OF SHOOTING,

YIELDING GROUSE AND GOOD BAGS OF WOODCOCK, SNIPE, DUCK, AND GEESE.

Sole Agents:—Messrs. Joyce Mackie and Co., Galway; and Messrs. JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Stops House, Queen-street, W.1. (Gros. 3344.)

IN THE HEART OF CONNEMARA. CLOSE TO THE SEA.

A delightful little modernized residence with fishing rights attached.

TO BE LET FOR THE SUMMER OR SOLD FOR £2,000.

Apply Messrs. Joyce Mackie and Co., Eyre-square, Galway.

Printed and Published by THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY, Limited, at the offices in Printing House-square and Playhouse-yard, in the Parish of St. Ann, Blackfriars, in the City of London, E.C.4, Monday, May 26, 1930.